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PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES 1974-75

PRESENTED BY
THE HONOURABLE FRANK CREAN, M.P.,
TREASURER OF AUSTRALIA
FOR THE INFORMATION OF
HONOURABLE MEMBERS ON THE OCCASION
OF THE BUDGET 1974-75

1974-75 BUDGET PAPER No. 7

1974-75 BUDGET PAPERS

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CHAPTER I—INTRODUCTION

A document outlining Australian Government payments to or for the States has been issued with the Budget each year since 1961–62. This document represents a continuation of that series, but it differs from its predecessors in two important respects. First, the material in this document has been brought into closer relationship with the figures of Australian Government payments to the States compiled on a national accounting basis and published elsewhere in the budget papers. Secondly, the document includes material (to be found mainly in Chapter V) on Australian Government payments to or for local government authorities. These two aspects are explained in detail below, followed by a brief outline of Australian Government payments to or for the States and the format of this document, and some aggregate figures for recent years.

Relationship with Statements Attached to the Budget Speech

In the statements attached to the Budget Speech outlays are classified in two ways. First, they are classified in terms of *economic type*—that is, as to whether they take the form of expenditure on goods and services, cash benefits to persons, other transfer payments, grants and advances to the States, or advances to other sectors in the economy. One of the purposes of this document can be regarded as being to provide details of those outlay items included in the economic-type category of grants and advances to the States.

Secondly, outlays are classified in the statements attached to the Budget Speech according to *function*—that is, outlays having like purposes or objectives are brought together under the one functional heading, with certain outlays classified under 'Not Allocated to Function'. One of the main distinctions used in this document is between funds provided to the States for general purposes (that is, 'untied' funds) and those provided for specific purposes (that is, 'tied' funds). All general purpose funds are classified under the 'Not Allocated to Function' heading. Several forms of specific purpose payment are also classified under that heading, but most are classified under specific functional headings. Tables 2, 94 and 95 in this document show a functional classification of outlays included in this document. Details of specific purpose payments provided in Chapter IV and in relevant tables are, with a few exceptions, grouped and ordered on a functional basis.

In the past some items classified as payments to the States for purposes of this document have not been included as payments to the States in the national accounting estimates shown in the statements attached to the Budget Speech and in other documents, and vice versa. This difference, subject to the terminological qualification referred to in the next paragraph, has been eliminated. As a result of changes which were necessary to achieve consistency between the documents, the

aggregate figures shown in this document and in the statements attached to this year's Budget Speech are not comparable with those shown in earlier issues of these documents; the same is true of other publications showing payments to or for the States. A consistent series of aggregate figures is shown in this document back to 1956–57. It is hoped that it will be possible to publish a consistent series back to at least 1948–49 within the next twelve months.

Reference should be made here to the treatment in this and other Budget documents of the State Governments' Loan Council borrowing programs, which are financed by the issue of Australian Government securities to which that Government itself subscribes from its own revenue sources, as necessary, to fill the programs approved by the Loan Council. The national accounting item 'net advances to the States' used in the statements attached to the Budget Speech and other documents includes these programs. In this document, the term 'payments to the States' does not include these programs; however—and this represents a further development in the format of this document—totals of payments to the States and their Loan Council borrowing programs are also given and, subject to the point referred to in the next paragraph, these totals are comparable with the totals of grants and net advances to the States shown in other Budget documents. The treatment of the States' Loan Council programs in this and other Budget documents is explained in more detail in Chapter III.

As the term implies, the national accounting aggregate 'grants and net advances to the States' includes Australian Government advances (that is, loans) to the States on a net basis—that is, after subtracting repayments by the States of advances they have received from the Australian Government in earlier years. The main tables in this document (including those shown later in this Chapter) are on a gross basis—that is, *before* deducting repayments of Australian Government loans. However, figures on a net basis, which are equivalent to the aggregates shown in other Budget documents, are given in Appendix V.

Extension of Document to Cover Payments to or for Local Government Authorities

Funds which are to be provided for local government authorities in 1974–75 on the recommendation of the Grants Commission represent the first Australian Government program designed specifically and solely to provide financial assistance to local government authorities (leaving aside here assistance which has been provided for some time to the two local government authorities in the Northern Territory). There is, however, a number of other programs, designed to improve standards of services or facilities in particular geographical or functional areas, under which local government authorities are among the bodies eligible to receive Australian Government assistance.

The grants to be provided on the recommendation of the Grants Commission are to be paid, in the first instance, to the States under section 96 of the Constitution for them to transmit specified amounts to the individual local government authorities concerned. Similarly, under some of the other programs to which reference has been made, the funds take the form of payments to the States for on-passing to local government. There are further programs under which the Australian Government's payments are made direct to local government authorities, although the aggregate of such payments is relatively small.

The purpose of Chapter V—to which there was no equivalent in earlier issues of this document—is to draw together information on both forms of Australian Government payments for local government authorities, that is, those made in the first instance to the States and those made direct. It should be emphasised, however, that payments taking the first form are included in the totals of payments to the States shown elsewhere in the document.

Consideration is being given to the possibility of extending the economic type category 'grants and net advances to the States' to 'grants and net advances to the States and local government authorities'—that is, so as to include Australian Government payments direct to local government authorities. Such an extension was not practicable in this year's Budget documents.

Outline of Australian Government Payments to the States and Format of this Document

Since Federation payments of various descriptions have been made to the States. Prior to World War II, these payments were mainly of a marginal character and were confined, for the most part, to special grants to assist the financially weaker States, and to certain specific purpose grants such as assistance for roads and for debt charges.

Since World War II and the immediate post-war period there has been a marked increase in the amount and scope of assistance to the States. This has reflected, among other things, increases in the range and variety of governmental activities that have accompanied economic and social developments in this period of rapid growth of the Australian economy; greater participation by the national Government in matters that were previously considered to be the sole responsibility of the States; and the effects of the introduction and continuation of uniform income tax.

In this document payments to the States are classified in two main ways—first, in terms of whether they are for general or specific purposes (that is, whether they are ' untied ' or ' tied ') and, secondly, in terms of whether they are for the purpose of financing recurrent or capital expenditures by the States.

The general revenue grants arrangements are discussed in Chapter II and further historical and statistical details are given in Appendix II. The general revenue grants, which comprise the largest element in assistance to the States, are provided as general subventions to the State budgets. They have no conditions attached as to how they may be used, but are intended to finance recurrent expenditures.

The financial assistance grants, which replaced the former tax reimbursement grants, make up the bulk of the general revenue grants. These grants are determined annually on the basis of a formula that is normally subject to review at five-year intervals. In most years, however, special assistance has been provided in various ways to supplement the amounts produced by the formula. In addition, special grants are paid to certain States on the recommendation of the Grants Commission.

Chapter III provides information on the general purpose capital funds available to the States and their authorities under the Loan Council arrangements. These comprise borrowings made on behalf of the State Governments (to which the Australian Government has contributed from its own resources in most years), interest-free grants made to the States and borrowings by State authorities. Further statistical material on these funds is presented in Appendix III.

Specific purpose payments, for both recurrent and capital purposes, are discussed in Chapter IV and further historical and statistical details are given in Appendix IV. These payments finance a wide variety of expenditures.

As noted above, Chapter V brings together information on Australian Government payments to or for local government authorities.

Appendix I provides figures, in detail and in aggregate, of Australian Government payments to the States and the State Governments' Loan Council programs in 1973–74 and 1974–75 (estimated) and gives aggregate figures for the period 1956–57 to 1974–75 (estimated). Appendix V provides information on Australian Government advances to the States and debt charges paid by the States thereon, and Appendix VI gives figures, in detail and in aggregate, of payments to the six States combined and to each individual State for the years 1962–63 to 1974–75 (estimated).

Summary of Payments to the States and State Government Loan Council Programs 1972–73 to 1974–75

The table below summarises funds available to the States from Australian Government payments and Loan Council borrowing programs for the years 1972–73 to 1974–75 (estimated). Further details, including figures for earlier years, are given in subsequent chapters and in appendices.

TABLE 1—PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS 1972–73 TO 1974–75

$ million

—	Actual Amount	Actual Percentage Increase	'Adjusted' Percentage Increase(a)
		%	%
FUNDS FOR RECURRENT PURPOSES			
General Revenue Assistance—			
1972–73	1,700.9	10.6	17.0
1973–74	1,923.5	13.1	19.7
1974–75 (estimate)(b)	2,375.9	23.5	28.0
Specific Purpose Payments for Recurrent Purposes—			
1972–73	389.5	56.6	56.6
1973–74	609.7	56.5	27.8
1974–75 (estimate)	1,078.1	76.8	70.4
Total Funds for Recurrent Purposes—			
1972–73	2,090.4	17.0	22.8
1973–74	2,533.2	21.2	21.2
1974–75 (estimate)	3,454.0	36.3	36.3
FUNDS FOR CAPITAL PURPOSES			
General Purpose Capital Funds(c)—			
1972–73	982.0	10.1	10.1
1973–74	867.0	−11.7	10.4
1974–75(d)	1,027.4	18.5	21.5
Specific Purpose Payments for Capital Purposes—			
1972–73	541.6	18.0	18.0
1973–74	958.4	77.0	30.6
1974–75 (estimate)	1,551.9	61.9	60.6
Total Funds for Capital Purposes—			
1972–73	1,523.6	12.8	12.8
1973–74	1,825.4	19.8	19.8
1974–75 (estimate)	2,579.4	41.3	41.3
TOTAL FUNDS FOR RECURRENT AND CAPITAL PURPOSES			
General Purpose Funds—			
1972–73	2,682.9	10.4	14.4
1973–74	2,790.5	4.0	16.7
1974–75 (estimate)	3,403.3	22.0	26.0
Specific Purpose Funds—			
1972–73	931.1	31.6	31.6
1973–74	1,568.2	68.4	29.6
1974–75 (estimate)	2,630.1	67.7	64.0
Total Funds—			
1972–73	3,614.0	15.2	18.4
1973–74	4,358.6	20.6	20.6
1974–75 (estimate)	6,033.3	38.4	38.4

(a) Due to changes in the financial arrangements between the Australian and State Governments in certain respects (specifically, related to the transfer of pay-roll tax to the States and changes in the arrangements for financing for housing and tertiary education—*see* subsequent Chapters for details) actual increases each year in the various forms of payments to the States do not always give a guide to the underlying or 'true' increase in funds available to the States. Adjustments have therefore been made in an attempt to remove some of the main incomparabilities in the figures. Because of the hypothetical nature of these figures and the many other factors affecting year to year movements in the figures these 'adjusted' increases need to be used with considerable caution.
(b) Based, in part, on assumptions regarding increases in average wages and populations (details shown in footnotes to Table 5).
(c) Comprising the State Governments' Loan Council borrowing programs and capital grants.
(d) Programs agreed to at the June 1974 Loan Council meeting plus additions subsequently agreed to between the Australian and State Governments, still to be formally approved by the Loan Council.

As explained above, payments to the States are shown in the Statements attached to the Budget Speech under functional headings. The following table shows totals of payments to the States and their Loan Council programs in 1972–73 and 1973–74 and the estimated amounts for 1974–75 included in those statements under each of the relevant headings and sub-headings and also the estimated increase in 1974–75 over 1973–74.

TABLE 2—FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATES' LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS

$ million

Functional Classification	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)	Increase 1974–75 (Estimated) over 1973–74
Defence	6.2	7.8	16.4	8.6
Education	259.4	622.5	1,172.9	550.4
Health	20.5	51.2	115.2	64.0
Social Security and Welfare	126.5	29.7	21.6	−8.1
Housing	24.2	240.2	263.2	23.0
Culture and Recreation	..	0.5	16.7	16.2
Urban and Regional Development n.e.c. and the Environment	1.0	55.9	251.7	195.8
Economic Services—				
Transport and Communication	294.8	328.6	421.3	92.7
Water Supply and Electricity	15.5	26.6	39.0	12.4
Industry Assistance	97.4	75.5	95.3	19.8
Labour and Employment	2.1	2.7	4.0	1.3
General Administrative	..	0.2	..	−0.2
Total Economic Services	409.8	433.5	559.6	126.1
General Public Services	5.9	8.1	7.5	−0.6
Outlays not Allocated to Function—				
General Revenue Assistance	1,700.9	1,923.5	2,375.9	452.4
State Government Loan Council Borrowing Programs	733.5	588.7	700.8	112.1
Capital Grants	248.5	278.3	326.6	48.3
Assistance Related to State Debts	77.7	90.6	103.9	13.3
Assistance for Local Government(*a*)	..	..	56.7	56.7
Natural Disaster Relief	..	28.2	44.7	16.5
Total not Allocated to Function	2,760.6	2,909.2	3,608.5	699.3
GRAND TOTAL	3,614.0	4,358.6	6,033.3	1,674.7

(*a*) Comprising grants to the States to reduce financial inequalities between local government authorities (recommended by Grants Commission) and for regional organisations of local government.

CHAPTER II—GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE

Grants for general revenue purposes, as the name implies, are subject to no conditions as to the purpose for which they may be spent. In one form or another they have been paid by the Australian Government to the States since Federation. Some of the history of these grants and background to the present arrangements is given in Appendix II. This chapter outlines the present basis of the general revenue grants.

In recent years three main types of grant have been paid to the States for general revenue purposes. First, there are the financial assistance grants paid to all States. Secondly, there are the special grants paid on the recommendation of the Grants Commission. Thirdly, special revenue assistance has been provided in most years in addition to the financial assistance and special grants. These three types of payment are discussed below.

The Financial Assistance Grants

1959–60 to 1964–65

The financial assistance grants were instituted under arrangements agreed at a Premiers' Conference in June 1959 and replaced the tax reimbursement grants and supplementary grants that had previously been paid to the States. The new arrangements provided for the grants to be determined by a formula under which the grant paid to each State in each financial year was calculated by taking the grant paid to it in the previous year and increasing that grant in proportion to the increase in the preceding financial year in the State's population and in the level of average wages for Australia as a whole—increases in population and average wages being two of the main factors affecting movements from year to year in State current expenditures. In addition, to assist the States improve the standard and range of their services, a 'betterment factor' was introduced equal to 10 per cent of the increase in average wages; for example, an increase of 4 per cent in average wages would be raised to 4.4 per cent. Subject to certain modifications to the grants in 1961–62 (*see* Appendix II), this formula determined the financial assistance grant payable to each State in each of the years 1960–61 to 1964–65 inclusive.

1965–66 to 1969–70

The 1959 grants arrangements were discussed at Premiers' Conferences in April and June 1965 and the decisions reached at the June Conference were embodied in the *States Grants Act* 1965. The main change under these arrangements was

that the betterment factor was fixed at 1.2 per cent per annum regardless of the extent of the increase in average wages. As a result of this change the effective size of the betterment factor over the five years 1965–66 to 1969–70 was, on average, approximately double what it would have been if the previous arrangements had continued unaltered. The increase in each State's population used to calculate the grant for each year was changed from that in the preceding financial year to that in the year ending December in the year of payment.

It was also decided that there would be an addition of $2 million each year to the base on which Queensland's grant was calculated, mainly in recognition of that State's large area and relatively small population. In addition, to reduce the difference between the per capita grants for New South Wales and Victoria, the latter State received an addition of $1.2 million to its 1965–66 financial assistance grants and this amount was incorporated into the base for calculating its grants for later years.

As a result of discussions at Premiers' Conferences in February and June 1967 two alterations were made to these arrangements. First, for calculating the grants for 1966–67 and subsequent years, the increase in average wages for the year ending March in the year of payment, instead of for the preceding financial year, was to be used. Secondly, special revenue assistance totalling $5 million paid to the States in 1966–67 was added to the base for that year for the purpose of calculating the formula grants for 1967–68 and subsequent years.

With this last qualification, the formula grant for each State in the years from 1965–66 to 1969–70 was determined by taking that State's grant for the previous year (with the addition of $2 million each year in the case of Queensland) and:

(*a*) increasing it by the percentage change in the population of that State during the year ending 31 December in the year of payment;

(*b*) increasing the amount so obtained by the percentage increase in average wages for Australia as a whole for the year ending 31 March in the year of payment (except for 1965–66, when the increase was for the previous financial year); and

(*c*) increasing this amount by the betterment factor of 1.2 per cent.

Following discussions at the June 1968 Premiers' Conference, Western Australia ceased to receive special grants on the recommendation of the Grants Commission after 1967–68 and was paid additional financial assistance grants of $15.5 million in 1968–69 and 1969–70 in lieu thereof.

The 1970 Premiers' Conferences

The grants arrangements were again discussed at Premiers' Conferences in February and June 1970. Prior to the February Conference the six State Premiers presented a joint statement entitled 'The Financial Relationship of the Commonwealth and the States' in which they requested that Australian and State Treasury officers be instructed to devise a scheme to give the States access to income tax 'broadly along the lines of the system presently operating in Canada, but adapted to Australian circumstances and to the recognised needs of the less populous States'. Details of the discussions at the Conferences are given in Appendix II.

At these Conferences the Prime Minister indicated that, while the Australian Government did not accept re-entry of the States to the income tax field, it did accept that there was a need for a significant increase in revenue assistance. The Australian Government offered improvements estimated to make the rate of growth in such assistance between 2½ and 3 per cent per annum higher than if the previous arrangements had continued unchanged. This improvement was effected in four main ways.

First, an addition of $40 million was made to the 1970–71 grants calculated under the existing formula and this amount was incorporated in the base used to determine the grants for 1971–72 and subsequent years.

Secondly, the betterment factor was increased from 1.2 per cent to 1.8 per cent for determining the grants for 1971–72 and subsequent years.

Thirdly, interest-free capital grants to the States were introduced to replace a part of the moneys previously obtained by the States from borrowings. The purpose of these grants was to relieve the States of debt charges which they would otherwise have had to pay, thus freeing State funds for other purposes. Further details of these grants are given in the following chapter.

Fourthly, grants were to be made to the States in each of the five years of the arrangements equal to the debt charges payable on an increasing proportion of a specified parcel of State debt totalling $1,000 million. Further details of these grants, which will total $172.56 million over the five-year period, are given in Chapter IV.

In addition to the foregoing, it was agreed at the June 1970 Premiers' Conference that further grants would be paid to four States in each of the five years of the arrangements, namely:

(*a*) Queensland would continue to receive an annual addition of $2 million to the base on which its formula grant was calculated;

(*b*) Western Australia would receive grants which started at $12.5 million in 1970–71, reducing by $3 million in each of the remaining four years of the arrangements—these grants followed on from additional financial assistance grants of $15.5 million paid to the State in 1968–69 and 1969–70 and which had replaced the special grants previously received on the recommendation of the Grants Commission (the progressive reduction was made because of the relative improvement in the State's revenue position following its withdrawal from claimancy); and

(*c*) New South Wales and Victoria would receive new annual grants, equal to $2 per head of their respective populations at 31 December each year.

At the June 1970 Conference the Prime Minister said that, if any of the four less populous States considered that the additional per capita grants to New South Wales and Victoria would adversely affect their ability to provide services of a standard comparable with those provided in those two States, they could apply for a special grant on the recommendation of the Grants Commission. (Under the previous arrangements the four non-claimant States were expected not to make any application for special grants for the period of the arrangements.) South Australia applied for a special grant early in 1970–71 and Queensland applied for a special grant in 1971–72. (*See* below under 'The Special Grants'.)

After the June 1970 Premiers' Conference, the Australian Government agreed to transfer $10 million of Tasmania's special grant to the State's financial assistance grant.

The foregoing arrangements were agreed to by the Australian Government on the basis that there were no significant changes in the existing division of financial responsibilities between the Australian Government and the States during the period of the arrangements (1970–71 to 1974–75), that the distribution of tax resources remained unchanged and that the States and their authorities continued to pay pay-roll tax. They were embodied in the *States Grants Act* 1970, which repealed the *States Grants Act* 1965–1968.

Developments Following the June 1970 Premiers' Conference

Following the settling of the new grants arrangements at the June 1970 Premiers' Conference there has been a number of developments affecting the arrangements. These are described briefly below.

Application of Pay-roll Tax to State Governments

In October 1970 the Victorian Government challenged in the High Court the constitutional validity of the *Pay-roll Tax Assessment Act* 1941–1969 as it applied to the State Government, and was subsequently supported in this action by the South Australian Government. In May 1971 the High Court unanimously ruled that the Act was valid in its application to State Governments. (*See* Appendix II for further details.)

Cessation of Receipts Duty

In response to requests by the States, following decisions of the High Court invalidating State receipts duty in certain cases, the Australian Government agreed to reimburse the States, by additions to their financial assistance grants, for revenue forgone by them. Payments for this purpose were made in 1970–71, and in 1971–72 appropriate amounts were added to the base for determining the financial assistance grants payable under the grants formula in 1971–72 and subsequent years. (*See* Appendix II for further details.)

Transfer of Pay-roll Tax

The Australian Government agreed at the June 1971 Premiers' Conference to transfer pay-roll tax to the States on the basis that off-setting deductions would be made from the financial assistance grants. (*See* Appendix II for further details.)

It was agreed that the deductions in 1971–72 would be less than the amount of pay-roll tax receivable by the States (at the then rate of 2.5 per cent) by:—

(*a*) an amount of $20 million to be distributed between the States in proportion to pay-roll tax collections in 1971–72 at the rate of 2.5 per cent and further amounts for the less populous States so as to bring their allocations to what they would have been if the amount of $20 million had been distributed in proportion to the financial assistance grants—these extra amounts, estimated at $2.7 million at the time of the Conference, totalled $2.3 million, giving total assistance of $22.3 million;

(*b*) an amount equal to the estimated pay-roll tax payable in respect of non-business activities of local authorities in 1971–72 subsequent to the date of transfer of the tax; and

(*c*) an amount equal to the administrative expenditure incurred by the States in 1971–72 as a result of their imposing pay-roll tax.

For 1972–73 and subsequent years, it was agreed that the deductions from the States' grants would be effected by reducing the 1971–72 base used to determine the formula grants for those years. The deductions from the 1971–72 base would, however, be less than the amount of the pay-roll tax receivable in 1971–72 from a full year's collections at the tax rate of 2.5 per cent by:—

(*a*) the amounts referred to under (*a*) in the preceding paragraph—thus ensuring that these amounts would continue and escalate in future years;

(*b*) an amount equal to the estimated tax payable in respect of non-business activities of local authorities in the whole of 1971–72 (in this way the Australian Government would, in effect, continue to meet the cost of exemption in future years by way of higher financial assistance grants to State Governments than would have been paid if the authorities had not been exempted);

(*c*) an amount of $3 million, as a rough allowance to take account of the probability that revenues from pay-roll tax would grow somewhat more slowly than the financial assistance grants the States would be losing; and

(*d*) an amount equal to the administrative expenditure that would have been incurred by the States in 1971–72 if they had imposed pay-roll tax for the whole of the year.

Details of the amounts involved in 1971–72 were given in Table 2 of 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States 1972–73' and corresponding details in respect of 1972–73 were given in Table 4 of 'Payments to or for the States 1973–74.'

Australian and State legislation to transfer pay-roll tax was passed and the transfer took place as from 1 September 1971.

The amendments to the financial assistance grants arrangements which it was agreed would accompany the transfer of pay-roll tax were incorporated in the *States Grants Act* (*No.* 2) 1971, which repealed the *States Grants Act* 1970–1971.

Additional Grants Agreed to at the June 1972 Premiers' Conference

At the June 1972 Premiers' Conference the Australian Government and the States agreed to the following three amendments to the financial assistance grants arrangements:—

(*a*) a permanent increase of $112 million to the financial assistance grants payable in 1972–73—this increase to be built into the formula grants for the purpose of calculating the grants for subsequent years and to be distributed in proportion to the 1971–72 formula grants escalated under the formula as it would apply in 1972–73;

(*b*) an increase in the per capita grants to New South Wales and Victoria from $2 to $3.50 per head of population in 1972–73—the increased per capita payments to be added to the formula grants for the purpose of calculating the grants in future years (this change increased the grants payable to New South Wales and Victoria in 1972–73 by $7.0 million and $5.4 million respectively); and

(*c*) a payment of a further amount of $3.5 million to Western Australia in 1972–73 as a special temporary addition to the State's financial assistance grant in that year.

These amendments were authorised in the *States Grants Act (No. 2) 1972* which amended the *States Grants Act 1971–1972*.

Adjustments to General Purpose Funds to Offset Financial Effects of Shifts in Responsibilities Between Australian and State Governments

In his opening speech at the June 1973 Premiers' Conference, the Prime Minister stated:—

> 'Where the national government undertakes new or additional commitments which relieve the States or their authorities of the need to allocate funds for expenditures at present being carried by them, there should be adjustments in the financial arrangements between us to take account of the shift of new financial responsibilities. These adjustments will normally take the form of appropriate reductions in the general purpose funds allocated to States. We have proposed such reductions, for example, as part of the program by which the Australian Government will assume financial responsibility for tertiary education.'

In his opening speech at the June 1974 Conference the Prime Minister said:—

> 'The Australian Government is firmly committed to this principle and will pursue its application wherever appropriate. I have informed Premiers of our intention to do so in respect of initiatives we are taking in the fields of Aboriginal affairs and assistance for deserted wives, and I expect that further cases could arise as we develop our policies in other areas.'

At the June 1973 Premiers' Conference the States accepted the Australian Government's offer to take full financial responsibility for financing tertiary education from 1 January 1974 and it was agreed, in pursuance of the 'offsets' policy, that estimated amounts of recurrent expenditure of which the States would thereby be relieved should be deducted from the financial assistance grants otherwise payable. (The estimated capital expenditures of which the States are being relieved are being deducted from the State Loan Council programs—*see* following

chapter.) The agreed reductions in the financial assistance grants are shown in the following table.

TABLE 3—REDUCTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS ACCOMPANYING TRANSFER OF TERTIARY EDUCATION

$'000

—	1973–74	1974–75
New South Wales	36,400	75,200
Victoria..	34,800	70,800
Queensland	13,500	27,600
South Australia	12,000	24,700
Western Australia	11,600	24,200
Tasmania	3,500	7,200
	111,800	229,700

The amounts shown for 1973–74 represent estimates of the half-year 'savings' to the States; the amounts shown for 1974–75 represent the estimated full-year 'savings'. The 1974–75 amounts are to be subtracted from the 'base' amounts for purposes of calculating the formula grants in 1975–76 and subsequent years.

Further reference to the arrangements for the assumption by the Australian Government of full financial responsibility for tertiary education is made in Chapter IV.

As explained in Chapter IV the Australian Government has decided to defer assuming full responsibility for providing assistance to deserted wives and similarly placed women until the 1975–76 budget; adjustments to the financial assistance grants to offset the budget relief which is expected to be provided to the States as a result of this proposal will not, therefore, be made before 1975–76.

Responsibility in respect of certain Aboriginal affairs functions was transferred to the Australian Government by Tasmania as from 31 August 1973, by South Australia as from 1 December 1973 and by Western Australia as from 29 June 1974. The Australian Government has invited the other States to transfer functions in this field and detailed discussions have also been held with New South Wales and Victoria. The Australian Government has stated its intention of making offsets to general purpose funds in respect of this matter, but it has not proceeded to the stage where the details of offset arrangements can be determined.

Additional Grants Agreed to at the June 1973 Premiers' Conference

It was decided to vary the arrangements which had been agreed at the June 1970 Premiers' Conference (*see* above) under which Western Australia has received financial assistance grants additional to those calculated under the formula. These additional grants were $12.5 million in 1970–71, $9.5 million in 1971–72 and $6.5 million in 1972–73 and were to have been $3.5 million and $0.5 million in 1973–74 and 1974–75 respectively. At the June 1973 Premiers' Conference it was agreed that the additional grant payable to Western Australia in 1973–74 should remain at $6.5 million instead of being reduced to $3.5 million as provided in the then existing legislation. As a corollary, the special temporary addition to the State's borrowing program for larger authorities in 1973–74 was reduced from the $9 million it would otherwise have been to $6 million. (Under arrangements originally discussed at the June 1970 Premiers' Conference but since revised, Western Australia has been receiving additions to its borrowing programs at the same time as its additional financial assistance grant has been reduced—*see* Appendix II.)

It was also agreed at the Conference that Western Australia would receive an additional temporary grant in 1973–74, the amount of which would be the subject of further discussion between the Australian and Western Australian Governments. It was subsequently agreed, following such discussion, that a special temporary addition of $3.5 million—the same as the amount added in the previous year—would be made to the State's revenue grants in 1973–74. Furthermore, it was agreed that the additional financial assistance grant for Western Australia would remain at $6.5 million in 1974–75 (in lieu of the amount of $0.5 million authorised by the legislation then in force), and that the special temporary addition to the State's borrowing program for larger authorities in that year would remain at $6 million (instead of being increased as it would have been under the arrangements existing prior to the Premiers' Conference).

It was also decided at the June 1973 Conference that special revenue assistance of $25 million would be paid to the States in 1973–74. This is referred to in more detail below under the heading 'Other General Revenue Assistance'.

The changes in the financial assistance grants arrangements agreed to at the June 1973 Premiers' Conference were authorized by the *States Grants Act* 1973, which repealed and replaced the *States Grants Act* 1971–72.

June 1974 Premiers' Conference and Withdrawal of Tasmania from Special Grants System

No alterations to the financial assistance grant arrangements were agreed to at the June 1974 Premiers' Conference. However, at that Conference, the Premier of Tasmania requested discussions with the Australian Government concerning the possibility of his State withdrawing from the special grants system. Following such discussions, it was agreed that, to enable such a withdrawal, an amount of $15 million would be added to the financial assistance grants otherwise payable to the State in 1974–75, to be built into the base on which the formula grants for 1975–76 and subsequent years would be calculated. It is expected that legislation to authorise the additional financial assistance grant for Tasmania will be introduced in the Budget sittings of Parliament. Further details of the arrangements agreed with the State are given below under the heading 'The Special Grants'.

Review of Revenue Assistance Arrangements

In his opening speech at the June 1974 Premiers' Conference, the Prime Minister stated: 'The present revenue assistance arrangements between the Australian and State Governments were originally settled in June 1970 and were intended to apply over the five years 1970–71 to 1974–75. My Government accepts the obligation to review the arrangements before the end of 1974–75 with a view to determining what changes in them, if any, should apply from 1975–76'.

Calculation of Financial Assistance Grants for 1973–74 and 1974–75 (estimated)

The following tables show details of the calculation of the financial assistance grants for 1973–74 and 1974–75 (estimated).

TABLE 4—CALCULATION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS FOR 1973–74

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
'Base' Grants—							
1972–73 Financial Assistance Grants	521,963	396,087	271,946	181,430	196,369	79,498	1,647,293
Less Additional Grants to Western Australia in 1972–73(*a*)	..	..	..	..	10,000	..	10,000
Plus Addition to Queensland's Base(*b*)..	..	..	2,000	..	..	..	2,000
TOTAL BASE GRANTS ..	521,963	396,087	273,946	181,430	186,369	79,498	1,639,293
Plus Additions under Formula (*c*)	99,944	76,316	57,799	35,488	37,619	15,245	322,411
SUB-TOTALS	621,907	472,404	331,745	216,918	223,988	94,743	1,961,705
Less Tertiary Education 'Offsets'(*d*)	36,400	34,800	13,500	12,000	11,600	3,500	111,800
Plus Additional Grants to Western Australia(*e*)	..	..	..	..	10,000	..	10,000
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS ..	585,507	437,604	318,245	204,918	222,388	91,243	1,859,905

(*a*) Made up of additional financial assistance grant of $6.5 million announced at the June 1970 Premiers' Conference *plus* a special temporary addition of $3.5 million agreed to at the June 1972 Premiers' Conference. *See* text for details.
(*b*) An addition of $2 million has been made to Queensland's base each year since 1965–66. *See* text.
(*c*) Calculated from the Statistician's estimates of increases in State populations in the year ended December 1973 (New South Wales 0.87 per cent, Victoria 0.97 per cent, Queensland 2.52 per cent, South Australia 1.22 per cent, Western Australia 1.75 per cent and Tasmania 0.90 per cent, giving a weighted average of 1.31 per cent for all States combined), the Statistician's estimate of the increase in average wages for Australia as a whole in the year ended March 1974 of 16.03 per cent and the betterment factor of 1.8 per cent.
(*d*) 'Offsets' agreed to at the June 1973 Premiers' Conference to accompany the assumption of full financial responsibility for tertiary education by the Australian Government as from January 1974.
(*e*) Made up of a $6.5 million additional financial assistance grant and a further special temporary addition of $3.5 million for 1973–74. *See* text above.

TABLE 5—CALCULATION OF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS FOR 1974–75 (ESTIMATED)

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
TOTAL BASE GRANTS(*a*) ..	621,907	472,404	333,745	216,918	223,988	94,743	1,963,705
Plus Additions under Formula(*b*)	176,671	133,479	103,601	63,554	67,621	27,120	572,046
Less Tertiary Education 'Offsets' (*c*)	75,200	70,800	27,600	24,700	24,200	7,200	229,700
Plus Additional Grants to Western Australia and Tasmania	..	..	..	..	(*d*)6,500	(*e*)15,000	21,500
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS(*f*)	723,400	535,100	409,700	255,800	273,900	129,700	2,327,600

(*a*) Amounts shown as 'sub-totals' in previous table *plus* addition of $2 million for Queensland.
(*b*) Assumes that the increase in average wages for Australia as a whole in the year ending March 1975 will be 25.0 per cent and that increases in the States' populations for the year ending December 1974 will be: New South Wales 0.91 per cent, Victoria 0.79 per cent, Queensland 2.98 per cent, South Australia 1.61 per cent, Western Australia 2.31 per cent and Tasmania 1.08 per cent (weighted average of 1.48 per cent).
(*c*) Agreed to at the June 1973 Premiers' Conference. *See* footnote (*d*) to previous table and text above.
(*d*) Agreed to following the June 1973 Premiers' Conference—*see* text.
(*e*) Addition agreed to following the June 1974 Premiers' Conference to enable Tasmania to withdraw from the special grants system. *See* text for details.
(*f*) Calculated on figures shown above and then rounded to nearest $100,000. The financial assistance grants for 1974–75 are also subject to possible offsets in respect of the assumption of further responsibilities by the Australian Government in respect of certain Aboriginal affairs functions.

The following table shows the financial assistance grants paid to each State from 1959–60, and the grants estimated to be payable in 1974–75. Annual payments of tax reimbursement and supplementary grants before 1959–60 are given in Table 97 of Appendix II.

TABLE 6—FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1959–60 ..	166,900	121,250	72,750	55,350	50,924	21,826	489,000
1960–61 ..	183,977	134,743	79,901	61,454	55,954	23,960	539,989
1961–62 ..	198,498	146,029	87,460	66,451	60,171	25,671	584,280
1962–63 ..	206,642	152,267	91,083	69,552	62,480	26,616	608,640
1963–64 ..	215,712	159,482	94,821	72,729	65,597	27,626	635,967
1964–65 ..	230,537	171,750	101,111	78,155	70,498	29,297	681,349
1965–66 ..	255,001	191,922	(*a*)113,356	86,467	78,474	32,131	757,351
1966–67(*b*) ..	276,794	208,790	(*a*)125,514	94,346	86,396	34,773	826,613
1967–68 ..	302,827	228,254	(*a*)139,601	102,738	96,152	37,968	907,539
1968–69 ..	333,393	250,563	(*a*)155,963	112,768	(*c*)123,796	41,710	1,018,193
1969–70 ..	373,908	280,008	(*a*)176,522	125,706	(*c*)138,835	46,340	1,141,319
1970–71(*d*) ..	(*e*)470,835	(*e*)351,024	(*a*)216,672	151,602	(*c*)163,313	(*f*) 65,071	1,418,518
1971–72(*g*) ..	(*e*)462,204	(*e*)348,464	(*a*)231,603	158,491	(*c*)170,960	69,156	1,440,878
1972–73(*h*) ..	(*e*)521,963	(*e*)396,087	(*a*)271,946	181,430	(*c*)196,369	79,498	1,647,293
1973–74(*i*) ..	585,507	437,604	(*a*)318,245	204,918	(*c*)222,388	91,243	1,859,905
1974–75(estimate)(*i*)	723,400	535,100	(*a*)409,700	255,800	(*c*)273,900	(*j*)129,700	2,327,600

(*a*) Includes additional assistance as a result of the addition of $2 million to the base on which Queensland's grant for each year has been calculated.
(*b*) Includes special assistance of $5 million paid in 1966–67 and subsequently incorporated into the base for determining the grants for 1967–68 and later years.
(*c*) Includes $15.5 million to Western Australia in lieu of a special grant in 1968–69 and 1969–70, $12.5 million in 1970–71, $9.5 million in 1971–72 and $6.5 million in 1972–73, 1973–74 and 1974–75. Also includes special temporary additions of $3.5 million in 1972–73 and 1973–74.
(*d*) The amounts shown for 1970–71 include additional grants paid to compensate the States for loss of receipts duty. The grants for 1971–72 and subsequent years include additional grants as a result of additions, for the same purpose, to the 1970–71 'base' grants for determining the 1971–72 grants under the formula.
(*e*) Includes additional grants of $2 per capita to New South Wales and Victoria in 1970–71 and 1971–72 and $3.5 per capita in 1972–73. The 1972–73 amounts were incorporated into the base for purposes of determining the grants for 1973–74 and subsequent years.
(*f*) Includes $10 million transferred from Tasmania's special grant for 1970–71 and incorporated into the base for determining the grants for 1971–72 and subsequent years.
(*g*) The amounts shown for 1971–72 are after deductions in accordance with the arrangements for transferring pay-roll tax to the States. The grants for subsequent years are lower than they would otherwise have been as a result of subtractions, on the same account, from the 1971–72 'base' grants for purposes of calculating the 1972–73 grants under the formula.
(*h*) The 1972–73 grants include additional amounts agreed at the June 1972 Premiers' Conference. With the exception of a special temporary addition of $3.5 million to Western Australia the 1972–73 amounts were incorporated into the base for purposes of determining the grants in subsequent years.
(*i*) After deductions in accordance with the arrangements for transferring responsibility for expenditure on tertiary education to the Australian Government.
(*j*) Includes an additional $15 million to be paid to Tasmania in 1974–75 to enable the State to withdraw from the Grants Commission system.

The Special Grants

Special grants have been paid to the States on the recommendation of the Grants Commission since 1934–35. The Grants Commission was established under the *Commonwealth Grants Commission Act* 1933 and functioned under that Act, to which only minor amendments were made, until September 1973. New legislation, the *Grants Commission Act* 1973, was passed by Parliament in the Autumn 1973 sittings and came into effect in September 1973. This legislation gave the Commission the additional role of recommending grants to the States to be paid to local government organisations, but it left essentially unaltered the Commission's

traditional function of recommending special grants to be paid to claimant States. The new Act provided for an increase in the maximum number of Commissioners from three to seven (including the Chairman). The Act provides that the Chairman shall be appointed on a full-time basis; the other Commissioners may be either full-time or part-time.

During the initial period of its work in relation to claimant States the Commission considered 'compensation for disabilities arising from federation' as a possible basis for its recommendations. It considered also the basis of 'financial need'. In its Third Report (1936) the Commission finally chose the principle of financial need, which was expressed in the following terms:—

> 'Special grants are justified when a State through financial stress from any cause is unable efficiently to discharge its functions as a member of the federation and should be determined by the amount of help found necessary to make it possible for that State by reasonable effort to function at a standard not appreciably below that of other States.'

In arriving at its recommendations, the Commission each year makes a detailed comparison between the financial positions of the claimant States and those of the 'standard' States. Prior to 1959–60 the Commission used a standard derived from the experience of New South Wales, Victoria and Queensland. From 1959–60 the standard States have been New South Wales and Victoria.

Since 1949 each recommendation by the Commission for payment of a special grant has consisted of two parts. One part is based on an estimate of the claimant State's financial need in the current financial year, and is treated as an advance payment subject to adjustment two years later when the Commission has compared in detail the financial positions in that year of the claimant and standard States. The other part represents the final adjustment to the advance payment made two years earlier and is known as the completion payment.

Special grants were paid to South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania on the recommendation of the Commission from 1934–35 to 1958–59, when South Australia ceased to apply. Western Australia withdrew from the special grants system as from 1968–69.

Under the 1965 grants arrangements the Australian Government expected the then four non-claimant States not to apply for special grants for the period of the arrangements. However, following the June 1970 Premiers' Conference all four less populous States were free to apply for special grants and South Australia again applied for a special grant in July 1970. Queensland applied for a special grant for 1971–72 in September 1971.

Tasmania applied continuously for special grants up to and including 1973–74. The State has withdrawn from the special grants system following the Australian Government's agreement to pay the State an additional financial assistance grant of $15 million in 1974–75, to be built into the 'base' for purposes of calculating the State's formula grants in 1975–76 and subsequent years (*see* above under

the heading 'The Financial Assistance Grants'). In accordance with arrangements agreed between the Australian and State Governments, the Grants Commission has been asked not to recommend completion payments in respect of the advance grants paid to the State in 1972–73 and 1973–74.

In 1973–74 special grants totalling $38.55 million were paid, consisting of advance payments of $10 million to Queensland and Tasmania and $15 million to South Australia *plus* a positive completion grant of $4.9 million to South Australia, and a negative completion payment to Tasmania of $1.35 million in respect of 1971–72. These grants were recommended by the Commission in its Fortieth Report, presented to Parliament in the Budget Session in 1973, and were authorised by the *States Grants (Special Assistance) Act* 1973.

For 1974–75 the Commission has recommended advance payments of $15 million to both Queensland and South Australia. It has also recommended positive completion payments of $8.5 million to South Australia and $9.75 million to Queensland in respect of 1972–73. The Government has accepted these recommendations.

The special grants paid in each year since 1910–11 are shown in Table 98 of Appendix II. Table 7 below shows the *final* amount of special grants paid *in respect of* each of the years 1968–69 to 1972–73 inclusive—that is, the advance payment paid in the year concerned plus the completion payment paid two years later. The table also shows the advance payments for 1973–74 and 1974–75.

TABLE 7—SPECIAL GRANTS

$'000

—	Queensland			South Australia			Tasmania		
	Advance Payment	Completion Payment(*a*)	Total	Advance Payment	Completion Payment(*a*)	Total	Advance Payment	Completion Payment(*a*)	Total
1968–69	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,000	1,680	19,680
1969–70	..	..	..	..	..	..	22,000	−3,200	18,800
1970–71	..	..	..	5,000	7,500	12,500	(*b*)12,000	−2,400	9,600
1971–72	9,000	nil	9,000	7,000	4,900	11,900	11,000	−1,350	9,650
1972–73	10,000	9,750	19,750	13,500	8,500	22,000	10,000	(*d*)	10,000
1973–74	10,000	(*c*)	(*c*)	15,000	(*c*)	(*c*)	10,000	(*d*)	10,000
1974–75	15,000	(*c*)	(*c*)	15,000	(*c*)	(*c*)	..	..	..

(*a*) Actually paid two years subsequent to the year shown.
(*b*) Grant recommended by the Commission was $22 million of which $10 million was transferred to Tasmania's financial assistance grant for 1970–71.
(*c*) Not yet determined—*see* explanation in text above of the Commission's two-part system.
(*d*) No completion grants will be paid to Tasmania in respect of these years—*see* text above.

Other General Revenue Assistance

From time to time the Australian Government has provided general revenue assistance to the States additional to that payable under the financial assistance grants arrangements or by way of special grants recommended by the Grants Commission. Between 1949–50 and 1958–59, for instance, the Australian Government made ad hoc grants to each State to supplement the amount yielded by the formula then operating. (For further details *see* Appendix II and Table 97.) Some of the additional assistance grants paid in the years 1957–58, 1961–62, 1962–63 and 1963–64 were also available for use by the States for general revenue purposes. Details of these grants are given in 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States, 1967–68'.

For details of special assistance paid in the years 1966–67 to 1969–70, *see* page 18 of 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States, 1969–70', page 21 of the 1970–71 issue and page 26 of the 1972–73 issue.

Special Assistance in 1970–71

A Premiers' Conference was held in February 1971 to discuss the effects on the States' budgets of the national wage decision announced in December 1970. The States presented information showing that the cost to their budgets of that and other wage awards for State government employees granted since their budgets were brought down was much greater than in previous years and they requested special revenue assistance to help meet those costs. The Australian Government, while conceding that the States were facing budget difficulties, asked them to examine the possibility of taking measures to cope with these financial difficulties from their own resources. However, it was agreed that a further Conference would be held in April at which the States would present revised estimates for 1970–71, as well as estimates for 1971–72, in the light of any measures they may have been able to take in the interim.

Subsequent to the February Conference all the States took special action to improve their financial positions. In most but not all States this action took the form mainly of cuts in expenditure below the levels estimated in February. However, this still left the States facing substantial prospective budget deficits in 1970–71.

At the Premiers' Conference in April 1971 the Australian Government agreed to provide the States with additional revenue assistance of $43 million in 1970–71 on the understanding that the States used this assistance to reduce their prospective budget deficits rather than add to their expenditures. Payment of this assistance, which was distributed between the States in proportion to their financial assistance grants (other than receipts duty compensation grants), was authorised by the *States Grants Act* 1971.

Special Assistance in 1971–72

At the Premiers' Conference in June 1971 the States argued that, even after taking into account additional revenue they might be able to raise from their existing taxes and charges, they would find it very difficult to cope with their prospective 1971–72 budget deficits which, they said, were abnormally high due largely to the unavoidable 'full-year' costs of wage and salary awards granted in 1970–71.

The Australian Government agreed to provide special revenue assistance in 1971–72 in the form of a non-recurring grant of $40 million to be distributed between the States in proportion to their financial assistance grants. The Australian Government also agreed, as part of the arrangements to transfer pay-roll tax to the States, to provide additional revenue assistance in 1971–72 estimated at the time of the Conference at $22.7 million but which finally amounted to $22.3 million. (*See* under *Transfer of Pay-roll Tax* above.) Payment of this additional assistance was authorized by the *States Grants Act* (*No.* 2) 1971.

At the February 1972 Premiers' Conference, the Australian Government agreed to provide further special revenue assistance in 1971–72 totalling $32.5 million. Of this amount, $15 million was provided by way of non-recurring grants distributed between the States in proportion to their financial assistance grants and the remaining $17.5 million was a special repayable advance to New South Wales.

In announcing this loan, the Prime Minister said that New South Wales clearly had a much greater budgetary problem in 1971–72 than any of the other States and the purpose of the loan was to enable that State to avoid taking extreme measures to improve its budgetary position. The loan was made on 30 June 1972 and is to be repaid by 30 June 1977 by annual instalments of $3.5 million, with provision for the advancement or deferment of repayments similar to the provisions with the loan of $10 million made to Victoria in 1969–70 (*see* page 26 of 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States, 1972–73'). As with the loan to Victoria, no interest was payable in the first year. For the following four years interest is payable semi-annually at 5.3 per cent, this being the short-term bond rate offered in the February 1972 cash loan. The repayments due on 30 June 1973 and 30 June 1974 were deferred in accordance with the terms of the loan.

The additional assistance of $15 million was authorised by the *States Grants Act* 1972. The special advance to New South Wales was authorised in the *Appropriation Act* (*No.* 5) 1971–1972.

Thus, special assistance totalling $72.5 million was paid in 1971–72.

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Special Assistance in 1972–73

On 20 September 1972, the Australian Government announced that, having regard to the extraordinarily difficult budget situation which was confronting New South Wales, it was prepared to provide special budgetary assistance to the State in 1972–73 in the form of a loan of $15 million. The loan was authorised in the *Appropriation Act* (*No.* 4) 1972–73 and was paid to the State on 29 June 1973. The terms of the loan provide that it be repaid by 30 June 1978 by annual instalments of $3 million with provision for the advancement or deferment of repayments similar to the provisions applying to the loans of $10 million made to Victoria in 1969–70 and $17.5 million made to New South Wales in 1971–72. Again, no interest was payable in the first year. In the following four years interest is payable semi-annually at a rate determined to be the rate which would have applied on five-year securities if they had been issued in the Australian Government loan immediately prior to 29 June 1973—that is, the May 1973 loan. The repayment due on 30 June 1974 was deferred.

Special Assistance in 1973–74

At the June 1973 Premiers' Conference the Australian Government, in recognition of the States' expected budgetary problems in 1973–74, agreed to provide special additional revenue assistance of $25 million, to be distributed among the States in proportion to the financial assistance grants payable under the formula. The grants were authorised by the *States Grants Act* 1973. The amounts paid to each State are shown in Table 87 in Appendix I.

Summary of General Revenue Assistance, 1970–71 to 1974–75

Comparisons of general revenue assistance over the years 1970–71 to 1974–75 are complicated by the arrangements which accompanied the transfer of pay-roll tax to the States in 1971–72 and which are accompanying the assumption of full financial responsibility for tertiary education by the Australian Government from January 1974. The following table is designed to show general revenue assistance over this period on a comparable basis by making appropriate adjustments to the grants paid in 1970–71, 1971–72, 1973–74 and those expected to be paid in 1974–75 (estimated) to put them on the basis which applied in 1972–73. The adjustments are made on the assumption that, had the arrangements applying in 1972–73 also applied in the other years concerned, other factors affecting the level of general revenue assistance in those years (for example, the amounts of special revenue assistance) would have remained unchanged.

TABLE 8—SUMMARY OF GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE 1970–71 TO 1974–75

	1970–71	1971–72		1972–73		1973–74		1974–75 estimate	
	$million	$million	Percentage Increase (a)	$million	Percentage Increase (a)	$million	Percentage Increase (a)	$million	Percentage Increase (a)
Actual Payments—									
Financial Assistance Grants	1,418.5	1,440.9		1,647.3		1,859.9		2,327.6	
Special Grants	18.7	23.8		38.6		38.6		48.3	
Special Revenue Assistance	43.0	72.5		15.0		25.0		..	
	1,480.2	1,537.2		1,700.9		1,923.5		2,375.9	
Adjustments to make figures comparable—									
Pay-Roll Tax Transfer ..	−286.2	−83.8		..		..		..	
Tertiary Education 'Offset'	..	..		..		+111.8		+229.7	
General Revenue Assistance 'Adjusted'	1,194.0	1,453.4	21.7	1,700.9	17.0	2,035.3	19.7	2,605.6	28.0

(a) On previous year.

CHAPTER III—GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS

This Chapter provides information on the general purpose capital funds available to the States and their authorities under the Loan Council arrangements. These comprise borrowings made on behalf of the State Governments (to which the Australian Government has contributed from its own resources in recent years), interest-free grants made by the Australian Government to the States and borrowings by State authorities. Relevant statistical material is presented in Appendix III.

The Loan Council, which is constituted under the Financial Agreement, is composed of representatives of the Australian Government and each State Government. Under the terms of the Financial Agreement borrowings by the Australian Government and State Governments (except for temporary borrowings and defence borrowings) are subject to approval by the Loan Council. Accordingly, the Loan Council determines annual borrowing programs for the Australian Government and the States, together with the terms and conditions of loans to finance these programs. Subject to the decisions of the Loan Council, borrowings for and on behalf of the State Governments and conversions, renewals, redemptions and consolidations of the public debt of the States are, with limited exceptions, arranged by the Australian Government.

State Government Loan Council Programs

The Loan Council program for State Governments represents the major source of funds available to the States for capital works. Each State determines the application of its share of the program. As mentioned above, a proportion of a total program for State Governments agreed to in the Loan Council is provided as a capital grant by the Australian Government, which has also undertaken to see that the borrowings element of the States' works program is realised by subscribing any shortfall from its own resources. Further information on these aspects is given below.

The Loan Council borrowing programs for the State Governments do not include amounts granted or advanced to the States for specific purposes by the Australian Government. However, as a matter of procedure, the Loan Council, in each year from 1945–46 to 1970–71, agreed to a total program for each State from which the State nominated the amount it would receive as advances from the Australian Government at concessional interest rates under successive Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements. So that the Australian Government would have authority from the Loan Council to borrow the moneys to finance these advances to the States, an equivalent part of the total program was allocated to the Australian Government as part of its approved borrowing program. The

remainder of the program, representing borrowings to be made on behalf of the States, was formally the approved borrowing program of the States (subject to the introduction, in 1970–71, of the interest-free grants—*see* below).

The Housing Agreement was not renewed on its expiry in 1970–71, and the procedure whereby the Australian Government provided specific advances to the States to finance that part of the total Loan Council program for the States which was to be applied by them for housing, with an equivalent part of the total program being allocated as a borrowing program for the Australian Government, was discontinued. While this meant the withdrawal of the former interest concession on the funds for housing, specific revenue grants were introduced in lieu of that concession. At the June 1973 Premiers' Conference/Loan Council meeting the arrangements for housing finance were again changed. The Australian Government, beginning in 1973–74, is providing the advances for housing outside the Loan Council arrangements. The State Government Loan Council programs for 1973–74 and 1974–75 are, as a result, lower than they would otherwise have been.

Details of the housing arrangements formerly and currently applying are given in the next Chapter, and further details of past arrangements are given in Appendix IV.

In brief, the position in recent years has been:—

(*a*) Up to and including 1969–70, the Loan Council approved an aggregate program for 'works and housing' for the States, comprising the formally approved borrowing programs of the States and advances under the Commonwealth–State Housing Agreement in force at the time.

(*b*) In 1970–71, the Loan Council approved an aggregate program for 'works and housing' for the States, comprising the formally approved borrowing programs of the States, housing advances and interest-free capital grants.

(*c*) In 1971–72 and 1972–73, the Loan Council approved an aggregate program for 'works and housing' for the States, comprising the formally approved borrowing programs of the States and interest-free capital grants.

(*d*) For 1973–74 and 1974–75, the Loan Council approved an aggregate program for 'works' for the States, comprising the formally approved borrowing programs of the States and interest-free capital grants. The Australian Government is providing advances for welfare housing outside the State Government Loan Council programs.

State Government Programs for 1974–75

The total State Government program for 1974–75 approved by the Loan Council at its meeting in June 1974 was $934,919,000, consisting of a basic program of $925,000,000 and a temporary borrowing allocation of $9,919,000 for Queensland to finance the additional cost of restoring flood-damaged assets to above their

pre-flood standard where required to avoid or mitigate similar damage in the future and to cover the cost of re-siting the construction of new assets in place of old assets abandoned because of flood damage or likely future damage.

In September 1974 the Australian Government proposed and the State Governments agreed that the basic program of $925,000,000, should be increased by 10 per cent to $1,017,500,000 the increase to be formally approved at a subsequent meeting of the Loan Council.

The basic program of $1,017,500,000 is made up of borrowings totalling $690,882,000 and capital grants to be provided by the Australian Government of $326,618,000. This program takes into account the reductions referred to in the following paragraphs.

At the June 1973 Premiers' Conference/Loan Council meeting the States accepted the Australian Government's offer to take over full responsibility for financing tertiary education from 1 January 1974 and agreed that the Loan Council programs, in both 1973–74 and 1974–75, should take account of estimated capital expenditures of which they would thereby be relieved.

The agreed reductions to the State Loan Council programs for 1973–74 (half year only) and for 1974–75 (full year), on a State by State basis, are as follows:—

TABLE 9—TRANSFER OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR TERTIARY EDUCATION—AGREED REDUCTIONS TO STATE LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS

$'000

—	1973–74	1974–75
New South Wales	11,100	22,000
Victoria	10,200	20,300
Queensland	3,900	7,800
South Australia	3,800	7,700
Western Australia	2,700	5,400
Tasmania	1,100	2,200
Total	32,800	65,400

Further reference to the arrangements for the assumption by the Australian Government of full financial responsibility for tertiary education is made in the following chapter.

The arrangements with respect to tertiary education complicate comparisons between 1973–74 and 1974–75. When adjustments are made to take these differences into account, however, the 1974–75 basic program is 20.3 per cent greater than the 1973–74 program, as shown in the following table:

TABLE 10—STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, COMPARISON BETWEEN 1973–74 AND 1974–75

—	1973–74	1974–75	Percentage Increase
	$'000	$'000	
Actual programs	867,000	(a)1,017,500	..
Adjustments to make figures comparable—			
Tertiary Education 'Offsets'	+32,800	+65,400	..
'Adjusted Programs'	899,800	1,082,900	20.3

(a) Consisting of $925,000,000 approved at the June 1974 meeting of the Loan Council and an additional $92,500,000 agreed between the Australian and State Governments in September 1974. In addition, the Loan Council approved a temporary borrowing allocation of $9,919,000 for Queensland for flood restoration purposes, thus bringing the total State programs to $1,027,419,000.

The total State Government Loan Council program for 1974–75 of $1,027,419,000 i.e., the basic program of $1,017,500,000 plus the temporary borrowing allocation of $9,919,000 for Queensland, represents an effective increase of 21.5 per cent on the 1973–74 program.

The following table shows the distribution between the States of the programs for 1973–74 and 1974–75 excluding, in the latter year, the special allocation for Queensland.

TABLE 11—STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, 1973–74 AND 1974–75—STATE BY STATE ALLOCATIONS(a)

—	1973–74				1974–75			
	Borrowings	Capital Grants	Total		Borrowings (b)	Capital Grants	Total	
			Amount	Percentage of Six States Total			Amount (b)	Percentage of Six States Total
	$'000	$'000	$'000	%	$'000	$'000	$'000	%
New South Wales	183,078	86,551	269,629	31.10	214,356	101,337	315,693	31.03
Victoria ..	149,738	70,789	220,527	25.44	174,518	82,505	257,023	25.26
Queensland ..	78,236	36,987	115,223	13.29	(b)92,105	43,544	135,649	13.33
South Australia ..	79,587	37,625	117,212	13.52	93,734	44,314	138,048	13.57
Western Australia	54,587	25,806	80,393	9.27	64,278	30,387	94,665	9.30
Tasmania ..	43,467	20,549	64,016	7.38	51,891	24,531	76,422	7.51
Total ..	588,693	278,307	867,000	100.00	(b)690,882	326,618	1,017,500	100.00

(a) Capital grants represent 32.1 per cent of the total for each State in each year.
(b) In addition, the Loan Council approved a temporary borrowing allocation of $9,919,000 for Queensland for flood restoration purposes, thus bringing borrowings to $700,801,000 and the total State Government Loan Council programs to $1,027,419,000.

The Australian Government has undertaken to support the total program of $1,027,419,000 for 1974–75 on the basis outlined below under the heading 'Financing of States' Borrowing Programs and the Capital Grants'.

Capital Grants Arrangements

At the June 1970 Premiers' Conference, as part of the revised revenue assistance arrangements with the State Governments settled at that Conference, the Australian Government undertook to provide a portion of the States' Loan Council programs in the form of interest-free capital grants. The grants were designed to help the States finance capital works from which debt charges are not normally recovered such as schools, police buildings and the like. The grants were not, however, to be subject to conditions as to the purposes for which they might be expended. As the grants replaced borrowings that would otherwise have been made by the States, there have been substantial savings to the States in debt charges, and these have been estimated at $12.6 million in 1971–72, $23.8 million in 1972–73, $38.4 million in 1973–74 and $59.7 million in 1974–75.

The States received grants totalling $200 million in 1970–71 distributed between them in the same proportions as their borrowing programs. This represented 24.3 per cent of the total works and housing program in that year. The proportion increased to 24.6 per cent in 1971–72 due to a permanent addition of $2 million to the grants in recognition of the costs faced by the States in the changeover to the metric system. (*See* page 30 of 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States 1972–73.') In 1972–73 the grants increased further to 25.3 per cent as a result of arrangements associated with the provision of capital grants for expenditure on government schools (*see* page 31 of 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States 1972–73' for details). In the absence of the adjustments resulting from the change in the method of financing welfare housing, the percentage would have risen to 26.7 per cent in 1973–74 with the payment of a further grant for government schools.

The adjustments to the programs in 1973–74 to take account of the fact that the Australian Government was to provide advances for welfare housing outside, and in addition to, the States' Loan Council programs took the form of subtractions from the borrowing component of the programs and did not affect the level of capital grants. This had the effect of increasing the proportion of the programs taking the form of capital grants to 32.1 per cent. The reductions on account of the assumption by the Australian Government of full responsibility for financing tertiary education were made on a pro rata basis against both the borrowing and capital grants components of the programs and did not, therefore,

affect the percentage represented by the capital grants. The figure of 32.1 per cent was retained for 1974–75 and was applied to the *basic* programs for that year. The whole of the temporary allocation agreed to for Queensland (*see* above) is taking the form of borrowings.

Financing of States' Borrowing Programs and the Capital Grants

As previously mentioned, all borrowings on behalf of the State Governments are, with limited exceptions, arranged by the Australian Government.

When the proceeds of public borrowings available for this purpose are insufficient to finance the States' programs the Australian Government makes up the shortfall by subscribing the appropriate amount to a special loan, proceeds of which are allocated to the States. The amounts made available in this way represent State debt. These special loans are raised on terms and conditions similar to those offered in the previous public loan raised in Australia. The effect of this arrangement is that, as necessary, the Australian Government contributes amounts from its own resources to help finance the Loan Council program of the State Governments.

These special loan arrangements applied, up until 1970–71, not only to the approved borrowing programs of the State Governments, but also to the Australian Government's advances to the States under successive Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements. That is, special loans were applied, as necessary, to fill that part of the Australian Government's approved borrowing program which was for the purpose of financing the housing advances.

The borrowing program for the Australian Government approved by the Loan Council includes an amount equal to the capital grants. The legislation authorising the payment of the capital grants authorises the Treasurer to borrow the amount concerned, or to meet it wholly or in part from Consolidated Revenue Fund.

A summary of the financing of the States' Loan Council programs since 1951–52 is given in Table 105 in Appendix III; Table 106 shows further details of the financing of the programs since 1962–63.

Following the previous practice, the Australian Government has undertaken to support the total States' Loan Council programs of $1,027,419,000 agreed for 1974–75, conditional on the States agreeing to certain arrangements designed to promote the raising of loans to finance the programs. On this basis, the Australian Government will support the programs in the following ways:—

(*a*) by leaving to the States, to the extent necessary to complete their governmental borrowing programs, the whole of the proceeds derived from public

loan raisings by the Australian Government in Australia (other than the net proceeds of Drought Bonds, Treasury Note Issues, and other borrowings for temporary purposes; amounts required to meet encashments of Special Bonds; and amounts applied to redemptions of public securities that cannot be financed out of the National Debt Sinking Fund);

(*b*) by arranging, to the maximum possible extent, for the redemption of maturing but unconverted State debt that cannot be met from State sinking funds; and

(*c*) by making monthly advances to the States for the first eight months of the financial year against the borrowing component of the program at an annual rate not exceeding $700,801,000, the position then to be reviewed and a tentative determination made, not later than February 1975, of the amount of any special loan assistance the Australian Government may provide from its own resources. (The amount of the capital grants component of the program is paid to the States by equal monthly instalments.)

These arrangements are similar to those that have applied in previous years.

Borrowing Programs for State Authorities

Under a 'Gentlemen's Agreement', originating in 1936, the Loan Council approves an aggregate annual borrowing program for larger State semi-government and local authorities. Up to 1961–62 larger authorities were those borrowing $200,000 or more in a financial year; from 1962–63 to 1966–67 authorities borrowing more than $200,000 in a financial year; from 1967–68 to 1971–72 authorities borrowing more than $300,000 in a financial year; in 1972–73 and 1973–74 authorities borrowing more than $400,000 in a financial year; and in 1974–75 authorities borrowing more than $500,000 in a financial year. From 1962–63 no overall limit has been set by the Loan Council on borrowings by smaller authorities, that is, authorities borrowing within the financial year up to the amounts mentioned above.

The total program approved is distributed by the Loan Council between the States. Each State determines the distribution between individual larger authorities of its share of the overall borrowing program approved for such authorities. The terms and conditions of loans raised by such authorities are subject to Loan Council approval.

Borrowings by smaller State authorities are also subject to the terms and conditions applying under the Gentlemen's Agreement and it is the responsibility of the States to ensure that the smaller authorities conform with these terms and conditions.

At its June 1973 meeting the Loan Council agreed to a borrowing program in 1973–74 for larger State authorities of $564,000,000. This included special allocations totalling $19,000,000, of which $10,000,000 was a permanent addition to the program for New South Wales, $3,000,000 was a temporary allocation for Queensland to finance works associated with beach erosion in the Gold Coast area representing a deferral of a temporary addition approved for 1972–73 but not used in that year, and $6,000,000 was a further temporary allocation for Western Australia, under revisions to arrangements originally discussed in June 1970 and referred to in more detail in Appendix II. (A 'permanent' addition to a State's program increases that State's share of the basic program, the distribution of which in turn is used as the basis for determining the distribution of the following year's basic program between the States. A 'temporary' addition is not so added to the State's share of the basic program.)

In May 1974 the Loan Council agreed to increase the 1973–74 program for larger authorities by $2,054,000, taking it to $566,054,000. This increase represented a special temporary allocation for Queensland for the restoration of flood-damaged assets to above pre-flood standard where required to avoid or mitigate similar damage in the future, as well as the cost of re-siting the construction of new assets in place of old assets abandoned because of flood damage or likely future damage. Actual borrowings in 1973–74 were $564,987,000 which was $52,561,000, or 10.3 per cent, greater than borrowings in 1972–73.

At its June 1974 meeting the Loan Council approved a total borrowing program for larger State authorities for 1974–75 of $636,084,000—$70,030,000, or 12.4 per cent, more than the program approved for 1973–74. This total program is made up of the basic program of $610,500,000, a further permanent addition of $10,000,000 for New South Wales and temporary additions of $9,584,000 for Queensland and $6,000,000 for Western Australia. The temporary addition for Queensland was for the restoration of flood-damaged assets and was similar to the temporary allocation for the same purpose approved for 1973–74. The addition for Western Australia was made under the arrangements originally agreed in June 1970 but as revised subsequent to the June 1973 Premiers' Conference/Loan Council meeting (*see* Chapter II). The basic program of $610,500,000 was divided between the States in the same proportions as the 1973–74 basic program (including for this purpose the $10,000,000 addition made in that year to New South Wales' program).

The Loan Council also agreed at its June 1974 meeting that larger authorities would, from 1974–75, be those authorities borrowing more than $500,000 in a financial year, and that the policy adopted in recent years of not imposing any overall limit on borrowings by smaller State authorities would be continued in 1974–75.

The borrowings of both larger and smaller authorities in each State in 1973–74 and previous years, the shares of the program for larger authorities in each State in 1974–75 and estimated borrowings by smaller authorities in 1974–75 are shown in Table 100 in Appendix III. Table 104 in that Appendix shows the amounts that have been borrowed by local government authorities from within the total borrowings of both larger and smaller authorities. Further reference to the borrowing arrangements for local government authorities is made in Chapter V.

Treatment of Loan Council Programs in this and Other Budget Documents

The advances for housing (to 1970–71) and capital grants (beginning in that year) which, as explained above, have been agreed to in the context of Loan Council discussions, represent Australian Government payments to the States and are so categorised for purposes of this and other Budget documents concerned.

The State Governments' Loan Council borrowing programs are not included in the totals of payments to the States shown in this document. However, as mentioned in Chapter I, the national accounting item 'grants and net advances to the States' used in the statements attached to the Budget Speech and other documents does include these programs. The equivalent aggregate is described in this document as the total of Australian Government payments to the States and their Loan Council borrowing programs.

The term 'general purpose funds' is used in Table 1 and in tables in the Appendices to describe the States' borrowing programs and the capital grants. Housing advances paid prior to 1971–72, which were nominated by the States themselves out of aggregate total amounts (referred to over the period concerned as the 'works and housing programs') agreed to in the Loan Council, are *not* included in the totals of general purpose capital funds shown in this document. However, the fact that the amounts of these advances were so determined over the period concerned needs to be borne in mind in interpreting the figures shown for general purpose capital funds in this document.

CHAPTER IV—SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS

For many years the Australian Government has provided financial assistance for certain specific types of expenditure by the States. In recent years there has been a considerable expansion in such assistance and further rapid growth will occur in 1974–75. The present Government, in its financial relations with the States, is putting a particular emphasis on specific purpose programs. In his opening speech at the June 1973 Premiers' Conference the Prime Minister said: "From now on, we will expect to be involved in the planning of the function in which we are financially involved. We believe that it would be irresponsible for the national Government to content itself with simply providing funds without being involved in the process by which priorities are met, and by which expenditures are planned and by which standards are met".

This chapter outlines specific purpose payments recently made, presently being made or proposed to be made to the States. Appendix IV outlines some of the history of such payments and summarises programs which have been completed in recent years. Table 89 in Appendix I shows aggregate specific purpose payments to each State since 1956–57 classified as to whether they were for recurrent or capital purposes and Table 94 in Appendix I classifies these and other payments by function.

The various payments in this chapter are grouped under the functional headings used in the Statements attached to the Budget Speech—the only exceptions being that payments included in the "Not Allocated to Function" category (namely assistance related to State debts, grants for local government being paid on the recommendation of the Grants Commission, grants for regional organizations of local government and natural disaster relief) are shown under specific headings in appropriate places in the chapter and that payments for Aboriginal advancement are outlined together (in the functional statements they are distributed over a number of functions).

Details further to those provided in this chapter on specific purpose payments made to the States for "on-passing" to local government authorities are given in Chapter V.

Assistance Related to State Debts

Payments Under the Financial Agreement

Contributions to Interest on State Debts

Under the Financial Agreement entered into by the Australian Government and the States in 1927, the Australian Government makes payments to the States expressed as a contribution towards interest payable on State debts. They are therefore treated here as specific purpose grants, although they have some of the characteristics of grants for general purposes. In fact, the payments superseded the general revenue grants of $2.50 per head of the population of each State made in the period 1910–11 to 1926–27 under the *Surplus Revenue Act* 1910. (*See* Appendix II.)

Each year the total contribution is $15,170,000, the amount that was payable in 1926–27 under that Act. The contribution is apportioned between the States in the same way as the 1926–27 *per capita* grant and is to continue for fifty-eight years from 1 July 1927 (that is, until 1985). It is distributed among the States as shown in the following table:—

TABLE 12—INTEREST PAYMENTS ON STATE DEBTS

	$'000
New South Wales	5,835
Victoria	4,254
Queensland	2,192
South Australia	1,408
Western Australia	947
Tasmania	534
Total	15,170

Sinking Fund Contributions

The sinking fund contributions on State debt made by the Australian Government under the Financial Agreement vary according to the date and nature of the borrowings. On States' debts existing at 30 June 1927 the Australian Government is making contributions at the rate of 0.125 per cent per annum for a period of fifty-eight years, and on cash loans raised for the States since that date the Australian Government contributes for fifty-three years at the rate of 0.25 per cent per annum. Each State is obliged to make sinking fund payments for corresponding periods at the rate of 0.25 per cent per annum of the debt, regardless of the date on which it was incurred. The main exception is in relation to debt incurred for the purpose of funding revenue deficits. In these instances, the Australian Government makes no sinking fund contribution and the States are obliged to make contributions to the sinking fund of not less than 4 per cent per annum. However, for Treasury Bills totalling $86 million that were issued to cover State revenue deficits accruing between July 1927 and June 1935, special arrangements were made under which the Australian Government contributes 0.25 per cent per annum until June 1983 on the amount outstanding.

Proposed Amendments to Sinking Fund Provisions of the Financial Agreement

At its meeting in June 1974 the Loan Council adopted a report prepared by a Committee of Australian Treasury and State Treasury officers which proposed amendments to the Financial Agreement incorporating provisions for the formal takeover by the Australian Government of $1,000 million of State debt on 30 June 1975. The report also proposed amendments relating to the sinking fund provisions. Following the adoption of the report it is intended that legislation be proposed by the Australian Government and by each State Government in 1974–75 to amend the Financial Agreement to provide for the introduction of new sinking fund arrangements in 1975–76.

The following table shows the Australian Government's contributions to the sinking fund on States' debts from 1965–66, including the estimated contributions in 1974–75. The interest and sinking fund payments made by the Australian Government for the States under the Financial Agreement in each year from 1927–28 are shown in Table 107 of Appendix IV.

TABLE 13—SINKING FUND PAYMENTS UNDER THE FINANCIAL AGREEMENT

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1965–66 ..	5,991	4,225	2,272	2,335	1,726	1,212	17,761
1966–67 ..	6,368	4,524	2,439	2,482	1,844	1,293	18,951
1967–68 ..	6,826	4,885	2,619	2,673	1,986	1,398	20,387
1968–69 ..	7,214	5,189	2,790	2,835	2,105	1,485	21,619
1969–70 ..	7,723	5,600	3,039	3,053	2,258	1,598	23,271
1970–71 ..	8,124	5,926	3,195	3,226	2,384	1,694	24,550
1971–72 ..	8,673	6,378	3,431	3,458	2,557	1,825	26,323
1972–73 ..	9,197	6,809	3,636	3,689	2,715	1,934	27,979
1973–74 ..	9,675	7,195	3,844	3,896	2,855	2,044	29,509
1974–75 (estimate)	10,168	7,605	4,043	4,111	3,005	2,161	31,093

Debt Charges Assistance Grants

As outlined in Chapter II, the Australian Government, at the June 1970 Premiers' Conference, undertook to make grants to meet the interest and sinking fund contributions on $200 million of State debt in 1970–71 and on an additional $200 million each year from 1971–72 to 1974–75 so that, by the end of this period, the Australian Government will have taken over full responsibility for the debt charges on $1,000 million of existing State debt. The grants are to meet interest and sinking fund charges on a number of specified securities representing State debt.

The formal transfer of the $1,000 million debt from the States to the Australian Government will be effected in June 1975 by way of amendment to the Financial Agreement. Legislation for this purpose is expected to be introduced during 1974–75; State legislation will also be necessary.

The distribution of the debt charges assistance and of the debt to be formally taken over is in proportion to the total outstanding debt of each State under the Financial Agreement as at 30 June 1970.

The following table shows the amounts of debt charges assistance paid to each State in each of the years 1970–71 to 1973–74, the amounts payable in 1974–75 and the total amounts payable over the five years under this arrangement:—

TABLE 14—DEBT CHARGES ASSISTANCE GRANTS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1970–71 ..	3,800	2,783	1,525	1,496	1,106	795	11,504
1971–72 ..	7,600	5,566	3,051	2,991	2,211	1,590	23,008
1972–73 ..	11,399	8,348	4,576	4,487	3,317	2,385	34,512
1973–74 ..	15,199	11,131	6,102	5,982	4,422	3,180	46,016
1974–75 ..	18,999	13,914	7,627	7,478	5,528	3,975	57,520
Total ..	56,997	41,742	22,881	22,433	16,583	11,924	172,560

DEFENCE

Housing for Servicemen

Under successive Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements provision was made from 1956–57 to 1970–71 for certain of the funds advanced annually to the States for housing to be devoted to the erection of dwellings for serving members of the Defence Forces.

In accordance with the Agreements, funds the States devoted to housing for servicemen during those years were matched by additional advances by the Australian Government. When the total funds thus available were not sufficient to finance the number of dwellings sought by the Australian Government for Servicemen, supplementary advances were made to the States to meet these shortfalls.

Advances to the States under the 1956–66 Housing Agreement ceased on 30 June 1971, and a new agreement with the States was signed. The *Commonwealth-State Housing Agreement (Servicemen)* 1972 provides for the erection of housing for servicemen by the States on generally the same terms and conditions as applied under the 1956–66 Housing Agreement with one essential difference, being that all the funds required for the erection of housing for servicemen are to be provided as advances to the States outside the Loan Council programs. The advances are made at a rate of interest equal to the long term bond rate and are repayable over 53 years.

Amounts advanced under the *Commonwealth-State Housing Agreement (Servicemen)* 1972 to the States and estimated advances in 1974–75 are shown in the table below.

The amounts of matching and supplementary advances paid to the States for defence housing in previous years are shown in Table 108 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 15—ADVANCES FOR HOUSING FOR SERVICEMEN

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1971–72 ..	5,545	1,165	..	..	324	..	7,034
1972–73 ..	3,539	2,019	400	43	161	..	6,163
1973–74 ..	4,539	2,691	200	..	191	145	7,766
1974–75 (estimate)	9,086	3,139	2,969	40	682	193	16,109

Assistance to State Emergency Services

The Government has decided to replace the previous Civil Defence Organisation with a National Disaster Organisation to be responsible for co-ordinating Australian Government physical assistance in major natural disasters with those of State and local voluntary organisations. As part of this policy it is proposed to provide certain financial support for State emergency services. In 1974–75 this will take the form of assistance to meet the salaries of an agreed number of permanent staff at Division or District headquarters level. The cost is estimated to total $300,000 in 1974–75, made up of estimated grants of $196,000 to New South Wales, $60,000 to Queensland and $44,000 to Tasmania.

The Government also proposes to continue the practice of some years standing of providing capital equipment to State organisations (estimated at a value of $350,000 in 1974–75) and meeting the comparatively minor costs of State Government personnel travelling to attend courses at the Civil Defence School at Mt Macedon, but these costs are not included as payments to the States in this document.

EDUCATION

Grants to the States for education began with assistance for the recurrent expenditures of universities in 1951–52. From this beginning, the Australian Government has increased the area of its involvement to:—

(*a*) capital expenditures of universities (from 1957–58);
(*b*) capital grants for technical education and science laboratories (from 1964–65);
(*c*) colleges of advanced education (from 1965–66);
(*d*) teachers colleges (from 1967–68);
(*e*) pre-school teachers colleges (from 1968–69);
(*f*) secondary school libraries (from 1968–69);
(*g*) recurrent grants for non-government schools (from 1969–70);
(*h*) child migrant education (from 1969–70);
(*i*) education research (from 1970–71);
(*j*) capital grants for government schools (from 1971–72);
(*k*) recurrent grants for government schools (from 1973–74);
(*l*) capital grants for non-government schools (from 1973–74);
(*m*) pre-schools (from 1973–74); and
(*n*) recurrent grants for technical education (from 1973–74).

Fundamental changes have been made recently in arrangements for the provision of assistance to the States for education.

First, full responsibility for financing tertiary education was transferred to the Australian Government from the beginning of 1974.

Secondly, the Australian Government has established three new independent bodies to provide it with expert advice—the Schools Commission, the Australian Pre-Schools Committee and the Australian Committee on Technical and Further Education—and is providing new or increased assistance to the States in these fields. With the Australian Universities Commission (established in 1959) and the Australian Commission on Advanced Education (the precursor of which, the Commonwealth Advisory Committee on Advanced Education, was established in 1965), expert and independent advice available to the Australian Government now ranges over the whole field of education.

As a result of these initiatives payments to the States for education have grown rapidly—from $259.4 million in 1972–73 to $622.5 million in 1973–74 and an estimated $1,172.9 million in 1974–75—and such payments now far exceed those being made in respect of any other specific function.

Details of the present and proposed arrangements for specific purpose assistance to the States for education, including details of the matters referred to above, are set out below; details of the history of such payments are to be found in Appendix IV.

Tertiary Education

Assistance for tertiary education was, until the beginning of 1974, on a 'matching' basis with the States. In March 1973 the Australian Government offered to take full financial responsibility for tertiary education and to abolish fees at tertiary institutions and technical colleges from 1 January 1974. At the June 1973 Premiers' Conference the States accepted this offer and it was agreed that estimates of the amounts of expenditures of which the State Governments would thereby be relieved would be deducted from the general purpose funds provided to the States—more specifically, reductions to the financial assistance grants in respect of recurrent expenditure, and reductions to the States' Loan Council programs in respect of capital expenditure were agreed on. In 1973–74 a half-year's expenditure was involved; the full year offsets are being effected in 1974–75. The amounts of the reductions in the financial assistance grants are shown in Table 3 and the amounts of the reductions in the Loan Council programs are shown in Table 9. Legislation to provide additional grants to the States for tertiary education in accordance with these decisions was passed in the 1973 Budget session of Parliament.

Universities

Assistance to the States for the recurrent expenditures of universities dates from 1951–52; in 1957–58 assistance was first given for their capital expenditures. An outline of assistance prior to 1973 is given in Appendix IV.

In August 1972 the Australian Government announced its acceptance of the recommendations contained in the Fifth Report of the Australian Universities Commission, which sought a program of assistance to State universities totalling $895.3 million over the 1973–75 triennium. The *States Grants (Universities) Act (No. 2) 1972* authorised the payment of the Australian Government's share of that amount—$256.4 million for recurrent expenditure and $87.1 million for capital expenditure—a total of $343.5 million. These amounts were based on matching arrangements under which for recurrent expenditures the Australian Government met $1 for each $1.85 State grants and university fees combined and for capital expenditures met $1 for each $1 of State contribution. The triennial program included a number of changes in the detail of arrangements for financing universities expenditure which the Commission had recommended in its Report. These included a single grant for equipment for each university rather than provision under separate grants, the provision of special earmarked grants for the Universities of Sydney and Melbourne to meet the problems of mature universities in introducing new academic developments, and assistance with building non-collegiate student accommodation.

In addition to the approved triennial program, the *States Grants (Universities) Act (No. 2) 1972* re-appropriated an amount of $316,000 for the Australian Government's share of a student residence project at the University of Tasmania. This amount had originally been approved as part of a larger grant for the 1970–72 triennium but the project was incomplete at the end of the triennium and the full amount had not been taken up.

The total triennial program has increased from the originally approved amount of $895.9 million to $996.4 million as a result of the following increases:—

(i) grants of $2.1 million met in full by the Australian Government and paid to universities in the first six months of 1973 to help students experiencing hardship in commencing or continuing their tertiary studies during 1973;

(ii) supplementary recurrent grants to meet the costs of academic salary increases from 1 January 1973 as a result of the Government's acceptance of recommendations made by Mr Justice Campbell, and to allow for salary increases resulting from the 1973 National Wage Case Decision;

(iii) a contribution towards the cost to the New South Wales Government of the acquisition of a site for the proposed new university at Campbelltown; and

(iv) additional funds to provide for a variety of new Chairs or new or expanded courses in particular areas (social work, social planning, education of handicapped children, medicine and post-graduate management education).

Further to the foregoing increases, however, the Australian Government decided that, from the beginning of 1974, it would provide adjustments to the approved programs to take account of variations in costs not allowed for when the programs were adopted. These adjustments are to be made, on the basis of appropriate indices, quarterly for recurrent and annually for capital grants.

As a result of the above-mentioned factors, and the assumption of full responsibility as from January 1974, the Australian Government's contribution to universities expenditure over the 1973–75 triennium, subject to any further variations that might be made, will total $807.2 million *plus* additional grants flowing from the quarterly adjustments for cost increases.

The assumption of full financial responsibility, and some of the program increases referred to as (i) through (iv) above, were authorised by the *States Grants (Universities) Act (No. 3) 1973*; some of these increases have been otherwise authorised and some of them, together with the cost adjustments, will be authorised by legislation to be introduced in 1974–75.

The following table shows grants to the States for universities since 1970–71, and estimated grants in 1974–75. Grants paid in earlier years are shown in Table 109 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 16—GRANTS FOR UNIVERSITIES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT				
1970–71 ..	23,594	16,238	7,517	5,811	3,900	1,818	58,878
1971–72 ..	27,223	18,586	8,412	6,676	4,594	2,105	67,596
1972–73 ..	32,155	21,896	10,664	7,898	5,683	2,530	80,826
1973–74 ..	79,572	53,468	26,169	19,808	14,610	6,415	200,042
1974–75 (estimate)	126,238	84,181	41,786	31,781	24,176	10,393	318,555
			CAPITAL				
1970–71 ..	4,050	5,990	3,124	2,369	384	429	16,346
1971–72 ..	9,682	6,669	2,597	1,818	1,571	665	23,002
1972–73 ..	10,522	7,327	2,545	2,697	2,531	842	26,464
1973–74 ..	16,889	14,128	5,624	7,050	4,581	694	48,966
1974–75 (estimate)	22,669	15,232	11,530	6,404	9,795	2,445	68,075
			TOTAL				
1970–71 ..	27,644	22,228	10,641	8,180	4,284	2,247	75,224
1971–72 ..	36,905	25,255	11,009	8,494	6,165	2,770	90,598
1972–73 ..	42,677	29,223	13,209	10,595	8,214	3,372	107,290
1973–74 ..	96,461	67,596	31,793	26,858	19,191	7,109	249,008
1974–75 (estimate)	148,907	99,413	53,316	38,185	33,971	12,838	386,630

Colleges of Advanced Education and Teachers Colleges

Grants to the States for colleges of advanced education began in March 1965 when the Australian Government agreed, as an interim measure, to pay capital grants totalling approximately $5 million in the remainder of the 1964–66 triennium. As from the start of the 1967–69 triennium, assistance was extended to recurrent grants for the colleges. Grants to the States for teachers colleges have been made since 1967–68 and 1968–69 respectively; prior to July 1973 these grants were provided under separate programs, but since then they have both been absorbed into a wider program of grants for colleges of advanced education.

Grants to the States for colleges of advanced education were, prior to the beginning of 1974, subject to the same matching arrangements as for universities. For recurrent expenditure the basis was $1 by the Australian Government to $1.85 State grants plus fees whilst capital grants were made on the basis of $1 by the Australian Government to $1 State. However, these matching arrangements ceased as from 1 January 1974 when the Australian Government assumed full financial responsibility for tertiary education. Tuition fees at tertiary institutions were also abolished as from that date.

In August 1972 the Australian Government announced that, with two exceptions, it would accept the recommendations contained in the Third Report of the Australian Commission on Advanced Education relating to the level of assistance to be provided to colleges of advanced education in the States for the 1973–75 triennium. The first exception was that the Australian Government would share on a $1 for $1 basis with the States the recommended assistance of $1 million for residential places in country colleges rather than provide that amount on an unmatched basis as recommended by the Committee. Secondly, the Australian Government would provide an unmatched grant of $500,000 for library facilities, plus a further $1 million for that purpose subject to matching by the States, instead of an unmatched grant of $5 million as the Commission had recommended. The revised program for the 1973–75 triennium thus amounted to $421.9 million. The Australian Government's share of that amount was $172.3 million, made up of $93.6 million towards recurrent and $78.2 million towards capital expenditure, and $500,000 by way of an unmatched grant for library facilities.

The Australian Government has since decided to amend the existing triennial program for colleges of advanced education by:—

(*a*) replacement of the grants arrangement for library facilities, as referred to above, with an unmatched grant of $5 million as the Commission had originally recommended;

(*b*) agreement to a supplementary recommendation made by the Commission, at the time that the report of its Special Committee on Teacher Education was presented, that capital grants totalling $3.5 million be provided for colleges of advanced education in New South Wales and Victoria for teacher education purposes;

(*c*) provision of an unmatched grant to the States of $806,000 to help students who were experiencing hardship in commencing or continuing their tertiary studies during 1973—this amount was paid to the States in the first six months of 1973;

(*d*) provision of grants totalling $1.3 million for the introduction of special courses in social work, dental therapy and physical education at various colleges of advanced education;

(*e*) provision of supplementary recurrent grants of $1,280,000 to the Tasmanian College of Advanced Education to enable it to carry out activities at the required level;

(*f*) provision of supplementary grants to colleges to meet the increased costs of academic salaries resulting from acceptance of the recommendations in the Report by Mr Justice Campbell, and to meet the cost of increased salaries and wages to college staff resulting from the 1973 National Wage Case Decision; and

(*g*) provision, to apply from the beginning of 1974, of additional grants, both recurrent and capital, to cover cost increases beyond those allowed for in the original program.

In addition, outside the triennial program, the Australian Government is contributing $115,000 towards the cost of erecting a Great Hall at the Ballarat Institute of Advanced Education.

In April 1973 the Australian Government accepted the recommendations contained in the Report of the Australian Commission on Advanced Education's Special Committee on Teacher Education for a program of support for teachers colleges and for pre-school teachers colleges in the States over the two and a half year period 1 July 1973 to 31 December 1975. The committee recommended that grants for certain pre-school teachers colleges be contingent on those colleges achieving self-government, but the Australian Government decided to make the grants available without applying that condition. The financial assistance program totalled $206.6 million, to be shared by the Australian Government and the States on the same basis as for universities and colleges of advanced education in the period July 1973 to December 1973 and thereafter to be met wholly by the Australian Government. In addition to the recommended program the Australian Government approved a grant of $425,000 for pre-school teachers colleges for 1974 and 1975 to meet the continuing cost associated with an increased student intake for which $100,000 had already been approved for 1973.

This program has since been increased to provide for:—

(*a*) increased grants to cover the cost of increased salaries as a result of acceptance of the recommendations in the report of Mr Justice Campbell, and to meet the cost of the 1973 National Wage Case Decision;

(*b*) recurrent grants, of up to $6.4 million for certain non-government teachers colleges in the States in 1974 and 1975; and

(*c*) supplementary payments, as from the beginning of 1974, in respect of cost increases beyond those allowed for in the original programs.

The triennial program for 1973–75 for colleges of advanced education and teachers colleges, as a result of the foregoing increases, now totals $708.3 million *plus* the effects (which cannot be stated with precision at this stage) of the cost escalation introduced as from January 1974. As a result of the above-mentioned factors, and the assumption of full responsibility as from January 1974, the Australian Government's contribution to the expenditure of colleges of advanced education and teachers colleges over the 1973–75 triennium, subject to any further variations that might be made, will total $600.1 million *plus* additional grants flowing from the adjustments for cost increases.

Most of the grants, both for colleges of advanced education and teachers colleges, referred to above were authorised by various *States Grants (Advanced Education) Acts* in 1972 and 1973. Some of the supplementary grants, however, will be authorised by legislation to be introduced in 1974–75.

The following table shows grants to the States for colleges of advanced education and for teachers colleges combined from 1970–71, and estimates for 1974–75. Amounts paid in earlier years are given in Table 110 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 17—GRANTS FOR COLLEGES OF ADVANCED EDUCATION AND TEACHERS COLLEGES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
				RECURRENT			
1970–71 ..	3,478	6,191	1,567	1,420	2,333	754	15,743
1971–72 ..	3,713	7,341	1,860	1,651	2,920	887	18,372
1972–73 ..	5,525	10,443	2,906	2,638	4,015	1,128	26,655
1973–74 ..	28,935	46,711	14,438	13,518	17,247	3,959	124,808
1974–75 (estimate)	53,504	76,929	24,546	20,803	27,842	5,706	209,330
				CAPITAL			
1970–71 ..	4,639	6,153	1,878	2,973	1,906	614	18,163
1971–72 ..	7,381	8,330	3,776	2,872	3,031	2,035	27,425
1972–73 ..	9,691	9,275	3,806	3,639	3,554	1,425	31,390
1973–74 ..	7,644	13,680	5,078	6,196	7,222	292	40,112
1974–75 (estimate)	29,700	17,079	10,019	6,900	7,800	3,977	75,475
				TOTAL			
1970–71 ..	8,117	12,344	3,445	4,393	4,239	1,368	33,906
1971–72 ..	11,094	15,671	5,636	4,523	5,951	2,922	45,797
1972–73 ..	15,216	19,718	6,712	6,277	7,569	2,553	58,045
1973–74 ..	36,579	60,391	19,516	19,714	24,469	4,251	164,920
1974–75 (estimate)	83,204	94,008	34,565	27,703	35,642	9,683	284,805

Technical Education

Assistance to the States for technical education was first provided in 1964–65. An outline of assistance prior to 1971 is given in Appendix IV.

The *States Grants (Technical Training) Act* 1971 provided for a three year program, to commence in July 1971, of unmatched capital grants of $36 million, of which not more than one-third was authorised for payment before 30 June 1972 and two-thirds before 30 June 1973. Grants for buildings and equipment for use in technical training were available to technical training institutions accepted as being eligible for technical training grants. The distribution of the basic annual grant of $12 million between the States was based on State populations as at 30 September 1970.

The *States Grants (Technical Training) Act* 1973 gave effect to the Australian Government's decision to provide an additional $10 million to the States under this program during 1973–74. At the same time this Act amended the *States Grants (Technical Training) Act* 1971 by providing that the moneys made available to the States could be used for the purchase of land, and also provided that amounts could be expended under the Act after 30 June 1974 in respect of commitments entered into prior to that date.

As part of its overall policies in the tertiary education field, the Government also provided for the abolition of tuition fees at Government technical training institutions from 1 January 1974; the *States Grants (Technical Training Fees Reimbursement) Act* 1974 provided for reimbursement to the States of $10.3 million in fee revenue lost as a consequence. The Act related to the first six months of 1974.

In April 1973 the Australian Government established the Australian Committee on Technical and Further Education to advise it on the development of technical and further education in Australia and make recommendations for financial assistance to the States for this purpose. The Committee's report, which was presented to the Parliament in April 1974, contains a large number of recommendations in relation to the development of this form of education, the general principles of which have been accepted by the Government.

The Committee's recommendations for financial assistance to the States, which relate to the eighteen month period July 1974 to December 1975, are complex. Briefly, however, the report envisaged recurrent grants up to $44.6 million in this period (part, including an amount to reimburse the States for loss of fee revenue, for spending at the States' discretion and part for specific or approved purposes), capital grants for various specified purposes of $54.3 million, and additional capital grants, without limit as to amounts, to match capital expenditure by the States in this field from their own sources in excess of specified amounts.

The Government has decided on a program of assistance designed to enhance the quality of technical and further education and to expand its availability, providing both for individual educational needs as well as manpower needs. Subject to the understanding that the States will not reduce the level of their own activities in technical education the Australian Government has undertaken to grant $96.5 million to the States in the two years 1974–75 and 1975–76, including $49.1 million in 1974–75. This will provide for expenditure on land and buildings including residential facilities for students, equipment, recurrent expenditure, in-service teacher education and library development. The 1974–75 provision includes approximately $7 million not spent by the States and carried over from the program of capital grants contained in the *States Grants (Technical Training) Act* 1971–73.

It is proposed that a permanent Commission on Technical and Further Education be established to replace the existing Committee, with power to advise on the development of technical and further education and recommend and administer programs of financial assistance.

The following table shows actual annual payments to the States from 1970–71 and estimated payments in 1974–75; figures for earlier years are given in Table 111 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 18—GRANTS FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT				
1973–74 ..	5,801	1,772	715	889	974	117	10,268
1974–75 (estimate)	8,311	5,861	2,299	2,007	1,681	559	20,717
			CAPITAL				
1970–71 ..	4,846	3,912	1,457	1,191	804	325	12,535
1971–72 ..	2,416	1,500	1,238	1,130	747	380	7,411
1972–73 ..	5,040	3,350	1,910	1,130	1,166	380	12,976
1973–74 ..	6,873	5,500	1,945	2,063	1,311	689	18,381
1974–75 (estimate)	9,968	8,160	4,516	2,199	2,497	1,018	28,358
			TOTAL				
1970–71 ..	4,846	3,912	1,457	1,191	804	325	12,535
1971–72 ..	2,416	1,500	1,238	1,130	747	380	7,411
1972–73 ..	5,040	3,350	1,910	1,130	1,166	380	12,976
1973–74 ..	12,674	7,272	2,660	2,952	2,285	806	28,649
1974–75 (estimate)	18,279	14,021	6,815	4,206	4,178	1,577	49,075

Schools

The Australian Government has been providing assistance for schools since 1964–65, when it began providing grants for science laboratories and equipment. By 1971–72 it was also providing grants in respect of secondary school libraries, the recurrent expenditures of non-government schools, and the capital expenditures of government schools.

On 12 December 1972 the Prime Minister announced the establishment of the Interim Committee for the Australian Schools Commission. The Commission itself was established by the *Schools Commission Act* 1973, which came into effect in December 1973. The Commission's function, as set down in section 13 (2) of that Act, is to 'inquire into, and to furnish information and advice to the Minister' with respect to acceptable standards of facilities and services in primary and secondary schools, the needs of such schools, financial assistance to the States and for schools in the Territories and other matters as may be referred to the Commission by the Minister.

The Interim Committee's Report entitled 'Schools in Australia' and containing recommendations for all schools over the calendar years 1974 and 1975 was tabled in the Parliament by the Minister for Education on 30 May 1973. The Government agreed to implement the recommendations contained in the Report.

With the creation of this new body and the acceptance of its first recommendations the Australian Government has become much more closely involved in the assessment of the needs of schools, both government and non-government, and the assistance it provides for schools in the States has been very considerably widened in scope and increased in magnitude.

The recommendations of the Committee envisaged total expenditure by the Australian Government in respect of schools in the States over the two years 1974 and 1975 of $693 million, of which $467 million would be additional to amounts committed under programs in existence prior to 1 January 1974. The amount of $693 million excluded existing payments to the States for Aboriginal education covered in this document under the heading 'Aboriginal Advancement'. It also excluded the cost of programs for the education of migrant children (*see* section below on 'Child Migrant Education').

The grants being paid under the recommendations of the Interim Committee, and those expected to be paid later on the recommendations of the Commission, are directed towards increasing expenditure in schools and are not in substitution for continuing efforts by the States and non-government schools authorities. To this end, the States were asked to 'continue to allocate to the construction and equipping of schools the same percentage of their total capital expenditure from the works and housing program which had been achieved in the average of the three financial years up to 30 June 1971', and 'to the operation of their schools the same percentage of their total current budget expenditure (excluding expenditure in respect of business undertakings) as had been allocated in the financial year 1971–72'.

The following is a summary of the programs for 1974 and 1975 approved by the Australian Government in 1973 on the recommendations of the Interim Committee (including arrangements existing prior to the establishment of the Committee which are to continue). The amounts to which reference is made will be increased under the Australian Government's subsequent decision to provide, as from July 1974, supplementary grants to allow for cost increases beyond those allowed for in the original program. For this purpose an additional $38.96 million is to be appropriated in 1974–75 for recurrent expenditure and an additional $9.5 million (estimated) for capital expenditure (including $0.3 million and $1.2 million, respectively, for the earlier programs for Science Laboratories and School Libraries).

General Recurrent Grants

The *States Grants (Independent Schools) Act* 1969 provided grants to the States for transmission to non-government schools as from 1970. Details are given in Appendix IV. Since the beginning of 1974 grants have been made to the States for government schools and for non-government schools on the recommendation of the Interim Committee, under the *States Grants (Schools) Act* 1972–73.

For 1974 and 1975 the Interim Committee recommended total general recurrent grants for primary and secondary schools, both government and non-government, estimated at $309.3 million, their purpose being to boost recurrent resources per pupil being used in schools about one-third of the way towards 1979 targets, established by the Committee. The standards are some 35 to 40 per cent above the 1972 levels.

The grants for government schools total $175.9 million over the two years. The distribution between the States of the general recurrent grants for primary schools ($97.4 million) is based on expected pupil numbers, but the distribution of the grants for secondary schools ($78.5 million) also takes into account the Committee's measures of resource use in schools in each State (that is, States with a relatively low resource use per pupil will receive higher per pupil grants than those with a relatively high resource use). It will be a matter for the States to decide upon the allocation of these grants within their own school systems.

Of the grants recommended for non-government schools, $63.0 million will be made through the States to Catholic authorities in each State in 1974 and 1975 for allocation to what the Committee referred to as 'systemic' schools. (Catholic 'systemic' schools are those belonging to the dioceses, generally parochial primary schools. They constitute a system under the supervision of a central authority. 'Non-systemic' non-government schools comprise the remaining non-government schools, including some schools owned by Catholic orders.) The distribution of this total amount between the States again is being based on measures of resource use. For 'non-systemic' non-government schools the Committee recommended specified amounts of assistance per pupil (differing as between primary and secondary schools and as between 1974 and 1975) for schools in eight categories, these categories being based on measures of resource use. It is estimated that 'non-systemic' non-government schools will receive approximately $70.3 million in 1974 and 1975, bringing total grants for non-government schools to an estimated $133.3 million.

General Building Grants

The *States Grants (Capital Assistance) Act* 1971–1972 provided grants totalling $6.66 million in 1971–72 and $13.34 million in 1972–73 for capital expenditure on government primary and secondary schools in the States over the period January 1972 to July 1973. Details of these grants are given in Appendix IV.

The *States Grants (Schools) Act* 1972 provided capital assistance for government schools and such assistance, for the first time, for non-government schools. For government primary and secondary schools, the Act provides unmatched capital grants over the five-year period commencing July 1973. These grants total $167 million; $31 million is to be paid in both 1973–74 and 1974–75 and $35 million in each of the years 1975–76 to 1977–78. For non-government schools, the Act provides a total of $48 million over the same five-year period; $9 million was to be paid in each of the first two years and $10 million in each of the final three years.

The Act provided that the grants to government and non-government schools will each be distributed between the States in proportion to enrolments. It is a condition of the grants for both government and non-government schools that at least 70 per cent of the funds is used for additional facilities rather than for replacement facilities.

In accordance with recommendations of the Interim Committee the grants for government schools authorised by the *States Grants (Schools) Act* 1972 will be made available as provided by that Act; general building grants for government schools which have been recommended by the Interim Committee are additional to them. For non-government schools, grants from 1 July 1973 to 30 June 1974 were made available as set down in the Act. However, for the remaining four years of the program, commencing 1 July 1974, the allocation of the grants will be as recommended by the Schools Commission. The total amounts involved were embraced as from 1 July 1974 by the Interim Committee's recommendations for building grants for non-government schools (*see* below).

The general purpose of the new building grants is to replace and upgrade buildings in both kinds of schools and to provide new places in non-government schools.

Under the Interim Committee's recommendations, general building grants totalling an estimated $200.2 million will be paid in 1974 and 1975, made up of:—

(*a*) grants to government schools authorised by the *States Grants (Schools) Act* 1972–1973 estimated at $64 million;

(*b*) additional grants to government schools of $100 million, bringing the total for such schools to an estimated $164 million;

(*c*) grants to non-government schools, estimated at $4.5 million, under the *States Grants (Schools) Act* 1972–1973 for the period January to June 1974;

(*d*) grants to non-government schools for the two years of $30 million, subsuming grants of $14 million that would otherwise have been paid over the period July 1974 to December 1975 under the *States Grants (Schools) Act* 1972–1973; and

(*e*) an estimated $1.7 million of outstanding commitments to non-government schools at 30 June 1975 under the science laboratories arrangements (*see* below).

The distribution of the grants for both government and non-government schools between the States is based on pupil numbers, and in the case of non-government schools on the projected rate of increase in these numbers. There are, however, arrangements for re-distribution between States of the grants for non-government schools should that prove desirable.

Science Laboratories and Equipment in Secondary Schools

Grants have been made to the States for this purpose since 1964–65. Details of the arrangements applying from then until 1970–71 are given in Appendix IV. Grants are presently being paid under the *States Grants (Science Laboratories) Act* 1971 which has application over the period 1971–72 to 1974–75. The Act provides for the payment of $43.3 million, of which not more than one-quarter is authorised for payment before 30 June 1972, one-half before 30 June 1973 and three-quarters before 30 June 1974. Of the total of the $43.3 million, $26.1 million is available to government schools and is being divided between the States in proportion to their secondary schools enrolments and $17.2 million is being allocated to non-government schools on the basis of needs as assessed by committees representing non-government schools set up in each State to advise the Minister. It has been decided that all offers of specific amounts for individual projects in non-government schools will be met. Likewise the sums available for government schools will be paid up to 30 June 1975.

The Interim Committee for the Australian Schools Commission took the view that the extension of science facilities should be treated like any other school facility and included within general building programs. It did not, therefore, ecommend a continuation of this program beyond June 1975.

Some non-government schools had been informed by the previous Australian Government that additional grants up to the total reasonable cost of a project already approved would be made available provided the Parliament agreed to extend the program and provided sufficient funds were available. Commitments for these projects outstanding at 30 June 1975 will be met from the grants recommended by the Committee for general buildings purposes.

School Libraries

Grants have been made to the States for secondary school libraries since 1968–69. Details of the arrangements applying over the three years commencing January 1969 are given in Appendix IV. Grants are presently being made under the *States Grants (Secondary Schools Libraries) Act* 1971 which has application over the period January 1972 to December 1974. The Act provides for the payment of $30 million over that period, of which not more than one-third may be authorized for payment before 31 December 1972 and two-thirds before 31 December 1973.

The allocation of the $30 million between government and non-government secondary schools is based on the number of secondary school pupils enrolled in

each of these two types of schools at school censuses in August 1970. The distribution between the States of the amount thus provided for government secondary schools is on the basis of relative secondary enrolments. The distributions of the non-government school component as between States and as between the non-government school sectors in each State is based on entitlements as assessed by the Australian Government.

The Interim Committee took the view that there is a strong case for extending the secondary school libraries program and recommended accordingly.

The Committee recommended grants to increase the numbers of trained teacher-librarians, to extend the existing secondary libraries program (particularly in government schools) and to establish a program to provide libraries ultimately for all primary schools.

Grants in respect of school libraries totalling $56.6 million will be made in 1974 and 1975, made up of $11.5 million for secondary school libraries under the *States Grants (Secondary Schools Libraries) Act* 1971 and further grants totalling $45.1 million made up of $21.3 million for secondary school libraries, $20 million for libraries in primary schools, and $3.8 million for the training of teacher-librarians. The distribution of the grants for libraries between government and non-government schools and between the States is based mainly on pupil numbers.

Disadvantaged Schools

The Committee recommended grants to provide additional recurrent resources to schools in which pupils come from especially disadvantaged neighbourhoods, and to refurbish the buildings of such schools, especially in inner-city areas. It based its recommendations, in part, on a socio-economic scale, measuring the degree of disadvantage in particular school catchment areas, constructed by the Department of Education in collaboration with the Bureau of Census and Statistics. The grants total $50 million, of which $17.55 million will be paid as recurrent grants to government schools, $26.24 million as building grants for government schools, $2.45 million as recurrent grants for non-government schools and $3.76 million as building grants for non-government schools.

Schools for Handicapped Children

The Committee recommended grants over 1974 and 1975 to increase the number of trained teachers in government schools for the handicapped ($9.38 million), to improve standards of existing special schools conducted by the States ($10.25 million), to assist States to take over those voluntary schools which wish to be taken over ($3.91 million), and to upgrade existing special school buildings and establish new ones ($20 million).

Other Programs

The Committee made recommendations for grants for other purposes, not all of which represent payments to the States.

It recommended grants of $10.3 million over the two years for teacher development—more specifically, to expand in-service training opportunities organised jointly by government and non-government school authorities and to establish Education Centres to be owned and managed corporately by government and non-government teachers together.

The Committee recommended, further, that $6 million be provided to establish a Special Project Fund for innovatory projects at school level on the initiative of teachers or the community, at system level on the initiative of school authorities and at the national level.

Finally, it recommended that $200,000 be provided to procure better information about schools and school systems.

Payment of the new and additional grants for schools for 1974 and 1975 recommended by the Interim Committee were authorised by the *States Grants (Schools) Act* 1973, which Act also authorised necessary amendments to the *States Grants (Schools) Act* 1972.

Summary Tables

Table 112 in Appendix IV shows amounts paid to the States for schools from 1964–65 to 1972–73 under each of the four programs which operated in that period. Table 19 below shows details of grants to the six States combined for schools in 1973–74 and 1974–75 (estimated) and Table 113 in Appendix IV shows the same details on a State by State basis. Table 20 below shows the total amounts paid to the States for schools from 1970–71 to 1974–75 (estimated). These tables include the supplementary grants of $38.96 million and $9.5 million for recurrent and capital purposes to allow for cost increases beyond those allowed for in the original program.

TABLE 19—GRANTS TO THE STATES FOR SCHOOLS 1973–74 AND 1974–75 (ESTIMATED), BY PROGRAM

$'000

—	1973–74 Actual			1974–75 Estimated		
	Government	Non-Government	Total	Government	Non-Government	Total
General Recurrent Grants ..	22,095	54,361	76,456	106,630	86,710	193,340
General Building Grants (Capital)	37,952	8,171	46,123	85,290	17,010	102,300
Science Laboratories (Capital)	5,914	3,901	9,815	7,983	5,002	12,985
Libraries (Capital)	11,359	2,844	14,203	18,861	6,148	25,009
Disadvantaged Schools—						
Recurrent	2,923	114	3,037	11,590	2,050	13,640
Capital	3,218	70	3,288	11,070	1,560	12,630
Total	6,141	184	6,325	22,660	3,610	26,270
Schools for Handicapped Children—						
Recurrent	3,401	702	4,103	6,180	2,400	8,580
Capital	2,547	..	2,547	9,850	..	9,850
Total	5,948	702	6,650	16,030	2,400	18,430
Other Programs—						
Recurrent	(a)	(a)	2,065	(a)	(a)	18,620
Capital	..	..	..	(a)	(a)	1,900
Total	(a)	(a)	2,065	(a)	(a)	20,520
All Programs—						
Recurrent	(b)28,419	(b)55,177	85,661	(b)124,400	(b)91,160	234,180
Capital	60,990	14,986	75,976	(b)133,054	(b)29,720	164,674
Total	(b)89,409	(b)70,163	161,637	(b)257,454	(b)120,880	398,854

(a) The Interim Committee designated these as joint programs; it did not allocate the funds between government and non-government schools.

(b) Excludes amounts referred to in (a).

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TABLE 20—TOTAL GRANTS FOR GOVERNMENT AND NON-GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS—1964–65 TO 1974–75

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1964–65 ..	3,709	2,799	1,435	924	707	331	9,905
1965–66 ..	3,709	2,799	1,435	859	502	331	9,635
1966–67 ..	3,709	2,799	1,435	990	899	331	10,163
1967–68 ..	4,708	3,553	1,821	1,173	912	420	12,587
1968–69 ..	5,113	3,555	1,812	1,415	1,089	481	13,465
1969–70 ..	11,287	10,214	5,464	2,589	2,379	682	32,615
1970–71 ..	19,670	14,577	7,273	4,071	3,382	1,599	50,572
1971–72 ..	20,872	17,242	7,955	4,518	4,360	1,911	56,858
1972–73 ..	25,683	22,823	10,616	6,334	5,920	2,622	73,998
1973–74 ..	58,355	47,136	22,568	15,894	13,199	4,485	161,637
1974–75 (estimate)	145,325	120,448	56,838	34,639	30,121	11,483	398,854

Services for Children

In February 1973 the Australian Government announced the appointment of an Australian Pre-Schools Committee pending the establishment of an Australian Pre-Schools Commission as a statutory authority. Under its terms of reference, the Committee was required to examine and make recommendations on the establishment and operation of pre-schools and child care centres throughout Australia. In carrying out this task, the Committee was asked, amongst other things, to make recommendations on the integration of the existing financial and other arrangements under the *Child Care Act* 1972 into a total program. The Australian Government has been providing assistance for child care facilities in the States under this Act since 1972–73 by way of payments direct to non-profit organisations including local government authorities—that is, not by way of payments to the States. Provision was made in the 1973–74 Budget for grants of $10 million to be paid to the States; this provision was made in advance of the receipt of the recommendations of the Pre-Schools Committee so that an early start could be made on the proposed new program in 1974. Of this interim amount, $6.5 million was paid to the States in 1973–74. A separate amount of $2.2 million was provided under the *Child Care Act* to non-profit organisations.

When the Pre-Schools Committee reported to the Australian Government in November 1973, the Government invited comment from interested bodies. Later the Social Welfare Commission and the Priorities Review Staff were asked to develop new programs in this area. The Social Welfare Commission and the Priorities Review Staff reported in July 1974.

After considering the reports, the Australian Government has decided to provide $75 million in 1974–75 to meet commitments arising from the on-going program and to enable a beginning to be made on the new program no later than 1 January 1975. The program involves a co-ordinated and expanded approach to childhood services. An Interim Children's Committee is to be established pending the establishment of a Children's Commission, to take over responsibility for administering all existing commitments in and development of new programs in this area.

At the time this document was prepared details of the scheme, including such matters as the extent to which the assistance would take the form of payments to the States (as distinct from grants direct to local government authorities and private organisations) had not been settled. It is therefore not possible to conclude what grants might be paid to the States for these purposes in 1974–75. However, for purposes of budget documentation only, an estimate of $37.5 million for grants to the States has been made. For the same purpose, it is assumed that, of this total, approximately $20.5 million could be for recurrent purposes and $17.0 million for capital purposes. No commitment to the provision of these amounts is implied. As both the total allocations and allocations to individual States will depend on decisions as to needs as seen by the Interim Committee and the Commission when it is established, it was not possible, at the time this document was prepared, to provide useful estimates on a State by State basis.

The following table shows grants paid in 1973–74 and estimates for 1974–75.

TABLE 21—GRANTS FOR SERVICES FOR CHILDREN

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT				
1973–74 ..	1,281	1,226	436	690	385	78	4,096
1974–75(*a*) ..	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	20,500
			CAPITAL				
1973–74 ..	160	288	1,003	514	166	285	2,416
1974–75(*a*) ..	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	17,000
			TOTAL				
1973–74 ..	1,441	1,514	1,439	1,204	551	363	6,512
1974–75(*a*) ..	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	37,500

(*a*) *See* text above. na = not available.

Child Migrant Education

The *Immigration (Education) Act* 1971–73 authorises payments for the provision of special instruction to migrant children. The program is designed to assist those children with English language difficulties to achieve a sufficient command of

English for them to join fully in normal classes. Under the Act, funds are provided to State education authorities (and also to non-government education authorities) to pay the salaries of special teachers and to purchase special language teaching equipment. Provision is also made for materials and the in-service training of teachers.

Since 1973, the Australian Government has also been providing funds for the construction of portable supplementary classrooms to accommodate the increase in the number of students requiring special language instruction in State and independent schools.

Funds are also provided to the States to reimburse them for the costs of certain adult migrant education services. These, however, are regarded as payments for services rendered and are not, therefore, classified as payments to the States.

Annual figures of payments to the States under the child migrant education scheme and estimated payments in 1974–75 are shown in the following table:

TABLE 22—GRANTS FOR CHILD MIGRANT EDUCATION

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT				
1969–70 ..	..	86	7	..	16	..	109
1970–71 ..	780	667	57	87	62	20	1,672
1971–72 ..	1,191	1,158	81	169	150	28	2,778
1972–73 ..	1,521	1,819	98	326	138	53	3,956
1973–74 ..	2,238	2,732	165	587	157	135	6,014
1974–75 (estimate)	3,305	4,307	344	706	224	190	9,076
			CAPITAL				
1973–74 ..	90	550	50	165	100	40	995
1974–75 (estimate)	520	671	68	79	98	110	1,546
			TOTAL				
1969-70 ..	..	86	7	..	16	..	109
1970-71 ..	780	667	57	87	62	20	1,672
1971-72 ..	1,191	1,158	81	169	150	28	2,778
1972–73 ..	1,521	1,819	98	326	138	53	3,956
1973–74 ..	2,328	3,282	215	752	257	175	7,009
1974–75 (estimate)	3,825	4,978	412	785	322	300	10,622

Educational Research

The Australian Advisory Committee on Research and Development in Education was established in April 1970 to advise the Minister for Education on priorities in educational research and to make recommendations for the financial support of educational research projects proposed to it. The Committee is also required to

advise the Minister on any other means for the improvement of educational research, its development and application of results in Australia. Grants to the States for these purposes are made under the *Education Research Act* 1970.

In its first years of operation the Committee operated with a budget which was determined annually. In June 1973, however, the Australian Government gave approval for the Committee to undertake an expanded program of co-ordinated research into basic educational problems and to design detailed schemes of support for the training of educational personnel. At the same time, the funding of the Committee was changed from an annual to a triennial basis. For the remaining eighteen months of the present triennium (1973–75) $1.5 million has been allocated for the Committee's purposes. Under the *Education Research Act* 1970 payments are also being made to the States for research projects into specific areas as commissioned by the Minister for Education. These payments are in addition to the activities of the Australian Advisory Committee on Research and Development in Education.

The following table shows grants to the States for educational research from 1970–71 to 1973–74 and estimated grants in 1974–75.

TABLE 23—GRANTS FOR RECURRENT EXPENDITURES ON EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1970–71 ..	28	32	18	10	8	..	96
1971–72 ..	81	81	59	8	7	..	236
1972–73 ..	91	87	60	13	17	7	275
1973–74 ..	97	142	109	18	26	14	406
1974–75 (estimate) (*a*)	186	310	172	43	55	33	799

(*a*) The State distribution is notional only; it assumes, in part, that the proportional distribution will be the same as for 1973–74.

HEALTH

The Australian Government has been providing assistance to the States for health services and facilities since 1949–50, when it began providing grants for expenditure by the States on the diagnosis, treatment and control of tuberculosis. Grants of relatively minor amounts have also been made for blood transfusion services since 1953–54, for mental health institutions since 1955–56, for the disposal of ships' garbage since 1966–67 and for nursing homes and certain health education services since 1970–71.

Major developments occurred in 1973. In April of that year an Interim Committee for the Hospitals and Health Services Commission was appointed; the

Commission itself was established by the *Hospitals and Health Services Commission Act* 1973 which came into effect in December 1973. One of the functions of the Commission, as laid down in section 5 of the Act, is 'to ascertain the health care needs of the Australian community and to make recommendations to the Minister in respect of those needs, including recommendations in relation to— . . . (v) financial assistance to be made available by Australia to State, Territory, regional, local government, charitable and other organisations, and to other persons, involved in health care or in research relating to health care'. The Committee/ Commission has presented reports to the Government in which payment of grants to the States has been recommended (*see* below).

In 1973–74 four new programs of assistance to the States were initiated: for the development of public hospitals, for community health services and facilities, for a school dental scheme and for health planning agencies. As a result of these developments payments to the States for health purposes have risen rapidly—from $20.5 million in 1972–73 to $51.2 million in 1973–74 and an estimated $115.2 million in 1974–75. An outline of each specific program of assistance follows.

Mental Health Institutions

The Australian Government has made grants to the States for the building and equipping of mental health institutions since 1955–56, equal to one-third of expenditure incurred by the States on specific projects approved by the Australian Government. Final grants under this program were made in 1973–74; however, new grants for community facilities and services for mental health and related services commenced in 1973–74 (*see* section below on 'Community Health Facilities and Services') and grants for mental hospitals will be available under the hospitals development program (*see* following section).

Details of this program, including the amounts paid to each State in each year of the scheme, are given in Appendix IV. The following table shows payments to each State since 1969–70.

TABLE 24—GRANTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURE ON MENTAL HEALTH INSTITUTIONS
$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1969–70 ..	2,305	947	602	1,299	241	108	5,501
1970–71 ..	1,409	798	464	909	395	224	4,199
1971–72 ..	1,325	828	1,169	246	454	185	4,207
1972–73 ..	873	831	967	453	219	87	3,430
1973–74 ..	1,203	237	247	344	187	31	2,249

Hospitals Development Program

In the 1973–74 Budget it was announced that capital grants totalling $4.5 million would be offered to New South Wales, Victoria and Queensland towards the cost of hospital projects in the capital cities of those States; it was envisaged that $4.0 million would be made available to New South Wales and $250,000 to each of the other two States. In the event progress with the project in New South Wales (at Westmead) was less rapid than envisaged and, although some of the grants were diverted to another project (at Liverpool) in the State and to projects in other States, grants allocated totalled only $2.4 million.

In April 1974 the Hospitals and Health Services Commission presented to the Government a report on 'Hospitals in Australia' in which it recommended a program of capital expenditure on public general hospitals, mental hospital facilities, public nursing homes and health hostels in the States over the five years 1974–75 to 1978–79 of $1,160 million. It recommended that, of this total, the Australian Government meet $760 million with the States being expected to meet the remaining $400 million by way of annual allocations of $80 million. The Commission recommended that a Joint Hospitals Works Council (consisting of three members of the Commission and not more than three State representatives) be established in each State to review the whole of the public hospital works program in that State; the Commission proposed that allocations by the Australian Government for hospital development in the States be based on recommendations of the Commission, made after consideration of proposals put forward by the Joint Hospitals Works Councils.

The Government has decided to make available funds up to a total of $28 million in 1974–75 for the development of public hospitals and other health institutions in the States. The Government has accepted the need for a five year program but amounts for years subsequent to 1974–75 have not been determined.

The States will be asked to participate in Joint Hospitals Works Councils, as recommended by the Hospitals and Health Services Commission, and will be expected to meet a total of at least $100 million on these facilities from their own sources in 1974–75.

The allocation between the States of the total of $28 million to be made available in 1974–75 will depend on the Commission's assessments of needs in each State. The Australian Government's contribution in respect of any particular facility may take the form either of grants to the State concerned or of direct expenditure on the facility, depending on circumstances in each case. For these reasons, it is not possible to estimate what amounts of grants might be made to the States in 1974–75. The amounts shown in the following tables are notional

only, being provided only so as to enable the compilation of aggregate estimates of payments to the States for health purposes in 1974–75; no commitment to the provision of the amounts shown is implied.

TABLE 25—CAPITAL GRANTS FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PUBLIC HOSPITALS AND OTHER HEALTH INSTITUTIONS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1973–74 ..	689	150	250	441	695	140	2,365
1974–75(*a*) ..	9,000	7,000	4,000	3,500	3,000	1,500	28,000

(*a*) Notional amounts only; *see* text above.

Nursing Homes

The *States Grants (Nursing Homes) Act* 1969, which became effective in June 1969, provided for the Australian Government to share on a $1 for $1 basis with the States capital costs incurred over the five year period 1969–70 to 1973–74 on approved nursing homes wholly or mainly for aged persons of limited means, with the Australian Government's contribution being limited to a maximum of $5 million. The final grants under this Act, which relate to expenditure incurred by the States prior to 30 June 1974, are expected to be paid in 1974–75; these are estimated at $565,000, bringing total grants under the Act to $3,039,000.

Because of an urgent need for additional public nursing home accommodation in Brisbane, the Government has decided to make a special grant of $1.2 million, on a $1 for $1 basis, to Queensland towards the cost of Stage 2 of the Wynnum public nursing home. It is estimated that $300,000 will be provided in 1974–75.

The amounts of grants paid for this purpose, and estimates for 1974–75, are shown in the following table:—

TABLE 26—GRANTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES ON NURSING HOMES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1970–71 ..	..	..	..	..	337	..	337
1971–72 ..	..	..	332	..	44	84	460
1972–73 ..	..	149	240	465	..	166	1,019
1973–74 ..	..	512	145	..	..	..	658
1974–75 (estimate) ..	90	475	300	..	..	..	865

Community Health Facilities and Services

In May 1973 the Interim Committee of the Hospitals and Health Service Commission presented a report entitled 'A Community Health Program for Australia', containing recommendations for the development of a community health program over the three years 1973–74 to 1975–76. The Government accepted the principles set out in this report and decided to make available both capital and recurrent grants for the development of community-based health services, such as community health centres and therapeutic day centres. It was envisaged that these grants could be made either to the States or direct to other organisations; in 1973–74 grants totalling $9.2 million were made to the States and grants totalling $0.7 million were made direct to other organisations in the States, giving a total of $9.9 million. It is expected that in 1974–75 most of the grants will again take the form of payments to the States.

As from 1 July 1974 the Australian Government will meet 75 per cent of capital costs and 90 per cent of operating costs of all projects except those that have an Australia-wide application, which will continue to be funded on a 100 per cent basis. (The Australian Government met 100 per cent of the costs of all projects in 1973–74.)

In 1973–74 the Australian Government also undertook to provide grants to the States and other eligible organisations up to a maximum of $7.5 million in each of the years 1973–74 and 1974–75 for capital and maintenance expenditure on community facilities and services for mental health, alcoholism and drug dependency. The grants were authorised by the *Mental Health and Related Services Assistance Act* 1973. It is envisaged that, beyond 1974–75, assistance for these purposes will be the subject of recommendations by the Hospitals and Health Services Commission as part of the Community Health Program. Grants in 1973–74 totalled $6.7 million, all but $0.1 million of which was paid as grants to the States.

The following table shows payments to the States in 1973–74 and estimated payments in 1974–75 under both of these programs taken together. The estimated payments in 1974–75 are tentative and are subject to discussion with the States.

TABLE 27—GRANTS FOR COMMUNITY HEALTH FACILITIES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT				
1973–74 ..	1,808	1,462	734	597	548	121	5,270
1974–75 (estimate)	9,755	5,643	2,943	2,336	433	901	22,011
			CAPITAL				
1973–74 ..	3,616	2,924	1,468	1,195	1,096	242	10,541
1974–75 (estimate)	4,172	5,115	2,186	2,554	2,027	760	16,814
			TOTAL				
1973–74 ..	5,424	4,386	2,202	1,792	1,644	363	15,811
1974–75 (estimate)	13,927	10,758	5,129	4,890	2,460	1,661	38,825

Tuberculosis Hospitals

Under the *Tuberculosis Act* 1948 the States are reimbursed for recurrent expenditures they incur in the diagnosis, treatment and control of tuberculosis, to the extent that expenditures by the States in any financial year exceed those for the year 1947–48. They are also reimbursed for all capital expenditure approved by the Australian Government on buildings, furnishings, equipment and plant for the same purposes.

Reimbursements have been made to the States for both recurrent and capital expenditures in each year from 1949–50. The table below shows payments from 1970–71, including estimated payments in 1974–75. Annual figures of payments in years prior to 1970–71 are given in Table 114 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 28—GRANTS FOR TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITALS
$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT				
1970–71 ..	4,166	3,039	1,730	545	770	347	10,597
1971–72 ..	2,971	3,170	1,528	715	875	337	9,595
1972–73 ..	3,498	3,197	1,896	760	778	289	10,419
1973–74 ..	3,223	3,486	2,205	939	764	201	10,818
1974–75 (estimate)	3,848	3,290	2,280	950	865	391	11,624
			CAPITAL				
1970–71 ..	143	151	55	108	12	..	469
1971–72 ..	70	119	6	155	88	..	438
1972–73 ..	50	16	27	243	20	32	388
1973–74 ..	22	..	22	395	..	2	441
1974–75 (estimate)	18	11	23	9	..	..	61
			TOTAL				
1970–71 ..	4,309	3,190	1,785	653	782	347	11,066
1971–72 ..	3,041	3,289	1,534	870	963	337	10,033
1972–73 ..	3,548	3,213	1,923	1,004	799	320	10,807
1973–74 ..	3,245	3,486	2,227	1,334	764	203	11,259
1974–75 (estimate)	3,866	3,301	2,303	959	865	391	11,685

School Dental Scheme

Agreement was reached in 1973 between the Australian and State Governments on a program to provide an Australia-wide School Dental Service. It is planned that by 1980 all primary school children will be covered by the scheme and thereafter it will be extended to cover pre-school children and secondary school children under 15 years of age.

The State Governments are responsible for administering the scheme. The capital and operational costs of training facilities for dental therapists as well as the capital costs of providing school dental clinics are being borne in full by the Australian Government. Operational costs, however, are being shared between

the Australian Government and the State Governments on a $3 for $1 basis. The amounts paid to the States in 1973–74 and estimated payments for 1974–75 are shown in the following table.

TABLE 29—GRANTS FOR SCHOOL DENTAL SCHEME

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT				
1973–74 ..	658	550	278	1,066	391	818	3,761
1974–75 (estimate)	1,384	944	875	1,230	1,084	1,269	6,786
			CAPITAL				
1973–74 ..	685	794	192	895	661	549	3,776
1974–75 (estimate)	3,394	3,505	2,977	2,023	2,022	389	14,310
			TOTAL				
1973–74 ..	1,343	1,344	470	1,961	1,052	1,367	7,537
1974–75 (estimate)	4,778	4,449	3,852	3,253	3,106	1,658	21,096

Health Education Campaigns

The Australian and State Governments are co-operating in the conduct of national education campaigns on the dangers of drug abuse and smoking. The drug education campaign commenced in 1970–71 and the anti-smoking education campaign commenced in 1972–73. On recommendations of advisory committees, which include representatives of the Australian and State Governments, grants are made to the States out of total funds allocated to the campaigns. No funds are provided to the Government of Victoria under the anti-smoking education campaign, grants for this purpose being made to the Anti-cancer Council of Victoria.

Grants made to the States under both campaigns, and estimated grants in 1974–75, are shown in the following table.

TABLE 30—GRANTS FOR HEALTH EDUCATION CAMPAIGNS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1970–71 ..	86	68	39	26	38	22	279
1971–72 ..	128	113	47	34	43	20	385
1972–73 ..	163	100	75	52	49	30	469
1973–74 ..	227	125	155	76	99	60	742
1974–75 (estimate)	285	148	160	89	107	67	856

Blood Transfusion Services

Grants have been made to the States since 1953–54 for the purpose of assisting blood transfusion services conducted by the Australian Red Cross Society. In the first year, allocations to the States were based on population, with a limit of $100,000. In 1954–55, the basis of assistance was changed, with the Australian Government agreeing to reimburse each State 30 per cent of the Society's costs of operating a blood transfusion service, conditional upon the State meeting, in the first place, 90 per cent of those costs; the Society met the remaining 10 per cent of costs out of its own funds. In 1973–74, the formula was changed to increase the Australian Government's contribution to 35 per cent and reduce the Society's liability to 5 per cent.

Grants made to each State since the inception of the scheme are shown in Table 116 in Appendix IV. Grants paid since 1970–71, and estimates for 1974–75, are shown in the following table.

TABLE 31—GRANTS FOR RECURRENT EXPENDITURES ON BLOOD TRANSFUSION SERVICES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1970–71 ..	197	251	170	124	79	24	845
1971–72 ..	254	269	192	139	106	30	990
1972–73 ..	267	367	212	160	134	30	1,170
1973–74 ..	588	506	304	252	183	37	1,870
1974–75 (estimate)	480	560	345	247	230	58	1,920

Health Planning Agencies

As part of a three-year program designed to promote the planning of community health service delivery systems, the Government decided in 1973–74 that grants up to a maximum of $500,000 a year, on a $2 for $1 basis, would be provided to the States for the development or expansion of State health planning agencies. In 1973–74 the grants were met direct from the Budget; in 1974–75 and 1975–76 the grants are to be paid by the Hospitals and Health Services Commission out of funds allocated to it from the Budget. The grants paid in 1973–74, and estimated grants in 1974–75, are shown in the following table.

TABLE 32—GRANTS FOR RECURRENT EXPENDITURES BY HEALTH PLANNING AGENCIES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1973–74 ..	180	..	65	50	81	..	376
1974–75 (estimate)	175	65	75	50	110	25	500

Disposal of Ships Garbage

In 1965–66 financial assistance was offered to each State except Western Australia for the provision of facilities for the disposal of overseas ships' garbage with a view to improving existing measures against the entry of exotic diseases into Australia. The offer was extended during 1967–68 to Western Australia where the dumping of garbage at sea was no longer considered satisfactory. The offer provides for the Australian Government to meet the full capital cost of incinerators and ancillary structures and half the cost of access roads, excluding land costs, at selected ports. The cost of maintaining and operating the incinerators and transporting garbage is a State responsibility. No grants have been made to New South Wales. Grants paid since the inception of the scheme, and estimates for 1974–75, are shown in the following table.

TABLE 33—GRANTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES ON THE DISPOSAL OF SHIPS' GARBAGE

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1966–67	..	..	..	..	..	29	29
1967–68	..	..	..	38	..	1	39
1968–69	..	..	..	10	..	1	11
1969–70	..	120	308	..	..	57	485
1970–71	..	4	28	..	..	14	46
1971–72	..	130	55	..	104	..	288
1972–73	..	765	..	..	10	7	782
1973–74	..	6	..	..	25	..	31
1974–75 (estimate)	..	..	..	..	48	..	48

Welfare Services for the Aged

Under two Acts effective from June 1969—the *States Grants (Home Care) Act* 1969–1973 and the *States Grants (Paramedical Services) Act* 1969—the Australian Government is making grants to the States for certain services provided wholly or mainly to aged persons—specifically for home care services, senior citizens centres and paramedical services.

Home Care Services

Under the *States Grants (Home Care) Act* 1969–1973 the Australian Government shares with participating States the cost of approved house-keeping or other domestic assistance provided wholly or mainly for aged persons in their homes. Until July 1973 the Australian Government's grants were on a $1 for $1 basis with the States, but they have been on a $2 for $1 basis since then. Grants provided for this purpose and estimates for 1974–75 are shown in the following table:—

TABLE 34—GRANTS FOR HOME CARE SERVICES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1969–70 ..	..	..	31	..	..	..	31
1970–71 ..	234	..	80	..	4	..	318
1971–72 ..	161	137	158	9	10	15	491
1972–73 ..	212	390	248	41	13	12	916
1973–74 ..	296	370	312	169	23	49	1,218
1974–75 (estimate)	370	450	380	200	30	70	1,500

Senior Citizens Centres

Under the *States Grants (Home Care) Act* 1969–1973 the Australian Government also shares with participating States up to a maximum of two-thirds of the capital cost of approved senior citizens centres and the cost of the salaries of welfare officers employed by such centres. The basis of sharing costs with the States was altered from a $1 for $1 basis up to one-third of the capital cost to a $2 for $1 basis up to two-thirds of the capital cost in August 1973.

Grants provided for this purpose, and estimates for 1974–75, are shown in the following table:—

TABLE 35—GRANTS FOR SENIOR CITIZENS CENTRES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT				
1970–71 ..	..	..	..	3	..	..	3
1971–72 ..	2	..	1	9	..	..	12
1972–73 ..	1	16	3	9	5	..	34
1973–74 ..	4	36	18	2	15	..	74
1974–75 (estimate)	7	70	40	3	30	..	150
			CAPITAL				
1969–70 ..	..	..	..	16	..	..	16
1970–71 ..	34	..	17	32	..	..	84
1971–72 ..	39	11	91	87	30	11	269
1972–73 ..	102	223	184	132	67	28	736
1973–74 ..	242	163	55	55	123	13	651
1974–75 (estimate)	570	380	120	120	280	30	1,500
			TOTAL				
1969–70 ..	..	..	..	16	..	..	16
1970–71 ..	34	..	17	35	..	..	87
1971–72 ..	41	11	91	96	30	11	281
1972–73 ..	103	239	187	140	73	28	771
1973–74 ..	245	198	72	57	138	13	725
1974–75 (estimate)	577	450	160	123	310	30	1,650

Paramedical Services

The Australian Government shares on a $1 for $1 basis with participating States the cost of approved paramedical services, such as chiropody, occupational therapy, physiotherapy and speech therapy, provided wholly or mainly for aged persons in their homes. All States have indicated their willingness to participate, but to date only Victoria, South Australia and Tasmania have provided paramedical services in circumstances which qualify for assistance under the arrangement. Grants up to specified amounts are made in the first instance through the *States Grants (Paramedical Services) Act* 1969. However, where a State has an approved requirement for funds in excess of the limits prescribed by that Act, provision may be made for a supplementary grant through an Appropriation Act.

Annual figures of grants paid to the States for paramedical services, and estimates for 1974–75, are shown in the following table:—

TABLE 36—GRANTS FOR PARAMEDICAL SERVICES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1971–72 ..	..	..	..	4	..	3	7
1972–73 ..	..	61	..	14	..	2	77
1973–74 ..	..	131	..	30	..	3	164
1974–75 (estimate)	..	235	..	65	..	4	304

Dwellings for Pensioners

The *States Grants (Dwellings for Aged Pensioners) Act* 1969 appropriated $25 million as grants to the States over the five financial years ending 30 June 1974 for the purpose of providing self-contained dwelling units at reasonable rentals to be let to single persons who were receiving an aged pension or a Service pension by reason of age and who were eligible for supplementary assistance. The grants were apportioned among the States according to the numbers of aged pensioners receiving supplementary assistance in 1969 when the scheme was introduced.

As announced in the Budget Speech, the Scheme is to be extended for a further three years from July 1974 with the eligibility conditions widened to include single invalid and Class B widow pensioners and single Service pensioners who are permanently unemployable or suffering from tuberculosis. Grants totalling $30 million will be made available to the States over the three-year period and will be apportioned among the States in proportion to the total number of aged, invalid and Class B widow pensioners in receipt of supplementary assistance in each State. Rents of units provided under the extended scheme are to be not less than the maximum rate of supplementary assistance paid to pensioners.

Payments made to the States under the scheme and estimated payments for 1974–75 are shown in the following table:—

TABLE 37—GRANTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES ON PENSIONERS' DWELLINGS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1969–70 ..	465	200	..	160	..	100	925
1970–71 ..	1,774	1,929	109	311	700	158	4,981
1971–72 ..	3,260	2,243	661	1,002	224	232	7,622
1972–73 ..	2,705	1,478	1,250	380	519	138	6,470
1973–74 ..	2,546	650	1,331	146	307	22	5,002
1974–75 (estimate)	4,070	2,530	1,490	930	700	280	10,000

Assistance for Deserted Wives

Under the *States Grants (Deserted Wives) Act* 1968, which became effective from 1 January 1968, the Australian Government has been sharing on a $1 for $1 basis with the States the cost of helping certain mothers of families without a breadwinner where the mothers are ineligible for a Class A widows pension or, as from 3 July 1973, a supporting mothers benefit.

Assistance is provided during the first six months after the date of the event which gives rise to eligibility (e.g. the birth of a child or separation) and the main groups of mothers assisted under the Act are deserted wives, deserted de facto wives, deserting wives, wives of prisoners, and unmarried mothers. After the first six months these groups of mothers may qualify for either a Class A widows pension or a supporting mothers benefit.

The grant to a State is equal to half the cost of the approved assistance paid by the State to each eligible person but is not to exceed half the amount that would have been payable to such a person under the Social Services Act had she been eligible for a Class A widows pension or a supporting mothers benefit.

The Australian Government has approached all State Governments with the object of taking full responsibility for these payments. It was originally envisaged that this change would take place in 1974–75 but, for practical reasons, it has been decided to defer it until 1975–76. (*See* also Chapter II, under the heading 'Adjustments to General Purpose Funds to Offset Financial Effects of Shifts in Responsibilities between Australian and State Governments'.)

The following table shows payments made to the States and estimated payments for 1974–75:—

TABLE 38—GRANTS FOR DESERTED WIVES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1967–68 ..	140	..	..	25	36	..	201
1968–69 ..	570	..	158	139	215	67	1,149
1969–70 ..	726	101	426	210	342	77	1,882
1970–71 ..	909	1,112	645	294	544	188	3,691
1971–72 ..	1,258	1,970	1,002	464	981	201	5,876
1972–73 ..	2,290	2,861	1,736	776	1,746	338	9,748
1973–74 ..	1,769	1,574	1,346	1,534	1,171	260	7,654
1974–75 (estimate)	1,400	1,300	1,100	1,000	1,100	300	6,200

State Migrant Centres

From 1947–48 the Australian Government has met half of the capital costs incurred by the States in providing transient accommodation for State-nominated and other assisted migrants on their arrival in Australia. Annual figures of payments to each State from 1970–71 and estimated payments in 1974–75 are shown in the following table. Figures for earlier years are given in Table 117 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 39—GRANTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES ON MIGRANT CENTRES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1970–71 ..	2	..	..	75	65	..	142
1971–72 ..	214	..	123	12	23	..	372
1972–73 ..	10	..	14	..	..	..	24
1973–74 ..	2	4	18	..	..	..	24
1974–75 (estimate)	..	..	163	17	..	..	180

Grants for the Relief of Unemployment

In December 1971 the Australian Government introduced a scheme of grants to the States for employment creating activities in non-metropolitan areas with the object of reducing significantly the level of unemployment in such areas. In December 1972 it was decided to continue the non-metropolitan unemployment grants scheme during the six months to June 1973 with increases for New South Wales, Victoria and South Australia. In addition, the Government agreed to make payments to the States during the same six months period for the relief of unemployment in metropolitan areas. Non-metropolitan unemployment grants were paid to the States on a reducing basis during the period July to September 1973 when they were terminated because of an improvement in the overall employment situation. Subject to broad guidelines which the Australian Government laid down, the administration of the schemes and the allocation of the grants between particular areas were matters for the State Governments. They were asked, however, to consult closely with the Department of Labour.

Altogether, $142,820,000 was provided by the Australian Government to the States by way of grants for employment creating purposes. The following table shows the amounts provided in each year in which the schemes were operating. Further particulars are given in Appendix IV.

TABLE 40—GRANTS FOR THE RELIEF OF UNEMPLOYMENT

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			NON-METROPOLITAN				
1971–72 ..	10,395	6,075	5,400	1,620	2,024	1,485	26,999
1972–73 ..	(*a*)28,220	(*b*)16,450	14,400	5,040	5,401	3,960	73,471
1973–74 ..	4,530	2,647	2,353	941	882	647	12,000
Total ..	43,145	25,172	22,153	7,601	8,307	6,092	112,470
			METROPOLITAN				
1972–73 ..	9,000	9,220	2,000	4,620	3,500	2,010	30,350
			TOTAL				
1971–72 ..	10,395	6,075	5,400	1,620	2,024	1,485	26,999
1972–73 ..	(*a*)37,220	(*b*)25,670	16,400	9,660	8,901	5,970	103,821
1973–74 ..	4,530	2,647	2,353	941	882	647	12,000
Total ..	52,145	34,392	24,153	12,221	11,807	8,102	142,820

(*a*) Includes $500,000 to assist the part-time employment of drought-affected farmers.

(*b*) Includes $250,000 to assist the part-time employment of drought-affected farmers.

Social Planning Units

In 1973–74 the Australian Government provided financial assistance to the States towards the costs of the establishment and the operation of social planning units within State Welfare Departments. An amount of $20,000 was paid to each State (giving a total of $120,000). Grants of the same amounts will be provided for the operational costs of these units in 1974–75.

ABORIGINAL ADVANCEMENT

Since 1968–69 the Australian Government has provided assistance to the States for Aboriginal advancement, particularly in the fields of housing, education and health. The payments are included in the statements attached to the Budget Speech and in Tables 2, 94 and 95 in this document under the various functional headings appropriate to the specific kinds of assistance involved. In the other relevant tables in this document, however, all payments for this purpose are grouped together.

Under annual *States Grants (Aboriginal Advancement) Acts*, payments to the States have increased considerably from $3.7 million in 1968–69 to $32.3 million in 1973–74 and an estimated $40.8 million in 1974–75. With the exception of an amount of $350,000 provided to Queensland in 1969–70 as a loan for the development of an irrigation and water supply project at Bamaga, all Australian Government assistance has been in the form of grants.

It is to be noted that the Australian Government makes considerable assistance available for Aboriginal advancement in the States other than by way of payments to the States—that is, by way of direct assistance to Aboriginal organisations, local government authorities (on which, *see* Chapter V) and other bodies.

It is also of relevance that the States have been invited to transfer certain functions in this field to the Australian Government. Transfers have been effected in Tasmania (from 31 August 1973), in South Australia (from 1 December 1973) and in Western Australia (from 29 June 1974). Detailed discussions have also been held with New South Wales and Victoria. Further reference is made to this matter in Chapter II under the heading 'Adjustments to General Purpose Funds to Offset Financial Effects of Shifts in Responsibilities Between Australian and State Governments'.

The following table shows payments made to the States since 1968–69 and estimated payments in 1974–75. For a functional breakdown of these payments, *see* Table 118 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 41—PAYMENTS FOR ABORIGINAL ADVANCEMENT

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT				
1968–69 ..	174	22	84	39	..	..	319
1969–70 ..	227	69	246	17	30	7	596
1970–71 ..	185	81	216	161	140	19	800
1971–72 ..	668	116	371	270	223	17	1,665
1972–73 ..	1,929	331	2,269	694	1,377	49	6,649
1973–74 ..	1,678	358	975	1,003	2,636	23	6,673
1974–75 (estimate)	1,850	460	2,085	1,474	4,660	23	10,552
			CAPITAL				
1968–69 ..	601	203	1,366	311	825	25	3,331
1969–70 ..	952	278	(*a*)2,159	518	1,225	32	5,164
1970–71 ..	1,517	286	2,322	499	1,540	35	6,200
1971–72 ..	1,732	284	2,667	530	2,277	45	7,535
1972–73 ..	2,821	439	5,431	1,046	5,509	105	15,351
1973–74 ..	3,725	590	8,982	3,696	8,454	131	25,577
1974–75 (estimate)	4,750	940	11,467	3,526	9,340	215	30,238

TABLE 41—PAYMENTS FOR ABORIGINAL ADVANCEMENT—*continued*

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			TOTAL				
1968–69 ..	775	225	1,450	350	825	25	3,650
1969–70 ..	1,179	347	(*a*)2,405	535	1,255	39	5,760
1970–71 ..	1,701	367	2,538	660	1,680	54	7,000
1971–72 ..	2,400	400	3,038	800	2,500	62	9,200
1972–73 ..	4,750	770	7,700	1,740	6,886	154	22,000
1973–74 ..	5,403	948	9,957	4,699	11,090	154	32,250
1974–75 (estimate)	6,600	1,400	13,552	5,000	14,000	238	40,790

(*a*) Includes an advance of $350,000 to assist in the development of irrigation and water supply services at Bamaga. All other payments have taken the form of grants.

HOUSING

Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements 1945–46 *to* 1970–71

Under successive Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements operative between 1945–46 and 1970–71 such amounts as were nominated for housing by each State Government out of its total works and housing program approved by the Loan Council became, formally, the borrowing program of the Australian Government (or part thereof) and were provided by the Australian Government as advances, repayable over fifty-three years (*see* Chapter III.). Over most of this period, the advances have been provided at concessional rates of interest. Some details of these arrangements are provided in Appendix IV.

Arrangements in 1971–72 *and* 1972–73

The Housing Agreement was not renewed on its expiry at the end of 1970–71. Instead the Australian and State Governments agreed on arrangements under which housing allocations would be met, in the same way as other expenditures by the States out of their approved Loan Council borrowing programs, which were higher, on that account, than they would otherwise have been.

While this meant the withdrawal of the former interest concession on funds for housing, specific revenue grants were introduced in lieu of that concession. The *States Grants (Housing) Act* 1971 provided for the payment to the States of a basic grant of $2.75 million a year for a period of 30 years, in respect of their housing operations in each of the five years 1971–72 to 1975–76—that is, the grant would be $2.75 million in 1971–72, increasing to twice that amount ($5.50 million) in 1972–73, three times that amount in 1973–74, and so on to 1975–76 when the amount would have been $13.75 million.

The Act also provided for an additional rental assistance grant of $1.25 million each year 1971–72 to 1975–76 as a general contribution towards the cost of reduced rents charged to needy families occupying housing authority homes.

In addition, the Australian Government offered in December 1972 to advance $6,550,000 to the States to enable them to commence the construction of additional rental dwellings in 1972–73, over and above the programs they had undertaken and financed from their normal Loan Council borrowings. This assistance was authorised by the *Housing Assistance Act* 1973. These advances were provided at an interest rate of 4 per cent per annum and are repayable over 53 years.

1973 *Housing Agreement*

Under arrangements discussed in detail between Australian and State Ministers for Housing and agreed to at the June 1973 Premiers' Conference, the Australian Government entered into an Agreement with each State under which the States will receive advances for welfare housing purposes during the five years 1973–74 to 1977–78, these advances to be outside, and in addition to, the State Loan Council programs.

The *Housing Agreement Act* 1973, passed by Parliament in the Autumn 1973 session, authorised the Australian Government to enter into an Agreement 'substantially in the form' set out in the schedule to the Act. Under the Act the amounts of the advances are determined each year by the Minister for Housing and Construction after consultation with the appropriate State Ministers.

Advances made under the Agreement will be repaid, with interest, over fifty-three years. The rate of interest on advances allocated to a State housing authority is 4 per cent per annum and on advances allocated to Home Builders' Accounts the interest rate is $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent per annum.

The Agreement contains conditions to ensure that the assistance provided by the Australian Government will be used for the benefit of those families and persons most in need.

The advances paid in 1973–74 were agreed to at the June 1973 Premiers' Conference/Loan Council meeting. Advances for 1974–75 were agreed to at the June 1974 meeting. In his opening speech at that meeting, the Prime Minister indicated that, in the light of developments in the industry as a whole during 1974–75, including the availability of resources for housing construction and the ability of the States to put further funds to productive use in welfare housing, the Australian Government stood ready to consult with the States on the provision of additional funds in 1974–75.

Of the advances made to the States in 1973–74 some $25 million remained unspent at the end of the year; this is available for expenditure in 1974–75.

The following table shows advances made to the States for housing in 1972–73 and 1973–74 and approved advances for 1974–75. Figures for earlier years are given in Table 119.

TABLE 42—ADVANCES FOR HOUSING

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1972–73 ..	3,500	1,500	350	500	400	300	6,550
1973–74 ..	86,000	53,500	17,400	32,750	13,000	16,000	218,650
1974–75 ..	71,400	61,400	20,900	38,400	22,900	20,000	235,000

Because of the re-introduction of a direct interest concession, the *States Grants (Housing) Act* 1971 was amended by the *States Grants (Housing) Act* 1973 to provide that the basic grant would remain at the amount of $5.5 million paid in 1972–73 from 1973–74 until 2001, reducing to $2.75 million in the next year and then ceasing. The additional rental assistance grant of $1.25 million a year will continue to be paid until 1975–76.

The following table shows recurrent grants paid to the States for housing from 1971–72 to 1973–74 and the amounts to be paid in 1974–75.

TABLE 43—RECURRENT GRANTS FOR HOUSING

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1971–72 ..	1,368	1,005	315	623	457	232	4,000
1972–73* ..	2,292	1,679	527	1,093	771	388	6,750

* The same amounts of grants were paid in 1973–74 and will be paid in 1974–75.

CULTURE AND RECREATION

Community Recreation—Investigations

A grant of $20,000 was made to each State in 1973–74 to assess the effectiveness of, and problems associated with, the renewing of existing sporting and recreation centres in the community. A grant of $85,000 was also made to South Australia to cover the cost of architects' fees associated with the design of proposed community centres at two high schools in the State.

Land for Nature Conservation Purposes

The 1973–74 Budget allocated an amount of $500,000 for the acquisition of land for nature conservation purposes. The allocation was not expended due to the lack of enabling legislation. However, discussions were held with the States during the year and the Australian Government has undertaken to assist the States in meeting the cost of acquiring land of significance for nature conservation purposes.

An amount of $9 million will be made available for this purpose in 1974–75, in accordance with legislation to be introduced in the Budget Session. The allocation of this amount will depend on progress with negotiations with individual States and other factors, and it is, therefore, not practicable to show the allocation on a State by State basis.

National Estate

An amount of $2.2 million was provided in the 1973–74 Budget for payments to the States to enable a start to be made on implementing the Government's policies for the preservation and enhancement of the national estate. Projects have been agreed to the full amount of the $2.2 million and by 30 June 1974 an amount of $288,000 had been disbursed. The 1974–75 Budget includes provision for grants for this purpose of $7.7 million. Amongst the kinds of projects being assisted under this program are the acquisition of land and buildings and the restoration, preservation and enhancement of properties having historical or other interest and studies related to the national estate.

The following table shows the grants paid in 1973–74 and the estimated total amount to be made available in 1974–75; no State by State dissection for the latter year is available.

TABLE 44—GRANTS FOR EXPENDITURE ON THE NATIONAL ESTATE

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1973–74 ..	..	150	33	45	60	..	288
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	7,686

n.a. = not available.

Payments to the States included under this functional heading comprise mainly those being made under new programs initiated in 1973–74 and for which the Minister for Urban and Regional Development is responsible; however, several other relatively minor amounts are included, including some for Aboriginal advancement.

Payments under this functional heading grew particularly rapidly in 1973–74 (from only $1.0 million in the previous year to $55.9 million) and are expected to again increase considerably in 1974–75 (to an estimated $251.7 million).

The individual programs are outlined below. Further details are given in a new Budget document entitled 'Urban and Regional Development 1974–75' presented by the Minister for Urban and Regional Development.

Growth Centres and Related Projects

A total of $33 million was provided in the 1973–74 Budget for payments to the States for the purpose of initiating development of new metropolitan and regional growth centres and for other urban and regional development projects, of which $6.6 million was expended. Provision is made in the 1974–75 Budget for these purposes of $71.4 million.

Albury-Wodonga

In October 1973 the Heads of the Australian, New South Wales and Victorian Governments signed an agreement under which these Governments would co-operate in the development of the Albury-Wodonga region. The Australian Government's involvement was authorised by the *Albury-Wodonga Development Act* 1973, which came into operation in December 1973.

The *Albury-Wodonga Development* (*Financial Assistance*) *Act* 1973 authorised the provision of Australian Government assistance of $9 million in respect of 1973–74. The Act provided that payments used for the acquisition of land for urban use take the form of loans; these are repayable over periods up to 30 years, but there is provision for deferment of both interest and repayment of principal. The Act also provided that funds used for the acquisition of other land were to take the form of grants; the form of payments to be used for purposes other than land acquisition was left to be agreed between the Australian and State Governments.

A total of $2.13 million was allocated in 1973–74, mainly for land acquisition, of which $1.15 million took the form of loans.

A total of $40 million has been provided in the 1974–75 Budget. Because the program is in its initial stages the estimates of expenditure are largely for land acquisition but provision has also been made for urban works such as water supply, sewerage, drainage, roads, land subdivision and other services. The terms and conditions to be attached to this assistance will be the subject of agreement between the Australian Government and the two State Governments involved.

Other Growth Centres

The *Growth Centres (Financial Assistance) Act* 1973 provided that the Minister for Urban and Regional Development could approve programs of financial assistance to the States in respect of 1973–74 up to a maximum of $24 million, for:—

(i) the development of eleven specified growth centres (the Bathurst-Orange, Holsworthy-Campbelltown and Gosford-Wyong areas in New South Wales; Geelong and the South-East Melbourne area in Victoria; the Moreton and Fitzroy regions and Townsville in Queensland; Monarto in South Australia; Salvado in Western Australia; and the Tamar region in Tasmania); and

(ii) study programmes relating to urban and regional development in these centres and in other places in Tasmania.

The provisions in this Act are broadly similar to those in the *Albury-Wodonga Development (Financial Assistance) Act* 1973, as described briefly above.

Assistance in 1973–74 totalled $4,449,000, made up of $4,414,000 for the development of Monarto in South Australia and a grant of $35,000 for studies undertaken in Tasmania.

Appropriate agreements are expected to be completed with other States in 1974–75. An amount of $31.4 million is provided in the Budget for this year, including a final payment of about $1.1 million in respect of the approved 1973–74 program for Monarto.

Summary of Payments

The following table shows the amounts provided to each State in 1973–74 and those proposed for 1974–75.

TABLE 45—PAYMENTS FOR GROWTH CENTRES AND RELATED PROJECTS(*a*)

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1973–74—							
Grants for Studies	430	413	..	118	..	35	996
Grants for Land Acquisition and Development Works ..	67	67	..	(*b*)237	..	..	371
Advances for Land Acquisition and Development Works ..	133	1,021	..	(*c*)4,059	..	..	5,213
Total	630	1,500	..	(*c*)4,414	..	35	6,579
1974–75 (estimates)—							
Actual Payments(*d*)	25,000	40,000	500	4,879	500	500	71,379
Capitalised Interest(*e*) ..	822	1,469	16	444	..	6	2,757
Total	25,822	41,469	516	5,323	500	506	74,136

(*a*) For purposes of this document all payments to the States for growth centres and related projects are treated as being of a capital nature.
(*b*) Includes assistance of $42,000 towards the establishment costs of the Monarto Development Commission.
(*c*) Includes 'capitalised interest' of $561—that is interest payments which have been deferred and added to the amount of principal outstanding and on which interest thus accrues. Amounts of capitalised interest are shown in this and other Budget documents as interest payments notionally made by the State concerned to the Australian Government and advances notionally made by that Government to the State.
(*d*) The estimates, particularly for individual States, are tentative only; in view of this, it is not considered realistic to attempt to provide a detailed dissection of the estimates.
(*e*) *See* footnote (*c*). The estimates are approximate only.

Area Improvement Programs

An amount of $8 million was provided in the 1973–74 Budget for alleviation of urban problems in certain local government areas of the western regions of Sydney and of Melbourne, of which $5 million was provided to New South Wales and $2.4 million to Victoria. The remaining $0.6 million will be allocated in 1974–75. In addition, further assistance up to a maximum of $13.5 million is to be paid in 1974–75, comprising $4 million for the alleviation of urban problems in the western regions of Sydney and Melbourne, and $9.5 million for an additional eleven regions in various States.

The assistance is made available for specific projects approved by the Minister for Urban and Regional Development after consultation with the appropriate State Minister. Amongst the projects approved in 1973–74 were urban and environmental studies, tree-planting programs, acquisitions of parkland and open

space, the provision of library materials, conservation schemes and design and documentation of community facilities. It is expected that the assistance to be provided in 1974–75 will be used for similar purposes.

The following table shows the amounts paid in 1973–74 and those proposed for 1974–75.

TABLE 46—ASSISTANCE FOR AREA IMPROVEMENT

$'000

——	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT				
1973–74	347	92	..	..	..	..	439
1974–75 (estimate)(*a*) ..	1,240	1,050	550	110	170	..	3,120
			CAPITAL				
1973–74	4,653	2,308	..	..	..	..	6,961
1974–75 (estimate)(*a*) ..	4,360	3,700	1,950	390	580	..	10,980
			TOTAL				
1973–74	5,000	2,400	..	..	..	..	7,400
1974–75 (estimate) ..	5,600	4,750	2,500	500	750	..	14,100

(*a*) The allocation of the assistance expected to be paid in 1974–75 between that to be used for recurrent purposes and that to be used for capital purposes is approximate only.

Assistance for Land Acquisition and Development in Urban Areas

The *Land Commissions (Financial Assistance) Act* 1973 authorised the provision of financial assistance to the States, up to a maximum of $30 million, in respect of expenditure by approved State authorities on programs of land acquisition approved by the Minister for Urban and Regional Development.

The object of the program is to make land available for residential and associated uses at fair prices and to facilitate the planning and development of new urban areas; the Act also provided for the acquisition and preservation of open space for purposes of conservation and recreation. The Act provided that financial assistance for land for residential and associated purposes take the form of loans, and that that for open space land take the form of grants.

South Australia was the first State to accept the principles of the Land Commission program and the South Australian Land Commission began operating in 1973–74. It is expected that Land Commissions, or similar arrangements, will become operational in other States during the course of 1974–75.

Payments to the States in 1973–74 totalled $11.5 million, made up of a payment of $8 million for the South Australian Land Commission and $3.5 million to Victoria for the acquisition of Emerald Hill. Both these payments took the

form of loans. Assistance up to a maximum of $54,450,000 will be made available under new legislation in 1974–75. This figure includes a proposed grant of $3.5 million to Victoria for the acquisition of open space in the south-east sector of Melbourne (Mornington Peninsula) to preserve the area for purposes of conservation and recreation. The allocation of the remaining amount will, however, depend on progress with negotiations with individual States and on relevant circumstances in each State.

It is intended that assistance in 1974–75 be made available on terms with parameters broadly similar to those set down in the 1973 legislation. It is expected that, apart from the proposed grant of $3.5 million to Victoria, nearly all of the payments to be made in 1974–75 will take the form of loans, but some could be provided as grants, depending on the purposes for which land is acquired (*see* above).

The 1973 legislation includes provision for the 'capitalisation' of interest payments—that is, for interest accruing on outstanding loans to be deferred for a period of years rather than paid immediately, and added to the amount of principal outstanding. These amounts are included in this and other Budget documents as interest payments notionally made by the State concerned to the Australian Government and advances notionally made by that Government to the State.

The following table sets out the payments made in 1973–74 and estimated payments in 1974–75.

TABLE 47—PAYMENTS TO THE STATES FOR LAND ACQUISITION AND DEVELOPMENT

$'000

—	Actual Payments	'Capitalised Interest'(*a*)	Total
1973–74—			
Victoria	3,500	31	3,531
South Australia ..	8,000	..	8,000
Total ..	11,500	31	11,531
1974–75 (estimates)—			
Total(*b*) ..	54,450	2,400	56,850

(*a*) *See* text above. The estimate for 1974-75 is approximate only.

(*b*) For reasons explained above, a State by State allocation of this total is not available.

National Sewerage Program

In 1973–74 the Australian Government embarked upon a program of assistance to the States designed to eliminate the backlog of sewerage works in principal urban areas. The *Sewerage Agreements Act* 1973 authorised the provision of specified amounts of assistance, totalling $30 million, to those States entering into an agreement with the Australian Government in terms set out in a schedule to the Act. The agreement provided for approval, by the Australian Government, of specific programs of sewerage backlog works commenced before 1 July 1974 in principal urban areas (defined as the six capital cities, together with Wollongong, Newcastle, the Gold Coast and Launceston) submitted by the States, and for the payment of Australian Government advances (attracting interest at the long term bond rate) in respect of these programs. Actual payments made in 1973–74 totalled $27.9 million. It is anticipated that all but $0.3 million of the amount of $2.1 million not paid in 1973–74 will be taken up in 1974–75.

During 1973–74 the Australian Government agreed to provide additional advances of $3.95 million to Victoria, $1.0 million to Queensland and $3.0 million to Western Australia in respect of works commenced by the States before 1 July 1974. These advances will be paid in 1974–75. The Budget also includes provision for a further $95 million, which includes amounts of $5 million to extend the program to smaller cities and $2 million for research, training, monitoring and planning. These further amounts are expected to be paid under new long-term agreements with the States. It is intended that all of the payments for research, training, monitoring and planning will take the form of grants. The assistance for sewerage works will be provided partly by way of grants and partly by way of loans.

A firm State by State allocation of the amount of $95 million was not determined at the time this document was prepared. Accordingly, the estimates given in the following table are tentative only; no commitment to the provision of the precise amounts shown is implied.

TABLE 48—PAYMENTS FOR SEWERAGE WORKS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
GRANTS FOR RECURRENT PURPOSES							
1973–74 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1974–75 ..	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,000
PAYMENTS FOR CAPITAL WORKS							
1973–74 ..	11,200	9,300	2,007	1,598	3,800	..	27,905
1974–75(*a*) ..	34,100	(*b*) 34,000	(*b*)13,543	(*b*)3,002	(*b*)15,400	(*b*) 2,700	(*b*) 102,745
TOTAL PAYMENTS							
1973–74 ..	11,200	9,300	2,007	1,598	3,800	..	27,905
1974–75(*a*) ..	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	(*b*) 104,745

(*a*) Approximate estimates only; *see* text above.
(*b*) Includes payments agreed to in 1973–74 in respect of works commenced before 1 July 1974—*see* text above.

Community Facilities—Townsville

Advances are being provided to the Queensland Government for on-passing to the Townsville City Council for this purpose. Advances to 30 June 1974 totalled $361,008, and the estimate for 1974–75 is $67,000. This matter is referred to in more detail in Chapter V.

Pilbara Feasibility Study

The Australian Government agreed, in December 1972, to provide a grant of $125,000 (one-half of the estimated total cost) towards a feasibility study into the development potential of the Pilbara region of Western Australia. The full amount of the grant was paid in 1973–74. The Australian Government has agreed to extend this grant by an additional $25,000, all of which is expected to be paid in 1974–75.

ASSISTANCE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT

There are, commencing in 1974–75, two new programs of payments to the States specifically for the assistance of local government authorities. These are referred to briefly below; further details of each are given in Chapter V. Both of these forms of payments are included in Tables 2 and 94 under the heading 'Not Allocated to Function'.

Grants Recommended by Grants Commission

The Government has accepted the recommendation of the Grants Commission that grants totalling $56,345,000 be paid to the States in 1974–75 for on-passing, in specified amounts, to local government authorities. The purpose of these grants is to reduce financial inequalities existing between local government authorities.

Regional Organisations Assistance Program

An amount of $314,000 is being provided in the 1974-75 Budget for a program of financial assistance for regional organizations of local government approved by the Minister for Urban and Regional Development under the *Grants Commission Act* 1973.

TRANSPORT

The Australian Government has been making payments to the States for transport purposes continuously since 1923–24, when it began providing grants for roads. Among the areas of specific purpose assistance to the States payments for transport are second in magnitude only to those for education. Of the estimated total payments of $421.3 million for this function in 1974–75, $350.3 million is for roads, $2.1 million is for railway projects, $67.5 million is provided for urban public transport and $1.4 million is for shipping and harbours. Payments being made in each of these areas are outlined below.

Roads

As noted above, the States have received Australian Government assistance for expenditure on roads since 1923–24. The assistance has taken two main forms—general assistance under the various Commonwealth Aid Roads Acts and comparable legislation, and assistance for specific roads or specific road projects. Payments of the latter kind have been relatively small and are, with a minor exception in 1974–75, to be subsumed within the new general program of assistance to the States for roads which is to commence this year.

Arrangements 1969–70 *to* 1973–74

The arrangements applying over this period were based to a considerable extent on recommendations contained in a 'Report on Commonwealth Financial Assistance to the States for Roads' presented to the Government by the Commonwealth Bureau of Roads (which had been established in 1964).

Under the *Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1969 grants totalling $1,252.05 million were paid to the States for roads during the five-year period 1969–70 to 1973–74. The Act provided for a principal grant of $1,200 million and supplementary grants totalling $52.05 million. The principal grant was distributed between the six States by giving equal weight to the distribution under the *Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1964 and the distribution indicated by an analysis undertaken by the Bureau of Roads of the relative needs for roads expenditure. In addition, in recognition of the problems that could be created for the smaller States by too rapid a change from the distribution formula that had applied previously, supplementary grants were provided to South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania and were phased out at the end of the five-year period. Broadly in accordance with recommendations of the Bureau, the grants (other than the supplementary grants) were allocated between various categories of roads and planning and research.

In this period specific grants were also provided for beef cattle roads, for maintenance of the Eyre and Barkly Highways, for the sealing of the Eyre Highway in 1972–73 and 1973–74 and, in 1973–74 only, for safety improvements to roads. With the exception of a small amount expected to be paid for beef roads in 1974–75, there will not be specific grants for these purposes in 1974–75 and subsequent years; they have been subsumed within the general program of assistance for roads.

Details of arrangements applying in this and previous periods are provided in Appendix IV. The new roads arrangements expected to apply in 1974–75 and subsequent years are summarized below, followed by an outline of the present position in relation to the provision of assistance for beef cattle roads.

Roads Arrangements Expected to Apply 1974–75 to 1976–77

In November 1973 the Government received from the Commonwealth Bureau of Roads a 'Report on Roads in Australia 1973' which contained recommendations for a program of expenditure on roads in the States over the five years 1974–75 to 1978–79; it envisaged grants to the States over that period of $2,607 million with a review of the position before the end of 1976–77.

Although the Government, in formulating proposals for a new program, has been guided to a considerable extent by the programs laid down in the Bureau's report, the program adopted differs significantly from that recommended by the Bureau. The proposed new arrangements were outlined to the States at the June 1974 Premiers' Conference and embodied in three Bills—the National Roads Bill 1974, the Roads Grants Bill 1974 and the Transport (Planning and Research) Bill 1974—introduced into the Parliament in July 1974. The last of the three Bills was passed by the Parliament and given Royal Assent in August. The other two Bills have been amended and are to be reconsidered by the Senate in the Budget sittings.

The Act and the two Bills each relate to the three-year period 1974–75 to 1976–77. It is intended to legislate in about 18 months time for the arrangements applying for the subsequent three years. It is expected that this legislation will integrate road and urban public transport assistance.

The Act/proposed Acts together provide for payment of grants to the States totalling $1,126 million over the three-year period commencing on 1 July 1974. Provision is made for transfers of grants, subject to Australian Government approval, between categories of expenditure, between the National Roads Bill and the Road Grants Bill and from one year to another (although over the three year period grants provided under each proposed Act are not to exceed the

total specified in each). The following table shows the amounts that are provided for in each Act/proposed Act in each of the three years of the proposed program.

TABLE 49—PROPOSED GRANTS FOR ROADS, 1974–75 TO 1976–77

$'000

—	National Roads Bill 1974	Roads Grants Bill 1974	Transport (Planning and Research) Act 1974	Total
1974–75	103,000	239,400	7,600	350,000
1975–76	130,000	229,900	9,100	369,000
1976–77	167,000	230,700	9,300	407,000
Total	400,000	700,000	26,000	1,126,000

Under the National Roads Bill 1974 grants are allocated to meet 100 per cent of the approved cost of approved construction and maintenance of declared national highways, such a highway being the principal road linking (i) two or more State capital cities, (ii) a State capital city and either Canberra or Darwin, (iii) Brisbane and Cairns, and (iv) Hobart and Burnie, and other roads which may be considered of national importance. (Financial assistance for maintenance of the Eyre and Barkly Highways and for sealing the Eyre Highway, previously provided as separate specific items, is, for future years, encompassed within this Bill.) Initially, it is intended that the network of highways will be that identified in the Bureau of Roads' 'Report on Roads in Australia 1973'.

The Bill also provides for grants for declared roads facilitating trade and commerce with other countries and between the States, on a similar basis to those for national highways. These are referred to in the legislation as export roads and major commercial roads.

The following table shows the State by State distribution of the grants provided for in this Bill.

TABLE 50—GRANTS PROVIDED FOR IN THE NATIONAL ROADS BILL 1974
1974–75 TO 1976–77

$'000

—	National Highways		Construction and Maintenance of Export Roads and Major Commercial Roads	Total
	Construction	Maintenance		
New South Wales ..	112,900	9,700	14,100	136,700
Victoria	53,400	4,900	13,100	71,400
Queensland	62,200	11,700	6,100	80,000
South Australia ..	47,400	3,900	2,600	53,900
Western Australia ..	26,100	6,500	2,800	35,400
Tasmania	19,900	1,400	1,300	22,600
Total	321,900	38,100	40,000	400,000

The Roads Grants Bill 1974 provides for grants to the States towards approved expenditures on urban arterial roads, rural arterial and developmental roads, beef roads, urban local roads, rural local roads, and minor traffic engineering and road safety improvements (MITERS). These are exclusive of roads designated under the National Roads Bill 1974. This proposed legislation encompasses roads assistance previously provided separately to the States for beef roads and road safety improvements. In addition, grants specifically for urban local roads are proposed for the first time.

The following table shows the State by State, and category by category, allocations of the grants provided for in this Bill.

TABLE 51—GRANTS PROVIDED FOR IN THE ROADS GRANTS BILL 1974
DIVISION BETWEEN STATES AND CATEGORIES—1974–75 TO 1976–77

$'000

—	Rural Arterial and Developmental Roads	Rural Local Roads	MITERS (a)	Urban Arterial Roads	Urban Local Roads	Beef Roads	Total
New South Wales	29,700	43,000	7,900	117,000	9,900	..	207,500
Victoria ..	9,500	21,900	6,200	109,200	9,800	..	156,600
Queensland ..	30,800	39,700	6,200	42,200	4,800	24,000	147,700
South Australia..	4,700	13,200	4,400	20,300	2,400	..	45,000
Western Australia	23,600	27,300	3,600	56,200	2,500	..	113,200
Tasmania ..	6,700	10,900	1,700	10,100	600	..	30,000
Total ..	105,000	156,000	30,000	355,000	30,000	24,000	700,000

(a) Minor Traffic Engineering and Road Safety Improvements.

The *Transport (Planning and Research) Act* 1974 authorises the payment of grants totalling $26 million to meet two-thirds of the approved costs of planning and research projects in relation to roads or road transport and urban public transport undertaken by the States and approved by the Australian Government. These transport types were combined in recognition of the need for a balanced approach towards transport matters.

Of the $26 million, $11 million was not allocated among the States and is aimed at imparting some flexibility to the arrangements and allowing projects competing for these funds to be judged on their own merits. The other $15 million is allocated as follows:—

TABLE 52—GRANTS PAYABLE UNDER TRANSPORT (PLANNING AND RESEARCH) ACT 1974—DIVISION OF PART THEREOF BETWEEN STATES
1974–75 TO 1976–77

$'000

New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
5,800	4,000	2,300	1,100	1,400	400	15,000

The *Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1969 required that each State Government, in order to qualify for its share of the principal and (where applicable) supplementary grants, spend on roads, from its own resources, annual amounts increasing at the same rate as the increase in the number of motor vehicles on register in the State. The 1974 Act/proposed Acts set down annual quotas for each State; these were determined after consideration of estimates made by the Bureau of Roads of finance which might be available for roads from State Government sources. However, provision is made for the States to carry forward, annually, excesses or deficiencies in expenditure from their own resources. The quotas are as follows:—

TABLE 53—ROADS GRANTS 1974–75 TO 1976–77
QUOTAS TO BE MET FROM STATE SOURCES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1974–75 ..	124,600	83,300	36,300	25,400	23,800	8,500	301,900
1975–76 ..	124,600	93,700	42,500	28,400	28,400	9,500	327,100
1976–77 ..	124,600	104,200	49,100	31,400	33,600	10,400	353,300
Total ..	373,800	281,200	127,900	85,200	85,800	28,400	982,300

The following table shows the amounts paid to each State for roads under the *Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1969, and the amounts provided for 1974–75 under the National Roads Bill 1974, the Roads Grants Bill 1974 and the *Transport (Planning and Research) Act* 1974. (The part of the unallocated amount of $11 million to be paid in 1974–75 under the latter Act has been included in the table by distributing it between the States in the same proportion as the allocated amount under that Act. No commitment to the provision of these amounts is implied.) Annual payments prior to 1969–70 are shown in Table 121 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 54—GRANTS UNDER GENERAL ROADS ACTS(*a*)

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1969–70 ..	57,060	38,160	34,740	21,000	32,940	9,100	193,000
1970–71 ..	64,980	43,460	39,560	23,500	36,270	10,230	218,000
1971–72 ..	74,500	49,820	45,360	25,500	39,250	10,820	245,250
1972–73 ..	85,590	57,240	52,110	28,000	43,910	12,150	279,000
1973–74 ..	98,270	65,720	59,830	31,000	48,030	13,950	316,800
1974–75 (estimate)	109,173	71,848	71,457	31,196	49,261	17,065	350,000

(*a*) That is, under the *Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1969; the *Transport (Planning and Research) Act* 1974 and the proposed National Roads and Roads Grants legislation.

Beef Cattle Roads

For a number of years specific grants and loans have been made available to the States for the construction and improvement of certain roads used for the transport of beef cattle. The construction of these roads is aimed particularly at increasing the turn-off of beef cattle for export.

Details are given in Appendix IV of the legislation under which payments of $20.5 million were made to Queensland and of $8.4 million to Western Australia in the period 1961–62 to 1966–67.

Under the *States Grants (Beef Cattle Roads) Act* 1968 grants were provided to Queensland, Western Australia and South Australia for a further program of beef cattle road construction over the seven years ending 30 June 1974. The Act authorised payments to the States of up to $39.5 million for Queensland, $9.5 million for Western Australia and $1 million for South Australia. However, at the date of expiry of the Act, the grants provided to Queensland were $279,000 less than the maximum amount provided for under the Act. It is intended to amend the Act so as to make available the remaining grants to Queensland during the first half of 1974–75.

As noted above, grants of $24 million are provided in the Roads Grants Bill 1974 for Queensland towards approved expenditure on beef roads. It is intended that $6 million of these grants be provided in 1974–75.

Payments that have been made to the States for beef cattle roads are shown in Table 123 in Appendix IV.

Railway Construction Projects

Financial assistance is provided to the States for expenditure on various railways projects. Brief notes on the projects which have been completed, and details of assistance provided for them, are included in Appendix IV. Financial assistance is currently being made available for the projects outlined below.

In addition to expenditure on these projects there will be grants to the States for railway projects included under the program for assistance for urban public transport (*see* below).

(*a*) *South Australia*

The *Railway Standardization (South Australia) Agreement Act* 1949 provides for the carrying out of various rail gauge standardization works in South Australia, the Australian Government being required to provide initially all the finance and the State to repay 30 per cent of this by instalments over a period of fifty years, plus

interest on outstanding balances. Conversion of the 3ft 6in gauge lines of the South-eastern Division of the State to 5ft 3in gauge, pending conversion of the main South Australian and Victorian systems to standard 4ft 8½in gauge, was completed in 1959 and work is completed on the conversion to standard gauge of the Port Pirie–Cockburn railway. Payments by the Australian Government for these purposes up to 30 June 1974 totalled $48 million.

In May 1974 the Prime Minister and the Premier of South Australia signed the *Adelaide–Crystal Brook Railway Agreement* which, once ratified by both Parliaments, will provide financial assistance to the State for the construction of a standard gauge railway to link Adelaide with the east-west railway at Crystal Brook. The Australian Government will be providing finance on the same terms as outlined above for the 1949 Agreement with South Australia. Provision has been made for a payment of $900,000 in 1974–75, subject to the passage of enabling legislation.

The *Railway Agreement (New South Wales and South Australia) Act* 1968 provided for the construction on behalf of South Australia of a standard gauge railway from Cockburn to Broken Hill together with various railway works associated with the standard gauge connection. This project had been completed to the stage where trans-continental trains were able to begin running during the early part of 1970. The Australian Government is providing finance on the same terms as outlined above for the 1949 Agreement with South Australia. Payments up to 30 June 1974 totalled $14.6 million and provision has been made for a further payment of $25,000 in 1974–75.

(*b*) *Western Australia*

Under the *Railway Agreement (Western Australia) Act* 1961 financial assistance is being provided to Western Australia for the construction of a standard gauge railway from Kwinana to Koolyanobbing, with an extension to Kalgoorlie, and for the purchase of rolling stock for the railway. While the project is associated with the development of an iron and steel industry at Kwinana using iron ore from Koolyanobbing, the extension of the railway eastward to Kalgoorlie also provides a standard gauge link between Perth and the Trans-Australian Railway.

For financing purposes the cost of the project is divided equally into two parts, one of which is attributed to development and the other to the creation of a uniform gauge railway between Western Australia and the Eastern States. The Australian Government will provide initially all of the finance for that part of the cost associated with railway standardization and the State will repay 30 per cent by instalments over fifty years, plus interest on outstanding balances.

The Australian Government is providing finance initially for 70 per cent of the cost attributed to development and the State is to repay this in full over twenty years, plus interest on outstanding balances. Total payments to Western Australia to 30 June 1974 amounted to $102.6 million and provision has been made for a further payment of $348,000 in 1974–75.

The table below shows payments to the States for railway projects from 1967–68, including estimated payments in 1974–75. Annual details prior to 1967–68 are given in Table 124, Appendix IV, which also includes a break-down of payments between grants and loans. Table 125 in Appendix IV shows debt charges associated with loans for railway projects.

TABLE 55—PAYMENTS FOR RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1967–68 ..	8,250	..	578	6,628	19,458	..	34,914
1968–69 ..	1,750	..	..	8,878	8,362	..	18,990
1969–70 ..	..	..	..	12,212	7,900	..	20,112
1970–71 ..	..	..	..	2,048	5,236	..	7,284
1971–72 ..	..	..	..	1,024	1,988	3,094	6,106
1972–73 ..	..	..	..	556	1,250	1,156	2,962
1973–74 ..	..	..	..	319	508	..	827
1974–75 (estimate) (*a*)	..	..	..	925	348	..	1,273

(*a*) Excludes payments for railway projects to be made under the program of assistance for urban public transport. (*See* below.)

Railway Intersystem Passenger Vehicles

As a preliminary to the operation of a direct standard gauge passenger service between Sydney and Perth, in June 1969 standard gauge passenger trains commenced operating between Port Pirie and Perth. To provide this service, certain vehicles from the Commonwealth Railways then existing fleet as well as new vehicles purchased by Commonwealth Railways were placed into a common 'pool' for operating the 'Trans-Australian' service between Port Pirie and Perth. In March 1970 the direct standard gauge passenger service ('The Indian-Pacific') commenced between Sydney and Perth and for this new service a separate fleet of new vehicles was brought into operation, the purchase of which was also initially financed by Commonwealth Railways. The railway systems of New South Wales, South Australia and Western Australia are repaying a share of the cost of the rolling stock for both services, with interest on outstanding balances, over a period of 35 years. The total debt has been divided between the three State systems and Commonwealth Railways in proportion to operating distance.

The following table shows advances that have been made to the States and estimates for 1974–75.

TABLE 56—ADVANCES FOR RAILWAY INTERSYSTEM PASSENGER VEHICLES

$'000

—	New South Wales	South Australia	Western Australia	Total
1968–69	..	..	2,690	2,690
1969–70	736	260	700	1,696
1970–71	303	107	203	613
1971–72	232	82	−456	−142
1972–73	..	..	784	784
1973–74 (estimate) ..	190	65	650	905
1974–75 (estimate) ..	..	..	800	800

Perth Underground Railway Study

The Australian Government agreed in June 1973 to provide a grant to Western Australia towards the cost of a feasibility study concerning an underground railway system in Perth. The estimated cost of the study was $350,000 and the Australian Government was to meet up to two-thirds of this amount. Payment of $188,000 was made in 1973–74, and it is intended that the remaining $45,333 will be provided in 1974–75.

Urban Public Transport

The *States Grants (Urban Public Transport) Act* 1974, and the *Urban Public Transport (Research and Planning) Act* 1974, passed by the Parliament in its July 1974 sittings, authorise the payment of grants up to $72.91 million to the States as part of a five-year program to assist in the upgrading of urban public transport (including railways). Assistance by the Australian Government under this program is being provided for two-thirds of the approved cost of approved projects. Of the amount of $72.91 million, $32.09 million was to have been made available in 1973–74. However, owing to lack of legislative authority, disbursement of funds in 1973–74 was not possible.

It is estimated that, in 1974–75, $39.64 million will be provided under these Acts towards the cost of urban public transport projects which have already been approved by the Australian Government. It is also estimated that an additional $27.85 million will be provided in 1974–75 towards the cost of further projects to be approved under the program, for which it is expected that $66.11 million will be provided to the States in total over the entire period of the program.

Grants for planning and research are being provided under this program only in respect of activities undertaken in 1973–74. Assistance for such projects in 1974–75 and subsequent years is to be provided under the *Transport (Planning and Research) Act* 1974 (*see* above).

The following table shows the grants estimated to be paid to the States in 1974–75 under this program.

TABLE 57—ESTIMATED GRANTS UNDER THE URBAN PUBLIC TRANSPORT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM—1974–75

$'000

New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
20,643	20,596	7,757	11,990	3,776	2,727	67,489

Shipping and Harbours

King Island Harbour Works

Under the *King Island Harbour Agreement Act* 1973 the Australian Government is providing financial assistance to Tasmania of up to $1,355,000 towards the cost of constructing port facilities at Grassy Harbour, King Island. The proposed financial assistance is to comprise $677,500 by way of a grant and $677,500 in the form of a loan repayable over fifteen years.

An initial payment of $1,113,000 was made to the State in 1972–73. No further payment was made in 1973–74. However, it is estimated that a payment of $20,000 will be made in 1974–75.

King Island Shipping Service

The Australian Government agreed in August 1974 to provide to Tasmania a loan of $1,415,000, repayable over fifteen years, for the purchase of a vessel and some associated equipment and works to provide a shipping service to King Island. It is estimated that the full amount will be paid in 1974–75.

ECONOMIC SERVICES—WATER SUPPLY AND ELECTRICITY

Gladstone Power Station

Under the *Gladstone Power Station Agreement Act* 1970 financial assistance is being provided to Queensland by way of loans to help finance the construction of a thermal power station at Gladstone in Central Queensland. The amount to be provided for the project is proportionate to the total cost of the power station in the ratio of 80 to 155. Payments to 30 June 1974 amounted to $40.6 million, including a payment of $26.6 million in 1973–74, and it is estimated that a further $32 million will be made available in 1974–75.

Julius Dam

The Australian Government has agreed to provide loans of up to $2 million to Queensland towards the cost of constructing the Julius Dam to provide additional water supplies in the Mount Isa region. The loans will be repayable over a period of ten years commencing on 15 December 1974. Owing to the lack of legislative authority funds were not disbursed in 1973–74 and it is now estimated that the full amount of $2 million will be paid to the State in 1974–75.

Ross River Dam

The Australian Government has agreed to provide grants of up to $2.56 million to Queensland towards the cost of construction of Stage 2 of the Ross River Dam which will supply water to Townsville. Stage 1 of the Ross River Dam was completed recently at a total cost of $11.4 million with the assistance of an earlier Australian Government grant of $1.5 million. It is estimated that $600,000 will be paid to the State in 1974–75.

Urban Water Supply—South Australia

An amount of $4.4 million is proposed to be made available to South Australia in 1974–75 to assist with the construction of a new water treatment plant in Metropolitan Adelaide.

ECONOMIC SERVICES—INDUSTRY ASSISTANCE

Softwood Forestry

Under the *Softwood Forestry Agreements Act* 1967 financial assistance was provided to all States for a program of increased planting of softwood forests over the five-year period ended on 30 June 1971. The assistance to each State was by way of interest-bearing loans repayable over twenty-five years, with repayments and the payment of interest to commence approximately ten years after the date of each advance. Total payments to the States under this Act amounted to $17.7 million, including adjusting payments of $389,000 and $137,000 in 1971–72 and 1972–73 respectively.

Under the *Softwood Forestry Agreements Act* 1972 financial assistance is being provided for a further five-year planting program ending on 30 June 1976. As under the previous Agreement, the assistance to be provided is to be by way of interest bearing loans repayable over twenty-five years, with repayments and the payment of interest to commence approximately ten years after the date of each advance.

Payments to 30 June 1974 amounting to $14.2 million have been made to the States under this Agreement, including $4.9 million in 1973–74. It is estimated that further payments of $7.4 million will be made in 1974–75.

The following table shows payments that have been made to the States for this purpose and estimated payments in 1974–75.

TABLE 58—ADVANCES FOR SOFTWOOD FORESTRY

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1966–67 ..	..	..	201	90	..	..	291
1967–68 ..	1,500	300	481	205	450	520	3,456
1968–69 ..	1,200	500	954	230	500	488	3,872
1969–70 ..	1,800	480	925	350	859	400	4,814
1970–71 ..	1,401	815	1,144	300	424	700	4,784
1971–72 ..	..	..	196	93	56	45	389
1972–73 ..	3,237	1,542	2,160	400	1,020	1,101	9,459
1973–74 ..	2,000	..	1,535	252	416	672	4,875
1974–75 (estimate)	2,500	1,650	1,750	250	587	639	7,376

Rural Reconstruction

In accordance with an agreement reached between the Australian Government and the States in 1971, and extended in 1973, assistance is made available under the *States Grants (Rural Reconstruction) Act* 1971–1973, partly as grants and partly as loans, for the purpose of a rural reconstruction scheme. The Act provides for the scheme to operate to 30 June 1976. The scheme embraces debt reconstruction, farm build-up and the rehabilitation of those farmers in necessitous circumstances who are obliged to seek alternative employment. The Australian Government has agreed to provide $177 million (excluding $3 million to Queensland outside the scheme but on the same terms and conditions) to cover commitments up to 30 June 1975.

Payments to 30 June 1974 totalled nearly $131 million and a further $30 million is being provided for payment in 1974–75. That would leave $16 million to be committed during 1974–75 and carried over for payment in 1975–76.

The following table shows the payments that have been made to the States and estimated payments in 1974–75.

TABLE 59—PAYMENTS FOR RURAL RECONSTRUCTION

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
				GRANTS			
1970–71 ..	1,000	..	..	..	..	..	1,000
1971–72 ..	2,750	2,125	2,650	750	1,625	100	10,000
1972–73 ..	3,375	3,392	1,825	1,525	2,033	550	12,700
1973–74 ..	2,625	1,900	1,842	1,075	1,325	175	8,942
1974–75 (estimate)	3,079	1,316	929	683	1,158	335	7,500
				ADVANCES			
1970–71 ..	3,000	..	..	..	..	..	3,000
1971–72 ..	8,250	6,375	7,950	2,250	4,875	300	30,000
1972–73 ..	10,125	10,178	5,475	4,575	6,097	1,650	38,100
1973–74 ..	7,875	5,700	5,525	3,225	3,975	525	26,825
1974–75 (estimate)	9,238	3,948	2,787	2,049	3,472	1,006	22,500
				TOTAL PAYMENTS			
1970–71 ..	4,000	..	..	..	..	..	4,000
1971–72 ..	11,000	8,500	10,600	3,000	6,500	400	40,000
1972–73 ..	13,500	13,570	7,300	6,100	8,130	2,200	50,800
1973–74 ..	10,500	7,600	7,367	4,300	5,300	700	35,767
1974–75 (estimate)	12,317	5,264	3,716	2,732	4,630	1,341	30,000

Marginal Dairy Farms Reconstruction

The original scheme for this purpose, which ran in parallel with the rural reconstruction scheme, was authorised by the *Marginal Dairy Farms Agreement Act* 1970, which provided for agreements to be made between the Australian and State Governments to assist in the reconstruction of dairy farms. An amount of up to $25 million, partly as grants and partly as loans, was to be made available over a period of 4 years.

The original scheme aimed to assist low income dairy farmers to leave the industry by facilitating the sale of their farms; to make other holdings more profitable by assisting in the purchase of marginal dairy farms; and to encourage diversification of production into the most practicable economic land use on newly amalgamated holdings.

In April 1974 the Australian Government announced a two-year $28 million dairy adjustment assistance scheme under which the original scheme will be continued and broadened to remove limits on vendor participation; to encourage amalgamation by lifting restraints on farm size after build-up; to help diversification out of dairying; and to provide an extended range of assistance for those

remaining in the industry. The widened scheme would also embrace assistance to aid prospectively viable suppliers to change over to refrigerated whole milk supply, and to help relocation of farmers who decide to leave the industry.

The following table shows payments that have been paid to the States for this purpose, and estimated payments in 1974–75.

TABLE 60—PAYMENTS FOR MARGINAL DAIRY FARMS RECONSTRUCTION

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			GRANTS				
1970–71 ..	..	..	1,385	..	194	..	1,579
1971–72 ..	500	142	2,750	105	239	60	3,796
1972–73 ..	250	45	1,000	..	138	15	1,448
1973–74 ..	125	72	328	..	70	12	607
1974–75 (estimate)	340	110	2,245	45	200	60	3,000
			ADVANCES				
1970–71 ..	..	..	1,385	..	158	..	1,543
1971–72 ..	500	143	2,750	105	239	60	3,797
1972–73 ..	250	45	1,000	50	139	15	1,499
1973–74 ..	125	73	328	..	..	12	538
1974–75 (estimate)	1,340	2,110	3,545	45	400	1,060	8,500
			TOTAL PAYMENTS				
1970–71 ..	..	..	2,770	..	352	..	3,122
1971–72 ..	1,000	285	5,500	210	478	120	7,593
1972–73 ..	500	90	2,000	50	277	30	2,947
1973–74 ..	250	145	656	..	70	24	1,145
1974–75 (estimate)	1,680	2,220	5,790	90	600	1,120	11,500

Fruitgrowing Industry Reconstruction

In 1972 the States were offered $4.6 million in financial assistance towards a scheme for the removal of trees deemed to be surplus to long-term market requirements. It was originally intended that applications for assistance close on 30 June 1973 but this was subsequently extended to 30 June 1974 and it is now proposed that the date be extended further, to 31 December 1975. This assistance is being provided under the *States Grants (Fruitgrowing Reconstruction) Act* 1972–1973.

Payments to the States, including estimated payments in 1974–75, are shown in the following table—

TABLE 61—GRANTS FOR FRUITGROWING RECONSTRUCTION

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1972–73 ..	140	100	10	25	..	100	375
1973–74 ..	500	430	..	57	18	650	1,655
1974–75 (estimate)	100	250	150	150	50	800	1,500

Eradication of Bovine Brucellosis and Tuberculosis

From January 1970 the Australian Government has joined with the States in an intensified campaign for the eradication of bovine brucellosis and tuberculosis. In 1973 a new two-year scheme was instituted under which the Australian Government would grant the mainland States up to $4.8 million and $6.4 million in 1973–74 and 1974–75 respectively, provided their expenditures were increased by at least 10 per cent per year (compounded) over 1972–73 levels. For the same two years, Tasmania was to receive about $100,000 per year.

In addition, in July 1973 the Australian Government joined the mainland States in a scheme to partially compensate owners of livestock slaughtered following positive reaction to bovine tuberculosis tests. In 1973–74 $197,000 was provided for this purpose and $1 million has been offered for the years 1974–75 and 1975–76.

The following table shows grants that have been made under these schemes and grants estimated to be paid in 1974–75.

TABLE 62—GRANTS FOR CURRENT EXPENDITURES ON THE ERADICATION OF BOVINE BRUCELLOSIS AND TUBERCULOSIS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1969–70 ..	32	37	..	36	64	34	203
1970–71 ..	450	577	80	113	119	82	1,421
1971–72 ..	786	700	458	177	192	91	2,404
1972–73 ..	1,250	1,150	885	235	380	100	4,000
1973–74 ..	1,952	1,681	470	551	343	137	5,134
1974–75 (estimate)	1,909	2,150	1,897	334	510	100	6,900

Agricultural Extension Services Grants

From 1948–49 annual grants have been made to the States to promote improved farm practices in the dairy industry and from 1952–53 further grants have been provided for expansion in the States of agricultural advisory services generally. In addition to the payments to the States, a small amount is expended directly by the Australian Government on projects nominated by the States but of common interest. Up to 30 June 1974 about $53 million had been paid to the States for this purpose.

The following table shows the payments to each State from 1970–71 and estimated payments in 1974–75. The amounts for earlier years are shown in Table 130 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 63—GRANTS FOR AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICES(*a*)

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1970–71 ..	1,188	1,194	1,153	538	598	314	4,985
1971–72 ..	1,475	1,364	1,251	651	589	349	5,679
1972–73 ..	1,680	1,490	1,380	690	680	380	6,300
1973–74 ..	1,797	1,601	1,525	760	771	348	6,802
1974–75 (estimate)	2,102	1,790	1,687	847	856	441	7,723

(*a*) Excludes expenditure incurred directly by the Australian Government on projects common to a number of States.

Minor Agricultural Research

Annual grants have been made to the States since 1960–61 to finance special investigation and extension projects of a new, short-term nature on a $1 for $1 matching basis with the States and/or industry. As with the extension services grants some projects common to several States are financed by direct grants to industry bodies.

Grants that have been paid to the State since 1970–71, and estimated grants in 1974–75, are shown in the following table. Grants in earlier years are given in Table 127 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 64—GRANTS FOR MINOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1970–71 ..	21	2	30	15	..	..	68
1971–72 ..	19	16	42	11	14	..	102
1972–73 ..	82	19	37	13	..	..	151
1973–74 ..	99	23	12	17	..	..	151
1974–75 (estimate)	75	22	14	17	..	..	128

Apples—Export Guarantee 1974 Season

In early 1974 the Australian Government agreed to join with the Governments of Queensland, Western Australia and Tasmania, on a dollar for dollar matching basis, in underwriting the financial returns on apples exported 'at risk' during 1974 to the United Kingdom and Europe, the maximum Australian Government contribution being $2,642,336. Grants estimated to be payable in 1974–75 are: Queensland $35,000, Western Australia $607,000 and Tasmania $2 million.

Australian Plague Locust Control

The Australian Government has agreed to meet half the expenditure incurred by the States from their revenue budgets in 1973–74 on Australian plague locust control, up to a maximum of $500,000. Payments in 1974–75, totalling $60,000, are expected to be: Victoria, $46,000; Queensland, $12,000; and South Australia, $2,000.

Trawl and Danish Seine Fishery Assistance

The Australian Government has agreed to provide assistance to the New South Wales Government, on a dollar for dollar sharing basis, for the assessment of the trawl and Danish seine fisheries in the State with a view to formulating practical and constructive management policies. Assistance up to a maximum of $105,000 will be provided over the three years 1974–75 to 1976–77; an initial contribution of $35,000 is expected to be paid in 1974–75.

Supplementary Assistance to Apple and Pear and Canning Fruit Industries

In 1973–74, in addition to emergency assistance made available to these industries to assist them in adjusting to the new conditions following revaluation of the Australian dollar, special assistance by way of grants amounting to $327,000 was made available to those fruit growers who were eligible and had applied for assistance under the Fruitgrowing Reconstruction Scheme. This assistance was paid through the States; for the amounts paid to individual States, *see* Table 87 in Appendix I.

Adjustment Assistance to Fruit Canneries

In 1973–74 the Australian Government provided grants, totalling $1.5 million, to fruit canneries to help offset the effects of currency re-alignments during 1971 and mid 1972. It was agreed that $838,000 of these grants would be applied to reducing loans provided earlier by the Australian Government to certain fruit canneries which are referred to in detail in Appendix IV, and that $662,000 be paid to other fruit canneries through the State Governments.

Details of payments and debt charges are given in the Appendices.

Brigalow Lands Development Scheme

The *Brigalow Lands Agreement Act* 1962–1967 approves an agreement with Queensland for the provision of financial assistance to that State for the development of 11,176,000 acres described as Areas 1, 2 and 3 in the Fitzroy River Basin. The principal purpose of the assistance is to increase the production of beef cattle.

The Act provides for assistance, subject to an overall limit of $23 million, to finance expenditure by the State on specified works during the thirteen years ending 30 June 1975. The assistance is in the form of interest-bearing loans repayable over twenty years. There is provision for the 'capitalisation' of interest payments—that is for interest accruing in a year to be added to the amount of principal outstanding rather than paid to the Australian Government. Amounts of such 'capitalised' interest are included in the relevant tables in this document as interest payments notionally made to the Australian Government, with equivalent amounts advanced to the State. Payments, on this basis, have totalled $15,445,000 to 30 June 1974 (of which $1,495,000 represents capitalized interest) and it is estimated that a total of $4.4 million (of which $216,000 represents capitalised interest) will be paid in 1974–75. Further details of payments and debt charges in respect of this program are given in Table 128 in Appendix IV.

Investigation and Measurement of Water Resources

In 1964–65 the Australian Government agreed to provide grants to the States in order to accelerate their programs of surface water measurement and investigation of underground water resources. The surface water program is aimed at completing a basic network of stream gauges throughout Australia; the underground investigations involve a general speeding up of the work of locating and measuring underground water resources.

Under the *States Grants (Water Resources) Acts* of 1964, 1967 and 1970 grants, totalling $11.4 million, were provided to the States for these purposes. The *States Grants (Water Resources Measurement) Act* 1973 provides for grants of up to $6,867,000 for the surface water measurement program and up to $8,242,000 for the investigation of underground water resources for the three-year period commencing 1 July 1973. In addition, the legislation is to be amended to provide $808,000 as grants for a two year water quality assessment program. The Budget provides $332,000 for this program in 1974–75.

The following table shows payments made to the States since 1970–71 and estimates for 1974–75; figures for earlier years are given in Table 131 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 65—GRANTS FOR THE INVESTIGATION OF WATER RESOURCES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1970–71 ..	863	420	516	187	572	64	2,622
1971–72 ..	..	422	544	158	670	71	1,864
1972–73 ..	1,779	453	563	161	710	71	3,736
1973–74 ..	1,182	762	770	371	1,300	71	4,455
1974–75 (estimate)	1,413	850	878	423	1,667	136	5,367

Fairbairn Dam (formerly Maraboon Dam)

The *Queensland Grant (Maraboon Dam) Act* 1968 provided for grants of up to $20 million to Queensland for the construction of the Fairbairn Dam on the Nogoa River near Emerald. Payments to 30 June 1974 amounted to $19.2 million which includes a payment of $622,000 in 1973–74. It is estimated that $315,000 will be provided in 1974–75. Annual payments prior to 1973–74 are given in Appendix VI.

Dawson River Weirs

The *Queensland Grant (Dawson River Weirs) Act* 1973 provided for grants of up to $550,000 to Queensland towards the cost of the construction of two weirs on the Dawson River and associated works. Payments to 30 June 1974 amounted to $95,145 and it is estimated that a further $454,855 will be paid in 1974–75.

Copeton Dam

The *New South Wales Grant (Gwydir River Dam) Act* 1969 provided for grants of up to $20 million to New South Wales for the construction of a dam on the Gwydir River near Copeton. Payments to 30 June 1974 amounted to $19.9 million, including a payment of $2 million in 1973–74, and it is estimated that $132,000 will be paid in 1974–75. Annual payments prior to 1973–74 are given in Appendix VI.

King River Dam

The *Victoria Grant (King River Dam) Act* 1969 provided for grants of up to $4 million to Victoria for the construction of a dam on the King River south of Cheshunt. Payments to 30 June 1974, amounted to $3.7 million, including a payment of $15,000 in 1973–74, and it is estimated that $28,500 will be paid in 1974–75. Annual payments prior to 1973–74 are given in Appendix VI.

River Murray Salinity Reduction

The *Victoria Grant (River Murray Salinity) Act* 1968 provided for grants of up to $3.6 million to Victoria for two salinity reduction projects on the River Murray. Payments by the Australian Government to 30 June 1974 amounted to $1.7 million which includes a payment of $7,000 in 1973–74. It is estimated that $8,000 will be paid in 1974–75. Annual payments prior to 1973–74 are given in Appendix VI.

Bundaberg Irrigation Works

The *Queensland Grant (Bundaberg Irrigation Works) Act* 1970 provided for grants of up to $12.8 million to Queensland for the construction of the Monduran Dam on the Kolan River and associated works to regulate the flows of both the Kolan and Burnett Rivers. Payments to 30 June 1974 amounted to $12.7 million, including payments totalling $3.1 million in 1973–74.

The Australian Government has now decided to extend its assistance towards these works by a further grant of up to $4.4 million.

It is estimated that $2 million will be provided in 1974–75, including the balance of $111,062 available under the present Act.

Annual payments prior to 1973–74 are given in Appendix VI.

Millewa Pipeline

Under the *Victorian Grant (Millewa Pipelines) Act* 1972 grants of up to $2 million are being made to Victoria towards the cost of the construction of pipelines and certain associated works to carry water from the River Murray to rural holdings in the Millewa district of the State.

Payments to 30 June 1974 amounted to $1.4 million, including payments of $800,000 in 1973–74, and it is estimated that a further $600,000 will be paid in 1974–75. Annual payments prior to 1973–74 are given in Appendix VI.

Lock to Kimba Pipeline

Under the *South Australia Grant (Lock to Kimba Pipeline) Act* 1973 grants of up to $2.1 million are being provided to South Australia towards the cost of constructing a pipeline on the Eyre Peninsula of South Australia. The purpose of the scheme is to provide water for stock and domestic use in the area between the towns of Lock and Kimba.

Payments to 30 June 1974 amounted to $960,000, including payments of $540,000 in 1973–74, and it is estimated that a further $470,000 will be paid in 1974–75. Annual payments prior to 1973–74 are given in Appendix VI.

Flood Mitigation

Under the *New South Wales Grant (Flood Mitigation) Act* 1971–1973 grants of up to $9 million are being provided to New South Wales towards the cost of further flood mitigation works on various coastal rivers in the State. Assistance of $8 million was previously provided under the *New South Wales Grant (Flood Mitigation) Act* 1964–1968 (*see* Appendix IV).

The new grant is to assist in financing the cost of a further seven-year program of additional works on the rivers covered under the previous legislation and of flood mitigation works on the Bellinger, Manning, Hawkesbury, Moruya and Hastings Rivers and the Cudgen, Cudgera and Mooball Creeks. Payments to 30 June 1974 amounted to $4.7 million, including a payment of $1.5 million in 1973–74 and it is estimated that $2.5 million will be paid in 1974–75. Annual payments prior to 1973–74 are given in Appendix VI.

A grant of $120,000 will be made available to Queensland also in 1974–75 for restoration of damaged levees along the Proserpine River.

Eton (Mackay) Irrigation Scheme

Under the *Queensland Grant (Kinchant Dam) Act* 1973 grants of up to $5 million are being provided to Queensland towards the cost of construction of the Kinchant Dam—the main storage for the Eton (Mackay) Irrigation Scheme.

An initial payment of $387,202 was made to the State in 1973–74 and it is estimated that a further payment of $2.5 million will be made in 1974–75.

Clare Weir

A grant of $3 million will be made available to Queensland towards the cost of construction of the Clare Weir on the Burdekin River. It is estimated that $300,000 will be provided in 1974–75.

Ord River Irrigation Project

Details are given in Appendix IV of the earlier legislation under which grants totalling $12.2 million were made to Western Australia for Stage I of the Ord River Irrigation Project.

The *Western Australia Agreement (Ord River Irrigation) Act* 1968 provides for financial assistance of up to $48.2 million to Western Australia for Stage II of the Ord River Irrigation Project. The financial assistance is on the basis of a grant for the construction of the dam, which is expected to cost in the vicinity of $22 million, and interest-bearing loans for the irrigation works. Each loan is repayable over a period of fifteen years commencing approximately nine and a half years after the end of the financial year during which payment was made.

Financial assistance made available for Stage II to 30 June 1974 amounted to $23.8 million which includes payments totalling $1.4 million in 1973–74. The payments up to date comprise $21.7 million in the form of grants for the construction of the dam and $2.1 million in the form of loans towards the cost of construction of the irrigation works. It is estimated that $1.1 million will be paid in 1974–75, of which all but a small amount will be part of the loan component of the financial assistance. Annual figures of payments and debt charges, including estimates for 1974–75, are given in tables in Appendices V and VI.

Glenlyon Dam

An amount of $880,000 has been included in the Budget in respect of expenditure by New South Wales and Queensland on the Glenlyon Dam.

Dartmouth Dam

Under the *Dartmouth Reservoir Agreement Act* 1970 the Australian Government is providing financial assistance to New South Wales, Victoria and South Australia by way of loans towards their shares of the cost of constructing the Dartmouth Reservoir. The reservoir is being constructed under the River Murray Waters Agreement, to which the three States and the Australian Government are parties, and that Agreement provided for the cost of construction to be shared equally by the four parties.

The Dartmouth Reservoir Agreement provides that the Australian Government will make payments to the three States of amounts equal to one half of the amounts that each State is required from time to time to provide to the River Murray Commission in respect of the cost of the construction of the Dartmouth Reservoir. The total amount of the financial assistance is limited to $7,837,500 to each State, representing one half of each State's one-quarter share of the original estimated cost of construction of $57 million plus 10 per cent of that amount for cost escalation.

Payments to the three States to 30 June 1974 amounted to $4.9 million, which includes payments amounting to $2.9 million in 1973–74. It is estimated that a further $6.0 million will be paid in 1974–75.

Soil Conservation

Legislation to be introduced in the Budget Session will provide for an interim program of financial assistance to the States for soil conservation programs. The program will extend over a two year period with grants totalling $2.5 million being made available to the States, of which $0.5 million will be made available in 1974–75. The following table shows the approximate amounts expected to be paid to each State in 1974–75.

TABLE 66—ESTIMATED GRANTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES ON SOIL CONSERVATION, 1974–75

$'000

New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
110	155	160	25	40	10	500

War Service Land Settlement

The *States Grants (War Service Land Settlement) Act* 1952–1953 authorises the War Service Land Settlement Scheme which provides for settlement on the land of ex-servicemen from the 1939–45 war and the Korea-Malaya operations.

The basis of assistance is governed by Agreements with the "Principal" States (New South Wales, Victoria, and Queensland, although Queensland withdrew from the arrangements in 1953–54) and "Agent" States (South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania). The arrangements are complex. Summaries of financial transactions related to the scheme are given in reports of the Auditor-General (*see*, for example, his report for 1972–73, pages 213 and 214).

For the purposes of this document, only advances made to New South Wales and Victoria under a special arrangement to accelerate soldier settlement in those States have been regarded as payments to the States. Such advances, amounting to $27.9 million, were paid between 1955-56 and 1959-60. The amounts of annual payments and debt charges are given in Table 133 in Appendix V.

ECONOMIC SERVICES—LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT

Coal Mining Industry Long Service Leave

In the States where coal-miners have been awarded long service leave by industrial tribunals, the State Governments have agreed to reimburse employers the costs they incur in granting this leave. The Australian Government has, in turn, agreed to reimburse the States for the amounts paid and the administrative costs incurred by them in giving effect to those arrangements.

The funds required for these purposes are obtained from an excise imposed on coal under the *Coal Excise Act* 1949–1968. The rate of excise on coal produced for home consumption was increased from 3.3 cents a ton to 4.4 cents a ton from 1 November 1968. At the same time, excise on coal produced for export was introduced at the rate of 1.1 cents a ton. The rate on coal produced for export was increased from 1 July 1969 to 2.2 cents a ton, from 1 July 1970 to 3.3 cents a ton, and from 1 July 1971 to 4.4 cents a ton. Amounts equivalent to the pro-

ceeds of the excise collections have been appropriated each year from 1949–50 to a Trust Fund under the *States Grants (Coal Mining Industry Long Service Leave) Act* 1949–1968. Payments have been made to the States from this Trust Fund.

The following table shows payments to the States since 1970–71 and estimated payments in 1974–75. Payments in earlier years are given in Table 134 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 67—GRANTS FOR COAL MINING INDUSTRY LONG SERVICE LEAVE

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1970–71 ..	828	..	136	..	93	6	1,063
1971–72 ..	948	..	185	..	103	5	1,241
1972–73 ..	1,604	..	316	..	90	2	2,012
1973–74 ..	1,782	..	410	..	139	16	2,347
1974–75 (estimate)	2,374	..	620	..	140	18	3,152

Apprenticeship Training

The Australian Government and the States agreed late in 1971–72 to collaborate in a scheme to improve supervision and advisory services in relation to the training of apprentices. Payments are being made over the three-year period 1972–73 to 1974–75 to meet the salaries of special officers employed by the States for this purpose. Provision of $400,000 has been made for the employment of 67 advisers during the financial year 1974–75.

The Australian Government has also decided to meet the wage costs of training apprentices, surplus to the States' requirements, within State Government establishments where training facilities are available. It is expected that up to 500 apprentices may receive training in 1974–75 and provision has been made for payments to the States of $408,000. A notional payment to each State is included in the following table; no commitment to the provision of these amounts is implied.

TABLE 68—GRANTS FOR APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1972-73 ..	..	72	25	19	11	2	129
1973–74 ..	108	92	52	44	44	11	351
1974–75 (estimate)	242	197	126	110	99	34	808

ECONOMIC SERVICES—GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE

Burdekin River Regional Study

The Australian Government agreed, in April 1973, to participate in a joint Federal/State Burdekin Project Committee to undertake a comprehensive study of the Burdekin River Basin region in Queensland with particular reference to water availability and requirements for urban, irrigation, power generation, industrial and flood mitigation purposes and, against the background of such a study, to develop proposals for the future development of the region.

Payments totalling $152,599 were made to Queensland for this purpose in 1973–74. It is intended that the Australian Government's contribution to this study in 1974–75 be met directly.

GENERAL PUBLIC SERVICES

Law Order and Public Safety

Legal Aid

In 1973–74 the Australian Government made grants to the States to enable them to supplement legal aid services otherwise being provided. The grants totalled $2 million: the distribution between the States is shown in Table 87 in Appendix I.

Promotion of Road Safety Practices

In each year from 1947–48 grants have been made to the States to assist in the financing of public education programs for the promotion of road safety practices. It is also proposed that the Australian Government itself spend $875,000 in 1974–75 on promotion programs having general application on a national basis, for assistance towards local programs in the mainland Territories and towards road safety research.

Since 1970–71 the annual grants to the States have totalled $150,000 and the distribution between States has also remained constant. The amounts are set out in the following table.

Grants in earlier years are shown in Table 132 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 69—ANNUAL GRANTS FOR THE PROMOTION OF ROAD SAFETY PRACTICES 1970–71 TO 1974–75

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
Each year 1970–71 to 1974–75 ..	37	30	28	19	25	11	150

Research Grants

Since 1965–66 the Australian Government has made grants to the States for research projects, on the recommendation of the Australian Research Grants Committee. An outline of developments over the period 1965 to 1969 is given in Appendix IV.

The Australian Government agreed in 1972 to finance a program of research costing $20 million in the 1973–75 triennium, for projects recommended by the Australian Research Grants Committee.

The following table shows grants made since 1970–71 and estimates for 1974–75. Figures for earlier years are given in Table 135 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 70—GRANTS FOR RESEARCH PROJECTS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1970–71 ..	1,565	954	395	759	296	202	4,170
1971–72 ..	1,638	1,177	511	577	307	131	4,341
1972–73 ..	2,112	1,620	641	851	370	172	5,767
1973–74 ..	2,092	1,540	700	955	410	204	5,901
1974–75 (estimate) (*a*)	2,642	1,990	840	1,138	489	236	7,335

(*a*) The State distribution is notional only; it assumes that the proportional distribution will be the same as the average for the years 1973 and 1974.

ASSISTANCE FOR NATURAL DISASTER RELIEF

When natural disasters occur, the Australian Government joins with a State Government on a dollar for dollar basis in meeting expenditure on the immediate relief of personal hardship and distress excepting where such expenditure is of a very minor nature.

Beyond that it provides funds to assist in the financing of further agreed relief and restoration measures where the expenditure involved is considered to be beyond the capacity of a State to meet from its own resources. Assistance is provided on condition that the particular relief and restoration measures are in accordance with the policies of the Australian Government.

Except in the provision of immediate relief of personal hardship and distress, each State is required to meet, from its own resources, certain minimum expenditures on agreed relief and restoration measures in each financial year before Australian Government financial assistance is provided. Beyond these amounts the Australian Government assumes responsibility for reimbursing the State for

expenditures incurred in the provision of agreed measures. The annual base expenditure fixed for each State is as follows:—

	$ million
New South Wales	5.0
Victoria	3.5
Queensland	2.0
South Australia	1.5
Western Australia	1.5
Tasmania	0.6

A State Government's share of dollar for dollar expenditure on immediate relief of personal hardship and distress is, however, eligible for inclusion in the annual base expenditure. Expenditure on agreed relief and restoration measures for any particular disaster may also be counted towards the base expenditure in a year where it equals or exceeds one-tenth of the State's base expenditure.

Measures which would be eligible within the terms of Australian Government assistance, as outlined above, usually include the following:—

- Relief of personal hardship and distress, including provision of food, clothing, shelter and repairs to homes to make them habitable and secure;
- grants for the restoration of Government, local and semi-government authority assets and facilities; semi-government and local authorities are expected to bear a proportion of the cost of restoring their assets, generally one-quarter of the expenditure involved up to the first $100,000 for each authority;
- loan assistance on concessional terms to primary producers to enable them to get back into operation where finance is not available from other sources and where they can, with such assistance, continue to operate successfully;
- rail rebates for primary producers for certain purposes and free carriage for donations of food, clothing, etc.;
- grants to Councils to provide work for those unemployed in drought-affected areas; and
- certain other miscellaneous forms of expenditure associated with drought.

Australian Government assistance to a State takes the form of interest-free loans where the State Government makes loans, and grants where the State Government provides grants.

The Australian Government usually does not provide grant assistance for the repair or restoration of private assets damaged or destroyed as a result of a natural disaster. Major exceptions have been where widespread damage has occurred; e.g. bushfires in Tasmania in 1967 and flooding in Queensland in the early part of 1974.

Table 137 in Appendix IV shows payments that have been made to each State since 1962–63 in respect of various types of disaster (droughts, floods and storms, bushfires, cyclones and earthquake). It will be seen that all States have received some assistance but, reflecting the differing incidence of disasters, the amounts vary considerably from one State to another and from one year to another.

Floods and Storms 1974

Following widespread and severe flooding in New South Wales and Queensland during the first three months of 1974, the Australian Government undertook to provide financial assistance to these States, in addition to its dollar for dollar contribution for relief of personal hardship and distress, in respect of expenditure for approved relief and restoration measures in excess of their annual base expenditures. In addition to the measures referred to earlier, the Australian Government agreed that loan assistance might be provided to business enterprises (excluding public companies) whose assets were affected by flooding where finance was not available from their own resources or from normal commercial channels. In the case of Queensland it was also agreed to include, as an eligible measure, grant and loan assistance to owner-occupiers of houses severely damaged or destroyed in the flooding to enable them to repair or rebuild their dwellings, or to assist in the removal costs for houses built on flood-prone land. Grant assistance was also provided to owner-occupiers whose houses, although not inundated by flood waters, were seriously damaged or threatened by landslip, scour or erosion attributable to the floods. Special arrangements were made to provide assistance for the repair or restoration of assets of tertiary education institutions and affiliated bodies damaged by the flooding.

To give legislative effect to the Government's undertakings the Parliament passed the *New South Wales Flood Relief Act* 1974 and the *Queensland Flood Relief Act* 1974. These Acts provided for payments to the States concerned up to $5.5 million and $66 million respectively in reimbursement of eligible expenditures incurred by them during the period ending 30 June 1976. Payments of $300,000 to New South Wales and $27.9 million to Queensland were made in 1973–74 under these Acts. In 1973–74 the Australian Government also made donations of $350,000 to the Queensland Flood Victims Committee and $250,000 to the Brisbane Lord Mayor's Flood Disaster Fund. These payments, however, were made direct and did not take the form of payments to the State.

The Australian Government has also agreed to provide assistance in respect of eligible relief and restoration measures made necessary by storms and flooding occurring in New South Wales after the period covered by the above-mentioned legislation. It has also agreed to provide assistance for flood relief to Victoria and South Australia.

It is estimated that in 1974–75 $12.1 million will be paid to New South Wales, $6 million to Victoria, $26.1 million to Queensland and $0.5 million to South Australia for relief measures necessitated by flood and storm damage that has occurred. The assistance to Queensland, and part of that to New South Wales, will be paid under the Acts referred to above.

Details of payments for natural disaster relief and restoration purposes from 1949–50 to 1973–74 and estimated payments for 1974–75 are shown in Table 136 in Appendix IV. Table 137 classifies natural disaster payments, for 1962–63 to 1974–75, according to type of disaster.

CHAPTER V—PAYMENTS TO OR FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES

Local government authorities in Australia are established under Acts of the State Parliaments[1] for the purpose of providing certain public services within defined geographical boundaries. The functions of these authorities, which are generally prescribed by State legislation, differ significantly between States and, indeed, within States.

In his speech in February 1973 on the opening of the Twenty-eighth Parliament the Governor-General said: 'My Government aims to make local government a genuine partner in the Federal system. To promote financial equality between regions the Commonwealth Grants Commission Act will be amended to authorise the Commission to inquire into and report upon applications made for local government purposes. Discussions will be held with the States aimed at providing local government in each State with a voice and a vote in the deliberations of the Loan Council.'

Developments that have occurred in respect of each of the two specific matters referred to by the Governor-General are summarised below, followed by an outline of other Australian Government programs involving payments to or for local government authorities. The Chapter ends with a summary of various forms of such payments.

While the borrowing arrangements of local government authorities do not involve Australian Government payments to or for such authorities, material on them is included in this Chapter because of their relevance in the general context of Australian/State/Local Government financial relations.

Grants Recommended by Grants Commission

In its Autumn Sittings of 1973 the Australian Parliament passed the *Grants Commission Act* 1973, repealing and replacing the *Commonwealth Grants Commission Act* 1933–66. The Act came into operation by proclamation on 20 September 1973.

Besides authorising the continuation of the Commission's functions in relation to applications by the States for grants of special financial assistance, the Act lays down procedures for regional organisations of local government to apply for financial assistance from the Australian Government (to be paid in the first instance to the State Government concerned) and for such applications to be the subject of inquiry and report by the Grants Commission.

[1] There are also two local government bodies, established by ordinance—that is, under laws of the Australian Parliament—in the Northern Territory. Information on Australian Government payments to these bodies is provided below. Generally, however, references to local government authorities in this Chapter should be taken as *not* including these bodies.

In his second reading speech on the Bill the Prime Minister said that:

'the financial assistance to local governing bodies which will flow from the Commission's recommendations will in no way be a substitute for the revenues normally raised by them by long established methods such as rates and charges for services, nor will it replace assistance normally provided by State Governments to local governing bodies in one way or another. Rather, it will be in the nature of a 'topping-up' process of the financial resources of lesser endowed bodies to enable them, by reasonable revenue raising efforts on their part, to provide a standard of services to their communities that will be comparable with that enjoyed by communities elsewhere.'

In summary, the Act provides:—

(i) for the Minister for Urban and Regional Development, in consultation with the States, to approve regional organisations to represent or act on behalf of local government bodies within each region (section 17);

(ii) that such organisations may apply for the grant, under section 96 of the Constitution, of financial assistance to a State for the purpose of enabling the organisation, or one or more of the local government bodies which it represents, to function, by reasonable effort, at a standard not appreciably below the standards of other regional organisations or other local government bodies (section 18 (1), read in conjunction with section 6); and

(iii) that such applications may, at the discretion of the Special Minister of State and after consultation with the State Minister concerned, be referred to the Grants Commission for inquiry and report (section 18 (3)).

In December 1973 the Minister for Urban and Regional Development approved 68 regional organisations[2] comprising 889 local government authorities in all States.

All regional organisations made application for assistance, although 13 individual local government authorities either declined to participate in their regional organisations or did not seek grants.

The Commission received written and/or oral submissions from regional organisations, individual local government bodies, the Australian Council of Local Government Associations, State local government associations, representatives of the State Governments, the Australian Treasury and the Department of Urban and Regional Development. It presented its first report on financial assistance for local government to the Australian Government in August 1974. The report recommended grants in 1974–75 totalling $56,345,000 for 806 local government bodies (representing 92 per cent of the 876 bodies which applied for assistance). The Commission recommended that the grants be paid without conditions attached as to their use by the local government authorities.

[2] Although the Minister originally approved 68 regions, due to a technicality associated with sections 17 and 27 of the Act, one region in South Australia was subsequently amalgamated with another. Thus, for purposes of the Commission's hearings and recommendations, there were 67 regions.

The Government has accepted the Commission's recommendations and grants will be paid to the States in 1974–75 to be distributed between local government bodies in each State as recommended by the Commission. The grants to be paid to each State are shown in the following table.

TABLE 71—GRANTS TO STATES IN 1974-75 FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE GRANTS COMMISSION

$'000

New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
21,359	14,630	8,954	4,774	4,959	1,669	56,345

Borrowing Arrangements for Local Government Authorities

As explained in Chapter III, the borrowings of Australian and State Government authorities, including those of local government authorities, come within the purview of the Loan Council under the 'Gentlemen's Agreement' originating in 1936. The Loan Council determines maximum interest rates and other terms and conditions of loans raised by authorities and also approves annual over-all programs for 'larger' authorities (at present those borrowing more than $500,000 in a year) in each State. These borrowings are arranged by the individual authorities, with guarantees and other assistance being provided in some cases by the State Governments.

Constitutional Proposals Regarding Local Government Borrowings

In speeches at the first meeting of the Australian Constitutional Convention, held in Sydney in September 1973, the Prime Minister referred to the Australian Government's view that it would be desirable for that Government to be able to borrow moneys on behalf of elected local government bodies and for such bodies to be represented on the Loan Council. He suggested that this could be done in either of two ways—by an amendment to the Financial Agreement (which would require the concurrence of all the States) or by an appropriate amendment to the Constitution.

This matter was discussed during the Convention and, flowing from those discussions, a Heads of Government meeting was held in Canberra on 11 October 1973. At that meeting, the Prime Minister proposed to the States that the Financial Agreement be amended to allow local government representation on the Loan Council and to allow the Australian Government to borrow on behalf of local government authorities and to provide the funds direct to these bodies. The States were not agreeable to these proposals.

The *Constitution Alteration (Local Government Bodies) Act* 1974 contained two proposals for Constitutional amendment. First, that a new placitum (iv A.) be added to section 51 of the Constitution to give the Commonwealth Parliament power to make laws with respect to 'the borrowing of money by the Commonwealth for local government bodies' and, secondly, that there be a new section (96A) stating that 'The Parliament may grant financial assistance to any local government body on such terms and conditions as the Parliament thinks fit'. These proposals were put to referendum on 18 May 1974 and defeated.

Borrowings by Local Government Authorities in 1973–74 *and* 1974–75

The table below shows aggregate borrowings by all 'larger' and 'smaller' authorities in 1973–74 and the amounts borrowed within these aggregates by local government authorities, together with corresponding estimates for 1974–75. (Figures for earlier years are given in Tables 100 and 104 in Appendix III.) It will be seen that a considerable proportion of, but not all, borrowings in the 'smaller' authorities category are made by local government authorities. It will be seen also that the amounts of borrowings by local government authorities vary markedly between the States (after taking account of differences in population). This reflects a number of factors including, importantly, variations between the States in the range of functions allocated to local government. As an example, the particularly high figures for Queensland reflect, in part, large borrowings by the Brisbane City Council, which carries out a number of functions (e.g., metropolitan omnibus services and sewerage) which in other States are undertaken by semi-government authorities.

TABLE 72—NEW MONEY BORROWINGS BY AUSTRALIAN AND STATE GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES

$'000

1973–74 ACTUAL

—	'Larger' Authorities(*a*)		'Smaller' Authorities(*b*)		All Local Government Authorities (*c*)
	Total	Local Government Authorities	Total	Local Government Authorities	
Australian Government ..	30,015	515	..	..	515
New South Wales	(*d*)199,949	(*e*)65,449	46,948	(*e*)39,091	(*e*)104,540
Victoria	182,667	18,600	35,817	22,374	40,974
Queensland	106,609	60,434	32,117	17,038	77,472
South Australia	26,850	4,598	9,461	6,221	10,819
Western Australia	33,233	4,550	25,470	16,270	20,820
Tasmania	15,679	5,874	3,025	2,717	8,591
Total States	564,987	159,505	152,838	103,711	263,216
Grand Total	595,002	160,020	152,838	103,711	263,731

1974–75(*f*) ESTIMATES

	'Larger' Authorities(*a*)		'Smaller' Authorities(*b*)		All Local Government Authorities (*c*)
	Total	Local Government Authorities	Total	Local Government Authorities	
Australian Government ..	143,541	1,291	..	..	1,291
New South Wales	(*d*)229,944	(*e*)78,000	53,000	n.a.	n.a.
Victoria	200,956	20,300	39,500	24,300	44,600
Queensland	121,294	70,044	37,976	22,969	93,013
South Australia	29,844	6,000	11,500	7,500	13,500
Western Australia	35,956	5,950	30,240	20,000	25,950
Tasmania	18,090	7,340	4,500	3,900	11,240
Total States	636,084	187,634	176,616	n.a.	n.a.
Grand Total.. ..	779,625	188,925	176,616	n.a.	n.a.

(*a*) In 1973–74 'larger' authorities were those borrowing more than $400,000; in 1974–75 they are those borrowing more than $500,000. The aggregate of these borrowings in each State is subject to approval by the Loan Council. All borrowings by Australian Government authorities, whatever their magnitude, are, however included in the 'larger' authorities category.
(*b*) In 1973–74 'smaller' authorities were those borrowing $400,000 or less; in 1974–75 they are those borrowing $500,000 or less. No aggregate limit on these borrowings is imposed by the Loan Council. *See* footnote (*a*).
(*c*) The total of borrowings by local government authorities in both the 'larger' and 'smaller' authorities categories.
(*d*) Includes special permanent addition to the State's larger authorities borrowing program.
(*e*) Includes borrowing by County Councils.
(*f*) Amounts shown for borrowings by all 'larger' authorities are the programs approved at the June 1974 meeting of the Loan Council. Other amounts shown are tentative estimates provided by the State Treasuries.

AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS MADE DIRECT TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES

As noted above, an Australian Government proposal that the Constitution be altered so as to give the Australian Parliament power to 'grant financial assistance to any local government body on such terms and conditions as the Parliament thinks fit' was defeated at a referendum held on 18 May 1974. There are no Australian Government programs of *direct* payments to local government authorities (as distinct from payments to them via the States), designed for the specific and sole purpose of providing financial assistance to these authorities.

There has for some years, however, been a number of programs under which local government authorities are among the bodies that are eligible for, and that have received, Australian Government assistance paid direct to them. The programs concerned are summarised below. It will be noted that in most cases the amounts of payments to local government authorities for particular programs vary widely between the States. This reflects, amongst other things, differences in the extent to which the activities concerned are carried out by local government bodies rather than by private organisations or by State Government Departments or agencies.

Aged Persons Homes

Under the *Aged Persons Homes Act* 1954–1973 local government authorities, along with religious, charitable and certain other organisations, are eligible to receive assistance for the capital and operating costs associated with the provision of certain kinds of accommodation for the aged.

Under the original Act, passed in 1954, local government bodies (along with bodies conducted and controlled by the Australian or State Governments) were ineligible to receive assistance. Under that Act, assistance was available to eligible organisations on a $1 for $1 basis towards the capital costs of approved forms of accommodation for the aged. The Act was amended in 1957 to put the assistance on a $2 for $1 basis, and in 1967 it was amended to include local government bodies as eligible organisations for purposes of the scheme (organisations conducted or controlled by the Australian or State Governments remain ineligible). It is proposed to amend the Act to put assistance on a $4 for $1 basis as from 1 January 1975.

In 1969 the Act was amended to provide for the payment of personal care subsidies of $20 per month in respect of persons aged eighty years and over resident in accommodation provided by an approved organisation. The subsidy was increased to $40 per month in 1972 and to $48 in 1973; in 1973 the subsidy was also extended to persons aged less than eighty years. It is proposed to increase the subsidy to $60 a month. However, no subsidies have yet been paid to local government authorities and it is not expected that any will be paid to such authorities in 1974–75.

The greater part of the capital grants under this Act are paid to organisations other than local government authorities. In 1973–74, such authorities received $0.7 million out of total capital grants of $17.4 million.

The following table shows the grants that have been paid to local government authorities in each State together with estimates for 1974–75.

TABLE 73—GRANTS DIRECT TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES ON AGED PERSONS HOMES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1967–68 ..	..	27	..	..	..	..	27
1968–69 ..	..	15	8	9	..	..	32
1969–70 ..	173	110	40	..	..	..	323
1970–71 ..	128	125	23	..	..	..	276
1971–72 ..	604	144	38	..	20	..	806
1972–73 ..	124	427	20	175	..	..	746
1973–74 ..	11	132	51	269	227	..	690
1974–75 (estimate)	400	300	100	200	200	50	1,250

Delivered Meals Subsidy

Under the *Delivered Meals Subsidy Act* 1970–1973 eligible organisations—which include local government bodies but not Australian and State Government Departments or agencies—can receive assistance for the provision of what are known as 'meals on wheels' services. The assistance was originally set at a rate of 10 cents per meal in 1970; this was increased in 1972 to 20 cents for meals with an approved vitamin C supplement and 15 cents for meals without such a supplement; these amounts were increased to 25 and 20 cents respectively in 1973. It is proposed to increase the subsidies to 30 and 25 cents from 1 October 1974, to apply to all meals delivered after 1 July 1974.

The table below shows grants that have been paid to local government authorities under this scheme and estimated grants in 1974–75. The lack of grants to some States reflects, in part, a greater degree of activity by private, voluntary bodies in those States. In 1973–74 total payments under the Act were $1.4 million, of which $0.4 million was paid to local government authorities.

TABLE 74—GRANTS MADE DIRECT TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES FOR DELIVERED MEALS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1969–70 ..	14	32	..	..	3	..	49
1970–71 ..	50	70	..	..	3	..	123
1971–72 ..	40	68	..	..	4	..	112
1972–73 ..	58	124	..	..	7	..	189
1973–74 ..	104	287	..	..	24	..	415
1974–75 (estimate)	120	397	..	..	31	..	548

Home Nursing

Under the *Home Nursing Subsidy Act* 1956 organisations (other than profit-making bodies and bodies conducted or controlled by a State Government) conducting home nursing services are eligible for annual subsidies depending on the numbers of nurses employed on home nursing duties. The amount of Australian Government assistance cannot exceed the amount received by the organisation from a State Government or a local government body.

In two States only (New South Wales and Tasmania) have local government authorities received assistance under this scheme. The amounts of grants that have been paid to such authorities since 1968–69, and estimates for 1974–75, are shown in the following table.

TABLE 75—GRANTS MADE DIRECT TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES FOR HOME NURSING

$'000

—	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (estimate)
New South Wales	44	52	54	67	72	89	95
Tasmania ..	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Total ..	45	53	55	68	73	91	97

Sheltered Employment

Under the *Sheltered Employment (Assistance) Act* 1967–1973 local government bodies and voluntary non-profit bodies are eligible to receive assistance for the accommodation and employment of disabled people. Capital grants are provided on a $2 for $1 basis; assistance with rent is also on a $2 for $1 basis; assistance for staffing is on a $1 for $1 basis and certain other forms of assistance are also provided. It is proposed to amend the Act to increase the rate of subsidies and to extend their range in various ways.

Only one local government authority, in New South Wales, has received assistance under this scheme. The payments have been:

TABLE 76—GRANTS MADE DIRECT TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT FOR SHELTERED EMPLOYMENT

$'000

—	Recurrent	Capital	Total
1972–73	4	14	18
1973–74	4	1	5
1974–75 (estimated) ..	4	1	5

Child Care and Pre-Schools

Under the *Child Care Act* 1972 non-profit voluntary bodies and local government bodies were eligible for assistance towards the capital and recurrent costs of approved child care centres. State Government Departments and agencies were not eligible. Capital assistance was available up to the total cost of land, buildings and equipment. Recurrent assistance is related to formulae which have regard to the numbers of places and qualified staff in each centre.

In 1973–74 grants under the Act totalled $2.2 million, of which $0.4 million was paid to local government authorities.

Developments in relation to the provision of Australian Government assistance for pre-schooling and child care in 1973 and 1974 are set out in Chapter IV and are also referred to below in the section on 'Grants to States for On-Passing to Local Government Authorities'. Briefly, the position is that such assistance will be considerably expanded in 1974–75 and that it is expected that, in addition to grants to the States, funds will be provided direct to local government and private bodies. However, it was not possible, at the time this document was prepared, to provide useful estimates of the amounts which might be made available to local government authorities in this way in 1974–75.

The following table shows grants paid to local government authorities in 1973-74 for this purpose.

TABLE 77—GRANTS DIRECT TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES FOR CHILD CARE, 1973-74

$'000

New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT			
..	..	..	..	4	..	4
			CAPITAL			
149	76	37	3	90	86	441
			TOTAL			
149	76	37	3	94	86	445

Aboriginal Advancement

The Australian Government provides direct grants to local government authorities (and also to Aboriginal Councils) under its Special Works Projects Scheme for the employment and/or training of Aboriginals. It also makes grants for other purposes from time to time on an ad hoc basis. Local government authorities have also received portions of grants which the Australian Government has made to the States for Aboriginal advancement (*see* below).

Grants for Aboriginal advancement made direct to local government authorities in 1973–74, and estimates for 1974–75, are shown in the following table; because of changes in administrative arrangements figures for earlier years are not available.

TABLE 78—GRANTS DIRECT TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES FOR ABORIGINAL ADVANCEMENT

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1973–74—							
Special Works Projects ..	1,223	175	904	296	411	30	3,039
Other ..	94	..	166	..	..	..	260
Total ..	1,317	175	1,070	296	411	30	3,299
1974–75 (estimates)—							
Special Works Projects ..	1,635	280	2,296	496	1,266	39	6,012
Other (a) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	1,635	280	2,296	496	1,266	39	6,012

(a) Because this assistance is provided on an ad hoc basis no meaningful estimates for the year ahead can be made.

Arts

Local government authorities are eligible to receive assistance for community arts activities under a program administered by the Community Arts Committee of the Australian Council for the Arts. Grants to local government authorities totalled $22,000 in 1973–74, of which $14,000 was granted to authorities in New South Wales and $8,000 to authorities in Victoria. As these grants depend on the consideration of applications made during the course of a year, no meaningful estimate of grants likely to be paid to local government authorities in the year ahead can be made.

Aerodrome Local Ownership Plan

Assistance is provided to local government authorities and to mission stations under the Aerodrome Local Ownership Plan to establish, develop and maintain local aerodromes on their own initiative and to take over aerodromes owned by the Australian Government. Funds are provided by the Australian Government for proposals which meet the criteria for both developmental and maintenance work on a $1 for $1 basis.

The following table shows the payments made to local authorities in each State under the Aerodrome Local Ownership Plan between 1968–69 and 1973–74, and estimated payments in 1974–75—

TABLE 79—GRANTS DIRECT TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES FOR AERODROMES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			RECURRENT				
1968–69 ..	140	59	116	6	9	7	337
1969–70 ..	184	73	112	8	8	7	391
1970–71 ..	160	56	123	9	8	6	362
1971–72 ..	209	61	125	9	12	7	423
1972–73 ..	230	53	149	12	33	9	486
1973–74 ..	240	68	163	10	51	8	541
1974–75 (estimate)	260	70	180	12	55	10	587
			CAPITAL				
1968–69 ..	242	107	356	1	33	8	748
1969–70 ..	148	26	206	2	314	4	699
1970–71 ..	466	3	240	2	58	..	770
1971–72 ..	104	2	307	27	55	3	498
1972–73 ..	101	25	178	25	46	7	382
1973–74 ..	244	24	84	..	18	14	383
1974–75 (estimate)	415	25	105	20	30	5	600
			TOTAL				
1968–69 ..	382	166	472	7	42	15	1,085
1969–70 ..	332	99	318	10	322	11	1,090
1970–71 ..	626	59	363	11	66	6	1,132
1971–72 ..	313	63	432	36	67	10	921
1972–73 ..	331	78	327	37	79	16	868
1973–74 ..	484	92	247	10	69	22	924
1974–75 (estimate)	675	95	285	32	85	15	1,187

Water Supplies—Townsville

In 1967 the Australian Government agreed to provide advances to the Townsville City Council to assist in the provision of additional reservoirs and water mains in order to ensure adequate water supplies to the defence housing and barracks complex at West Townsville. Advances totalling $1,255,000 were made in 1967–68 and 1968–69 and interest of $303,000 accruing in the first year was capitalised. The loan is repayable over 40 years starting in 1973–74 and bears an interest rate of 5.25 per cent per annum.

Regional Employment Development Scheme

The Government has decided to introduce a scheme to create employment opportunities in areas of relatively high unemployment. It is envisaged that portion of these grants could be paid to local government authorities; however, at the time this document was prepared it was not possible to estimate what the magnitude of such grants might be in 1974–75.

Payments to States for On-Passing to Local Government Authorities

As noted above, the grants for local government authorities to be paid in 1974–75 on the recommendation of the Grants Commission are to take the form of payments to the State Governments for on-passing to the local government authorities concerned. This, and the proposed scheme of payments to the States for the purpose of assisting regional organisations of local government (*see* below), are the only Australian Government programs designed specifically and solely to provide financial assistance for local government. There are also other programs of payments to the States under which *portions* of the funds provided are passed on to local government authorities. These programs may be divided into two categories; first, those under which the amounts paid to local government authorities are determined by the States themselves and, secondly, those under which the amounts so passed on are decided either by the Australian Government or by agreement between that Government and the State Government concerned.

This chapter is *not* concerned with programs of the first kind, relevant examples of which are grants made under successive aid roads arrangements and grants for the relief of unemployment made in 1971–72, 1972–73 and 1973–74.

The number of programs in the second category, that is, those under which the allocation of the Australian Government's grants to local government authorities (and to other bodies) is based on the approval of that Government, increased considerably in 1973–74. This is consistent with the policy of the Australian Government that it should become more closely involved in the details of the programs which it is financing (*see* on this the statement by the Prime Minister quoted at the beginning of Chapter IV of this document).

Each of the programs concerned is summarised, in general terms, in Chapter IV. The purpose of this section is to outline the way in which local government is involved and to provide details of the amounts paid to the States for on-passing to local government authorities. As with the programs of direct payments, differences between the States in the amounts of payments in this category which have been made to local government authorities reflect, in part, differences in the extent to which the functions concerned are undertaken by local government authorities rather than by State government departments or agencies or private bodies. *It is emphasised that the payments referred to in this section are included in the totals of payments to the States shown in this document.*

Because of the lag, in some cases, between payment of the funds concerned to the States and their allocation by the States, the amounts of funds paid to the States *for* local government authorities under a particular program in any year is not necessarily precisely equal to the amounts paid *to* authorities in that year. The figures provided below generally relate to payments made to the States *for* local government authorities.

Regional Organisations Assistance Program

An amount of $314,000 has been provided in the 1974–75 Budget for a program of payments to the States to provide financial assistance for regional organisations of local government. The purpose of the program is to encourage local government authorities to manage regional problems through co-operation with one another; the assistance will be made available to meet basic administrative costs and other approved regional purposes. The State by State estimates are as follows:—

TABLE 80—GRANTS TO THE STATES FOR ON-PASSING AS ASSISTANCE FOR REGIONAL ORGANISATIONS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT, ESTIMATES 1974–75

($'000)

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
	92	77	44	38	46	16	314

Home Care Services and Senior Citizens Centres

Grants for these purposes are provided under the *States Grants (Home Care) Act* 1969–73. Local government bodies are mentioned in the Act as being amongst the bodies eligible for assistance. Of the total grants of $1.9 million paid to the States under this Act in 1973–74 $1.1 million, or about 60 per cent, were for local government authorities. Assistance under this Act is not available to State Government departments or agencies.

Victoria is the only State in which local government authorities have, so far, received assistance for *home care services* under this Act. The amounts are: 1971–72—$137,000; 1972–73—$390,000; 1973–74—$370,000 and 1974–75 (estimate)—$500,000.

The grants that have been paid to each State for on-passing to local government authorities in respect of *senior citizens centres*, and estimates for 1974–75, are shown in the following table.

TABLE 81—SENIOR CITIZENS CENTRES—GRANTS TO STATES FOR ON-PASSING TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES

($'000)

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
				RECURRENT (*a*)			
1970–71 ..	..	..	..	3	..	..	3
1971–72 ..	2	..	1	8	..	..	11
1972–73 ..	1	16	3	4	5	..	29
1973–74 ..	4	35	18	..	15	..	72
1974–75 (estimate)	8	11	13	8	16	..	56
				CAPITAL			
1969–70 ..	..	..	..	16	..	..	16
1970–71 ..	34	..	1	32	..	..	67
1971–72 ..	39	11	37	87	30	..	204
1972–73 ..	102	223	3	132	67	28	555
1973–74 ..	242	158	30	47	123	13	613
1974–75 (estimate)	334	304	117	124	66	23	968
				TOTAL			
1969–70 ..	..	..	..	16	..	..	16
1970–71 ..	34	..	1	35	..	..	70
1971–72 ..	41	11	38	95	30	..	215
1972–73 ..	103	239	6	136	72	28	584
1973–74 ..	246	193	48	47	138	13	685
1974–75 (estimate)	342	315	130	132	82	23	1,024

(*a*) Employment of welfare officers.

Pre-Schooling and Child Care Services

The Australian Government initiated a program of grants to the States for this purpose in 1973–74; a scheme of direct grants to local government authorities and private non-profit bodies for child care had commenced in the previous year.

Developments in relation to the provision of Australian Government assistance for pre-schooling and child care in 1973 and 1974 are set out in Chapter IV and are also referred to in this Chapter in the section on 'Australian Government Payments Made Direct to Local Government Authorities' (*see* above). Briefly, the position is that such assistance will be considerably expanded in 1974–75 and that, in addition to direct grants to local government and private bodies, grants will continue to be made to the States. It is possible that some of the grants to the States will be for on-passing to local government authorities but, at the time this document was prepared, it was not possible to provide useful estimates of the amounts which might be made available to local government authorities in this way.

Payments to the States for on-passing to local government authorities for this purpose in 1973–74 amounted to $0.3 million, made up of grants totalling $284,000 for authorities in Victoria and small amounts of grants for authorities in New South Wales.

Aboriginal Advancement

Grants to the States for Aboriginal advancement are for specific projects and programs approved by the Australian Government; some of these projects have been undertaken by local government authorities. Comprehensive figures of the amounts paid to local government authorities are not available. The following table gives those which are available.

TABLE 82—ABORIGINAL ADVANCEMENT—GRANTS TO STATES FOR ON-PASSING TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES

($'000)

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1971–72 ..	147	5	n.a.	6	n.a.	..	n.a.
1972–73 ..	890	37	n.a.	140	n.a.	..	n.a.
1973–74 ..	..	112	n.a.	10	n.a.	..	n.a.

Area Improvement Program

These programs commenced in 1973–74 with assistance for the western regions of Sydney and Melbourne but is to be expanded in 1974–75 to cover 13 regions. The assistance is used by State and local government authorities for a wide variety of purposes (*see* Chapter IV), as approved by the Minister for Urban and Regional Development. Of the total grants of $7.4 million paid to the States in 1973–74, $6.5 million (or about 90 per cent) was for on-passing to local government authorities. Some of the remaining portions of the grants were for State authorities to spend on projects being undertaken in collaboration with local government authorities.

The following table shows grants for local government authorities in 1973–74, together with very tentative estimates for 1974–75. Most of the grants in 1973–74 were for capital purposes and this is expected to again be the case in 1974–75.

TABLE 83—AREA IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS—GRANTS TO STATES FOR ON PASSING TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES

($'000)

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1973–74 ..	4,420	2,065	..	..	..	..	6,485
1974–75 (estimate)	4,480	3,800	2,000	400	600	..	11,280

Growth Centres

In 1973–74 payments of $200,000 were made to both New South Wales and Victoria for on-passing to local government authorities in the Albury/Wodonga area. The payments were for the purposes of constructing and up-grading certain specific facilities such as roads, bridges, drainage, water supply, sewerage and parks and reserves. It is possible that further payments will be made in 1974–75.

Sewerage

In 1973–74 the Australian Government initiated a program of assistance to the States to help reduce the backlog of sewerage works. The Minister for Urban and Regional Development approves individual projects to be assisted by the Australian Government. In 1973–74 the whole of the assistance of $2,007,000 paid to Queensland was used by the Brisbane City Council; in all other States the works were undertaken by State Departments or semi-government authorities.

In 1974–75 local government authorities are expected to receive all of the assistance to be provided to Queensland and Tasmania (*see* Chapter IV) and may receive some of the assistance to be provided to New South Wales and Victoria.

Community Facilities—Townsville

To assist the integration into the community of West Townsville of servicemen stationed with their families in this area the Australian Government agreed in July 1972 to provide a loan towards the cost of developing community facilities in the area. The loan is being paid as advances carrying an interest rate equivalent to the long-term bond rate at the time of payment of each advance and repayable over thirty years. The loan is being made to the Queensland Government for on-passing to the Townsville City Council. By 30 June 1974 $361,008 had been advanced to the Queensland Government, and it is estimated that a further $67,000 will be advanced in 1974–75.

Payments Under The Australian Assistance Plan

Under the Australian Assistance Plan, which commenced in 1973–74, Regional Councils for Social Development are being established in all States. Geographically, they cover several local government authorities. The composition of the Regional Councils varies, but they can include representatives of Australian, State and local Governments, voluntary bodies engaged in social welfare activities and employer and trade union organisations.

Grants are being made to these Councils for three purposes:—

(i) to meet the staffing and other general administrative expenses of the Councils;

(ii) for the Councils to meet the costs of welfare projects, as decided by the Councils themselves within broad categories laid down by the Australian Government. These grants are limited to a total of $2 per head of population residing in the area covered by the Council concerned; and

(iii) to meet costs associated with the employment of community development officers.

It is proposed to introduce initiating grants to assist organisations establish a regional council.

Grants for the second and third purposes may be made to local government authorities, although in all cases such grants are made by the Regional Councils out of funds they have received from the Australian Government. Grants for the second purpose were made to only one Regional Council in 1973–74, but the program will be expanded considerably in 1974–75.

Payments to Local Government Authorities in the Northern Territory

Two local government authorities have been established under the Northern Territory Local Government Ordinance—the Corporation of the City of Darwin in 1957 and the Corporation of the Municipality of Alice Springs in 1971. The relationship between the Australian Government and these authorities corresponds with that between the State Governments and their local government authorities and Australian Government assistance to these two authorities can be regarded as the equivalent of assistance received by other local government authorities from the State Governments. This assistance is, therefore, of quite a different character from other forms of assistance referred to earlier in this Chapter.

Initial establishment grants were provided to both Corporations. Continuing operational subsidies are provided to the Corporations to meet the difference

between income from ratepayers and the cost of providing municipal services at what are regarded as reasonable standards. These subsidies are subject to quinquennial review.

Capital assistance is also provided to the Corporations and takes the form of matched and unmatched grants for capital works generally.

Payments made since 1967–68, and estimated payments in 1974–75, are shown in the following table.

TABLE 84—PAYMENTS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES IN THE NORTHERN TERRITORY

$'000

—	Operating Subsidies	Capital Grants	Total
1967–68	310	526	836
1968–69	302	687	989
1969–70	302	437	739
1970–71	302	286	588
1971–72	662	273	935
1972–73	503	844	1,347
1973–74	491	1,127	1,618
1974–75 (estimate)	491	1,459	1,950

SUMMARY OF VARIOUS FORMS OF AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS TO OR FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES

The following table shows totals for the various forms of Australian Government payments made to or for local government authorities in 1973–74. *The amounts shown in this and the following table need to be interpreted very carefully, in the light of the comments provided in the foregoing text. It is emphasised, in particular, that the amounts shown do not include Australian Government payments to the States passed on to local government authorities where the amounts involved are not subject to the approval of the Australian Government.*

TABLE 85—SUMMARY OF AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS TO OR FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES, 1973–74

Program	Amount $ million
Direct Payments—	
Aged Persons Homes	0.7
Delivered Meals	0.4
Home Nursing	0.1
Sheltered Employment	(*a*)
Child Care	0.4
Aboriginal Advancement	3.3
Community Arts	(*a*)
Local Aerodromes	0.9
	5.8
Payments Through States—	
Home Care Act	1.1
Child Care	0.3
Aboriginal Advancement	n.a.
Growth Centres	0.4
Area Improvement	6.5
Sewerage	2.0
Community Facilities—Townsville	0.3
	(*b*)10.6
Northern Territory	1.6
TOTAL	(*b*)18.0

(*a*) Very small.

(*b*) Excludes grants for aboriginal advancement, comprehensive information on which is not available.

In 1974–75 there is a number of important programs under which it is likely that local government authorities will receive Australian Government assistance but in respect of which it was not possible, at the time this document was

prepared, to provide useful estimates. The following table is, however, provided so as to give a very broad indication of the range and magnitude of Australian Government assistance likely to be made available to local government authorities in the year.

TABLE 86—BROAD INDICATION OF RANGE AND POSSIBLE MAGNITUDE OF AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS TO OR FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES IN 1974–75

Programs in respect of which reasonably firm estimates are available		Programs in respect of which estimates are not available
Program	Estimate $ million	Program
DIRECT PAYMENTS		
Aged Persons Homes	1.3	Child Care
Delivered Meals	0.5	Community Arts
Home Nursing	0.1	Aboriginal Advancement (Part)
Sheltered Employment	(a)	Regional Employment Scheme
Aboriginal Advancement (Part)	6.0	
Local Aerodromes	1.2	
PAYMENTS THROUGH STATES		
Home Care Act	1.5	Child Care
Grants Commission	56.3	Aboriginal Advancement
Regional Organisations	0.3	Growth Centres
Area Improvement	11.3	Sewerage (Part)
Sewerage (Part)	16.3	
Community Facilities—Townsville	0.1	
OTHER		
Northern Territory	2.0	Australian Assistance Plan
Total	96.9	

(a) Very small.

Thus, it appears likely that Australian Government payments to and for local government authorities, in the sense explained above, will be of the order of $100 million in 1974–75. In addition, it can be assumed that some part of other funds paid to State Governments by the Australian Government will, at the discretion of those Governments, be passed on to local government authorities.

APPENDIX I—SUMMARY TABLES

TABLE NO.	SUBJECT
87	Payments to or for the States and State Government Loan Council Borrowing Programs, 1973–74.
88	Payments to or for the States and State Government Loan Council Borrowing Programs, Estimates 1974–75.
89	Summary of Payments to or for the States and State Government Loan Council Programs, 1956–57 to 1974–75.
90	Summary of Payments to or for the States and State Government Loan Council Programs per Head of Population, 1956–57 to 1974–75.
91	Total Payments to or for the States and State Government Loan Council Programs—Dissection between Funds for Recurrent and Capital Purposes—1956–57 to 1974–75.
92	Total Payments to or for the States and State Government Loan Council Programs—Dissection between Funds for Recurrent and Capital Purposes—Per Head of Population, 1956–57 to 1974–75.
93	Total Payments to or for the States and State Government Loan Council Programs—Dissection between Grants and Loans—1956–57 to 1973–74.
94	Functional Classification of Payments to or for the States and State Government Loan Council Programs, 1962–63 to 1974–75.
95	Functional Classification of Payments to or for the States and State Government Loan Council Programs—By States—1973–74.

TABLE 87.—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS TO THE STATES AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1973–74

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE							
Financial Assistance Grants	585,507	437,604	318,245	204,918	222,388	91,243	1,859,905
Special Grants	..	..	10,000	19,900	..	8,650	38,550
Special Revenue Assistance	7,926	6,020	4,228	2,764	2,855	1,207	25,000
Total General Revenue Assistance	593,433	443,624	332,472	227,582	225,243	101,101	1,923,455
GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS(a)							
State Government Loan Council Borrowing Programs	183,078	149,738	78,236	79,587	54,587	43,467	588,693
Capital Grants	86,551	70,789	36,987	37,625	25,806	20,549	278,307
Total	269,629	220,527	115.223	117,212	80,393	64,016	867,000
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS OF A REVENUE NATURE							
Payments under Financial Agreement–							
Interest on State Debt	5,835	4,254	2,192	1,290	947	534	15,053
Sinking Fund on State Debt	9,675	7,195	3,844	3,896	2,855	2,044	29,509
Debt Charges Assistance	15,199	11,131	6,102	5,982	4,422	3,180	46,016
Universities	79,572	53,468	26,169	19,808	14,610	6,415	200,042
Colleges of Advanced Education	28,935	46,711	14,438	13,518	17,247	3,959	124,808
Technical Education	5,801	1,772	715	889	974	117	10,268
Schools	28,147	29,125	13,578	6,464	6,389	1,958	85,661
Pre-schools and Child Care	1,281	1,226	436	690	385	78	4,096
Child Migrant Education	2,238	2,732	165	587	157	135	6,014
Educational Research	97	142	109	18	26	14	406
Community Health	1,808	1,462	734	597	548	121	5,270
Tuberculosis Hospitals	3,223	3,486	2,205	939	764	201	10,818
School Dental Scheme	658	550	278	1,066	391	818	3,761
Health Education	227	125	155	76	99	60	742
Blood Transfusion Services	588	506	304	252	183	37	1,870
Health Planning Agencies	180	..	65	50	81	..	376
Home Care Services	296	370	312	169	23	49	1,218
Senior Citizens Centres	4	36	18	2	15	..	74
Paramedical Services	..	131	..	30	..	3	164
Assistance for Deserted Wives	1,769	1,574	1,346	1,534	1,171	260	7,654
Unemployment Relief	4,530	2,647	2,353	941	882	647	12,000
Social Planning Units	20	20	20	20	20	20	120
Aboriginal Advancement	1,678	358	975	1,003	2,636	23	6,673
Housing Grants	2,292	1,679	527	1,093	771	388	6,750
Housing—Rental Losses	..	..	123	..	..	..	123
Community Recreation Investigations	20	20	20	105	20	20	205
Area Improvement Program	347	92	..	..	..	..	439
Pilbara Feasibility Study	..	..	..	..	125	..	125
Perth Underground Railway Study	..	..	..	..	188	..	188
Fisheries Development	..	88	..	40	..	40	168
Bovine Brucellosis and Tuberculosis Eradication	1,952	1,681	470	551	343	137	5,134
Agricultural Extension Services	1,797	1,601	1,525	760	771	348	6,802
Minor Agricultural Research	99	23	12	17	..	..	151
Apple, Pear and Canning Fruit Industries	5	50	..	15	7	250	327
Adjustment Assistance to Canneries	136	1,117	..	247	..	..	1,500
Coal Mining Industry—Long Service Leave	1,782	..	410	..	139	16	2,347
Apprenticeship Training	108	92	52	44	44	11	351
Burdekin River Regional Study	..	..	153	..	..	..	153
Legal Aid	732	557	296	187	166	62	2,000
Road Safety Practices	37	30	28	19	25	11	150
Research Grants	2,092	1,540	700	955	410	204	5,901
Natural Disaster Relief	300	22	3,990	..	..	..	4,312
Total Specific Purpose Revenue Payments	203,460	177,613	84,820	63,854	57,834	22,160	609,739

TABLE 87.—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS TO THE STATES AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1973–74—*continued*

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS OF A CAPITAL NATURE							
Housing for Servicemen	4,539	2,691	200	..	191	145	7,766
Universities	15,889	14,128	5,624	7,050	4,581	694	48,966
Colleges of Advanced Education	7,644	13,680	5,078	6,196	7,222	292	40,112
Technical Education	6,873	5,500	1,945	2,063	1,311	689	18,381
Schools	30,208	18,011	8,990	9,430	6,810	2,527	75,976
Preschools and Child Care	160	288	1,003	514	166	285	2,416
Child Migrant Education	90	550	50	165	100	40	995
Mental Health Institutions	1,203	237	247	344	187	31	2,249
Hospitals	689	150	250	441	695	140	2,365
Nursing Homes	..	512	145	..	..	..	658
Community Health	3,616	2,924	1,468	1,195	1,096	242	10,541
Tuberculosis Hospitals	22	..	22	395	..	2	441
School Dental Scheme	685	794	192	895	661	549	3,776
Disposal of Ships Garbage	..	6	..	..	25	..	31
Senior Citizens Centres	242	163	55	55	123	13	651
Dwellings for Aged Pensioners	2,546	650	1,331	146	307	22	5,002
Migrant Centres	2	4	18	..	..	..	24
Aboriginal Advancement	3,725	590	8,982	3,696	8,454	131	25,577
Housing	86,000	53,500	17,400	32,750	13,000	16,000	218,650
National Estate	..	150	33	45	60	..	288
Growth Centres	630	1,500	..	4,414	..	35	6,579
Area Improvement Program	4,653	2,308	..	..	..	..	6,961
Land Acquisition	..	3,531	..	8,000	..	..	11,531
Sewerage	11,200	9,300	2,007	1,598	3,800	..	27,905
Community Facilities—Townsville	..	..	301	..	..	..	301
Commonwealth Aid Roads	98,270	65,720	59,830	31,000	48,030	13,950	316,800
Roads—Safety Improvements	1,080	840	435	300	255	90	3,000
Beef Cattle Roads	..	..	4,187	..	981	..	5,168
Eyre Highway-Sealing	..	..	..	625	..	..	625
Eyre and Barkly Highways Maintenance	..	..	14	25	25	..	64
Railway Projects	..	..	..	319	508	..	827
Railways—Intersystem Advances	190	..	..	65	650	..	905
W.A.—Darwin Shipping Service	..	..	..	..	1,000	..	1,000
Gladstone Power Station	..	..	26,607	..	..	..	26,607
Softwood Forestry	2,000	..	1,535	252	416	672	4,875
Marginal Dairy Farms	250	145	656	..	70	24	1,145
Fruit Growing Industry	500	430	..	57	18	650	1,655
Rural Reconstruction	10,500	7,600	7,367	4,300	5,300	700	35,767
Copeton Dam	2,000	..	..	..	..	..	2,000
King River Dam	..	15	..	..	..	..	15
Bundaberg Irrigation Works	..	..	3,114	..	..	..	3,114
Fairbairn Dam	..	..	622	..	..	..	622
Ord River Project	..	..	..	..	1,443	..	1,443
Lower Dawson Weirs	..	..	95	..	..	..	95
Dartmouth Dam	950	950	..	950	..	..	2,850
Eton (Mackay) Irrigation Scheme	..	..	387	..	..	..	387
Water Resources Investigations	1,182	762	770	371	1,300	71	4,455
Salinity Reduction	..	7	..	..	..	..	7
Lock–Kimba Pipeline	..	..	..	540	..	..	540
Tailem Bend Pipeline	..	..	..	14	..	..	14
Millewa Pipeline	..	800	..	..	..	..	800
Flood Mitigation	1,484	..	..	..	..	..	1,484
Brigalow Lands Development Scheme	..	..	139	..	..	..	139
Natural Disaster Relief	..	..	23,869	..	..	— 3	23,866
Total Specific Purpose Capital Payments	300,022	208,436	184,969	118,210	108,785	37,990	958,411
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS(*b*)							
	1,183,466	900,462	639,248	447,271	417,668	181,800	3,769,912
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS							
General Purpose	863,062	664,151	447,695	344,794	305,636	165,117	2,790,455
Specific Purpose	503,482	386,049	269,789	182,064	166,619	60,150	1,568,150
Total	1,366,544	1,050,200	717,484	526,858	472,255	225,267	4,358,605

(*a*) *See* Chapter III, under heading "Treatment of Loan Council Programs in This and Other Budget Documents".
(*b*) Comprises all amounts shown above, with the exception of the Loan Council Borrowing Programs. Includes capital grants. *See* reference in footnote (*a*).

TABLE 88—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS TO THE STATES AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS—ESTIMATES 1974–75

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE							
Financial Assistance Grants	723,400	535,100	409,700	255,800	273,900	129,700	2,327,600
Special Grants	..	..	24,750	23,500	..	..	48,250
Total General Revenue Assistance	723,400	535,100	434,450	279,300	273,900	129,700	2,375,850
GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS(*a*)							
State Government Loan Council—							
Borrowing Programs	214,356	174,518	102,024	93,734	64,278	51,891	700,801
Capital Grants	101,337	82,505	43,544	44,314	30,387	24,531	326,618
Total	315,693	257,023	145,568	138,048	94,665	76,422	1,027,419
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS OF A REVENUE NATURE							
Payments under Financial Agreement—							
Interest on State Debt	5,835	4,254	2,192	1,525	947	534	15,287
Sinking fund on State Debt	10,168	7,605	4,043	4,111	3,005	2,161	31,093
Debt Charges Assistance	18,999	13,914	7,627	7,478	5,528	3,975	57,520
State Emergency Services	196	..	60	..	..	44	300
Universities	126,238	84,181	41,786	31,781	24,176	10,393	318,555
Colleges of Advanced Education	53,504	76,929	24,546	20,803	27,842	5,706	209,330
Technical Education	8,311	5,861	2,299	2,007	1,681	559	20,717
Schools	86,687	70,717	34,157	19,420	16,943	6,256	234,180
Pre-schools and Child Care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	(*b*)20,500
Child Migrant Education	3,305	4,307	344	706	224	190	9,076
Educational Research	186	310	172	43	55	33	799
Community Health	9,755	5,643	2,943	2,336	433	901	22,011
Tuberculosis Hospitals	3,848	3,290	2,280	950	865	391	11,624
School Dental Scheme	1,384	944	875	1,230	1,084	1,269	6,786
Health Education	285	148	160	89	107	67	856
Blood Transfusion Services	480	560	345	247	230	58	1,920
Health Planning Agencies	175	65	75	50	110	25	500
Home Care Services	370	450	380	200	30	70	1,500
Senior Citizens Centres	7	70	40	3	30	..	150
Paramedical Services	..	235	..	65	..	4	304
Assistance for Deserted Wives	1,400	1,300	1,100	1,000	1,100	300	6 200
Social Planning Units	20	20	20	20	20	20	120
Aboriginal Advancement	1,850	460	2,085	1,474	4,660	23	10,552
Housing Grants	2,292	1,679	527	1,093	771	388	6,750
Housing—Rental Losses	..	..	170	..	..	..	170
Sewerage	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,000
Area Improvement	1,240	1,050	550	110	170	..	3,120
Pilbara Feasibility	..	..	..	..	25	..	25
Local Government (Grants Commission)	21,359	14,630	8,954	4,774	4,959	1,669	56,345
Regional Organisations Assistance	92	77	44	38	46	16	314
Perth Underground Railway Study	..	..	..	..	45	..	45
Bovine Brucellosis and T.B. Eradication	1,909	2,150	1,897	334	510	100	6,900
Agricultural Extension Services	2,102	1,790	1,687	847	856	441	7,723
Minor Agricultural Research	75	22	14	17	..	..	128
Apples—Export Guarantee 1974 Season	..	..	35	..	607	2,000	2,642
Plague Locust Control	..	46	12	2	..	..	60
Trawl and Danish Seine Fishery	35	..	..	..	..	..	35
Coal Mining Industry—Long Service Leave	2,374	..	620	..	140	18	3,152
Apprenticeship Training	242	197	126	110	99	34	808
Road Safety Practices	37	30	28	19	25	11	150
Research Grants	2,642	1,990	840	1,138	489	236	7,335
Natural Disaster Relief	300	208	50	..	..	..	558
Total Specific Purpose Revenue Payments	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,078,140

TABLE 88—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS TO THE STATES AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS—ESTIMATES 1974–75—*continued*

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS OF A CAPITAL NATURE							
Housing for Servicemen	9,086	3,139	2,969	40	682	193	16,109
Universities	22,669	15,232	11,530	6,404	9,795	2,445	68,075
Colleges of Advanced Education	29,700	17,079	10,019	6,900	7,800	3,977	75,475
Technical Education	9,968	8,160	4,516	2,199	2,497	1,018	28,358
Schools	58,638	49,731	22,681	15,219	13,178	5,227	164,674
Pre-Schools and Child Care	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	(*b*)17,000
Child Migrant Education	520	671	68	79	98	110	1,546
Hospitals	(*b*)9,000	(*b*)7,000	(*b*)4,000	(*b*) 3,500	(*b*)3,000	(*b*)1,500	(*b*)28,000
Nursing Homes	90	475	300	..	..	..	865
Community Health	4,172	5,115	2,186	2,554	2,027	760	16,814
Tuberculosis Hospitals	18	11	23	9	..	..	61
School Dental Scheme	3,394	3,505	2,977	2,023	2,022	389	14,310
Disposal of Ships Garbage	..	..	..	..	48	..	48
Senior Citizens Centres	570	380	120	120	280	30	1,500
Dwellings for Aged Pensioners	4,070	2,530	1,490	930	700	280	10,000
Migrant Centres	..	..	163	17	..	..	180
Aboriginal Advancement	4,750	940	11,467	3,526	9,340	215	30,238
Housing	71,400	61,400	20,900	38,400	22,900	20,000	235,000
National Estate	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	7,686
Nature Conservation	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	9,000
Growth Centres	25,822	41,469	516	5,323	500	506	74,136
Area Improvement	4,360	3,700	1,950	390	580	..	10,980
Land Acquisition	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	56,850
Sewerage	34,100	34,000	13,543	3,002	15,400	2,700	102,745
Community Facilities—Townsville	..	..	67	..	..	..	67
Roads	109,173	71,848	71,457	31,196	49,261	17,065	350,000
Beef Cattle Roads	..	..	279	..	..	..	279
Railway Projects	..	..	..	925	348	..	1,273
Urban Public Transport	20,643	20,596	7,757	11,990	3,776	2,727	67,489
Railways—Intersystem Advances	..	..	..	..	800	..	800
King Island Harbour Works	..	..	..	..	..	20	20
King Island Shipping Service	..	..	..	..	..	1,415	1,415
Julius Dam	..	..	2,000	..	..	..	2,000
Ross River Dam	..	..	600	..	..	..	600
Urban Water Supply	..	..	..	4,400	..	..	4,400
Gladstone Power Station	..	..	32,000	..	..	..	32,000
Softwood Forestry	2,500	1,650	1,750	250	587	639	7,376
Marginal Dairy Farms	1,680	2,220	5,790	90	600	1,120	11,500
Fruit Growing Industry	100	250	150	150	50	800	1,500
Rural Reconstruction	12,317	5,264	3,716	2,732	4,630	1,341	30,000
Copeton Dam	132	..	..	..	..	..	132
King River Dam	..	29	..	..	..	..	29
Bundaberg Irrigation Works	..	..	2,000	..	..	..	2,000
Fairbairn Dam	..	..	315	..	..	..	315
Ord River Project	..	..	..	..	1,065	..	1,065
Blowering Reservoir	−198	..	..	..	..	..	−198
Glenlyon Dam	440	..	440	..	..	..	880
Lower Dawson Weirs	..	..	455	..	..	..	455
Soil Conservation	110	155	160	25	40	10	500
Dartmouth Dam	2,000	2,000	..	2,000	..	..	6,000
Eton (Mackay) Irrigation Scheme	..	..	2,500	..	..	..	2,500
Clare Weir	..	..	300	..	..	..	300
Water Resources Investigations	1,413	850	878	423	1,667	136	5,367
Salinity Reduction	..	8	..	..	..	..	8
Lock-Kimba Pipeline	..	..	..	470	..	..	470
Tailem Bend Pipeline	..	..	..	−3	..	..	−3
Millewa Pipeline	..	600	..	..	..	..	600
Flood Mitigation	2,500	..	120	..	..	..	2,620
Brigalow Land Development Scheme	..	..	4,416	..	..	..	4,416
Natural Disaster Relief	11,756	5,800	26,050	500	..	..	44,106
Total Specific Purpose Capital Payments	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,551,931
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS (c)							
	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	5,332,539
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS							
General Purpose	1,039,093	792,123	580,018	417,348	368,565	206,122	3,403,269
Specific Purpose	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,630,071
Total	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	6,033,340

(*a*) *See* Chapter III, under heading " Treatment of Loan Council Programs in this and other Budget Documents ".
(*b*) Important qualifications attach to these figures, on which see the relevant section of Chapter IV.
(*c*) Comprise all the amounts shown above, with the exception of the Loan Council Borrowing Programs. Includes capital grants. See reference in footnote (*a*).
n.a. = not available.

TABLE 89—SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, 1956–57 TO 1974–75

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
General Revenue Assistance							
1956–57	130,558	92,126	54,524	43,033	45,811	19,048	385,100
1957–58	141,471	100,811	59,389	46,362	50,231	20,736	419,000
1958–59	152,188	109,165	63,789	48,469	54,549	23,340	451,500
1959–60	166,900	121,250	72,750	58,202	57,924	28,626	505,652
1960–61	183,977	134,743	79,901	61,454	64,572	32,578	557,225
1961–62	198,498	146,029	87,460	66,451	72,483	35,821	606,742
1962–63	206,642	152,267	91,083	69,552	74,900	36,698	631,142
1963–64	215,712	159,482	94,821	72,729	77,741	38,382	658,867
1964–65	230,537	171,750	101,111	78,155	87,618	43,897	713,069
1965–66	255,001	191,922	113,356	86,467	102,512	49,863	799,121
1966–67	284,794	208,790	128,264	94,346	105,802	55,439	877,435
1967–68	307,917	233,091	141,948	104,465	111,670	57,857	956,946
1968–69	337,383	253,562	157,830	116,117	125,674	59,019	1,049,585
1969–70	378,683	293,643	178,704	127,396	140,380	70,414	1,189,219
1970–71	484,975	361,584	223,275	161,252	168,343	80,768	1,480,198
1971–72	498,017	362,085	249,209	171,420	176,974	79,473	1,537,178
1972–73	536,963	396,087	281,946	202,430	196,369	87,098	1,700,893
1973–74	593,433	443,624	332,472	227,582	225,243	101,101	1,923,455
1974–75 (estimate)	723,400	535,100	434,450	279,300	273,900	129,700	2,375,850
Additional Assistance Grants							
1957–58	3,978	2,122	2,250	736	630	283	10,000
1961–62	4,480	3,600	6,680	1,940	1,320	1,980	20,000
1962–63	9,292	7,454	8,480	4,006	2,728	3,040	35,000
1963–64	12,816	10,280	4,800	5,524	3,764	2,816	40,000
General Purpose Capital Funds(*a*)							
1956–57	99,900	79,600	38,500	45,100	33,800	22,800	319,700
1957–58	105,900	84,840	40,000	47,060	31,680	24,200	333,680
1958–59	110,180	88,400	42,500	48,600	33,520	25,180	348,380
1959–60	116,280	92,810	45,500	50,770	35,400	27,080	367,840
1960–61	121,388	97,610	49,000	51,934	37,280	28,388	385,600
1961–62	124,596	100,150	51,000	50,296	39,162	28,996	394,200
1962–63	130,808	105,360	53,400	51,458	41,044	30,708	412,778
1963–64	140,020	112,270	60,200	55,184	44,006	32,020	443,700
1964–65	149,470	120,954	66,752	59,020	46,968	34,136	477,300
1965–66	152,150	123,206	68,016	61,892	47,902	34,834	488,000
1966–67	163,640	132,520	72,510	67,680	51,070	37,580	525,000
1967–68	172,240	139,700	76,560	71,820	53,230	40,610	554,160
1968–69	182,070	146,620	80,540	77,840	54,810	42,120	584,000
1969–70	194,590	157,870	85,980	82,670	59,290	45,370	625,770
1970–71	212,510	172,690	93,200	87,420	67,080	48,550	681,450
1971–72	283,710	227,560	112,800	122,290	83,310	62,330	892,000
1972–73	312,336	250,520	124,181	134,628	91,716	68,619	982,000
1973–74	269,629	220,527	115,223	117,212	80,393	64,016	867,000
1974–75	315,693	257,023	145,568	138,048	94,665	76,422	1,027,419
Total General Purpose Funds							
1956–57	230,458	171,726	93,024	88,133	79,611	41,848	704,800
1957–58	251,349	187,773	101,639	94,158	82,541	45,219	762,680
1958–59	262,368	197,565	106,289	97,069	88,069	48,520	799,880
1959–60	283,180	214,060	118,250	108,972	93,324	55,706	873,492
1960–61	305,365	232,353	128,901	113,388	101,852	60,966	942,825
1961–62	327,574	249,779	145,140	118,687	112,965	66,797	1,020,942
1962–63	346,742	265,081	152,963	125,016	118,672	70,446	1,078,920
1963–64	368,548	282,032	159,821	133,437	125,511	73,218	1,142,567
1964–65	380,007	292,704	167,863	137,175	134,586	78,033	1,190,369
1965–66	407,151	315,128	181,372	148,359	150,414	84,697	1,287,121
1966–67	448,434	341,310	200,774	162,026	156,872	93,019	1,402,435
1967–68	480,157	372,791	218,508	176,285	164,900	98,467	1,511,106
1968–69	519,453	400,182	238,370	193,957	180,484	101,139	1,633,585
1969–70	573,273	451,513	264,684	210,066	199,670	115,784	1,814,989
1970–71	697,485	534,274	316,475	248,672	235,423	129,318	2,161,648
1971–72	781,727	589,645	362,009	293,710	260,284	141,803	2,429,178
1972–73	849,299	646,607	406,127	337,058	288,085	155,717	2,682,893
1973–74	863,062	664,151	447,695	344,794	305,636	165,117	2,790 455
1974–75 (estimate)	1,039,093	792,123	580,018	417,348	368,565	206,122	3.403,269

TABLE 89—SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, 1956–57 TO 1974–75—*continued*

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—CURRENT							
1956–57	16,434	10,018	6,548	4,076	3,373	1,752	42,203
1957–58	17,125	10,330	6,187	4,360	3,538	1,864	43,405
1958–59	18,576	10,963	6,917	4,834	4,044	1,991	47,325
1959–60	18,713	11,577	6,516	5,752	4,241	2,108	48,907
1960–61	20,489	12,602	7,860	5,643	4,761	2,290	53,646
1961–62	22,753	13,399	8,251	5,993	4,486	2,460	57,342
1962–63	24,072	14,695	8,760	6,362	4,736	2,539	61,162
1963–64	25,679	16,119	9,562	6,723	5,026	2,703	65,809
1964–65	28,499	18,488	10,599	7,689	5,591	3,066	73,935
1965–66	39,015	20,412	15,505	8,226	5,872	3,233	92,264
1966–67	40,252	24,007	15,790	9,195	6,525	4,858	100,627
1967–68	40,344	33,159	16,779	11,131	7,889	4,109	113,411
1968–69	42,688	35,941	16,676	11,986	8,479	4,436	120,210
1969–70	47,997	38,501	28,049	13,427	11,550	5,072	144,596
1970–71	65,890	51,274	33,465	17,581	15,128	7,386	190,721
1971–72	87,728	69,161	36,386	23,572	21,399	10,511	248,758
1972–73	135,890	106,086	57,167	38,074	35,065	17,258	389,545
1973–74	203,460	177,613	84,820	63,854	57,834	22,160	609,739
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,078,140
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—CAPITAL							
1956–57	45,301	36,563	19,210	16,276	20,377	7,274	145,000
1957–58	47,265	40,028	21,724	18,609	22,231	7,753	157,609
1958–59	50,153	42,923	23,980	20,519	23,672	9,298	170,545
1959–60	57,137	49,871	24,817	21,057	24,802	9,206	186,890
1960–61	56,430	52,521	26,197	22,657	26,644	9,746	194,195
1961–62	69,916	60,377	37,012	30,605	30,825	11,599	240,334
1962–63	70,895	56,366	44,920	35,174	36,306	11,045	254,706
1963–64	72,956	55,525	50,643	37,224	41,066	12,524	269,937
1964–65	93,119	69,960	46,665	43,925	48,492	15,274	317,435
1965–66	116,153	70,451	51,646	47,652	59,658	17,711	363,269
1966–67	115,576	75,792	57,596	49,042	62,447	19,675	380,128
1967–68	126,317	88,178	81,613	52,529	69,886	30,346	448,868
1968–69	125,935	91,351	63,533	65,660	68,723	24,182	439,386
1969–70	142,830	98,956	76,990	66,006	71,776	29,489	486,046
1970–71	163,704	116,936	89,107	67,519	74,212	25,781	537,260
1971–72	133,837	88,127	102,177	44,173	68,096	22,455	458,862
1972–73	160,793	112,046	113,818	53,059	78,613	23,237	541,564
1973–74	300,022	208,436	184,969	118,210	108,785	37,990	958,411
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,551,931
TOTAL SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS							
1956–57	61,735	46,581	25,758	20,352	23,750	9,026	187,203
1957–58	64,390	50,358	27,911	22,969	25,769	9,617	201,014
1958–59	68,729	53,886	30,897	25,353	27,716	11,289	217,870
1959–60	75,850	61,448	31,333	26,809	29,043	11,314	235,797
1960–61	76,919	65,123	34,057	28,300	31,405	12,036	247,841
1961–62	92,669	73,776	45,263	36,598	35,311	14,059	297,676
1962–63	94,967	71,061	53,680	41,536	41,042	13,584	315,868
1963–64	98,635	71,644	60,205	43,947	46,092	15,227	335,746
1964–65	121,618	88,448	57,264	51,614	54,083	18,340	391,370
1965–66	155,168	90,863	67,151	55,878	65,530	20,944	455,533
1966–67	155,828	99,799	73,386	58,237	68,972	24,533	480,755
1967–68	166,661	121,337	98,392	63,660	77,775	34,455	562,279
1968–69	168,623	127,292	80,209	77,646	77,202	28,618	559,596
1969–70	190,827	137,457	105,039	79,433	83,326	34,561	630,642
1970–71	229,594	168,210	122,572	85,100	89,340	33,167	727,981
1971–72	221,565	157,288	138,563	67,745	89,495	32,966	707,620
1972–73	296,683	218,132	170,985	91,133	113,678	40,495	931,109
1973–74	503,482	386,049	269,789	182,064	166,619	60,150	1,568,150
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,630,071
TOTAL PAYMENTS(*b*)							
1956–57	192,293	138,707	80,282	63,385	69,561	28,074	572,303
1957–58	209,839	153,291	89,550	70,067	76,630	30,636	630,014
1958–59	220,917	163,051	94,686	73,822	82,265	34,629	669,370
1959–60	242,750	182,698	104,083	85,011	86,967	39,940	741,449
1960–61	260,896	199,866	113,958	89,754	95,977	44,614	805,066
1961–62	295,647	223,405	139,403	104,989	109,114	51,860	924,418
1962–63	310,901	230,782	153,243	115,094	118,670	53,322	982,010
1963–64	327,163	241,406	159,826	122,200	127,597	56,425	1,034,613
1964–65	352,155	260,198	158,375	129,769	141,701	62,237	1,104,439
1965–66	410,169	282,785	180,507	142,345	168,042	70,807	1,254,654
1966–67	440,622	308,589	201,650	152,583	174,774	79,972	1,358,190
1967–68	474,578	354,428	240,340	168,125	189,445	92,312	1,519,225
1968–69	506,006	380,854	238,039	193,763	202,876	87,637	1,609,181
1969–70	569,510	431,100	283,743	206,829	223,706	104,975	1,819,861
1970–71	778,179	580,814	371,137	273,772	276,363	127,915	2,408,179
1971–72	789,272	575,263	415,482	269,195	286,939	127,749	2,463,898
1972–73	912,697	677,624	484,360	327,637	333,260	144,960	2,880,541
1973–74	1,183,466	900,462	639,248	447,271	417,668	181,800	3,769,912
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	5,332,539

TABLE 89—SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, 1956–57 TO 1974–75—*continued*

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
TOTAL PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS							
1956–57	292,193	218,307	118,782	108,485	103,361	50,874	892,003
1957–58	315,739	238,131	129,550	117,127	108,310	54,836	963,694
1958–59	331,097	251,451	137,186	122,422	115,785	59,809	1,017,750
1959–60	359,030	275,508	149,583	135,781	122,367	67,020	1,109,289
1960–61	382,284	297,476	162,958	141,688	133,257	73,002	1,190,666
1961–62	420,243	323,555	190,403	155,285	148,276	80,856	1,318,618
1962–63	441,709	336,142	206,643	166,552	159,714	84,030	1,394,788
1963–64	467,183	353,676	220,026	177,384	171,603	88,445	1,478,313
1964–65	501,625	381,152	225,127	188,789	188,669	96,373	1,581,739
1965–66	562,319	405,991	248,523	204,237	215,944	105,641	1,742,654
1966–67	604,262	441,109	274,161	220,263	225,844	117,552	1,883,190
1967–68	646,818	494,128	316,900	239,945	242,675	132,922	2,073,385
1968–69	688,076	527,474	318,579	271,603	257,686	129,757	2,193,181
1969–70	764,100	588,970	369,723	289,499	282,996	150,345	2,445,631
1970–71	927,079	702,484	439,047	333,772	324,763	162,485	2,889,629
1971–72	1,003,292	746,933	500,572	361,455	349,779	174,769	3,136,798
1972–73	1,145,982	864,739	577,112	428,191	401,763	196,212	3,614,002
1973–74	1,366,544	1,050,200	717,484	526,858	472,255	225,267	4,358,605
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	6,033,340

(*a*) See Chapter III, under heading " Treatment of Loan Council Programs in this and other budget documents."
(*b*) Comprises all the amounts shown above, with the exception of the borrowing program component of general purpose capital funds. *See* reference in footnote (*a*).

TABLE 90—SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, 1956–57 TO 1974–75

$ Per Head of Population

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
General Revenue Assistance							
1956–57	36.38	35.09	39.11	49.96	67.28	58.67	40.64
1957–58	38.65	37.52	41.75	52.33	72.42	62.45	43.28
1958–59	40.81	39.70	43.98	53.36	77.28	68.93	45.69
1959–60	43.96	43.00	49.22	62.34	80.75	83.19	50.12
1960–61	47.47	46.57	53.14	64.21	88.48	93.06	54.05
1961–62	50.22	49.39	56.81	67.86	95.91	101.42	57.58
1962–63	51.39	50.56	58.26	69.66	96.35	102.45	58.82
1963–64	52.88	51.89	59.45	71.06	97.32	105.79	60.27
1964–65	55.65	54.76	62.15	74.28	107.22	119.82	64.00
1965–66	60.57	60.09	68.28	79.92	122.43	134.91	70.39
1966–67	66.76	64.26	76.04	85.54	122.53	148.51	76.01
1967–68	71.12	70.58	82.75	93.63	124.52	153.22	81.53
1968–69	76.63	75.54	90.32	102.63	134.27	154.22	87.78
1969–70	84.34	85.85	100.40	110.87	143.96	182.09	97.46
1970–71	106.08	103.86	123.20	138.05	166.10	207.26	119.02
1971–72	107.17	102.44	134.63	144.82	169.09	202.53	121.47
1972–73	114.35	110.67	148.66	169.31	184.52	220.56	132.61
1973–74	125.27	122.73	170.99	188.08	207.85	253.64	148.09
1974–75 (estimate)	151.61	147.14	217.12	227.57	247.56	322.16	180.74
Additional Assistance Grants							
1957–58	1.09	0.79	1.58	0.83	0.91	0.86	1.03
1961–62	1.13	1.22	4.34	1.98	1.75	5.61	1.90
1962–63	2.31	2.48	5.42	4.01	3.51	8.49	3.26
1963–64	3.14	3.34	3.01	5.40	4.71	7.76	3.66
General Purpose Capital Funds							
1956–57	27.83	30.32	27.62	52.36	49.64	70.22	33.74
1957–58	28.93	31.57	28.12	53.12	45.67	72.89	34.46
1958–59	29.55	32.15	29.30	53.50	47.49	74.37	35.25
1959–60	30.63	32.91	30.78	54.38	49.35	78.70	36.46
1960–61	31.32	33.74	32.59	54.26	51.08	81.09	37.40
1961–62	31.52	33.87	33.13	51.36	51.82	82.10	37.41
1962–63	32.53	34.98	34.16	51.54	52.80	85.73	38.47
1963–64	34.33	36.53	37.74	53.92	55.09	88.26	40.59
1964–65	36.08	38.57	41.03	56.10	57.47	93.17	42.84
1965–66	36.14	38.57	40.97	57.21	57.21	94.25	42.99
1966–67	38.35	40.78	42.97	61.35	59.14	100.67	45.48
1967–68	39.78	42.30	44.63	64.37	59.36	107.55	47.21
1968–69	41.36	43.68	46.09	68.80	58.56	110.06	48.84
1969–70	43.34	46.15	48.30	71.94	60.80	117.33	51.29
1970–71	46.48	49.60	51.43	74.84	66.19	124.58	54.79
1971–72	61.05	64.38	60.94	103.31	79.60	158.84	70.49
1972–73	66.52	70.00	65.48	112.60	86.18	173.76	76.56
1973–74	56.92	61.01	59.25	96.87	74.18	160.60	66.75
1974–75	66.16	70.67	72.75	112.48	85.56	189.82	78.16
Total General Purpose Funds							
1956–57	64.21	65.40	66.73	102.31	116.92	128.88	74.38
1957–58	68.66	69.88	71.46	106.27	119.00	136.20	78.77
1958–59	70.36	71.84	73.28	106.86	124.76	143.30	80.94
1959–60	74.59	75.92	80.00	116.72	130.10	161.89	86.58
1960–61	78.79	80.30	85.72	118.47	139.56	174.14	91.45
1961–62	82.88	84.48	94.27	121.21	149.46	189.12	96.89
1962–63	86.24	88.01	97.85	125.20	152.65	196.67	100.55
1963–64	90.35	91.77	100.20	130.39	157.12	201.81	104.51
1964–65	91.73	93.33	103.18	130.38	164.69	212.97	106.84
1965–66	96.72	98.66	109.25	137.13	179.64	229.16	113.38
1966–67	105.10	105.02	118.99	146.88	181.67	249.18	121.49
1967–68	110.90	112.88	127.38	158.00	183.88	260.77	128.74
1968–69	117.99	119.22	136.41	171.43	192.82	264.28	136.63
1969–70	127.68	132.00	148.70	182.81	204.77	299.42	148.75
1970–71	152.56	153.47	174.63	212.89	232.29	331.84	173.81
1971–72	168.23	166.82	195.57	248.13	248.69	361.37	191.95
1972–73	180.87	180.66	214.13	281.92	270.71	394.32	209.17
1973–74	182.19	183.74	230.25	284.95	282.03	414.24	214.84
1974–75 (estimate)	217.78	217.81	289.86	340.05	333.12	511.98	258.90
Specific Purpose Payments—Current							
1956–57	4.58	3.82	4.70	4.73	4.95	5.40	4.45
1957–58	4.68	3.84	4.35	4.92	5.10	5.61	4.48
1958–59	4.98	3.99	4.77	5.32	5.73	5.88	4.79
1959–60	4.93	4.11	4.41	6.16	5.91	6.13	4.85
1960–61	5.29	4.36	5.23	5.90	6.52	6.54	5.20
1961–62	5.76	4.53	5.36	6.12	5.94	6.96	5.44
1962–63	5.99	4.88	5.60	6.37	6.09	7.09	5.70
1963–64	6.30	5.24	5.99	6.57	6.29	7.45	6.02
1964–65	6.88	5.89	6.51	7.31	6.84	8.37	6.64
1965–66	9.27	6.39	9.34	7.60	7.01	8.75	8.13
1966–67	9.43	7.39	9.36	8.34	7.56	13.01	8.72
1967–68	9.32	10.04	9.78	9.98	8.80	10.88	9.66
1968–69	9.70	10.71	9.54	10.59	9.06	11.59	10.05
1969–70	10.69	11.26	15.76	11.68	11.84	13.12	11.85
1970–71	14.41	14.73	18.47	15.05	14.93	18.95	15.34
1971–72	18.88	19.57	19.66	19.91	20.45	26.79	19.66
1972–73	28.94	29.64	30.14	31.85	32.95	43.70	30.37
1973–74	42.95	49.14	43.62	52.77	53.36	55.59	45.98
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	82.02

TABLE 90—SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, 1956–57 TO 1974–75—*continued*

$ Per Head of Population

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—CAPITAL							
1956–57	12.62	13.93	13.78	18.89	29.93	22.40	15.30
1957–58	12.91	14.90	15.27	21.00	32.05	23.35	16.28
1958–59	13.45	15.61	16.53	22.59	33.53	27.46	17.26
1959–60	15.05	17.69	16.79	22.55	34.58	26.75	18.52
1960–61	14.56	18.15	17.42	23.67	36.51	27.84	18.84
1961–62	17.69	20.42	24.04	31.26	40.78	32.84	22.81
1962–63	17.63	18.72	28.73	35.23	46.70	30.83	23.74
1963–64	17.89	18.07	31.75	36.37	51.41	34.52	24.69
1964–65	22.48	22.31	28.68	41.75	59.34	41.69	28.49
1965–66	27.59	22.06	31.11	44.04	71.25	47.92	32.00
1966–67	27.09	23.32	34.14	44.46	72.32	52.71	32.93
1967–68	29.17	26.70	47.58	47.08	77.93	80.37	38.24
1968–69	28.61	27.21	36.36	58.03	73.42	63.19	36.75
1969–70	31.81	28.93	43.25	57.44	73.61	76.26	39.83
1970–71	35.81	33.59	49.17	57.80	73.22	66.16	43.20
1971–72	28.80	24.93	55.20	37.32	65.06	57.22	36.26
1972–73	34.24	31.31	60.01	44.38	73.87	58.84	42.22
1973–74	63.33	57.66	95.13	97.69	100.38	95.30	72.27
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	118.06
TOTAL SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS							
1956–57	17.20	17.74	18.48	23.63	34.88	27.80	19.76
1957–58	17.59	18.74	19.62	25.92	37.15	28.97	20.76
1958–59	18.43	19.59	21.30	27.91	39.26	33.34	22.05
1959–60	19.98	21.79	21.20	28.72	40.49	32.88	23.37
1960–61	19.85	22.51	22.65	29.57	43.03	34.38	24.03
1961–62	23.45	24.95	29.40	37.38	46.72	39.80	28.25
1962–63	23.62	23.59	34.34	41.60	52.79	37.92	29.44
1963–64	24.18	23.31	37.75	42.94	57.70	41.97	30.71
1964–65	29.36	28.20	35.20	49.06	66.18	50.05	35.13
1965–66	36.86	28.45	40.45	51.65	78.26	56.67	40.13
1966–67	36.52	30.71	43.49	52.79	79.87	65.72	41.65
1967–68	38.49	36.74	57.36	57.06	86.73	91.25	47.90
1968–69	38.30	37.92	45.90	68.63	82.48	74.78	46.80
1969–70	42.50	40.19	59.01	69.13	85.45	89.37	51.69
1970–71	50.22	48.32	67.63	72.85	88.15	85.11	58.53
1971–72	47.68	44.50	74.86	57.23	85.51	84.01	55.92
1972–73	63.18	60.95	90.15	76.22	106.82	102.54	72.59
1973–74	106.28	106.79	138.75	150.47	153.75	150.90	118.24
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	200.08
TOTAL PAYMENTS							
1956–57	53.58	52.83	57.59	73.58	102.16	86.46	60.40
1957–58	57.32	57.05	62.96	79.08	110.48	92.28	65.07
1958–59	59.24	59.29	65.28	81.27	116.54	102.27	67.73
1959–60	63.94	64.79	70.42	91.06	121.24	116.07	73.49
1960–61	67.31	69.08	75.79	93.78	131.51	127.43	78.09
1961–62	74.80	75.56	90.54	107.22	144.37	146.83	87.73
1962–63	77.32	76.63	98.03	115.27	152.65	148.86	91.52
1963–64	80.21	78.55	100.20	119.41	159.74	155.53	94.64
1964–65	85.01	82.96	97.35	123.34	173.40	169.86	99.13
1965–66	97.43	88.54	108.73	131.57	200.70	191.58	110.52
1966–67	103.27	94.95	119.51	138.32	202.40	214.23	117.65
1967–68	109.61	107.32	140.11	150.69	211.25	244.47	129.43
1968–69	114.94	113.46	136.22	171.26	216.75	229.00	134.58
1969–70	126.84	126.03	159.41	179.99	229.42	271.46	149.15
1970–71	170.21	166.83	204.79	234.37	272.68	328.24	193.63
1971–72	169.85	162.75	224.46	227.42	274.16	325.56	194.70
1972–73	194.39	189.47	255.38	274.04	313.16	367.08	224.58
1973–74	249.83	249.11	328.76	369.64	385.41	456.10	290.25
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	405.66
TOTAL PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS							
1956–57	81.41	83.15	85.20	125.94	151.80	156.68	94.13
1957–58	86.25	88.62	91.08	132.20	156.16	165.17	99.54
1958–59	88.79	91.44	94.58	134.77	164.02	176.64	102.99
1959–60	94.57	97.71	101.20	145.44	170.59	194.77	109.95
1960–61	98.63	102.81	108.37	148.04	182.59	208.52	115.49
1961–62	106.33	109.43	123.67	158.58	196.18	228.92	125.14
1962–63	109.86	111.61	132.18	166.80	205.45	234.59	129.99
1963–64	114.54	115.08	137.95	173.33	214.83	243.78	135.22
1964–65	121.09	121.53	138.38	179.44	230.87	263.03	141.96
1965–66	133.58	127.11	149.70	188.78	257.91	285.83	153.50
1966–67	141.62	135.73	162.49	199.68	261.54	314.90	163.13
1967–68	149.39	149.63	184.74	215.06	270.60	352.02	176.64
1968–69	156.29	157.14	182.32	240.06	275.31	339.06	183.43
1969–70	170.18	172.18	207.71	251.94	290.22	388.79	200.44
1970–71	202.78	201.78	242.26	285.74	320.44	416.95	232.34
1971–72	215.91	211.32	270.43	305.33	334.21	445.38	247.87
1972–73	244.04	241.61	304.29	358.14	377.53	496.87	281.77
1973–74	288.48	290.54	369.00	435.42	435.78	565.15	335.57
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	458.97

TABLE 91—TOTAL PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS—DISSECTION BETWEEN FUNDS FOR RECURRENT AND CAPITAL PURPOSES, 1956–57 TO 1974–75(*a*)

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
FUNDS FOR RECURRENT PURPOSES							
1956–57	146,992	102,144	61,072	47,109	49,184	20,800	427,303
1957–58	162,574	113,263	67,826	51,458	54,399	22,883	472,405
1958–59	170,764	120,128	70,706	53,303	58,593	25,331	498,825
1959–60	185,613	132,827	79,266	63,954	62,165	30,734	554,559
1960–61	204,466	147,345	87,761	67,097	69,333	34,868	610,871
1961–62	225,731	163,028	102,391	74,384	78,289	40,261	684,084
1962–63	240,006	174,416	108,323	79,920	82,364	42,277	727,304
1963–64	254,207	185,881	109,183	84,976	86,531	43,901	764,676
1964–65	259,036	190,238	111,710	85,844	93,209	46,963	787,004
1965–66	294,016	212,334	128,861	94,693	108,384	53,096	891,385
1966–67	325,046	232,797	144,054	103,541	112,327	60,297	978,062
1967–68	348,261	266,250	158,727	115,596	119,559	61,966	1,070,357
1968–69	380,071	289,503	174,506	128,103	134,153	63,455	1,169,795
1969–70	426,680	332,144	206,753	140,823	151,930	75,486	1,333,815
1970–71	550,865	412,858	256,740	178,833	183,471	88,154	1,670,919
1971–72	585,745	431,246	285,595	194,992	198,373	89,984	1,785,936
1972–73	672,853	502,173	339,113	240,504	231,434	104,356	2,090,438
1973–74	796,893	621,237	417,292	291,433	283,077	123,261	2,533,194
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	3,453,990
FUNDS FOR CAPITAL PURPOSES							
1956–57	145,201	116,163	57,710	61,376	54,177	30,074	464,700
1957–58	153,165	124,868	61,724	65,669	53,911	31,953	491,289
1958–59	160,333	131,323	66,480	69,119	57,192	34,478	518,925
1959–60	173,417	142,681	70,317	71,827	60,202	36,286	554,730
1960–61	177,818	150,131	75,197	74,591	63,924	38,134	579,795
1961–62	194,512	160,527	88,012	80,901	69,987	40,595	634,534
1962–63	201,703	161,726	98,320	86,632	77,350	41,753	667,484
1963–64	212,976	167,795	110,843	92,408	85,072	44,544	713,637
1964–65	242,589	190,914	113,417	102,945	95,460	49,410	794,735
1965–66	268,303	193,657	119,662	109,544	107,560	52,545	851,269
1966–67	279,216	208,312	130,106	116,722	113,517	57,255	905,128
1967–68	298,557	227,878	158,173	124,349	123,116	70,956	1,003,028
1968–69	308,005	237,971	144,073	143,500	123,533	66,302	1,023,386
1969–70	337,420	256,826	162,970	148,676	131,066	74,859	1,111,816
1970–71	376,214	289,626	182,307	154,939	141,292	74,331	1,218,710
1971–72	417,547	315,687	214,977	166,463	151,406	84,785	1,350,862
1972–73	473,129	362,566	237,999	187,687	170,329	91,856	1,523,564
1973–74	569,651	428,963	300,192	235,422	189,178	102,006	1,825,411
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,579,350

(*a*) See footnotes to previous tables in this Appendix.

TABLE 92—TOTAL PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS—DISSECTION BETWEEN FUNDS FOR RECURRENT AND CAPITAL PURPOSES, 1956–57 TO 1974–75

$ Per Head of Population

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
FUNDS FOR RECURRENT PURPOSES							
1956–57	40.96	38.90	43.81	54.69	72.23	64.06	45.09
1957–58	44.41	42.15	47.69	58.08	78.43	68.92	48.79
1958–59	45.79	43.68	48.75	58.68	83.00	74.81	50.48
1959–60	48.89	47.11	53.63	68.50	86.67	89.32	54.97
1960–61	52.75	50.92	58.36	70.10	95.00	99.59	59.25
1961–62	57.11	55.14	66.50	75.96	103.58	113.99	64.92
1962–63	59.69	57.91	69.29	80.04	105.95	118.03	67.78
1963–64	62.32	60.48	68.45	83.03	108.33	121.01	69.95
1964–65	62.53	60.66	68.66	81.59	114.06	128.17	70.64
1965–66	69.84	66.48	77.62	87.52	129.44	143.66	78.52
1966–67	76.18	71.63	85.38	93.86	130.08	161.52	84.72
1967–68	80.43	80.62	92.53	103.61	133.32	164.10	91.19
1968–69	86.33	86.24	99.87	113.23	143.33	165.81	97.84
1969–70	95.03	97.10	116.15	122.55	155.81	195.21	109.32
1970–71	120.49	118.59	141.67	153.10	181.03	226.21	134.35
1971–72	126.05	122.01	154.29	164.73	189.54	229.32	141.12
1972–73	143.29	140.31	178.80	201.16	217.47	264.26	162.98
1973–74	168.22	171.86	214.61	240.86	261.21	309.23	195.03
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	262.75
FUNDS FOR CAPITAL PURPOSES							
1956–57	40.46	44.24	41.40	71.25	79.57	92.62	49.04
1957–58	41.84	46.47	43.40	74.12	77.73	96.24	50.74
1958–59	43.00	47.75	45.83	76.09	81.02	101.83	52.51
1959–60	45.68	50.60	47.57	76.94	83.93	105.45	54.98
1960–61	45.88	51.89	50.01	77.93	87.59	108.92	56.24
1961–62	49.21	54.29	57.17	82.62	92.60	114.93	60.22
1962–63	50.16	53.70	62.89	86.76	99.50	116.56	62.21
1963–64	52.21	54.60	69.49	90.30	106.50	122.78	65.28
1964–65	58.56	60.87	69.71	97.85	116.81	134.85	71.33
1965–66	63.73	60.63	72.08	101.25	128.46	142.17	74.98
1966–67	65.44	64.10	77.11	105.81	131.46	153.38	78.41
1967–68	68.95	69.00	92.21	111.45	137.28	187.91	85.45
1968–69	69.96	70.89	82.45	126.83	131.98	173.25	85.59
1969–70	75.15	75.08	91.56	129.38	134.41	193.58	91.12
1970–71	82.29	83.19	100.59	132.64	139.41	190.74	97.99
1971–72	89.86	89.31	116.14	140.63	144.66	216.07	106.74
1972–73	100.76	101.30	125.49	156.98	160.05	232.61	118.79
1973–74	120.25	118.67	154.39	194.56	174.57	255.91	140.54
1974–75 (estimate)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	196.22

TABLE 93—TOTAL PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS—DISSECTION BETWEEN GRANTS AND LOANS 1956–57 TO 1973–74

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS—GRANTS							
1956–57	166,607	114,737	74,562	55,728	63,340	24,024	498,999
1957–58	183,539	128,201	82,977	61,394	70,601	26,567	553,280
1958–59	195,800	138,755	87,834	63,334	76,058	30,190	591,971
1959–60	213,703	157,175	96,879	74,804	80,870	36,026	659,457
1960–61	233,986	175,716	106,701	78,104	89,866	40,610	724,984
1961–62	259,813	193,004	123,109	86,881	101,671	46,004	810,482
1962–63	276,000	203,394	131,624	95,310	108,816	48,122	863,264
1963–64	291,944	213,778	133,986	101,915	115,418	50,425	907,462
1964–65	309,568	225,838	143,185	107,936	127,471	55,837	969,839
1965–66	350,260	249,218	161,702	119,372	146,882	63,359	1,090,793
1966–67	385,076	275,629	180,635	129,682	153,460	71,972	1,196,454
1967–68	421,147	317,653	200,755	144,680	164,808	76,192	1,325,232
1968–69	453,738	341,316	222,954	160,124	180,323	75,243	1,433,703
1969–70	517,263	383,794	262,273	181,339	203,068	87,427	1,635,162
1970–71	720,891	535,751	351,657	244,245	256,264	115,710	2,224,517
1971–72	757,245	567,580	403,131	264,643	278,553	123,056	2,394,207
1972–73	875,701	660,816	460,217	320,880	323,357	140,657	2,781,631
1973–74	1,070,454	823,696	581,550	396,312	393,932	164,446	3,430,387
AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS—LOANS (GROSS)							
1956–57	25,686	23,970	5,720	7,657	6,221	4,050	73,304
1957–58	26,300	25,090	6,573	8,673	6,029	4,069	76,734
1958–59	25,117	24,296	6,852	10,488	6,207	4,439	77,399
1959–60	29,047	25,523	7,204	10,207	6,097	3,914	81,992
1960–61	26,910	24,150	7,257	11,650	6,111	4,004	80,082
1961–62	35,834	30,401	16,294	18,108	7,443	5,856	113,936
1962–63	34,901	27,388	21,619	19,784	9,854	5,200	118,746
1963–64	35,219	27,628	25,840	20,285	12,179	6,000	127,151
1964–65	42,587	34,360	15,190	21,833	14,230	6,400	134,600
1965–66	59,909	33,567	18,805	22,973	21,160	7,448	163,861
1966–67	55,546	32,960	21,015	22,901	21,314	8,000	161,736
1967–68	53,431	36,775	39,586	23,445	24,637	16,120	193,993
1968–69	52,268	39,538	15,084	33,639	22,553	12,394	175,478
1969–70	52,247	47,306	21,470	25,490	20,638	17,548	184,699
1970–71	57,288	45,063	19,480	29,527	20,099	12,205	183,662
1971–72	32,027	7,683	12,351	4,552	8,386	4,693	69,691
1972–73	36,996	16,808	24,143	6,757	9,903	4,303	98,910
1973–74	113,012	76,766	57,698	50,959	23,736	17,354	339,525
TOTAL OF AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS							
1956–57	125,586	103,570	44,220	52,757	40,021	26,850	393,004
1957–58	132,200	109,930	46,573	55,733	37,709	28,269	410,414
1958–59	135,297	112,696	49,352	59,088	39,727	29,619	425,779
1959–60	145,327	118,333	52,704	60,977	41,497	30,994	449,832
1960–61	148,298	121,760	56,257	63,584	43,391	32,392	465,682
1961–62	160,430	130,551	67,294	68,404	46,605	34,852	508,136
1962–63	165,709	132,748	75,019	71,242	50,898	35,908	531,524
1963–64	175,239	139,898	86,040	75,469	56.185	38,020	570,851
1964–65	192,057	155,314	81,942	80,853	61,198	40,536	611,900
1965–66	212,059	156,773	86,821	84,865	69,062	42,282	651,861
1966–67	219,186	165,480	93,525	90,581	72,384	45,580	686,736
1967–68	225,671	176,475	116,146	95,265	77,867	56,730	748,153
1968–69	234,338	186,158	95,624	111,479	77,363	54,514	759,478
1969–70	246,837	205,176	107,450	108,160	79,928	62,918	810,469
1970–71	206,188	166,733	87,390	89,527	68,499	46,775	665,112
1971–72	246,047	179,353	97,441	96,812	71,226	51,713	742,591
1972–73	270,281	203,923	116,895	107,311	78,406	55,555	832,371
1973–74	296,090	226,504	135,934	130,546	78,323	60,821	928,218

TABLE 94—FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, 1962–63 TO 1974–75

$'000

Functional Classification	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75
CURRENT													
Defence	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	300
Education	18,546	21,081	28,529	31,551	36,734	45,185	49,967	73,668	100,916	118,923	153,858	433,469	816,700
Health	10,107	10,859	10,557	13,852	11,935	11,898	12,365	11,441	12,012	11,554	13,373	26,141	49,965
Social Security and Welfare	23	23	22	22	23	224	1,178	2,059	4,249	34,119	118,763	22,422	9,016
Housing	37	45	130	213	142	44	60	74	131	4,151	6,892	6,873	6,920
Culture and Recreation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	205	..
Urban and Regional Development n.e.c. and the Environment	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	564	5,145
Economic Services—													
Transport and Communication	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	188	45
Industry Assistance	1,598	1,810	1,810	1,578	2,451	3,218	4,267	5,282	6,862	8,635	10,935	14,082	17,488
Labour and Employment	954	910	1,021	893	920	918	892	985	1,063	1,241	2,141	2,698	3,960
General Administrative	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	153	..
Total Economic Services	2,552	2,720	2,831	2,471	3,371	4,136	5,159	6,267	7,925	9,876	13,076	17,121	21,493
General Public Services	100	100	100	1,478	2,154	3,270	2,995	3,562	4,320	4,491	5,917	8,051	7,485
Outlays Not Allocated to Function—													
General Revenue Assistance	666,142	698,867	713,069	799,121	877,435	956,946	1049585	1189219	1480198	1537178	1700893	1923455	2375850
Assistance Related to State Debts	29,667	30,861	31,816	32,931	34,121	35,557	36,789	38,441	51,224	64,501	77,661	90,578	103,900
Assistance for Local Government	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	56,659
Natural Disaster Payments	130	120	100	9,746	12,147	13,097	11,697	9,084	9,944	1,143	5	4,312	558
Total Not Allocated to Function	695,939	729,848	744,985	841,798	923,703	1005600	1098071	1236744	1541366	1602822	1778559	2018345	2536967
Grand Total	727,304	764,676	787,154	891,385	978,062	1070357	1169795	1333815	1670919	1785936	2090438	2533191	3,453.990
CAPITAL													
Defence	2,902	3,964	12,415	7,242	7,753	7,103	6,899	9,461	9,227	7,034	6,163	7,766	16,109
Education	12,872	12,779	32,650	32,074	40,091	53,958	55,377	71,160	74,035	85,969	105,569	189,064	350,208
Health	2,574	2,193	3,200	5,235	5,501	5,062	5,861	7,053	5,404	6,076	7,150	25,099	65,246
Social Security and Welfare	66	48	2	..	2	426	571	1,496	5,561	8,972	7,707	7,285	12,605
Housing	97,222	100,300	102,700	117,000	120,000	122,840	128,202	134,775	146,371	5,276	17,284	233,304	256,306
Culture and Recreation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	288	16,686
Urban and Regional Development n.e.c. and the Environment	..	..	380	750	1,952	417	..	59	584	12	977	55,340	246,557
Economic Services—													
Transport and Communication	134,898	146,203	157,462	176,346	183,143	200,578	208,745	221,140	237,196	263,178	294,798	328,389	421,276
Water Supply and Electricity	..	840	3,492	5,581	6,233	9,100	3,800	9,700	3,211	2,500	15,500	26,607	39,000
Industry Assistance	4,172	3,610	5,134	7,047	6,527	34,527	19,497	26,313	46,192	74,076	86,419	61,407	77,832
Total Economic Services	139,070	150,653	166,088	188,974	195,903	244,205	232,042	257,153	286,599	339,754	396,717	416,403	538,108
Outlays Not Allocated to Function—													
Loan Council Borrowings	412,778	443,700	477,300	488,000	525,000	554,160	584,000	625,770	481,450	672,900	733,461	588,693	700,801
Capital Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	200,000	219,100	248,539	278,307	326,618
Natural Disaster Payments	..	..	..	11,994	8,926	14,857	10,434	4,889	9,479	5,769	−3	23,866	44,106
Total Not Allocated to Function	412,778	443,700	477,300	499,994	533,926	569,017	594,434	630,659	690,929	897,769	981,997	890,866	1,071,525
Grand Total	667,484	713,637	794,735	851,269	905,128	1003028	1023386	1111816	1218710	1350862	1523564	1825415	2,579,350

TABLE 94—FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, 1962–63 TO 1974–75—*continued*

$'000

Functional Classification	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75
	TOTAL CURRENT AND CAPITAL												
Defence	2,902	3,964	12,415	7,242	7,753	7,103	6,899	9,461	9,227	7,034	6,163	7,766	16,409
Education	31,418	33,860	61,179	63,625	76,825	99,143	105,344	144,828	174,951	204,892	259,427	622,533	1,172,908
Health	12,681	13,052	13,757	19,087	17,436	16,960	18,226	18,494	17,416	17,630	20,523	51,240	115,211
Social Security and Welfare	89	71	24	22	25	650	1,749	3,555	9,810	43,091	126,470	29,707	21,621
Housing	97,259	100,345	102,830	117,213	120,142	122,884	128,262	134,849	146,502	9,427	24,176	240,177	263,226
Culture and Recreation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	493	16,686
Urban and Regional Development n.e.c. and the Environment	..	..	380	750	1,952	417	..	59	584	12	977	55,904	251,702
Economic Services—													
Transport and Communication	134,898	146,203	157,462	176,346	183,143	200,578	208,745	221,140	237,196	263,178	294,798	328,577	421,321
Water Supply and Electricity	..	840	3,492	5,581	6,233	9,100	3,800	9,700	3,211	2,500	15,500	26,607	39,000
Industry Assistance	5,770	5,420	6,944	8,625	8,978	37,745	23,764	31,595	53,054	82,711	97,354	75,489	95,320
Labour and Employment	954	910	1,021	893	920	918	892	985	1,063	1,241	2,141	2,698	3,960
General Administrative	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	153	..
Total Economic Services	141,622	153,373	168,919	191,445	199,274	248,341	237,201	263,420	294,524	349,630	409,793	433,524	559,601
General Public Services	100	100	100	1,478	2,154	3,270	2,995	3,562	4,320	4,491	5,917	8,051	7,485
Outlays Not Allocated to Function—													
General Revenue Assistance	666,142	698,867	713,069	799,121	877,435	956,946	1049585	1189219	1480198	1537178	1700893	1923455	2375850
Loan Council Borrowings	412,778	443,700	477,300	488,000	525,000	554,160	584,000	625,770	481,450	672,900	733,461	588693	700,801
Capital Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	200,000	219,100	248,539	278,307	326,618
Assistance Related to State Debts	29,667	30,861	31,816	32,931	34,121	35,557	36,789	38,441	51,224	64,501	77,661	90,578	103,900
Assistance for Local Government	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	56,659
Natural Disaster Payments	130	120	100	21,740	21,073	27,954	22,131	13,973	19,423	6,912	2	28,178	44,664
Total Not Allocated to Function	1108717	1173548	1222285	1341792	1457629	1574617	1692505	1867403	2232295	2500591	2760556	2909211	3608492
Grand Total	1394788	1478313	1581889	1742654	1883190	2073385	2193181	2445631	2889629	3136798	3614002	4358605	6033340

TABLE 95—FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF PAYMENTS TO OR FOR THE STATES AND STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, BY STATES, 1973–74

$'000

Functional Classification	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
Defence	4,539	2,691	200	..	191	145	7,766
Education	208,518	187,608	79,480	68,505	61,215	17,207	622,533
Health	13,864	10,836	8,309	7,233	8,786	2,212	51,240
Social Security and Welfare	10,013	5,627	5,566	3,290	4,191	1,023	29,707
Housing	91,292	55,736	22,870	36,001	17,771	16,507	240,177
Culture and Recreation	20	170	53	150	80	20	493
Urban and Regional Development n.e.c. and the Environment	17,080	16,731	3,909	14,063	4,073	48	55,904
Economic Services—							
Transport and Communication	99,540	66,560	64,466	32,334	51,637	14,040	328,577
Water Supply and Electricity	..	..	26,607	..	..	..	26,607
Industry Assistance	22,855	15,269	16,692	8,114	9,668	2,891	75,489
Labour and Employment	1,890	92	462	44	183	27	2,698
General Administrative	..	..	153	..	..	..	153
Total Economic Services	124,285	81,921	108,380	40,492	61,488	16,958	433,524
General Public Services	2,861	2,127	1,025	1,161	601	277	8,051
Outlays Not Allocated to Function—							
General Revenue Assistance	593,433	443,624	332,472	227,582	225,243	101,101	1,923,455
Loan Council Borrowings	183,078	149,738	78,236	79,587	54,587	43,467	588,693
Capital Grants	86,551	70,789	36,987	37,625	25,806	20,549	278,307
Assistance Related to State Debts	30,709	22,580	12,138	11,168	8,224	5,758	90,578
Natural Disaster Payments	300	22	27,859	..	..	−3	28,178
Total Not Allocated to Function	894,071	686,753	487,692	355,962	313,860	170,872	2,909,211
GRAND TOTAL	1,366,544	1,050,200	717,484	526,858	472,255	225,267	4,358,605

APPENDIX II—PART 1—HISTORY OF GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE

Introduction

Under Section 87 of the Constitution the Commonwealth was required to pay to the States three-quarters of customs and excise revenue collected during the first ten years after the establishment of the Commonwealth 'and thereafter until the Parliament otherwise provides'. In addition, Sections 89, 93 and 94 of the Constitution provided that, for a certain period, and thereafter until Parliament otherwise provided, all surplus revenue not required by the Commonwealth was to be paid to the States.

Payments to the States of surplus revenue of the Commonwealth ceased in 1907–08 when the Commonwealth commenced to pay such surplus revenue into a trust account as a reserve for old age and invalid pensioners. However, payment of three-quarters of customs and excise revenue under Section 87 continued until 1909–10 and was then replaced by per capita payments under the *Surplus Revenue Act* 1910. The Act provided for the payment of $2.50 (25s.) per head of its population to each State. Payments were made to the States on this basis in each year from 1910–11 to 1926–27 inclusive. In addition, 'special grants' were paid to Western Australia from 1910–11 and to Tasmania from 1912–13.

Under the 1927 Financial Agreement between the Commonwealth and the States it was provided that the Commonwealth would pay to the States for fifty-eight years from 1927–28 an annual amount of $15.17 million as a contribution towards interest on State debts. These interest payments replaced the per capita grants and they were (and are) distributed between the States in the same proportions as the 1926–27 per capita grant. The Financial Agreement also provided for Commonwealth contributions towards sinking fund payments in respect of the States' debts existing at 30 June 1927 and those incurred after that date.

In 1929–30 payments of special grants to South Australia were commenced. From 1934–35 onwards these special grants to South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania were paid on the recommendations of the Grants Commission which was established in 1933.

The Second World War

At the outbreak of the second world war, the financial resources available to the States were, for the most part, sufficient to enable them to meet their own expenditures principally from funds which they themselves were responsible for raising. Australian Government payments to them, though they had increased over the years, were still relatively small and confined to a fairly narrow field, e.g., tiding the States over difficult periods, assisting the financially weaker States, or providing funds for purposes in which the Australian Government had a common interest with the States.

The second world war radically changed this situation. To finance its greatly increased war-time expenditure, it was necessary for the Australian Government to maximise its revenue from all sources. The incidence of State income taxes, which were then levied concurrently with Australian Government income tax, differed widely between States and, as the Commonwealth is constitutionally forbidden from discriminating between States in the imposition of taxes, its rates were in practice limited by the scope available for additional tax in the State with the highest rate of tax at each income level. This, of course, meant that in other States there were untapped sources of income tax revenue.

This problem was the subject of discussion between the Australian and State Governments on a number of occasions during the early war years, but no mutually acceptable solution was reached.

The Committee on Uniform Taxation

On 23 February 1942 the Treasurer appointed a Committee to consider the questions of the Australian Government becoming the sole income taxing authority for the duration of the war and of payments, by way of grants, to the States for their retirement from the income tax field.

The Committee presented its report on 28 March 1942 and recommended that for the duration of the war and one year afterwards the Australian Government should be the sole authority to impose taxes on income. It suggested that a scheme of uniform taxation should operate from 1 July 1942 and that the States should be compensated on retiring from the field of income tax.

The Introduction of Uniform Taxation

In May 1942 legislation was introduced in the Australian Parliament to implement, with minor amendments, the recommendations of this Committee. Under this legislation, a uniform income tax scheme came into operation on 1 July 1942.

In the same year the validity of the uniform tax legislation was challenged in the High Court by four of the State Governments. The challenge was unsuccessful, the High Court finding that the Australian Government could enforce priority in the collection of its income tax and could make grants to the States under Section 96 of the Constitution on the condition that they vacated the field of income taxation.

Under this war-time uniform income tax scheme, therefore, the Australian Government was the sole income taxing authority for the period of the war and one year thereafter. By way of compensation, the States were paid tax reimbursement grants (provided they did not impose taxes on income) based upon their average collections from taxes on income in the years 1939–40 and 1940–41.

Later in 1942 the Australian Government, in agreement with the States concerned, established a uniform entertainments tax on a similar basis and provided for annual reimbursement grants, based on collections in 1941–42, to be paid to the five States which had previously levied entertainments tax.

Tax Reimbursement Grants—War-Time Basis

The tax reimbursement grants (less any arrears of income tax collected by or on behalf of the States) paid to the States in the period 1942–43 to 1945–46 inclusive, amounted to $68.5 million, of which $67 million was by way of income tax reimbursement grants and $1.5 million by way of entertainments tax reimbursement grants. The amounts payable to each State in each year are shown in Table 97 following this Appendix.

Under the war-time legislation any State could apply for additional financial assistance if the income tax reimbursement grant appeared to be insufficient to meet that State's revenue requirements in any year. On the recommendation of the Grants Commission, the additional financial assistance given by the Australian Government under this provision was $1.1 million in respect of 1945–46 and $4.3 million in respect of 1946–47. The amounts paid to the States concerned are shown in Table 97 following this Appendix.

The Continuation of Uniform Taxation after the War

At a Premiers' Conference in January 1946 the States were informed that the Australian Government proposed to continue uniform income tax indefinitely. The Conference decided that the total tax reimbursement grants in both 1946–47 and 1947–48 should be $80 million, and that the grants in subsequent years should be determined by means of a formula under which this base amount would be increased in accordance with variations in population and half of the percentage increase in average wages per person employed for Australia as a whole. The grants continued to be conditional upon the States refraining from levying income tax, but the condition requiring the States to refrain from imposing entertainments tax was discontinued. These provisions were incorporated in the *States Grants (Tax Reimbursement) Act* 1946.

Following further discussions with the States during the next two years, the total grant for 1947–48 was increased to $90 million and the formula embodied in the 1946 Act was amended. Beginning in 1948–49, the aggregate grant payable to the States in each year under the Act, as amended, was determined by varying the sum of $90 million in accordance with a formula which took account of—

(*a*) variations in the total population of the six States since 1 July 1947; and

(*b*) the *full* percentage increase in the level of average wages per person employed in Australia as a whole over the level of 1945–46.

The *States Grants (Tax Reimbursement) Act* 1946 included a schedule determining the distribution of the aggregate grants in 1946–47 and 1947–48. It further provided that in each of the financial years 1948–49 to 1956–57 inclusive a percentage of the grant was to be distributed in accordance with this schedule and the remainder was to be distributed in proportion to the populations of the States adjusted for density and for numbers of children between 5 and 15 years of age. The percentage to be divided according to the schedule was 90 per cent in 1948–49, 80 per cent in 1949–50 and so on down to 10 per cent in 1956–57 and nothing in 1957–58. Thus, in 1957–58 and 1958–59 the whole of the tax reimbursement grants was distributed in proportion to the States' adjusted populations so that the distribution of the grants between States was no longer determined, directly or indirectly, by reference to the amounts of income tax collected by each State.

Although no change was made in the tax reimbursement formula after 1948–49, the Australian Government made ad hoc grants to supplement the amount yielded by the formula in each subsequent year of its operation. These supplementary grants, which in some years took account of special circumstances, were distributed in some years in proportions which differed from those of the formula grants. The total amount of the tax reimbursement formula grants and supplementary grants paid to the States in 1946–47 was $84.3 million. Between that year and 1958–59 the amounts made available by way of these grants increased year by year so that the total amount paid in 1958–59 was $410 million. Details of the amounts paid each year are shown in Table 97 following this Appendix.

Further Discussions on Uniform Taxation

The question of resumption of State income tax was further discussed at the Premiers' Conferences of September 1950 and August 1951. In October 1952 Victoria took out a writ in the High Court challenging the validity of the uniform tax legislation. However, this challenge was not pursued.

In July 1952 the Australian Government informed the States that it was willing to discuss with them the possibility of resumption of State income tax. A report subsequently prepared by Australian and State Treasury officers on the technical problems involved was presented to a Premiers' Conference held in February 1953. At that Conference Australian and State Treasury officers were asked to prepare a further report as a basis for discussions on the extent to which the Australian Government might vacate the income tax field. This report was received at a Premiers' Conference held in August 1953, together with a report on the special problems facing Queensland in the event of the return of taxing powers. No agreement could be arrived at between the Australian Government and the States on the extent to which the income tax field should be vacated by the Australian Government.

Further Legal Challenge to Uniform Taxation

In December 1955 the Victorian Government took out a new writ in the High Court challenging the validity of the uniform tax legislation. In particular, Victoria disputed—

(a) the power of the Australian Government to make tax reimbursement grants conditional upon the States not levying income tax; and

(*b*) the Australian Government's power to provide an absolute priority for payment of Commonwealth income tax over income taxes levied by the States.

In November 1956 the New South Wales Government intervened to support Victoria's challenge. In August 1957 the High Court ruled—

(*a*) unanimously, that the condition attaching to the tax reimbursement grants that the States should not levy income tax, was valid; and

(*b*) by a majority of four to three, that section 221 (1.) (*a*) of the *Income Tax and Social Services Contribution Assessment Act* 1936–1956, which prohibited a taxpayer paying State income tax until Commonwealth income tax was paid, was invalid.

The March 1959 Premiers' Conference

At a special Premiers' Conference held in March 1959 all of the main aspects of Commonwealth-State financial relations were considered. In particular, extensive discussions took place on the question of the resumption of income tax by the States, but there were considerable differences of opinion on the complex issues involved and no acceptable solutions emerged.

The Conference then turned its attention to the question of revising the tax reimbursement arrangements, and it was suggested that the Australian Government might closely examine the whole system of revenue grants to the States with a view to submitting precise proposals at the normal meeting of the Premiers in June 1959.

The June 1959 Premiers' Conference

The Australian Government's proposals submitted at the Premiers' Conference in June 1959 were for a new system of financial assistance grants to the States to replace the existing tax reimbursement arrangements.

The proposals were devised in the light of generally expressed dissatisfaction with the methods of determination and distribution of the tax reimbursement grants, and in the knowledge that two non-claimant States had applied for special grants subject to the recommendation of the Grants Commission. In particular, it was considered desirable—

(*a*) to amalgamate within some new revenue grant arrangements the large grants which were then being paid to supplement the tax reimbursement formula grants, and to devise a more liberal formula which would avoid the necessity for supplementary grants;

(*b*) to reduce to two the number of States which would in future continue regularly to apply for special grants recommended by the Grants Commission, and to reduce the dependence of these States on special grants to more marginal proportions; and

(*c*) to arrive at a more generally acceptable basis of distribution as between the States of general revenue grants.

With these ends in view, the Australian Government proposed that financial assistance grants amounting to $485 million should be paid to the States in 1959–60. This compared with the sum of $451.5 million paid to the States in 1958–59 by way of tax reimbursement, supplementary and special grants.

It was proposed that the shares of New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, and South Australia in the sum of $485 million be determined by rounding up to the nearest whole number the percentage shares of those four States in the sum of $451.5 million paid in 1958–59, which comprised tax reimbursement, supplementary and special grants. As regards Western Australia and Tasmania, the effect of these proposed changes in the distribution would be to give them a slightly smaller share of the new financial assistance grants than their share of tax reimbursement and the supplementary grants. However, as it was proposed that these two States would still have regular access to the Grants Commission, their shares of total general revenue grants (i.e. financial assistance grants and special grants) would continue to be determined, in effect, by the size of the special grants recommended by the Commission.

The Australian Government further proposed that, in the years following 1959–60, the financial assistance grants payable to each State should be determined under a formula by which the grant paid to that State in the previous year would be varied in accordance with annual movements in the State's own population and annual increases in the level of average wages for Australia as a whole. In addition, to assist the States to improve the standard and range of services provided by them, it was proposed to introduce a 'betterment factor' equal to 10 per cent of the increase for the year in average wages; thus an increase of 4 per cent in average wages would be raised to 4.4 per cent.

In outlining these proposals the Australian Government emphasized at the outset that it considered that the system of special grants, made upon the recommendation of the Grants Commission, should be continued. At the same time it expressed the view that the machinery which had been developed over the years by the Grants Commission would become unworkable if it were to be asked to consider applications for special grants from as many as five States. Applications for special grants had recently been submitted to the Australian Government by Queensland and Victoria.

The Australian Government suggested that, so far as future arrangements for special grants were concerned, the States might be regarded as falling into three categories. At one extreme were the two wealthier States of New South Wales and Victoria, which should not participate in any arrangements for special grants, and at the other extreme were Western Australia and Tasmania, which for the time being might be regarded as having a continuing need for special grants. In an intermediate category were the States of South Australia, which had been a claimant State up to that time, and Queensland. The Australian Government considered that, while these two States ought not be denied the right of access to the Grants Commission, the main revenue grants to them should be increased sufficiently to enable them, unless exceptional circumstances arose, to avoid applying for special grants.

This approach was accepted by the States and, in agreeing to the new revenue grant arrangements, the Premiers of Queensland and South Australia each gave an undertaking that his State would not exercise the right of applying for special grants in future unless special or unexpected circumstances endangered its budgetary position relative to that of other States.

The Australian Government stated that its proposals were based on the assumptions that the States and their authorities would continue to meet Commonwealth pay-roll tax and that the distribution of taxing powers between the Australian Government and the States would remain unchanged. If any changes in Commonwealth-State relations having a major effect on the finances of the States were to occur during the currency of the new revenue grant arrangements, they would be subject to review.

Following representations by New South Wales, the Australian Government agreed to add $2 million to that State's share of the proposed grants for 1959–60, mainly because the rounding of percentage shares had produced a decline in its share of the proposed grants *vis-a-vis* Victoria. South Australia was also given an extra $2 million; it had argued that it could expect to receive about that amount in respect of 1958–59 by way of final adjustment to the advance payment of its special grant for that year. In the result, the distribution of general revenue grants between the four non-claimant States in 1959–60 was only slightly changed from the distribution in 1958–59; the distribution between New South Wales, Victoria and Queensland largely reflected the distribution of adjusted populations between those States; as South Australia's grant for 1959–60 was in effect determined on the basis of the total of its special grant and tax reimbursement grant for 1958–59, it received a share larger than its share of either adjusted or unadjusted population of the four non-claimant States.

After allowing for the additions of $2 million to the proposed grants to New South Wales and South Australia, the total grant proposed for 1959–60 became $489 million. With these adjustments to the grants for New South Wales and South Australia the proposals were unanimously accepted by the Premiers and were embodied in the *States Grants Act* 1959, which was passed by the Australian Parliament in November of that year.

The States Grants Act 1962

In 1961–62, in addition to the amounts determined under the *States Grants Act* 1959, further amounts were paid to Victoria, Western Australia and Tasmania under the *States Grants Act* 1962.

This action was taken because the census held in June 1961 revealed that the populations of those three States as at 1 July 1960 had been over-estimated. Since the terms of the 1959 Act required the 1961 census results to be compared with unrevised estimates of population as at 1 July 1960 for the purpose of calculating the increase in population of each State during 1960–61, the resulting estimates of population increases for these States were lower than the actual increases. As these three States had framed their budgets on the basis of preliminary estimates made prior to the census results, the Australian Government agreed to pay them grants equal to those preliminary estimates, revised to take account of the finally determined increase in average wages for Australia as a whole. As a result, an additional amount of $2,048,000 was paid to Victoria, $678,000 to Western Australia and $194,000 to Tasmania.

The *States Grants Act* 1962 also authorised, for the purpose of calculating Victoria's grant in 1962–63 and subsequent years, the adoption of a new 'base amount' for 1961–62. This new base amount of $145.46 million represented the grant which would have been received in 1961–62 by Victoria had the financial assistance grants for that State been calculated, in each year since 1959–60, in accordance with estimates of the population of that State revised in the light of the 1961 census.

Proposal for a 'Marginal' State Income Tax

In September 1964 the Victorian Government announced its intention of introducing a 'marginal' income tax to be payable by individuals living in Victoria to operate as from the beginning of 1965–66 and requested the Australian Government to collect the tax on its behalf. The Australian Government refused to accede to the Victorian request, pointing out that an arrangement involving the abandonment or modification of uniform taxation could only be contemplated if it was supported by all States, contained adequate safeguards for the interests of taxpayers and provided a sound basis for future financial relationships between the Australian Government and each of the States. The Victorian Government then indicated that it did not propose to set up the machinery for assessment and collection of its own income tax. Although Victoria again raised the question at the Premiers' Conference held in June 1965, none of the other States supported the idea of a 'marginal' State income tax.

The June 1965 Premiers' Conference

This Conference followed an earlier Premiers' Conference held in April 1965 at which the States had expressed the view that the annual rate of growth of the financial assistance grants under the 1959 arrangements had been too slow when considered in relation to the rate of growth of their commitments for expenditure on important government services. Variations were suggested including proposals designed to increase the share of the grants going to particular States.

After considering in detail the proposals made by the States at the April Conference the Australian Government put forward a scheme at the June 1965 Conference designed to meet the main points raised by the States.

It was proposed that the annual financial assistance grant payable to each State would continue to increase in proportion to variations in population and increases in wages—the two main factors affecting current expenditure of the States. However, it was proposed to improve the betterment factor by fixing it at 1.2 per cent per annum regardless of the size of the increase in average wages. During the period of the 1959 arrangements the betterment factor had resulted in an increase in the grants of only about 0.4 per cent per annum.

The Australian Government also proposed that, in order to reduce the time lag before changes in population and wages were reflected in the grants, more up-to-date statistics for these two items should be used in calculating the grants. Specifically, it was proposed that the increase in average wages used to determine the grant for a financial year should be that for the year ending March in *that* financial year (instead of that for the *preceding* financial year) and that the increase in population used should be the increase during the year ending December in the financial year (instead of the increase during the preceding financial year).

It was suggested that the proposed new arrangements should continue for five years—from 1965–66 to 1969–70.

The proposals were acceptable to the States except that most of them did not favour the proposed reduction in the time-lag in average wages since, in that event, their 1965–66 grants would be determined without reference to the large rise in average wages which was expected to occur in 1964–65. It was therefore agreed that the increase in average wages would continue to be calculated as under the 1959 arrangements.

As regards the distribution of the grants between the States, it was agreed to increase Queensland's share of the grants by adding $2 million to the amount on which Queensland's grant for each year would be calculated. This addition, which had the effect of progressively increasing Queensland's share of the grants relative to the other States, was made mainly in recognition of Queensland's large area and relatively small population. It was also agreed to make an addition of $1.2 million to the grant which Victoria would receive in 1965–66 under the proposed new formula. This addition, which had the effect of reducing the difference between Victoria's grant per head and that of New South Wales, forms part of the base used in calculating the grant paid each year to Victoria under the grants formula.

Thus, the arrangements agreed at the June 1965 Premiers' Conference provided for two main improvements in the grants formula—the increase in the betterment factor and the reduction in the time lag before changes in population were reflected in the grants—as well as for special additions to the grants payable to Queensland and Victoria.

In outlining its proposals at the Conference the Australian Government said that, while it envisaged that Western Australia and Tasmania would continue to be eligible to receive special grants, it expected that each of the other four States would agree to remain 'non-claimant' for the period of the new arrangements. However, the Australian Government indicated that if there were a major change in the financial position of a State through circumstances beyond its control, it would be ready to review the position of that State under the financial assistance arrangements. In contrast to the action taken in 1959, it was agreed that no part of the existing special grants would be incorporated in the claimant States' financial assistance grants.

The Australian Government also made it clear that, as in 1959, the new arrangements were based on the assumption that there would be no significant changes in the financial relationships between the Australian Government and the States. In particular, the proposals were based on the understanding that the distribution of taxing powers would remain unchanged and that the States and their authorities would continue to pay pay-roll tax.

These arrangements were embodied in the *States Grants Act* 1965.

Amendments in 1967

At a Premiers' Conference in February 1967 it was agreed to reduce the time lag before increases in average wages were reflected in the grants. The percentage increase in average wages used to calculate each year's grant (including the grants for 1966–67) became that for the twelve months ended March in the year of payment instead of that for the financial year immediately preceding the year of payment. The other elements of the formula were not altered.

The Australian Government also agreed at the Conference to pay the States special assistance of $5 million in 1966–67. This amount was distributed among the States in the same proportions as the grants produced by the formula.

At a Premiers' Conference in June 1967 the Australian Government agreed that, for purposes of determining the formula grants for 1967–68 and future years, the special assistance of $5 million in 1966–67 would be treated as part of the formula grant of that year.

These amendments were authorized by the *States Grants Act* 1967 and the *States Grants Act* (*No.* 2) 1967.

The June 1968 Premiers' Conference

The Australian Government made it clear at the Premiers' Conference in June 1968 that it regarded State receipts duties on wages and salaries and comparable payments such as superannuation and pensions as an income tax and, as such, in breach of the financial assistance grants arrangements. (Payments of the type mentioned had been made liable to the new form of receipts duty introduced in Western Australia and Victoria in 1966–67 and 1967–68 respectively.) The Australian Government stated that it adhered firmly to the principle of uniform income taxation and was convinced of the desirability of avoiding multiplication of income taxes. If receipts duty on wages and salaries continued in existence when the grants arrangements were being reviewed in 1970, the Australian Government would regard that as a decisive factor in determining its attitude on the allocation to a State imposing that form of taxation. In the meantime, should a State that continued the impost on wages and salaries impose it at a higher rate, the Australian Government would move forthwith to amend its legislation and seek to reduce that State's grant. (The duty as it applied to wages and salaries was subsequently removed by Victoria as from July 1970 and by Western Australia as from January 1971. Receipts duties generally ceased to apply to receipts after the end of September 1970.)

It was also stated at the Conference that the Australian Government did not object in principle to modest extensions of State taxation into the general field of business receipts or business turnover, provided it was not carried to a point where it could significantly affect the Australian Government's ability to carry out national policies or to raise revenue. However, the Australian Government did not favour the imposition of a pay-roll tax by the States.

It was agreed at the Conference to meet Western Australia's request to withdraw from the special grants system as from 1968–69 but that this move should not disturb the existing formula grants arrangements. It was decided that—

(*a*) in lieu of the special grant the Australian Government would pay Western Australia the sum of $15.5 million in each of the years 1968–69 and 1969–70 in addition to the State's formula grant;

(*b*) the completion payment to be recommended by the Grants Commission in respect of 1966–67 would be paid in the normal way in 1968–69. However, it was agreed that the advance payment of $15.5 million in respect of 1967–68 would be regarded as the final grant for that year; and

(*c*) the sum of Western Australia's formula grant for 1969–70 and the amount of $15.5 million would be regarded for purposes of the 1970 review of the financial assistance arrangements as constituting Western Australia's financial assistance grant for 1969–70.

The additional financial assistance grants payable to Western Australia in 1968–69 and 1969–70 under these arrangements were authorized by the *States Grants Act* 1968.

The February 1970 Premiers' Conference

Prior to this Conference the six State Premiers presented a joint Statement to the Prime Minister entitled 'The Financial Relationships of the Commonwealth and the States'. The main argument put forward in this document was that the existing financial assistance grants formula produced an insufficient rate of growth in general revenue assistance to the States when considered in relation to their increasing expenditure commitments, particularly in the areas of debt charges and social services expenditure, and taking into account the restricted revenue fields open to the States.

The proposals advanced by the Premiers, and to which they sought the concurrence of the Australian Government at the Conference, were summarised at the conclusion of the document as follows—

'(1) That the tax reimbursements grants for a transitional period from 1 July 1970, should be determined by adequately increasing the base total as determined under present arrangements, and adopting a new system of increases upon that base in line with the observed rate of growth in income tax yields.

(2) That Commonwealth and State Treasury officers be instructed to devise a scheme whereby the States shall have access to income tax broadly along the lines of the system presently operating in Canada, but adapted to Australian circumstances and to the recognized needs of the less populous States.

(3) Upon re-entry of the States into the field of income taxation appropriate adjustments be made to financial assistance grants to offset the effects of the lower *per capita* yields available to the less populous States from income tax, to preserve the financial equalization provisions presently available to the less populous States, and to provide for escalation of the continuing financial assistance grants in line with the expected yield of income taxation.

(4) In the course of financial re-arrangements, consideration must be given to permitting participation by the States in such capital and developmental funds as may be secured from revenue sources; to a review of the recent trend to proliferation of Commonwealth "special purpose" grants; and to the possibility of the States securing access to wider revenue fields presently under the control of the Commonwealth, as well as to income tax.'

At the Conference, the Prime Minister said that the Australian Government did not accept the proposal that the States re-enter the field of income taxation, or that the annual increases in the general revenue grants to the States should be related to increases in income tax collections. Allowing the States access to income taxation could make the Australian Government's task of managing the economy more difficult and, if a scheme along the Canadian lines were adopted, it could result in different rates of income tax applying in the various States. This would mean the end of uniform income taxation, which was beneficial and which the Australian people had come to accept. Further, as income tax collections fluctuated markedly from time to time, the adoption of the States' proposals could create difficult budgetary problems for the States in some years. In addition, the fact that the *per capita* yield of income tax varied markedly between the States would make it difficult to work out 'equalisation' grants satisfactory to the less populous States.

The Prime Minister agreed, however, that there was a need for a significant increase in revenue assistance to the States and outlined, in general terms, four ways in which this might be achieved. He proposed that the burden of State debt charges might be relieved by the Australian Government taking over part of existing State debt and also by providing portion of future borrowing programs for State works in the form of interest-free grants. In addition, the Australian Government was prepared to increase the financial assistance grants by an immediate addition to the base level and also by increasing the betterment factor to provide for a faster rate of growth in the grants. The Prime Minister added that the Australian Government was willing to join with the States in examining any proposals made by them for an alternative field of growth tax.

The Prime Minister suggested that the precise details of the Australian Government's proposals could be left to be settled at the usual Premiers' Conference in June and that, before then, Australian and State Treasury officers could meet to discuss them. The Premiers accepted this suggestion and, at two subsequent meetings, Australian and State Treasury officers reached tentative agreement on the procedures for the progressive take-over by the Australian Government of responsibility for $1,000 million of State debt and for an annual capital grant in lieu of loan raisings.

The June 1970 Premiers' Conference

At this Conference the Prime Minister gave details of four ways in which the Australian Government was prepared to increase the revenue assistance to the States.

First, an addition of $40 million would be made to the 1970–71 grants determined under the existing formula and this amount would be incorporated in the 1970–71 base for purposes of determining the formula grants for 1971–72 and later years. The amount of $40 million would be distributed between the States in the same proportions as their 1970–71 formula grants.

Secondly, there would be an increase in the betterment factor from 1.2 per cent to 1.8 per cent to apply from 1971–72.

Thirdly, an interest-free capital grant would be made starting at $200 million in 1970–71 and increasing in future years in proportion to the increase in the total Loan Council works and housing program. This would relieve the States of debt charges they would otherwise have to pay and would free State funds for other purposes.

Fourthly, grants would be made to meet the debt charges on $200 million of existing State debt in 1970–71 and an additional $200 million in each of the subsequent four years so that, as from the commencement of 1974–75, the Australian Government would have taken over full responsibility for the debt charges on $1,000 million of State debt, with this amount of debt being formally transferred to the Australian Government in June 1975.

The Prime Minister also made two proposals in relation to the grants to individual States.

First, there would be a continuation of the $2 million addition that had been made to the base on which Queensland's grant was calculated in each of the five years of the previous arrangements. The Prime Minister stated that the Government had 'come to the conclusion that in spite of the considerable improvement that has been effected in Queensland's share of the grants over the last five years, the grants being received by that State are still too low compared to other States'.

Secondly, in addition to its formula financial assistance grant and in lieu of the amount of $15.5 million paid in both 1968–69 and 1969–70, Western Australia would receive amounts starting at $12.5 million in 1970–71 and reducing by $3 million per annum in each of the subsequent four years. The Prime Minister said that the Government had 'noted that since 1967–68 there appears to have been a significant improvement in the relative capacity of Western Australia to finance its budget expenditure . . . .' and that 'if the State continued to receive its present share of the revenue grants, including the special amount of $15.5 million, the situation would become increasingly unfair to the other States and could result in a significant distortion in the allocation of governmental funds between the States'. However, in recognition of the rapid rate of population growth and economic development in the State, the Australian Government would, in the Loan Council, support increases in Western Australia's share of the borrowing programs to offset the reductions in the revenue grants.

The Premiers regarded these proposals as inadequate and suggested a minimum increase in the 1970–71 grants of $90 million and a minimum betterment factor of 3 per cent to apply from 1970–71.

After considering the States' arguments, and in particular the case put by New South Wales and Victoria that the absolute gap between their per capita grants and those of the smaller States was becoming larger year by year, the Prime Minister proposed that a grant of $2 per capita be paid to New South Wales and Victoria in each of the next five years. This would be additional to the formula grants and would not be included in the base used to determine those grants. In the event that any of the four less populous States considered that the additional per capita grants would adversely affect their ability to provide services of a standard comparable with those in New South Wales and Victoria, the Prime Minister said that it would be open for them to make an application to the Grants Commission for a grant in addition to their share of the financial assistance grants. Under the previous arrangements the Australian Government had indicated that it expected each of the then non-claimant States to remain non-claimant for the period of the arrangements.

The Prime Minister also suggested that it might be helpful for the Grants Commission to be given the additional task of investigating and recommending on the distribution of the general revenue grants between all the States for purposes of the quinquennial reviews of the arrangements.

The Prime Minister said that the new revenue assistance arrangements, including the special arrangements for Queensland and Western Australia, were to apply for the five years 1970–71 to 1974–75. As under the previous arrangements, they were proposed on the basis that there would be no significant changes in the existing division of financial responsibilities between the Australian Government and the States during the period and on the understanding that the distribution of tax resources would remain unchanged and that the States and their authorities would continue to pay pay-roll tax.

On the question of State tax powers, the Prime Minister said that the Australian Government would be prepared to have Australian and State Treasury officials examine alternative possibilities for new growth taxes for the States.

At the Conference, figures were circulated showing that, on certain assumptions, the States would, under the new arrangements, receive an estimated $70 million more financial assistance in 1970–71, and about $800 million more over the five years as a whole, than they would have if the previous arrangements continued unaltered. These amounts included estimated savings in debt charges from the interest free capital grant and from the grants to meet debt charges on existing State debt, together with the 'formula' financial assistance grants, the $40 million addition to the 1970–71 grants and the additional grants for particular States. It was also shown that this section of the revenue assistance to the States would grow at an average of probably between 2½ to 3 per cent per annum faster than if the previous arrangements had continued unchanged.

Legal Challenge to Pay-Roll Tax as Applied to State Governments

In the Victorian Budget for 1970–71 no appropriation was made to meet pay-roll tax levied by the Australian Government and, on 6 October 1970, the State Government took out a writ in the High Court challenging the constitutional validity of the *Pay-roll Tax Assessment Act* 1941–1969 as it applied to the State Government. On 26 November 1970 South Australia intervened to support Victoria's challenge.

In a statement in Parliament on 30 September 1970 the Prime Minister said that, as the revenue grants arrangements were conditional on the States and their authorities continuing to pay pay-roll tax, the Australian Government could not accept the position taken by the Victorian Government and would consider what course of action it should take in order to see that the Australian Government Budget was not impaired. Before judgment in the case had been delivered the *States Grants Bill* 1971 was passed by the Australian Parliament. The Bill authorised, inter alia, deductions to be made from the grants otherwise payable to a State under the *States Grants Act* 1970 if the State or its authorities failed to pay pay-roll tax to the Commonwealth. The Bill also authorised the Commonwealth Statistician, in calculating the increase in average wages for purposes of the grants formula, to take account of wages and employees not included in pay-roll tax returns where this occurred because an employer failed to lodge returns, as the Victorian Government and some of its authorities had done during 1970–71.

Subsequently, on 14 May 1971, the High Court unanimously ruled that the *Pay-roll Tax Assessment Act* 1941–1969 was valid in its application to State Governments.

On the understanding that the arrears of pay-roll tax payable to the Australian Government by Victoria would be paid by the State no deductions from the grants payable to any State in 1970–71 were made under the *States Grants Act* 1970–1971.

Cessation of Receipts Duty

At the February 1970 Premiers' Conference the Premiers asked that, in the light of recent decisions by the High Court invalidating State receipts duty in its application to certain types of receipts, the Australian Government confirm an undertaking given at a Premiers' Conference held in November 1969 that, in the event of the receipts duty being found invalid in some or all respects, the Australian Government would introduce legislation, to operate retrospectively to 18 November 1969, to impose a like tax for the benefit of the States. The Premiers also asked that the Australian Government legislation should have continuing operation beyond 30 June 1970.

The Prime Minister agreed to the Premiers' requests on the basis that the Australian Government legislation would apply only to business receipts. Such legislation was introduced in June 1970 but was rejected by the Senate.

At the June 1970 Premiers' Conference, and in the Budget Speech on 18 August, it was stated that the Australian Government proposed to re-introduce the receipts duty legislation during the 1970–71 Budget Session. On 1 October the Prime Minister announced that the legislation would be limited to imposing a duty on moneys received during the period 18 November 1969 to 30 September 1970, and that the Australian Government would make good the reasonable losses of State revenue thereafter resulting from the termination of the legislation on 30 September.

At a Premiers' Conference on 8 October 1970 it was agreed that receipts duty would not be imposed after 30 September 1970 even in those areas where the States were legally able to do so, and that the whole of the resultant loss of revenue to the States in 1970–71 would be made good by way of additional Australian Government grants. In addition, Queensland would receive an additional grant to allow for the fact that in the first quarter of 1970–71 the Queensland rate of duty was only 0.02 per cent compared with 0.1 per cent in all other States. The Australian Government also agreed that, for 1971–72 and subsequent years, the amounts of receipts duty which it was estimated would have been collected by the States in 1970–71 had it been a 'normal' year would be added to the base used in determining the financial assistance grants payable under the grants formula. By this means the Australian Government in effect provided for the continued payment to the States of compensation for loss of receipts duty revenue.

Legislation imposing duty on business receipts up to 30 September 1970 was introduced into the Australian Parliament and passed in November 1970. The *States Grants Act* 1971 was passed in May 1971 and embodied the receipts duty compensation arrangements. For the purposes of the Act, estimates of receipts duty that would have been collected in the whole of 1970–71 had it been a 'normal' year, and in the last three-quarters of the year had Australian and State Government legislation continued in operation, were settled in discussions between Australian and State Treasury officials. The additional financial assistance grants paid in 1970–71 totalled $59.71 million, while the amounts added to the base grants for calculating the formula grants in 1971–72 and subsequent years totalled $88.4 million. (The figures for each State were set out in Tables 2 and 3 of 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States, 1971–72'.)

Transfer of Pay-Roll Tax to the States

At the June 1970 Premiers' Conference the Australian Government offered to examine with the States any proposals put forward by them for a new growth tax. No such proposals were put forward. However, at a Premiers' Conference in April 1971 (the main purpose of which was to discuss short term budgetary difficulties the States were facing) the Prime Minister informed the States that the Australian Government had under examination alternative means by which the States might be given access to a new growth tax.

At the Premiers' Conference in June 1971 the Australian Government agreed to transfer pay-roll tax to the States on the basis that, subject to certain qualifications noted below, the resulting losses to the Australian Government budget, and gains to the States, would be offset by reductions in the financial assistance grants. In making this offer, the Prime Minister pointed out that the constitutional position debarred the States from imposing virtually any form of sales tax. He said that, in the Australian Government's view, it would not be advisable to re-open the field of personal income tax to the States, and that pay-roll tax therefore appeared to be the sole remaining practicable possibility. While it was not an ideal tax, it was broadly based, grew almost directly in line with the economy, was relatively simple to administer and offered 'some prospect for raising additional revenue should States wish to use it for that purpose'.

The Prime Minister indicated that the transfer could only be made if all the States agreed to take over the tax and on a common date. He said that the Australian Government would continue to operate the export incentive scheme so as to give exporters the same benefits, based on the pay-roll tax rate of 2.5 per cent, as they enjoyed under the existing scheme. The Australian Government would continue to impose its own tax in the Territories at the existing rate of 2.5 per cent, with the rate being subject to review in the light of any changes the States might make in their individual rates of tax.

The Premiers re-affirmed their views that the States needed access to a new area of growth taxation to assist them in financing improvements in the services which State Governments provide. They indicated that, while some of them would prefer that the States be given access to income tax, they accepted that pay-roll tax would constitute a useful addition to their resources. They also said that, because of the full year costs of the abnormally high wage and salary awards granted to State Government employees in 1970–71, they would still find it very difficult to cope with their prospective 1971–72 budgetary situations.

The arrangements agreed to following this discussion are outlined in Chapter II.

APPENDIX II—PART II—TABLES OF GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE

TABLE NO.	SUBJECT
96	General Revenue Assistance, 1949-50 to 1974-75
97	Tax Reimbursement Grants—Formula and Supplementary Grants, 1942-43 to 1958-59.
98	Special Grants, 1910-11 to 1974-75.

TABLE 96.—GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE, 1949–50 TO 1974–75

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
TAX REIMBURSEMENT GRANTS(a)							
1949–50	57,502	32,268	23,080	12,114	11,666	4,444	141,074
1950–51	73,632	44,496	28,558	14,538	14,354	5,218	180,796
1951–52	95,800	59,000	38,000	20,400	18,800	8,000	240,000
1952–53	107,973	66,433	43,423	23,194	21,709	9,069	271,801
1953–54	112,571	70,000	45,434	24,481	22,695	9,664	284,844
1954–55	116,948	74,757	48,209	26,321	23,612	10,153	300,000
1955–56	122,672	78,934	49,309	27,753	24,627	10,705	314,000
1956–57	130,558	92,126	54,524	31,433	27,411	12,048	348,100
1957–58	141,471	100,811	59,389	34,962	29,931	13,436	380,000
1958–59	152,188	109,165	63,789	37,969	32,349	14,540	410,000
FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS							
1959–60	166,900	121,250	72,750	55,350	50,924	21,826	489,000
1960–61	183,977	134,743	79,901	61,454	55,954	23,960	539,989
1961–62	198,498	146,029	87,460	66,451	60,171	25,671	584,280
1962–63	206,642	152,267	91,083	69,552	62,480	26,616	608,640
1963–64	215,712	159,482	94,821	72,729	65,597	27,626	635,967
1964–65	230,537	171,750	101,111	78,155	70,498	29,297	681,349
1965–66	255,001	191,922	113,356	86,467	78,474	32,131	757,351
1966–67	276,794	208,790	125,514	94,346	86,396	34,773	826,613
1967–68	302,827	228,254	139,601	102,738	96,152	37,968	907,539
1968–69	333,393	250,563	155,963	112,768	123,796	41,710	1,018,193
1969–70	373,908	280,008	176,522	125,706	138,835	46,340	1,141,319
1970–71	470,835	351,024	216,672	151,602	163,313	65,071	1,418,518
1971–72	462,204	348,464	231,603	158,491	170,960	69,156	1,440,878
1972–73	521,963	396,087	271,946	181,430	196,369	79,498	1,647,293
1973–74	585,507	437,604	318,245	204,918	222,388	91,243	1,859,905
1974–74 (estimate)	723,400	535,100	409,700	255,800	273,900	129,700	2,327,600
SPECIAL GRANTS							
1949–50	..	..	..	8,348	11,236	2,524	22,108
1950–51	..	..	..	10,664	11,678	2,008	24,350
1951–52	..	..	..	9,116	10,176	1,752	21,044
1952–53	..	..	..	12,686	16,082	3,100	31,868
1953–54	..	..	..	12,200	15,600	3,000	30,800
1954–55	..	..	..	4,500	14,900	5,200	24,600
1955–56	..	..	..	10,800	17,800	8,400	37,000
1956–57	..	..	..	11,600	18,400	7,000	37,000
1957–58	..	..	..	11,400	20,300	7,300	39,000
1958–59	..	..	..	10,500	22,200	8,800	41,500
1959–60	..	..	..	2,852	7,000	6,800	16,652
1960–61	..	..	..	..	8,618	8,618	17,236
1961–62	..	..	..	..	12,312	10,150	22,462
1962–63	..	..	..	..	12,420	10,082	22,502
1963–64	..	..	..	..	12,144	10,756	22,900
1964–65	..	..	..	..	17,120	14,600	31,720
1965–66	..	..	..	..	24,038	17,732	41,770
1966–67	..	..	..	..	19,406	20,666	40,072
1967–68	..	..	..	..	15,518	19,889	35,407
1968–69	..	..	..	..	582	16,810	17,392
1969–70	..	..	..	..	..	21,900	21,900
1970–71	..	..	..	5,000	..	13,680	18,680
1971–72	..	..	9,000	7,000	..	7,800	23,800
1972–73	..	..	10,000	21,000	..	7,600	38,600
1973–74	..	..	10,000	19,900	..	8,650	38,550
1974–75	..	..	24,750	23,500	..	..	48,250
SPECIAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE							
1966–67	8,000	..	2,750	..	..	..	10,750
1967–68	5,090	4,837	2,347	1,727	..	..	14,000
1968–69	3,990	2,999	1,867	3,350	1,296	499	14,000
1969–70	4,775	13,635	2,182	1,690	1,545	2,174	26,000
1970–71	14,140	10,560	6,603	4,650	5,030	2,017	43,000
1971–72	35,813	13,621	8,606	5,929	6,014	2,517	72,500
1972–73	15,000	..	..	..	..	..	15,000
1973–74	7,926	6,020	4,228	2,764	2,855	1,207	25,000
1974–75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE							
1949–50	57,502	32,268	23,080	20,462	22,902	6,968	163,182
1950–51	73,632	44,496	28,558	25,202	26,032	7,226	205,146
1951–52	95,800	59,000	38,000	29,516	28,976	9,752	261,044
1952–53	107,973	66,433	43,423	35,880	37,791	12,169	303,669
1953–54	112,571	70,000	45,434	36,681	38,295	12,664	315,644
1954–55	116,948	74,757	48,209	30,821	38,512	15,353	324,600
1955–56	122,672	78,934	49,309	38,553	42,427	19,105	351,000
1956–57	130,558	92,126	54,524	43,033	45,811	19,048	385,100
1957–58(b)	141,471	100,811	59,389	46,362	50,231	20,736	419,000
1958–59	152,188	109,165	63,789	48,469	54 549	23,340	451,500
1959–60	166,900	121,250	72,750	58,202	57,924	28,626	505,652
1960–61	183,977	134,743	79,901	61,454	64,572	32,578	557,225
1961–62	198,498	146,029	87,460	66,451	72,483	35,821	606,742
1962–63(b)	206,642	152,267	91,083	69,552	74,900	36,698	631,142
1963–64(b)	215,712	159,482	94,821	72.729	77,741	38,382	658,867
1964–65	230,537	171,750	101,111	78,155	87,618	43,897	713,069
1965–66	255,001	191,922	113,356	86,467	102,512	49,863	799,121
1966–67	284,794	208,790	128,264	94,346	105,802	55,439	877,435
1967–68	307,917	233,091	141,948	104,465	111,670	57,857	956,946
1968–69	337,383	253,562	157,830	116,117	125 674	59 019	1,049,585
1969–70	378,683	293,643	178,704	127,396	140,380	70,414	1,189,219
1970–71	484,975	361,584	223,275	161,252	168,343	80,768	1,480,198
1971–72	498,017	362,085	249 209	171,420	176,974	79,473	1,537,178
1972–73	536,963	396,087	281,946	202,430	196,369	87,098	1,700,893
1973–74	593,433	443,624	332,472	227,582	225,243	101,101	1,923,455
1974–75 (estimate)	723,400	535,100	434,450	279,300	273,900	129,700	2,375,850

(a) The amounts include supplementary grants where these were paid. *See* Table 97.
(b) Excluding additional assistance grants used for revenue purposes.

TABLE 97.—TAX REIMBURSEMENT GRANTS, 1942–43 TO 1958–59

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
FORMULA GRANTS							
1942–43(*a*)	30,952	13,594	11,642	4,868	5,240	1,830	68,126
1943–44(*a*)	31,034	13,780	11,642	4,916	5,288	1,850	68,510
1944–45(*a*)	31,034	13,780	11,642	4,916	5,288	1,850	68,510
1945–46(*a*)	31,034	13,780	11,642	4,916	5,288	1,850	68,510
1946–47*	32,954	17,720	13,202	6,916	6,768	2,440	80,000
1947–48*	37,074	19,934	14,852	7,780	7,614	2,746	90,000
1948–49*	44,044	24,196	17,664	9,260	8,990	3,334	107,488
1949–50	50,980	28,608	20,462	10,740	10,344	3,940	125,074
1950–51	57,078	32,676	22,930	12,080	11,534	4,498	140,796
1951–52	69.653	40,753	27,989	14,819	14,020	5,612	172,846
1952–53	86,982	52,170	34,981	18,685	17,489	7,203	217,510
1953–54	95,533	58,756	38,557	20,776	19,260	8,133	241,014
1954–55	101,431	64,838	41,813	22,829	20,479	8,806	260,196
1955–56	108,453	72,137	45,063	25,363	22,506	9,783	283,305
1956–57	116,706	80,474	48,739	28,098	24,503	10,770	309,290
1957–58	123,493	88,000	51,842	30,519	26,127	11,728	331,709
1958–59	129,592	92,957	54,318	32,332	27,546	12,381	349,126
SUPPLEMENTARY GRANTS							
1945–46(*b*)	..	..	..	1,106	..	..	1,106
1946–47(*b*)	..	..	..	2,202	1,826	238	4,266
1947–48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1948–49	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1949–50	6,522	3,660	2,618	1,374	1,322	504	16,000
1950–51	16,554	11,820	5,628	2,458	2,820	720	40,000
1951–52	26,147	18,247	10,011	5,581	4,780	2,388	67,154
1952–53	20,991	14,263	8,442	4,509	4,220	1,866	54,291
1953–54	17,038	11,244	6,877	3,705	3,435	1,531	43,830
1954–55	15,517	9,919	6,396	3,492	3,133	1,347	39,804
1955–56	14,219	6,797	4,246	2,390	2,121	922	30,695
1956–57	13,852	11,652	5,785	3,335	2,908	1,278	38,810
1957–58(*c*)	17,978	12,811	7,547	4,443	3,804	1,708	48,291
1958–59	22,596	16,208	9,471	5,637	4,803	2,159	60,874
TOTAL TAX REIMBURSEMENT GRANTS							
1942–43(*a*)	30,952	13,594	11,642	4,868	5,240	1,830	68,126
1943–44(*a*)	31,034	13,780	11,642	4,916	5,288	1,850	68,510
1944–45(*a*)	31,034	13,780	11,642	4,916	5,288	1,850	68,510
1945–46(*a*)	31,034	13,780	11,642	6.022	5,288	1,850	69,616
1946–47	32,954	17,720	13,202	9,118	8,594	2,678	84,266
1947–48	37,074	19,934	14.852	7,780	7,614	2,746	90,000
1948–49	44,044	24,196	17.664	9,260	8,990	3,334	107,488
1949–50	57,502	32,268	23,080	12,114	11,666	4,444	141,074
1950–51	73,632	44,496	28,558	14,538	14,354	5,218	180,796
1951–52	95,800	59,000	38,000	20,400	18,800	8,000	240,000
1952–53	107,973	66,433	43,423	23.194	21,709	9,069	271,801
1953–54	112,571	70,000	45,434	24,481	22,695	9,664	284,844
1954–55	116,948	74,757	48,209	26,321	23,612	10,153	300,000
1955–56	122,672	78,934	49,309	27,753	24,627	10,705	314.000
1956–57	130,558	92,126	54,524	31,433	27,411	12,048	348,100
1957–58(*c*)	141,471	100,811	59,389	34,962	29,931	13,436	380,000
1958–59	152,188	109,165	63,789	37,969	32,349	14,540	410,000

* Formula altered in these years.

(*a*) Includes annual amounts of entertainments tax reimbursement grants as follows:

—	Income Tax Reimbursement	Entertainments Tax Reimbursement	Total Tax Reimbursement
	$'000	$'000	$'000
New South Wales	30,712	322	31,034
Victoria	13,034	746	13,780
Queensland	11,642	..	11,642
South Australia	4,722	194	4,916
Western Australia	5,092	196	5,288
Tasmania	1,776	74	1,850
Total	66,978	1,532†	68,510†

† Because the legislation came into operation on 1 October 1942, the total amount paid as entertainments tax reimbursement in 1942–43 was in fact $384,000 less than the amount shown here. The total tax reimbursement grant for 1942–43 was, therefore, $68,126,000.

(*b*) Paid on recommendation of the Grants Commission.

(*c*) An additional assistance grant was also provided in this year to meet special circumstances. *See* Chapter IV of 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States, 1967–68'.

TABLE 98.—SPECIAL GRANTS 1910–11 TO 1974–75

$'000

——	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
SPECIAL GRANTS PAID PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF GRANTS COMMISSION					
1910–11	..	..	500	..	500
1911–12	..	..	480	..	480
1912–13	..	..	460	190	650
1913–14	..	..	440	180	620
1914–15	..	..	420	180	600
1915–16	..	..	400	180	580
1916–17	..	..	380	180	560
1917–18	..	..	360	180	540
1918–19	..	..	340	180	520
1919–20	..	..	320	180	500
1920–21	..	..	300	180	480
1921–22	..	..	280	170	450
1922–23	..	..	260	170	430
1923–24	..	..	240	170	410
1924–25	..	..	220	292	512
1925–26	..	..	900	136	1,036
1926–27	..	..	600	756	1,356
1927–28	..	..	600	756	1,356
1928–29	..	..	600	440	1,040
1929–30	..	720	600	500	1,820
1930–31	..	2,340	600	500	3,440
1931–32	..	2,000	600	500	3,100
1932–33	..	2,000	1,000	660	3,660
1933–34	..	2,300	1,200	760	4,260
SPECIAL GRANTS PAID ON RECOMMENDATION OF GRANTS COMMISSION(*a*)					
1934–35	..	2,800	1,200	800	4,800
1935–36	..	3,000	1,600	900	5,500
1936–37	..	2,660	1,000	1,200	4,860
1937–38	..	2,400	1,150	1,150	4,700
1938–39	..	2,080	1,140	820	4,040
1939–40	..	1,990	1,190	860	4,040
1940–41	..	2,000	1,300	800	4,100
1941–42	..	2,300	1,260	1,040	4,600
1942–43	..	1,600	1,600	1,150	4,350
1943–44	..	1,800	1,700	1,440	4,940
1944–45	..	2,400	1,808	1,484	5,692
1945–46	..	2,800	1,900	1,292	5,992
1946–47	..	4,000	3,746	1,750	9,496
1947–48	..	4,636	5,954	1,494	12,084
1948–49	..	5,700	7,200	2,000	14,900
1949–50	..	8,348	11,236	2,524	22,108
1950–51	..	10,664	11,678	2,008	24,350
1951–52	..	9,116	10,176	1,752	21,044
1952–53	..	12,686	16,082	3,100	31,868
1953–54	..	12,200	15,600	3,000	30,800
1954–55	..	4,500	14,900	5,200	24,600
1955–56	..	10,800	17,800	8,400	37,000
1956–57	..	11,600	18,400	7,000	37,000
1957–58	..	11,400	20,300	7,300	39,000
1958–59	..	10,500	22,200	8,800	41,500
1959–60	..	(*b*) 2,852	7,000	6,800	16,652
1960–61	..	..	8,618	8,618	17,236
1961–62	..	..	12,312	10,150	22,462
1962–63	..	..	12,420	10,082	22,502
1963–64	..	..	12,144	10,756	22,900
1964–65	..	..	17,120	14,600	31,720
1965–66	..	..	24,038	17,732	41,770
1966–67	..	..	19,406	20,666	40,072
1967–68	..	..	15,518	19,889	35,407
1968–69	..	..	(*c*) 582	16,810	17,392
1969–70	..	..	..	21,900	21,900
1970–71	..	5,000	..	(*d*) 13,680	(*d*) 18,680
1971–72	..	9,000	7,000	..	7,800	23,800
1972–73	..	10,000	21,000	..	7,600	38,600
1973–74	..	10,000	19,900	..	8,650	38,550
1974–75	..	24,750	23,500	..	(*e*) ..	48,250

(*a*) From 1949–50 special grants have been paid in two parts. One part represents the advance payment for the current financial year; the other represents the adjustment to the advance payment made two years earlier and is now known as the completion payment. The figures shown here are the amounts actually paid each year. Figures of final special grants paid in respect of each year from 1968–69 are given in Chapter II. Figures for previous years may be found in the Thirty-seventh Report of the Grants Commission, page 119 and in the Fortieth, page 140.

(*b*) Adjustments to special grants for 1957–58 and 1958–59. The amounts were $798,000 and $2,054,000 respectively.

(*c*) Completion payment in respect of 1966–67.

(*d*) Grant recommended by the Commission for Tasmania was $23,680,000, of which $10,000,000 was transferred to the State's financial assistance grant for 1970–71.

(*e*) Tasmania withdrew from the special grants system as from the beginning of 1974–75. *See* Chapter II.

APPENDIX III—TABLES OF GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS

TABLE NO.	SUBJECT
99	General Purpose Capital Funds for State Governments, 1951–52 to 1974–75.
100	Semi-Government and Local Authority Borrowings, 1951–52 to 1974–75.
101	Semi-Government and Local Authority Borrowings, per Head of Population, 1951–52 to 1974–75.
102	State Government Loan Council Borrowing Programs and State Semi-Government and Local Authority Borrowings, 1951–52 to 1974–75.
103	State Government Loan Council Programs and State Semi-Government and Local Authority Borrowings, per Head of Population, 1951–52 to 1974–75.
104	Borrowings by Local Government Authorities ,1951–52 to 1974–75.
105	Summary of the Financing of State Government Loan Council Programs, 1951–52 to 1973–74.
106	Details of the Financing of State Government Loan Council Programs, 1962–63 to 1973–74.

TABLE 99—GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS FOR STATE GOVERNMENTS 1951–52 TO 1974–75(*a*)

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
APPROVED LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS							
1951–52	128,000	112,000	45,000	52,826	33,000	30,200	401,026
1952–53	102,356	79,942	37,062	43,650	31,230	26,124	320,364
1953–54	106,500	81,300	36,900	44,000	28,000	28,900	325,600
1954–55	95,040	75,870	35,954	41,716	27,200	25,920	301,700
1955–56	99,900	78,000	38,000	45,100	25,800	26,800	(*b*) 313,600
1956–57	99,900	79,600	38,500	45,100	(*c*) 33,800	22,800	319,700
1957–58	105,900	84,840	40,000	47,060	31,680	24,200	333,680
1958–59	110,180	88,400	42,500	48,600	33,520	25,180	348,380
1959–60	116,280	92,810	45,500	50,770	35,400	27,080	367,840
1960–61	121,388	97,610	49,000	51,934	37,280	28,388	385,600
1961–62	124,596	100,150	51,000	50,296	39,162	28,996	394,200
1962–63	130,808	105,360	53,400	51,458	41,044	30,708	412,778
1963–64	140,020	112,270	60,200	55,184	44,006	32,020	443,700
1964–65	149,470	120,954	66,752	59,020	46,968	34,136	477,300
1965–66	152,150	123,206	68,016	61,892	47,902	34,834	488,000
1966–67	163,640	132,520	72,510	67,680	51,070	37,580	525,000
1967–68	172,240	139,700	76,560	71,820	53,230	40,610	554,160
1968–69	182,070	146,620	80,540	77,840	54,810	42,120	584,000
1969–70	194,590	157,870	85,980	82,670	59,290	45,370	625,770
1970–71	148,900	121,670	67,910	60,000	(*d*) 48,400	34,570	481,450
1971–72	214,020	171,670	85,090	92,260	62,840	47,020	672,900
1972–73	233,285	187,115	92,752	100,554	68,503	51,252	733,461
1973–74	183,078	149,738	78,236	79,587	54,587	43,467	588,693
1974–75(*e*)	214,356	174,518	102,024	93,734	64,278	51,891	700,801
CAPITAL GRANTS							
1970–71	63,610	51,020	25,290	27,420	18,680	13,980	200,000
1971–72	69,690	55,890	27,710	30,030	20,470	15,310	219,100
1972–73	79,051	63,405	31,429	34,074	23,213	17,367	248,539
1973–74	86,551	70,789	36,987	37,625	25,806	20,549	278,307
1974–75(*e*)	101,337	82,505	43,544	44,314	30,387	24,531	326,618
TOTAL GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS (*f*)							
1970–71	260,810	209,190	103,700	112,420	79,580	57,300	823,000
1971–72	283,710	227,560	112,800	122,290	83,310	62,330	892,000
1972–73	312,336	250,520	124,181	134,628	91,716	68,619	982,000
1973–74	269,629	220,527	115,223	117,212	80,393	64,016	867,000
1974–75(*e*)	315,693	257,023	145,568	138,048	94,665	76,422	1,027,419
TOTAL WORKS AND HOUSING PROGRAMS 1951–52 TO 1970–71(*g*)							
1951–52	145,028	132,122	53,978	52,826	39,966	30,200	454,120
1952–53	126,556	102,482	44,522	43,650	37,030	26,124	380,364
1953–54	131,400	105,300	45,900	53,000	35,500	28,900	400,000
1954–55	116,640	94,770	39,554	48,916	34,200	25,920	360,000
1955–56	121,500	99,600	44,000	52,300	35,800	26,800	380,000
1956–57	121,500	99,600	44,000	52,300	39,800	26,800	384,000
1957–58	127,900	104,840	46,320	55,060	37,680	28,200	400,000
1958–59	134,180	109,000	49,120	58,600	39,520	29,580	420,000
1959–60	140,980	113,410	52,460	60,770	41,400	30,980	440,000
1960–61	147,388	118,210	55,200	63,534	43,280	32,388	460,000
1961–62	158,602	127,204	59,400	68,368	46,574	34,852	495,000
1962–63	163,408	131,060	61,200	70,440	47,984	35,908	510,000
1963–64	173,020	138,770	68,800	74,584	50,806	38,020	544,000
1964–65	184,470	147,954	73,352	79,520	54,168	40,536	580,000
1965–66	192,421	154,332	76,513	82,949	56,503	42,282	605,000
1966–67	205,140	164,540	81,570	88,430	60,240	45,080	645,000
1967–68	215,320	172,700	85,620	92,820	63,230	47,310	677,000
1968–69	225,820	181,120	89,790	97,340	66,310	49,620	710,000
1969–70	241,090	193,370	95,860	103,920	70,790	52,970	758,000
1970–71	260,810	209,190	103,700	112,420	79,580	57,300	823,000

(*a*) For an explanation of the amounts shown in this table, *see* Chapter III, particularly under the heading " Treatment of Loan Council Programs in This and Other Budget Documents ".
(*b*) Excludes $6,362,000 allocated to the Australian Government for emergency wheat storage.
(*c*) Includes special allocation of $4 million.
(*d*) Includes special allocation of $3 million.
(*e*) Amounts approved at the June 1974 meeting of the Loan Council *plus* additional amounts which were subsequently agreed to between the Australian and State Governments and which are expected to be formally approved by the Loan Council later.
(*f*) For years prior to 1970–71 the borrowing programs represent the total of the general purpose capital funds.
(*g*) That is, amounts shown above *plus* advances under Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements. For the relevance of these aggregates in this context, see reference mentioned in footnote (*a*) above. For amounts of housing advances, *see* Table 119 in Appendix IV.

TABLE 100.—SEMI-GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL AUTHORITY BORROWINGS 1951–52 TO 1974–75

$'000

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total States	Commonwealth	Total
BORROWINGS BY LARGER AUTHORITIES(a)									
1951–52	30,115	61,576	20,205	3,175	..	2,620	117,691	..	117,691
1952–53	44,880	76,396	25,021	10,307	7,238	10,720	174,562	..	174,562
1953–54	33,322	54.783	30,838	4,990	4,000	4,365	132,298	212	132,510
1954–55	36,232	62,373	26,421	3,050	5,920	4,257	138,251	400	138,651
1955–56	32,653	51,867	21,518	3,860	4,700	2,910	117,508	320	117,828
1956–57	32,568	61,820	25,018	6,023	5,000	2,998	133,427	410	133,837
1957–58	42,020	62,036	29,946	6,699	5,900	4,488	151,088	540	151,628
1958–59	45,443	63,196	33,191	7,720	4,817	4,396	158,764	755	159,519
1959–60	52,977	64.774	34,755	9,154	5,899	5,857	173,417	1,000	174,417
1960–61	52,300	66,889	35,325	9,712	5,158	5,640	175,024	510	175,534
1961–62	60.730	78,927	42,148	11,476	7,038	7,098	207.417	1,171	208,588
1962–63(b)	64,948	83,377	47,028	12,193	7.680	7,503	222,728	1,264	223,992
1963–64	74,395	87.151	51,976	12,946	8,028	7,844	242,341	4,828	247,169
1964–65	78.906	89.678	49,956	13,342	10,274	8.084	250,240	4.115	254,355
1965–66	79.156	87,755	48,046	13,343	10,274	8,084	246.658	621	247,279
1966–67	86,690	94,984	52,800	14,410	10,860	8,550	268,294	780	269,074
1967–68	102,330	115,084	63,970	17,170	13,135	12,360	324.049	7,229	331,278
1968–69	109,950	121,399	67,490	32,101	13,880	12.930	357,750	1,182	358,932
1969–70	118,640	128,612	71,600	24,083	14,720	13,536	371,191	12,270	383,461
1970–71	131,270	138.128	76,810	21.102	17,790	14,133	399,233	1.077	400,310
1971–72	144,527	147,913	84,225	21,964	25,048	15,016	438,694	1,001	439,695
1972–73(c)	175,485	168,717	93,822	25,050	34,159	15,193	512,426	45,276	557,702
1973–74	199,949	182,667	106,609	26,850	33,233	15,679	564,987	30,015	595,002
1974–75(d)	229,944	200,956	121,294	29,844	35,956	18,090	636,084	143,541	779,625
BORROWINGS BY SMALLER AUTHORITIES(a)									
1951–52	11,035	4,342	3,059	412	1,490	999	21,337	..	21,337
1952–53	8,920	6,008	4,273	196	1,564	976	21.938	150	22,088
1953–54	10,507	5.040	5,382	446	2,420	1,656	25,451	..	25,451
1954–55	12,323	5,476	5,814	656	2,988	2,037	29,294	..	29,294
1955–56	11,530	5,245	4,760	406	2,359	1,202	25,502	..	25,502
1956–57	12,772	8,190	6,420	1,042	2,323	1,485	32,232	..	32,232
1957–58	11,826	8,986	7,260	690	2,683	1,750	33,196	..	33,196
1958–59	13,696	10,114	7,549	1,458	2,554	1,518	36,889	..	36,889
1959–60	10,263	10,212	8,505	758	2,983	1,183	33,904	..	33,904
1960–61	11,466	10,580	8,369	810	4,079	1,284	36,588	..	36,588
1961–62(e)	24,930	11,186	11,673	1,878	4,401	1,592	55,660	..	55.660
1962–63(b)	20,010	11.240	13,140	2,075	4,902	1,543	52,909	..	52,909
1963–64	19,878	10,976	12,333	2,439	7,123	1,838	54,587	..	54,587
1964–65	20,152	9,332	13,260	2,794	7,468	1,769	54,775	..	54,775
1965–66	23,438	10.472	17,975	3,675	8,569	1,657	65,786	..	65,786
1966–67	24,920	12,911	17,809	4,341	9,168	3,311	72,460	..	72,460
1967–68	33,609	20,109	21,135	4,913	13,070	3,961	96,797	..	96,797
1968–69	36,093	19,055	22,071	5,266	15.385	4,487	102.357	..	102.357
1969–70	34,629	18,717	21,132	5,028	17,013	3,350	99,869	..	99,869
1970–71	32,420	18,715	21,434	6,085	16,157	2,794	97,605	..	97,605
1971–72	34,033	23,599	24,097	6,649	16,682	2,784	107,844	..	107,844
1972–73(c)	42,477	30,927	26,128	7,039	20,556	3,645	130,772	..	130,772
1973–74	46,948	35,817	32,117	9,461	25,470	3,025	152,838	..	152,838
1974–75 (estimate)(f)	53,000	39 500	37 976	11,500	30,240	4,500	176,716	..	176,716
BORROWINGS BY ALL SEMI-GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES									
1951–52	41,150	65,919	23,264	3,587	1,490	3,619	139,029	..	139,029
1952–53	53,801	82,405	29,293	10,503	8,802	11,696	196,501	150	196,651
1953–54	43,830	59,822	36,220	5,436	6,420	6,020	157,749	212	157,961
1954–55	48,554	67,849	32,235	3,706	8,908	6,293	167,546	400	167,946
1955–56	44,183	57.112	26,277	4,266	7,059	4,112	143,010	320	143,330
1956–57	45,340	70,010	31,438	7,065	7,323	4,483	165,659	410	166,069
1957–58	53,846	71,022	37,206	7,389	8,583	6,238	184,284	540	184,824
1958–59	59.140	73,311	40,740	9,178	7,371	5,914	195,653	754	196,408
1959–60	63,240	74,986	43,260	9,912	8,882	7,040	207,321	1,000	208,322
1960–61	63,766	77,469	43,694	10.522	9,238	6,924	211,612	510	212,122
1961–62	85,660	90.113	53,821	13,355	11,439	8,690	263,077	1,171	264,248
1962–63	84.958	94.617	60,168	14,268	12,582	9,046	275,638	1,264	276,902
1963–64	94,274	98,127	64,309	15,385	15,151	9,682	296,928	4,828	301,756
1964–65	99.058	99,010	63,216	16,137	17,742	9,853	305,015	4,115	309,130
1965–66	102,594	98,227	66,021	17,018	18,843	9,741	312,444	621	313,065
1966–67	111,610	107,895	70,609	18,751	20,028	11,861	340,754	780	341,534
1967–68	135,939	135,193	85,105	22,083	26,205	16,321	420,846	7,229	428,075
1968–69	146.043	140.454	89,561	37,367	29,265	17,417	460,107	1,182	461,289
1969–70	153,269	147,329	92,732	29,111	31,733	16,886	471,060	12,270	483,330
1970–71	163,690	156,843	98,244	27,187	33,947	16,927	496,838	1,077	497,915
1971–72	178,560	171,512	108,322	28,613	41,730	17,800	546,538	1,001	547,539
1972–73	217,962	199,644	119,950	32,089	54,715	18,838	643,198	45,276	688,474
1973–74	246,897	218,484	138,726	36,311	58,703	18,704	717,825	30,015	747,840
1974–75 (estimate)	282,944	240,456	159,270	41,344	66,196	22,590	812,800	143,541	956,341

(a) Up to 1961–62 larger authorities were those borrowing $200,000 or more in a financial year; from 1962–63 to 1966–67 authorities borrowing more than $200,000 in a financial year; from 1967–68 to 1971–72 authorities borrowing more than $300,000 in a financial year; in 1972–73 and 1973–74 authorities borrowing more than $400,000 in a financial year; and in 1974–75 authorities borrowing more than $500,000 in a financial year. From 1962–63 no overall limit has been set by the Loan Council on borrowings by the smaller authorities.

(b) Following a decision of the Loan Council in February 1963, smaller authorities were permitted to borrow in excess of $200,000 during 1962–63, provided the excess was included in borrowings against the program for the larger authorities. The excess is in the figures for the larger authorities.

(c) Following a decision of the Loan Council in March 1973 to increase the borrowing programs of the larger authorities by $27.5 million, a number of smaller authorities were permitted to borrow in excess of $400,000. This excess was charged against the increase of $27.5 million and is included in the borrowings of the larger authorities in 1972–73.

(d) Borrowing programs approved by the Loan Council in June 1974.

(e) Includes borrowings totalling $16,744,000 which were made following the decision of the Loan Council at its February 1962 meeting to permit the smaller authorities to borrow an additional $200,000 during the remainder of the financial year, subject to State Government approval.

(f) Tentative estimates by State Treasuries.

TABLE 101.—SEMI-GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL AUTHORITY BORROWINGS 1951–52 TO 1974–75, PER HEAD OF POPULATION (*a*)

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total States
	$	$	$	$	$	$	$
BORROWINGS BY LARGER AUTHORITIES							
1951–52	9.09	26.66	16.30	4.27	..	8.93	13.87
1952–53	13.33	32.20	19.67	13.45	11.84	35.43	20.08
1953–54	9.79	22.61	23.71	6.35	6.34	14.11	14.94
1954–55	10.49	25.10	19.89	3.78	9.13	13.61	15.29
1955–56	9.26	20.29	15.81	4.63	7.05	9.14	12.69
1956–57	9.07	23.54	17.95	6.99	7.34	9.23	14.08
1957–58	11.48	23.09	21.05	7.56	8.51	13.52	15.61
1958–59	12.19	22.98	22.88	8.50	6.82	12.98	16.07
1959–60	13.95	22.97	23.51	9.80	8.22	17.02	17.19
1960–61	13.49	23.12	23.49	10.15	7.08	16.11	16.98
1961–62	15.37	26.69	27.38	11.72	9.31	20.10	19.68
1962–63	16.15	27.68	30.08	12.21	9.88	20.95	20.76
1963–64	18.24	28.36	32.59	12.65	10.05	21.62	22.17
1964–65	19.05	28.59	30.71	12.68	12.57	22.07	22.46
1965–66	18.80	27.47	28.94	12.33	12.27	21.87	21.73
1966–67	20.32	29.23	31.30	13.06	12.58	22.90	23.25
1967–68	23.65	34.87	37.32	15.39	14.66	32.75	27.63
1968–69	25.01	36.20	38.67	28.39	14.85	33.81	29.95
1969–70	26.47	37.65	40.28	20.97	15.13	35.04	30.47
1970–71	28.78	39.74	42.46	18.08	17.60	36.30	32.16
1971–72	31.17	41.92	45.59	18.57	23.99	38.31	34.73
1972–73	37.37	47.14	49.47	20.95	32.10	38.47	39.95
1973–74	42.21	50.53	54.83	22.19	30.67	39.34	43.50
1974–75	48.19	55.26	60.62	24.32	32.50	44.93	48.39
BORROWINGS BY SMALLER AUTHORITIES							
1951–52	3.33	1.88	2.47	0.55	2.53	3.41	2.46
1952–53	2.65	2.53	3.36	0.26	2.56	3.23	2.52
1953–54	3.09	2.08	4.14	0.57	3.84	5.37	2.87
1954–55	3.56	2.20	4.38	0.81	4.61	6.51	3.24
1955–56	3.27	2.05	3.50	0.49	3.54	3.78	2.75
1956–57	3.56	3.12	4.61	1.21	3.41	4.57	3.40
1957–58	3.23	3.34	5.10	0.78	3.87	5.27	3.43
1958–59	3.67	3.68	5.20	1.61	3.62	4.48	3.73
1959–60	2.70	3.62	5.75	0.81	4.16	3.44	3.36
1960–61	2.96	3.66	5.57	0.85	5.59	3.67	3.55
1961–62	6.31	3.78	7.58	1.92	5.82	4.51	5.28
1962–63	4.98	3.73	8.41	2.08	6.31	4.31	4.93
1963–64	4.87	3.57	7.73	2.38	8.92	5.07	4.99
1964–65	4.86	2.98	8.15	2.66	9.14	4.83	4.92
1965–66	5.57	3.28	10.83	3.40	10.23	4.48	5.79
1966–67	5.84	3.97	10.56	3.94	10.62	8.87	6.28
1967–68	7.77	6.09	12.33	4.40	14.59	10.50	8.25
1968–69	8.21	5.68	12.64	4.66	16.47	11.73	8.57
1969–70	7.73	5.48	11.89	4.38	17.49	8.67	8.20
1970–71	7.11	5.38	11.85	5.21	15.99	7.18	7.86
1971–72	7.34	6.69	13.04	5.62	15.98	7.10	8.54
1972–73	9.05	8.64	13.78	5.89	19.32	9.23	10.20
1973–74	9.91	9.91	16.52	7.82	23.50	7.59	11.77
1974–75 (estimate)	11.11	10.86	18.98	9.37	27.33	11.18	13.44
BORROWINGS BY ALL SEMI-GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES							
1951–52	12.43	28.54	18.76	4.83	2.53	12.34	16.38
1952–53	15.98	34.74	23.02	13.70	14.40	38.66	22.61
1953–54	12.87	24.69	27.85	6.92	10.18	19.46	17.82
1954–55	14.03	27.30	24.27	4.59	13.74	20.13	18.53
1955–56	12.53	22.34	19.31	5.11	10.58	12.92	15.44
1956–57	12.63	26.66	22.55	8.20	10.75	13.81	17.48
1957–58	14.71	26.43	26.16	8.34	12.38	18.79	19.03
1958–59	15.86	26.66	28.09	10.10	10.44	17.46	19.80
1959–60	16.66	26.59	29.27	10.62	12.38	20.46	20.55
1960–61	16.45	26.77	29.06	10.99	12.66	19.78	20.52
1961–62	21.67	30.48	34.96	13.64	15.14	24.61	24.97
1962–63	21.13	31.42	38.49	14.29	16.18	25.26	25.69
1963–64	23.11	31.93	40.32	15.03	18.97	26.69	27.16
1964–65	23.91	31.57	38.86	15.34	21.71	26.89	27.38
1965–66	24.37	30.75	39.77	15.73	22.50	26.36	27.52
1966–67	26.16	33.21	41.86	17.00	23.20	31.77	29.52
1967–68	31.42	40.96	49.64	19.80	29.25	43.25	35.88
1968–69	33.22	41.88	51.31	33.04	31.32	45.55	38.52
1969–70	34.20	43.13	52.17	25.35	32.62	43.71	38.66
1970–71	35.89	45.12	54.31	23.29	33.59	43.48	40.02
1971–72	38.51	48.61	58.64	24.19	39.98	45.41	43.27
1972–73	46.42	55.78	63.24	26.84	51.41	47.70	50.15
1973–74	52.12	60.44	71.35	30.01	54.17	46.92	55.27
1974–75 (estimate)	59.30	66.12	79.60	33.69	59.83	56.11	61.83

a) *See* footnotes to Table 100.

TABLE 102.—STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS AND STATE SEMI-GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL AUTHORITY BORROWINGS, 1951–52 TO 1974–75

$'000

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total States
STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS(a)							
1951–52	128,000	112,000	45,000	52,826	33,000	30,200	401,026
1952–53	102,356	79,942	37,062	43,650	31,230	26,124	320,364
1953–54	106,500	81,300	36,900	44,000	28,000	28,900	325,600
1954–55	95,040	75,870	35,954	41,716	27,200	25,920	301,700
1955–56	99,900	78,000	38,000	45,100	25,800	26,800	313,600
1956–57	99,900	79,600	38,500	45,100	33,800	22,800	319,700
1957–58	105,900	84,840	40,000	47,060	31,680	24,200	333,680
1958–59	110,180	88,400	42,500	48,600	33,520	25,180	348,380
1959–60	116,280	92,810	45,500	50,770	35,400	27,080	367,840
1960–61	121,388	97,610	49,000	51,934	37,280	28,388	385,600
1961–62	124,596	100,150	51,000	50,296	39,162	28,996	394,200
1962–63	130,808	105,360	53,400	51,458	41,044	30,708	412,778
1963–64	140,020	112,270	60,200	55,184	44,006	32,020	443,700
1964–65	149,470	120,954	66,752	59,020	46,968	34,136	477,300
1965–66	152,150	123,206	68,016	61,892	47,902	34,834	488,000
1966–67	163,640	132,520	72,510	67,680	51,070	37,580	525,000
1967–68	172,240	139,700	76,560	71,820	53,230	40,610	554,160
1968–69	182,070	146,620	80,540	77,840	54,810	42,120	584,000
1969–70	194,590	157,870	85,980	82,670	59,290	45,370	625,770
1970–71	148,900	121,670	67,910	60,000	48,400	34,570	481,450
1971–72	214,020	171,670	85,090	92,260	62,840	47,020	672,900
1972–73	233,285	187,115	92,752	100,554	68,503	51,252	733,461
1973–74	183,078	149,738	78,236	79,587	54,587	43,467	588,693
1974–75	214,356	174,518	102,024	93,734	64,278	51,891	700,801
BORROWINGS BY STATE SEMI-GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES(b)							
1951–52	41,150	65,919	23,264	3,587	1,490	3,619	139,029
1952–53	53,801	82,405	29,293	10,503	8,802	11,696	196,501
1953–54	43,830	59,822	36,220	5,436	6,420	6,020	157,749
1954–55	48,554	67,849	32,235	3,706	8,908	6,293	167,546
1955–56	44,183	57,112	26,277	4,266	7,059	4,112	143,010
1956–57	45,340	70,010	31,438	7,065	7,323	4,483	165,659
1957–58	53,846	71,022	37,206	7,389	8,583	6,238	184,284
1958–59	59,140	73,311	40,740	9,178	7,371	5,914	195,653
1959–60	63,240	74,986	43,260	9,912	8,882	7,040	207,321
1960–61	63,766	77,469	43,694	10,522	9,238	6,924	211,612
1961–62	85,660	90,113	53,821	13,355	11,439	8,960	263,348
1962–63	84,958	94,617	60,168	14,268	12,582	9,046	275,638
1963–64	94,274	98,127	64,309	15,385	15,151	9,682	296,928
1964–65	99,058	99,010	63,216	16,137	17,742	9,853	305,015
1965–66	102,594	98,227	66,021	17,018	18,843	9,741	312,444
1966–67	111,610	107,895	70,609	18,751	20,028	11,861	340,754
1967–68	135,939	135,193	85,105	22,083	26,205	16,321	420,846
1968–69	146,043	140,454	89,561	37,367	29,265	17,417	460,107
1969–70	153,269	147,329	92,732	29,111	31,733	16,886	471,060
1970–71	163,690	156,843	98,244	27,187	33,947	16,927	496,838
1971–72	178,560	171,512	108,322	28,613	41,730	17,800	546,538
1972–73	217,962	199,644	119,950	32,089	54,715	18,838	643,198
1973–74	246,897	218,484	138,726	36,311	58,703	18,704	717,825
1974–75 (estimate)	282,944	240,456	159,270	41,344	66,196	22,590	812,800
TOTAL OF STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS AND BORROWINGS BY STATE SEMI-GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES							
1951–52	169,150	177,919	68,264	56,413	34,490	33,819	540,055
1952–53	156,157	162,347	66,355	54,153	40,032	37,820	516,865
1953–54	150,330	141,122	73,120	49,436	34,420	34,920	483,349
1954–55	143,594	143,719	68,189	45,422	36,108	32,213	469,246
1955–56	144,083	135,112	64,277	49,366	32,859	30,912	456,610
1956–57	145,240	149,610	69,938	52,165	41,123	27,283	485,359
1957–58	159,746	155,862	77,206	54,449	40,263	30,438	517,964
1958–59	169,320	161,711	83,240	57,778	40,891	31,094	544,033
1959–60	179,520	167,796	88,760	60,682	44,282	34,120	575,161
1960–61	185,154	175,079	92,694	62,456	46,518	35,312	597,212
1961–62	210,256	190,263	104,821	63,651	50,601	37,956	657,548
1962–63	215,766	199,977	113,568	65,726	53,626	39,754	688,416
1963–64	234,294	210,397	124,509	70,569	59,157	41,702	740,628
1964–65	248,528	219,964	129,968	75,157	64,710	43,989	782,315
1965–66	254,744	221,433	134,037	78,910	66,745	44,575	800,444
1966–67	275,250	240,415	143,119	86,431	71,098	49,441	865,754
1967–68	308,179	274,893	161,665	93,903	79,435	56,931	975,006
1968–69	328,113	287,074	170,101	115,207	84,075	59,537	1,044,107
1969–70	347,859	305,199	178,712	111,781	91,023	62,256	1,096,830
1970–71	312,590	278,513	166,154	87,187	82,347	51,497	978,288
1971–72	392,580	343,182	193,412	120,873	104,570	64,820	1,219,438
1972–73	451,247	386,759	212,702	132,643	123,218	70,090	1,376,659
1973–74	429,975	368,222	216,962	115,898	113,290	62,171	1,306,518
1974–75 (estimate)	497,300	414,974	261,294	135,078	130,474	74,481	1,513,601

(a) *See* footnote to Table 99.
(b) *See* footnote to Table 100.

TABLE 103.—STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS AND STATE SEMI-GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL AUTHORITY BORROWINGS, PER HEAD OF POPULATION, 1951–52 TO 1974–75

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
	$	$	$	$	$	$	$
STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS							
1951–52	38.65	48.49	36.29	71.07	55.94	102.97	47.25
1952–53	30.41	33.70	29.13	56.95	51.10	86.36	36.86
1953–54	31.27	33.56	28.37	55.98	44.40	93.41	36.77
1954–55	27.47	30.53	27.07	51.66	41.96	82.89	33.37
1955–56	28.34	30.52	27.92	54.04	38.69	84.20	33.86
1956–57	27.83	30.32	27.62	52.36	49.64	70.22	33.74
1957–58	28.93	31.56	28.12	53.12	45.67	72.89	34.46
1958–59	29.55	32.15	29.30	53.50	47.49	74.37	35.25
1959–60	30.63	32.91	30.78	54.38	49.35	78.70	36.46
1960–61	31.32	33.74	32.59	54.26	51.08	81.09	37.40
1961–62	31.52	33.87	33.13	51.36	51.82	82.10	37.41
1962–63	32.53	34.98	34.16	51.54	52.80	85.73	38.47
1963–64	34.33	36.53	37.74	53.92	55.09	88.26	40.59
1964–65	36.08	38.57	41.03	56.10	57.47	93.17	42.84
1965–66	36.14	38.57	40.97	57.21	57.21	94.25	42.99
1966–67	38.35	40.78	42.97	61.35	59.14	100.67	45.48
1967–68	39.78	42.30	44.63	64.37	59.36	107.55	47.21
1968–69	41.36	43.68	46.09	68.80	58.56	110.06	48.84
1969–70	43.34	46.15	48.30	71.94	60.80	117.33	51.29
1970–71	32.57	34.95	37.47	51.37	47.76	88.71	38.71
1971–72	46.06	48.57	45.97	77.94	60.04	119.83	53.17
1972–73	49.68	52.28	48.90	84.10	64.37	129.78	57.18
1973–74	38.65	41.42	40.24	65.77	50.37	109.05	45.32
1974–75 (estimate)	44.93	47.99	50.99	76.37	58.10	128.89	53.31
BORROWINGS BY STATE SEMI-GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES							
1951–52	12.42	28.54	18.76	4.83	2.53	12.34	16.38
1952–53	15.98	34.73	23.03	13.70	14.40	38.66	22.61
1953–54	12.87	24.69	27.85	6.92	10.18	19.45	17.82
1954–55	14.03	27.30	24.27	4.59	13.74	20.12	18.53
1955–56	12.53	22.34	19.32	5.11	10.58	12.92	15.44
1956–57	12.63	26.66	22.55	8.20	10.75	13.81	17.48
1957–58	14.71	26.43	26.16	8.34	12.37	18.79	19.03
1958–59	15.86	26.66	28.09	10.10	10.44	17.47	19.80
1959–60	16.66	26.59	29.27	10.62	12.38	20.46	20.55
1960–61	16.45	26.77	29.06	10.99	12.66	19.78	20.52
1961–62	21.67	30.48	34.96	13.64	15.14	25.37	24.99
1962–63	21.13	31.42	38.49	14.29	16.18	25.25	25.69
1963–64	23.11	31.93	40.32	15.03	18.97	26.69	27.16
1964–65	23.91	31.57	38.86	15.34	21.71	26.89	27.38
1965–66	24.37	30.75	39.77	15.73	22.50	26.36	27.52
1966–67	26.16	33.20	41.85	17.00	23.19	31.77	29.52
1967–68	31.40	40.94	49.61	19.79	29.22	43.22	35.85
1968–69	33.17	41.84	51.25	33.03	31.27	45.51	38.48
1969–70	34.14	43.07	52.10	25.33	32.54	43.67	38.61
1970–71	35.80	45.05	54.21	23.27	33.49	43.44	39.95
1971–72	38.43	48.52	58.52	24.17	39.87	45.36	43.19
1972–73	46.42	55.78	63.24	26.84	51.41	47.70	50.15
1973–74	52.12	60.44	71.35	30.01	54.17	46.92	55.27
1974–75 (estimate)	59.30	66.12	79.60	33.69	59.83	56.11	61.83
TOTAL STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS AND STATE SEMI-GOVERNMENT AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES BORROWINGS							
1951–52	51.07	77.03	55.06	75.90	58.47	115.30	63.63
1952–53	46.39	68.43	52.16	70.65	65.50	125.02	59.47
1953–54	44.14	58.25	56.22	62.90	54.57	112.86	54.59
1954–55	41.50	57.83	51.34	56.25	55.71	103.02	51.90
1955–56	40.87	52.86	47.20	59.16	49.27	97.12	49.30
1956–57	40.47	56.98	50.17	60.56	60.40	84.03	51.22
1957–58	43.64	58.00	54.28	61.45	58.05	91.68	53.50
1958–59	45.41	58.80	57.39	63.60	57.93	91.83	55.05
1959–60	47.29	59.51	60.05	65.00	61.73	99.16	57.01
1960–61	47.77	60.51	61.64	65.26	63.74	100.86	57.93
1961–62	53.20	64.35	68.08	65.00	66.95	107.46	62.40
1962–63	53.66	66.40	72.65	65.82	68.98	110.98	64.16
1963–64	57.44	68.46	78.06	68.96	74.06	114.94	67.75
1964–65	60.00	70.13	79.89	71.44	79.19	120.06	70.22
1965–66	60.51	69.33	80.74	72.94	79.71	120.60	70.51
1966–67	64.51	73.98	84.82	78.35	82.34	132.44	75.00
1967–68	71.18	83.24	94.24	84.17	88.58	150.77	83.07
1968–69	74.53	85.52	97.35	101.83	89.82	155.57	87.32
1969–70	77.47	89.22	100.40	97.28	93.35	160.99	89.89
1970–71	68.37	80.00	91.68	74.64	81.25	132.15	78.66
1971–72	84.48	97.09	104.49	102.11	99.91	165.19	96.36
1972–73	96.10	108.06	112.15	110.94	115.78	177.49	107.33
1973–74	90.77	101.87	111.58	95.78	104.54	155.97	100.59
1974–75 (estimate)	104.23	114.11	130.58	110.06	117.93	185.00	115.14

TABLE 104—BORROWINGS BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES(a)

$'000

—	New South Wales(b)	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Six State Total	Northern Territory	Total
				'LARGER' AUTHORITIES(c)					
1951–52	17,707	750	12,605	..	..	1,160	32,222	..	32,222
1952–53	22,584	3,378	12,188	407	..	1,950	40,507	..	40,507
1953–54	20,479	2,820	11,172	490	..	1,445	36,406	..	36,406
1954–55	18,986	3,721	9,833	1,250	..	1,457	35,247	..	35,247
1955–56	14,015	2,680	8,318	360	500	1,010	26,883	..	26,883
1956–57	12,568	3,520	10,181	1,023	700	1,322	29,034	..	58,348
1957–58	17,640	3,385	12,422	501	1,400	2,103	37,451	..	37,451
1958–59	19,953	4,226	15,224	1,104	2,017	2,425	44,949	95	45,044
1959–60	25,837	5,929	17,298	1,554	2,879	3,645	57,142	20	57,162
1960–61	25,000	8,100	18,487	1,026	2,708	3,430	58,751	60	58,811
1961–62	31,370	11,307	22,869	1,977	2,894	4,286	74,703	21	74,724
1962–63	34,808	13,352	20,941	2,082	2,028	3,705	76,916	64	76,980
1963–64	40,755	15,661	19,539	2,350	1,428	4,044	83,777	28	83,805
1964–65	40,016	18,348	20,939	2,961	1,248	4,850	88,362	75	88,437
1965–66	38,246	16,061	21,354	2,422	1,367	5,061	84,511	211	84,722
1966–67	41,190	19,128	25,392	2,883	1,990	4,600	95,183	80	95,263
1967–68	40,690	16,540	28,838	2,600	2,365	5,005	96,038	100	96,138
1968–69	42,550	14,441	33,717	2,950	3,375	4,780	101,813	782	102,595
1969–70	44,440	15,698	33,132	4,791	2,787	4,495	105,343	690	106,033
1970–71	49,990	14,853	36,615	4,652	3,800	4,493	114,403	327	114,730
1971–72	52,102	19,528	46,014	4,960	3,700	4,675	130,979	407	131,386
1972–73	60,385	20,939	56,913	5,309	5,289	4,810	153,645	426	154,071
1973–74	65,449	18,600	60,434	4,598	4,550	5,874	159,505	515	160,020
1974–75 (estimate)(d)	78,000	20,300	70,044	6,000	5,950	7,340	187,634	1,291	188,925
				'SMALLER' AUTHORITIES(e)					
1951–52	11,035	4,038	n.a.	412	1,470	..	n.a.	..	n.a.
1952–53	8,920	4,708	n.a.	196	1,506	..	n.a.	..	n.a.
1953–54	10,507	3,569	n.a.	446	2,420	..	n.a.	..	n.a.
1954–55	12,323	4,090	n.a.	656	2,988	..	n.a.	..	n.a.
1955–56	11,530	3,666	n.a.	406	2,301	..	n.a.	..	n.a.
1956–57	12,772	6,010	n.a.	1,042	2,283	..	n.a.	..	n.a.
1957–58	11,826	6,930	5,847	690	2,643	..	27,936	..	27,936
1958–59	13,697	7,819	5,884	1,458	2,514	..	31,372	..	31,372
1959–60	10,263	7,692	6,199	758	2,983	..	27,895	..	27,895
1960–61	11,466	7,153	6,337	782	3,679	..	29,417	..	29,417
1961–62	24,930	7,288	7,688	1,746	4,201	..	45,853	..	45,853
1962–63	19,810	8,257	9,038	2,075	4,902	..	44,082	..	44,082
1963–64	19,678	7,483	10,128	2,239	5,723	..	45,251	..	45,251
1964–65	19,552	7,182	10,245	2,592	6,131	..	45,702	..	45,702
1965–66	22,448	7,871	11,156	3,375	6,575	..	51,425	..	51,425
1966–67	23,840	8,508	11,086	3,891	6,768	..	54,093	..	54,093
1967–68	30,930	13,753	14,312	4,513	9,070	..	72,578	..	72,578
1968–69	31,144	11,659	14,530	4,966	10,515	..	72,814	..	72,814
1969–70	29,783	10,793	14,578	4,498	11,813	..	71,465	..	71,465
1970–71	26,815	11,013	13,737	5,185	11,257	2,434	70,441	..	70,441
1971–72	27,896	14,285	13,973	5,149	10,882	2,646	74,831	..	74,831
1972–73	34,906	20,019	14,478	4,389	13,754	3,124	90,670	..	90,670
1973–74	39,091	22,374	17,038	6,221	16,270	2,717	103,711	..	103,711
1974–75 (estimate)(d)	n.a.	24,300	22,969	7,500	20,000	3,900	n.a.	..	n.a.
				TOTAL					
1951–52	28,742	4,788	n.a.	412	1,470	1,160	n.a.	..	n.a.
1952–53	31,504	8,086	n.a.	603	1,506	1,950	n.a.	..	n.a.
1953–54	30,986	6,389	n.a.	936	2,420	1,445	n.a.	..	n.a.
1954–55	31,309	7,811	n.a.	1,906	2,988	1,457	n.a.	..	n.a.
1955–56	25,545	6,346	n.a.	766	2,801	1,010	n.a.	..	n.a.
1956–57	25,340	9,530	n.a.	2,063	2,983	1,322	n.a.	..	n.a.
1957–58	29,466	10,315	18,269	1,191	4,043	2,103	65,387	..	65,387
1958–59	33,650	12,045	21,108	2,562	4,531	2,425	76,321	95	76,416
1959–60	36,100	13,621	23,497	2,312	5,862	3,645	85,037	20	85,057
1960–61	36,466	15,253	24,824	1,808	6,387	3,430	88,168	60	88,228
1961–62	56,300	18,595	30,557	3,723	7,095	4,286	120,556	21	120,577
1962–63	54,618	21,609	29,979	4,157	6,930	3,705	120,998	64	121,062
1963–64	60,433	23,144	29,667	4,589	7,151	4,044	129,028	28	129,056
1964–65	59,568	25,530	31,184	5,553	7,379	4,850	134,064	75	134,139
1965–66	60,694	23,932	32,510	5,797	7,942	5,061	135,936	211	136,147
1966–67	65,030	27,636	36,478	6,774	8,758	4,600	149,276	80	149,356
1967–68	71,620	30,293	43,150	7,113	11,435	5,005	168,616	100	168,716
1968–69	73,694	26,100	48,247	7,916	13,890	4,780	174,627	782	175,409
1969–70	74,223	26,491	47,710	9,289	14,600	4,495	176,808	690	177,499
1970–71	76,805	25,866	50,352	9,837	15,057	6,927	184,844	327	185,171
1971–72	79,998	33,813	59,987	10,109	14,582	7,321	205,810	407	206,217
1972–73	95,291	40,958	71,391	9,698	19,043	7,934	244,315	426	244,741
1973–74	104,540	40,974	77,472	10,819	20,820	8,591	263,216	515	263,731
1974–75 (estimate)(d)	n.a.	44,600	93,013	13,500	25,950	11,240	n.a.	1,291	n.a.

(a) On the interpretation of the figures shown in this table, *see* Chapter V, under the heading " Borrowing Arrangements for Local Government Authorities ".

(b) Includes County Councils.

(c) That is, borrowings by local government authorities from within the totals approved for larger authorities. *See* footnote (a) to Table 72.

(d) Estimates supplied by State Treasuries; tentative only.

(e) That is, borrowings by local government within the smaller authorities category. *See* footnote (b) to Table 72.

TABLE 105.—SUMMARY OF THE FINANCING OF STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, 1951–52 TO 1973–74(*a*)

—	Total Programs	Amounts Met from Public Loan Raisings and Overseas Borrowings		Amounts Met from Consolidated Revenue Fund			
		Amount	Percentage of Total Programs	Special Loans	Capital Grants Met Direct from Consolidated Revenue Fund	Total	
						Amount	Percentage of Total Programs
	$'000	$'000	per cent	$'000	$'000	$'000	per cent
1951–52	454,120	202,390(*b*)	45	251,730(*c*)	..	251,730(*c*)	55
1952–53	380,364	184,090(*b*)	48	196,274(*c*)	..	196,274(*c*)	52
1953–54	400,000	298,794(*b*)	75	101,206(*c*)	..	101,206(*c*)	25
1954–55	360,000	327,654(*b*)	91	32,346(*c*)	..	32,346(*c*)	9
1955–56	380,000	252,742(*b*)	67	127,258(*c*)	..	127,258(*c*)	33
1956–57	384,000	206,229(*b*)	54	177,771(*c*)	..	177,771(*c*)	46
1957–58	400,000	252,745(*b*)	63	147,255(*c*)	..	147,255(*c*)	37
1958–59	420,000	413,094	98	6,906	..	6,906	2
1959–60	440,000	379,045	86	60,955	..	60,955	14
1960–61	460,000	283,271	62	176,729	..	176,729	38
1961–62	495,000	481,015	97	13,985	..	13,985	3
1962–63	510,000	510,000	100	..	..	..	..
1963–64	544,000	544,000	100	..	..	..	..
1964–65	580,000	446,200	77	133,800	..	133,800	23
1965–66	605,000	436,240	72	168,760	..	168,760	28
1966–67	645,000	555,078	86	89,922	..	89,922	14
1967–68	677,000	484,450	72	192,550	..	192,550	28
1968–69	710,000	598,557	84	111,443	..	111,443	16
1969–70	758,000	403,000	53	355,000	..	355,000	47
1970–71	823,000(*d*)	506,427	62	199,908	116,665	316,573	38
1971–72	892,000(*d*)	860,330	96	31,670	..	31,670	4
1972–73	982,000(*d*)	857,000	87	91,000	34,000	125,000	13
1973–74	867,000(*d*)	867,000	100	..	..	..	..

(*a*) For further details of the financing of State Government Loan Council programs since 1962–63, including the derivation of the amounts shown above for those years, *see* following table. Programs in this table refer to the " works and housing programs " to 1970–71.

(*b*) Includes the proceeds of overseas borrowings paid into Trust Funds and subscribed to Special Loans or public loans. Also includes a subscription by the Commonwealth Bank to the Special Loan in 1952–53.

(*c*) Excludes the amounts referred to in footnote (*b*).

(*d*) Includes capital grants of $200 million in 1970–71, $219.1 million in 1971–72, $248,539,000 in 1972–73 and $278,307,000 in 1973–74.

TABLE 106.—DETAILS OF THE FINANCING OF STATE GOVERNMENT LOAN COUNCIL PROGRAMS, 1962–63 TO 1973–74 (a)

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74
SPECIAL LOANS APPLIED TO BORROWING PROGRAMS AND HOUSING ADVANCES												
Australian Government Subscriptions to Special Loans	..	..	133,800	168,760	89,922	224,550	112,000	355,000	294,908	61,670	91,000	260,000
Less—												
Amounts used by Australian Government (chiefly for War Service Land Settlement)	..	..	..	..	..	..	−557	..	..	..	..	..
Redemptions of maturing debt	..	..	..	..	..	−32,000	..	..	−95,000	−30,000	..	−260,000
(A)	..	..	133,800	168,760	89,922	192,550	111,443	355,000	199,908	31,670	91,000	..
LOAN RAISINGS APPLIED TO BORROWING PROGRAMS AND HOUSING ADVANCES												
Public Loans raised in Australia—												
Cash loans	413,243	508 107	413,519	463,803	553,382	491,852	521,335	547,056	513,282	753,013	779,392	(*b*),1155,460
Special Bonds	(*c*)78,164	(*c*)101,559	87,466	80,426	84,252	78,690	73,387	(*d*)134,034	(*d*)253,867	139,178	109,189	454,182
State Domestic Raisings	11,764	21,490	20,644	5,930	19,658	17,707	13,362	16,126	14,975	24,484	68,440	48,523
Overseas Loans applied direct to Borrowing Programs and Housing Advances	103,707	49,398	22,108	22,369	53,945	76,795	(*e*)146,301	(*e*)55,919	14,795	26,158	27,878	..
Total Loan Raisings	606,878	680,553	543,737	572,528	711,237	665,044	754,384	753,135	796,919	942,834	984,899	1,658,165
Less Amounts Used—												
for redemptions	−79,698	−61,247	−88,711	−131,219	−149,033	−174,403	−133,130	−327,743	(*d*)−372,269	−112,325	−115,507	−460,506
by Australian Government (chiefly for defence purposes including War Service Land Settlement)	−7,180	−75,306	−8,826	−5,069	−7,127	−6,191	−2,394	−1,621	−1,558	−6,961	−5,104	(*f*)−43,909
for capital grant for government schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	−6,660	−13,340	..
for capital grant for works program	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	−175,658	−208,486	−278,307
for advances for welfare housing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	−218,650
Less—Amounts carried forward	(*c*)−10,000	..	..	..	..	..	(*e*)−20,303	(*d*)−20,771	..	..	..	(*b*)−68,100
(B)	510,000	544,000	446,200	436,240	555,077	484,450	598,558	403,000	423,092	641,230	642,461	588,693
CAPITAL GRANTS												
Capital Grants—												
Financed from proceeds of Treasury Note issue	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	83,335	43,442	6,053	..
Financed from other loan proceeds	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	175,658	208,486	278,307
Financed direct from Consolidated Revenue Fund	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	116,665	..	34,000	..
(C)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	200,000	219,100	248,539	278,307
TOTAL PROGRAMS												
TOTAL PROGRAMS (A + B + C)	510,000	544,000	580,000	605,000	645,000	677,000	710,000	758,000	823,000	892,000	982,000	867,000

(*a*) See Chapter III under heading " Financing of State Borrowing Programs and the Capital Grants " for an outline of the arrangements for financing the States Loan Council programs.
(*b*) Includes $68,100,000 proceeds of cash loan held in Loan Fund to finance the approved Loan Council borrowing program for 1974–75. Programs in this table refer to the " works and housing " programs to 1970–71.
(*c*) Includes $10 million set aside from Special Bond raisings 1962–63 to finance advances to the States for housing in 1963–64.
(*d*) Includes $20,771,000 set aside from Special Bond raisings in 1969–70 and applied to redemptions in 1970–71.
(*e*) Includes $20,303,000 proceeds of February 1969 public loan in Germany which were held in Loan Fund to finance the approved Loan Council borrowing program for 1969–70.
(*f*) Includes $37,773,000 proceeds of cash loan applied to redemption of Treasury Notes.

APPENDIX IV—PART I—HISTORY OF SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS

Chapter IV outlines the payments currently being made or proposed to be made to the States for specific purposes. The sections which follow outline in more detail the history of some of the specific purpose payments, including payments for projects that have been completed in recent years.

EDUCATION

Universities

Assistance to the States for universities was first introduced in 1951–52. Details of payments in the period from 1951 to the end of the 1970–72 triennium are given below. The basis for payments from 1973 is outlined in Chapter IV.

The States Grants (Universities) Acts of 1951, 1953, 1955, 1956 and 1957 provided financial assistance to the States for the running expenses of universities, on condition that the level of university income from State grants and fees reached, and was maintained at, certain basic levels. Additional assistance up to certain fixed amounts was also payable to the States on the basis of $1 for each $3 of State grants and fees in excess of these basic levels. Under the *States Grants (Universities) Act* 1957 an amount of $4.6 million was made available on this basis in each of the years 1957 and 1958.

Following an inquiry in 1957 by the Committee on Australian Universities under the chairmanship of Sir Keith Murray, C.M.G., assistance to the States for universities was considerably expanded. The *States Grants (Universities) Act* 1958, which incorporated the main recommendations of the Committee, came into force on 1 January 1958 and authorised payments to the States for universities up to $42.8 million over the three calendar years 1958 to 1960. Apart from increased contributions towards the running expenses of universities, the new basis of assistance included emergency grants. In addition, provision was made, for the first time, for grants for capital works and equipment. Under the *States Grants (Universities) Act* 1960 assistance for the 1958–1960 triennium was increased to $43.9 million.

1961–63 *Triennium*

An Australian Universities Commission was established by the *Australian Universities Commission Act* 1959 to inquire into and make recommendations on the subject of financial assistance to the States for universities.

The main financial recommendations in the Commission's first report, which was presented in October 1960, were incorporated in the *States Grants (Universities) Act* 1960. This Act carried on the principles of grants for capital works and equipment introduced in the 1958 legislation and it authorised total payments of $84.6 million for the three calendar years 1961 to 1963. Subsequent amendments to that Act in 1962, 1963 and 1964 increased the maximum assistance to $89.9 million. The 1962 amendment, which followed the presentation of the report by the Committee on Teaching Costs of Medical Hospitals, introduced the principle of capital assistance to the States for university projects in teaching hospitals.

1964–66 *Triennium*

For the three calendar years 1964 to 1966 grants to the States were based largely on the recommendations contained in the Second Report of the Australian Universities Commission presented in August 1963. These were incorporated in the *Universities (Financial Assistance) Act* 1963 which provided for grants totalling $116.8 million during the triennium—$76.8 million for recurrent expenditure and $40 million capital. Subsequent amendments to that Act in 1965 and 1966, following acceptance of proposals in the Reports of three other committees, had the effect of increasing the grants for the triennium. The three reports were—

(*a*) Report recommending increased academic salaries presented in October 1964 by Mr Justice Eggleston;

(*b*) Report of the Committee on the Future of Tertiary Education in Australia, certain of whose recommendations were accepted in early 1965; and

(*c*) Second Report of the Committee on Teaching Costs of Medical Hospitals presented in May 1965 arising from which it was decided to pay for the first time grants for certain recurrent expenditures of teaching hospitals and additional grants towards specfic university projects of a capital nature in those hospitals.

In addition, it was agreed that the recurrent grant for the Townsville University College be increased by $38,000 in the last year of the triennium.

Overall, the effect of these various amendments was to increase recurrent grants to $86.6 million and capital grants to $47.6 million, a total of $134.2 million.

1967–69 *Triennium*

After consultation with State Governments the Australian Government agreed to a reduction of approximately $56 million in the total program recommended in the Third Report of the Australian Universities Commission. As a result, the level of grants authorised by the *Universities (Financial Assistance) Act* 1966 was $175.6 million, made up of $116.9 million for recurrent expenditure and $58.7 million for capital expenditure. The level of recurrent grants was increased in 1967 to $123.8 million to take account of increased academic salaries from 1 July 1967. The principal Act was amended again in 1968 and 1969 to make minor technical changes to building programs for certain universities and a minor change in the basis upon which matching recurrent funds are made available for teaching hospitals; these modifications did not, however, affect the amount of the triennial program.

In addition to the approved program, as amended, the *Universities (Financial Assistance) Act* 1967 re-appropriated amounts totalling $701,000 for capital projects at certain universities which had been provided, but were not taken up in the 1964–66 triennium.

1970–72 *Triennium*

The recommendations contained in the Fourth Report of the Australian Universities Commission were accepted by the Australian Government in August 1969 and were incorporated in the *States Grants (Universities) Act* 1969. The level of grants provided for the triennium under the Act was $226.8 million—$161.2 million for recurrent expenditure and $65.6 million for capital expenditure. The level of grants for recurrent purposes was increased on four seperate occasions over the triennium to take account of—

(*a*) the decision to support higher academic salaries from 1 January 1970;
(*b*) the flow-on of the 1970 National Wage Case Decision to academic salaries;
(*c*) the decision to provide supplementary grants over the last eighteen months of the triennium in recognition of exceptional increases that had occurred in non-academic salaries and wages; and
(*d*) the flow-on of the 1972 National Wage Case decision to academic salaries.

The overall effect of these additions to the 1970–72 triennial program was to increase the level of recurrent grants to $186.0 million.

In addition amounts totalling $502,000 for capital projects at certain universities which had been provided but not taken up during the previous triennium were re-appropriated by the *States Grants (Universities) Act* 1970.

Colleges of Advanced Education

Grants to the States for colleges of advanced education were first introduced in 1965–66. Details of payments in the period from 1965 to the end of the 1970–72 triennium are shown below. The basis for payments made as from the beginning of the 1973–75 triennium is outlined in Chapter IV.

In March 1965 the Australian Government accepted in principle the recommendations in the Report of the Committee on the Future of Tertiary Education in Australia (under the Chairmanship of Sir Leslie Martin, C.B.E.) that a new type of educational institution should be established to supplement universities and to be developed from, and around, the tertiary segments of existing technical colleges. The Government agreed to make available capital grants totalling approximately $5 million for the remainder of the 1964–66 triennium. Later that year the Commonwealth Advisory Committee on Advanced Education was established to promote the balanced development of institutions providing advanced education in Australia and to advise the Australian Government on matters of financial assistance for such institutions.

1967–69 *Triennium*

The recommendations contained in the First Report (and supplement) of the Commonwealth Advisory Committee on Advanced Education were accepted and incorporated in the *States Grants (Advanced Education) Act* 1966. This Act provided, inter alia, for grants, on the same matching basis as for universities, of $24.5 million for capital expenditure and $10.7 million for recurrent expenditure incurred by the States in excess of the level of such expenditure in the base year 1964–65.

Following the February 1967 Premiers' Conference the Australian Government agreed to waive the base year requirement in determining recurrent grants. The *States Grants (Advanced Education) Act* 1967 repealed the 1966 Act and provided for total grants of $42.3 million—$17.8 million for recurrent expenditure and $24.5 million for capital (including an unmatched library grant of $500,000). Additions to the level of recurrent grants were approved for 1969 and 1970 to take account of unforseen salary and other costs and increases in academic salaries. The effect of these decisions was to increase the level of recurrent grants during the triennium to $20.0 million.

1970–72 *Triennium*

The financial recommendations contained in the Second Report of the Commonwealth Advisory Committee on Advanced Education were accepted and accordingly, the *States Grants (Advanced Education) Act* 1969 provided for grants of $43.2 million for recurrent expenditure and $49.9 million for capital expenditure, a total program of $93.1 million for the triennium. The 1969 Act was amended on four separate occasions during the triennium to provide for:—

(*a*) increased academic salaries;

(*b*) recurrent grants to affiliated residential colleges;

(*c*) the flow-on of the 1970 National Wage Case decision to academic salaries;

(*d*) supplementary grants over the last eighteen months of the triennium towards the cost of exceptional increases in non-academic salaries and wages; and

(*e*) the flow-on of the 1972 National Wage Case decision to academic salaries.

The effect of these amendments was to increase the level of recurrent grants during the triennium to $50.9 million.

The Australian Commission on Advanced Education was established (*Australian Commission on Advanced Education Act* 1971) to succeed the Commonwealth Advisory Committee on Advanced Education with broadly the same responsibilities.

Teachers Colleges

Assistance to the States for teachers colleges was first introduced in 1967–68. From 1 July 1973, the Government's assistance for teachers colleges was increased significantly and included within the colleges of advanced education program.

The *States Grants (Teachers Colleges) Act* 1967 provided for the payment of unmatched grants for the construction and equipping of colleges conducted by the States for the training of teachers.

The provision of this assistance was subject to the understanding that the States did not reduce their own expenditure on teacher training and to the condition that at least 10 per cent of the number of places arising from the accommodation so provided—whether new or replacement and whether teaching or residential—was to be available for student teachers not bonded to State Education Departments.

Under the Act grants totalling $24 million were paid to the States in the three-year period ended June 1970.

The *States Grants (Teachers Colleges) Act* 1970 extended the operation of the scheme for a further period of three years to 30 June 1973. Under the Act grants totalling $30 million were paid to the States over that period.

A summary of subsequent arrangements is given in Chapter IV.

Pre-school Teachers Colleges

The *States Grants (Pre-school Teachers Colleges) Act* 1968 provided for capital grants totalling $2.5 million to be made available to the States over the three financial years ending June 1971 for the purpose of increasing the physical capacity of approved pre-school teachers colleges. Because of difficulties encountered in some States in proceeding with the building programs, the *States Grants (Pre-school Teachers Colleges) Act* 1971 was enacted to extend to 31 December 1972 the period over which these grants could be made available. Further delays with the building programs resulted in the introduction of the *States Grants (Pre-school Teachers Colleges) Act* 1972 which extended the period of operation of the Act to 31 December 1973.

From 1 July 1973 grants for pre-school teachers colleges have been included in the advanced education program. A summary of present arrangements is given in Chapter IV.

Technical Education

The *States Grants (Science Laboratories and Technical Training) Act* 1964 provided for grants to the States in 1964–65 of $10 million towards the building and equipment costs of technical schools and colleges. The *States Grants (Technical Training) Acts* 1965 and 1968 each provided for the payment of $30 million to the States for this purpose over further three-year periods ended 30 June 1968 and 30 June 1971, respectively. A summary of current arrangements for the payment of grants to the States for technical colleges is given in Chapter IV.

Schools

Current arrangements for the payment of grants to the States for schools are summarized in Chapter IV. An outline of previous arrangements is given below.

Science Laboratories and Equipment in Secondary Schools

Under the *States Grants (Science Laboratories and Technical Training) Act* 1964 an amount of $9.9 million was made available to the States in 1964–65 for science laboratories and equipment in secondary schools for the purpose of improving science teaching in those schools. The *States Grants (Science Laboratories) Act* 1965 provided for the payment to 30 June 1968 of a further $29.7 million, of which not more than one-third was to be authorised for payment before 30 June 1966 and two-thirds before 30 June 1967.

Both Acts provided that, of the basic grant of $9.9 million per annum, an amount of $7.2 million was to be available for government schools and $2.7 million for non-government schools; the basis of this allocation was the number of secondary school pupils enrolled in each of these two types of schools at school censuses held in August 1963. The distribution of these two component amounts between the States was related to their populations. For the financial year 1967–68, the *States Grants (Science Laboratories) Act* 1967 doubled the provision for non-government schools.

The *States Grants (Science Laboratories) Act* 1968 extended the operation of this scheme for a further three years to 30 June 1971 and provided for a total payment of $37.7 million over that period. The method of dissection of the basic annual grant of $12.6 million between government and non-government schools was the same as applied in 1967–68 and the distribution of these two component amounts among the States was based on 1966 Census population figures. The component of the basic annual grant for non-government schools was allocated between each non-government school sector on the basis of 1966 secondary school enrolment figures.

Secondary School Libraries

Under the *States Grants (Secondary Schools Libraries) Act* 1968, grants totalling $27 million were made available to the States over the three years commencing 1 January 1969 to finance buildings and associated capital facilities for libraries in government and non-government secondary schools. The Act provided that, of the amount of $27 million, not more than one-third would be authorised for payment before 31 December 1969 and two-thirds before 31 December 1970.

The allocation of the basic annual grant of $9 million between government and non-government schools was based on the number of secondary school pupils enrolled in each of these two types of schools at school censuses in August 1967. The distribution between the States of each of those amounts was based on State populations as at 30 June 1967.

Capital Grants for Government Schools

The *States Grants (Capital Assistance) Act* 1971–1972 provided $20 million for capital expenditure on government primary and secondary schools in the States over the period January 1972 to July 1973. The payments were made by way of additions to the interest-free capital grants which the Australian Government makes available to the States as part of their annual Loan Council programs as a substitute for loan raisings. These interest-free capital grants are paid to assist the States to finance capital works from which debt charges are not normally recovered and are not subject to specific conditions as to the purposes for which they may be expended. However, as the additional $20 million grant was provided in recognition of the need expressed by the States for additional capital expenditure on primary and secondary schools, the Australian Government expected the States to use the funds for this purpose. The grants were distributed between the States in proportion to their shares of the State Loan Council programs and were amalgamated with the interest-free capital grants for the purpose of determining the proportion of the program to be provided as grants in future years. For further information on the interest-free capital grants *see* Chapter III.

Recurrent Grants for Non-Government Schools

Payments have been made to the States for transmission to non-government schools since 1969–70. The *States Grants (Independent Schools) Act* 1969 authorised payments at the rates of $35 for each primary pupil and $50 for each secondary pupil a year as from the beginning of 1970. The *States Grants (Independent Schools) Act* 1972 increased these rates to $50 and $68 respectively from the beginning of 1972. The *States Grants (Schools) Act* 1972–1973 authorised a contribution in 1973 by the Australian Government towards the recurrent costs of non-government schools in the States at rates equivalent to 20 per cent of the assessed Australia-wide cost of educating a child in government primary and secondary schools. The entitlement of each school was calculated on the number of pupils enrolled for full-time education as at the school census date in August of each year. The States were invited to contribute on an equal basis.

Table 112 shows the grants that have been paid to each State for these purposes.

Health

Mental Health Institutions

The *States Grants (Mental Institutions) Act* 1955 authorised the payment of financial assistance of up to $20 million towards capital expenditure on mental health institutions incurred by the States where the project was approved by the Australian Government. The assistance was on the basis of one-third of the total expenditures by the States with a specified limit for each State.

The 1955 legislation was repealed by the *States Grants (Mental Health Institutions) Act* 1964 which authorised assistance to the States amounting to one-third of the total expenditure incurred by them on specific projects approved by the Australian Government in building and equipping mental health institutions in the three year period ending on 30 June 1967. The 1964 Act preserved the States' right to receive at least the amount of their entitlements under the 1955 Act.

Amendments in 1967 and 1970 to the Act authorised continued assistance on the previous basis. The 1970 amendment provided for assistance in respect of State expenditure up to 30 June 1973 on projects approved by the Australian Government not later than 30 June 1972.

Final grants under the scheme were made in 1973–74. The annual grants provided to each State since the inception of the program are shown in Table 115 in Part II of this Appendix.

Social Security and Welfare

Housekeeper Services

In 1951 the Australian Government offered financial assistance to the States, up to a limit of $30,000 a year, to encourage the development of housekeeper services conducted by approved organisations to provide assistance to families in emergencies. The offer was made on the basis that the sum of $30,000 would be distributed among the States in proportion to their populations and that the States would not reduce their own expenditures on, or subsidies for, these services.

The State of Queensland declined the offer and payments were made direct to emergency housekeeper services in Queensland. Total payments to the other States under this scheme amounted to $432,000 up to 30 June 1969 of which $224,200 was paid to New South Wales, $155,800 to Victoria, $34,000 to Western Australia and $18,000 to Tasmania. South Australia did not participate in the scheme. Annual figures of payments to each State from 1962–63 are shown in the tables in Appendix VI. From 1 July 1969, the assistance for housekeeper services has been subsumed in the assistance provided under the *States Grants (Home Care) Act* 1969. (*See* Chapter IV.)

Grants for the Relief of Unemployment

In December 1971 the Australian Government introduced a scheme of grants to the States for employment creating activities in non-metropolitan areas, where such action was desirable for social and economic reasons. The objective of the scheme was to reduce significantly the level of unemployment in those areas. The grants were for expenditure on additional labour-intensive activities of a productive kind undertaken by State, semi-government and local government authorities.

Details of the scheme, including the amount of the grants, the proportion to be spent on labour and non-labour components and the distribution of the grants between the States were agreed with State Governments.

On average, two-thirds of the funds provided over all projects undertaken in a State were required to be devoted to expenditure on labour costs. The Australian Government indicated, however, that it had no objection to the States or their authorities supplementing from their own resources the funds available under the scheme in order that projects with a labour cost component of less than two-thirds could be undertaken. As far as possible, those given employment under the scheme had to be previously registered for employment with the Commonwealth Employment Service.

The detailed administration of the scheme, including the types of activity undertaken with the grants and the allocation of the grants between particular areas, was left to the State Governments, although they were asked to consult closely with the Department of Labour.

Initially, the grants were at the rate of $2.25 million a month, but an increase to $4.5 million a month was announced at the February 1972 Premiers' Conference. The grants were further increased to $6 million per month at the June 1972 Premiers' Conference and operated at that level to the end of 1972.

After consultation with the State Governments, the Australian Government decided, in December 1972, to continue the non-metropolitan unemployment grants scheme during the six months to June 1973 with increases for some States; South Australia was to receive an additional $120,000 a month while New South Wales and Victoria were to receive additional amounts of $500,000 and $250,000 respectively to assist the part-time employment of drought-affected farmers. In addition, the Australian Government agreed to make payments to the States, totalling $30.35 million during the same six months period, for the relief of unemployment in metropolitan areas.

It was also decided that the State Governments might, at their discretion, deploy some of the non-metropolitan grants to the metropolitan area, and vice versa, and that there would be some relaxation of the rule which formerly applied to the non-metropolitan unemployment grants that at least two-thirds of the funds be expended on labour costs, provided the employment-creating objective of the grants was carefully pursued and that, generally, a high labour cost content was aimed at.

On 26 June 1973 the Prime Minister announced that the Government would, subject to a review of the situation before the end of September 1973, phase out grants under the non-metropolitan relief scheme over the first three months of 1973–74 by providing $5 million in July, $4 million in August and $3 million in September, to be divided amongst the States on the existing proportionate basis.

Although grants for the relief of unemployment in metropolitan areas were terminated earlier, the Australian Government informed the States that, consistent with previous arrangements, they would have discretion to deploy some of the non-metropolitan unemployment relief grants to metropolitan areas should they consider it warranted.

As under the previous arrangements the States, subject to broad guidelines which the Australian Government laid down, administered the scheme and allocate the grants between particular areas. They were asked, however, to continue to consult closely with the Department of Labour.

In September 1973 the Government terminated the non-metropolitan unemployment relief grants scheme because of an improvement in the overall employment situation.

HOUSING

Housing Assistance

Under successive Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements, substantial long-term loans were made to the States over the period 1945–46 to 1970–71 for the provision of housing for families of low or moderate means. The first Agreement was entered into in 1945. A new Agreement was entered into in 1956 and further Agreements in 1961 and 1966 extended to 30 June 1971 the period in which advances under that Agreement could be made. Advances made under these Agreements are shown in Table 119.

1945 *Agreement*

In November 1945 the Australian Government entered into an Agreement with the Governments of the States to provide finance for the construction of dwellings for persons in need of proper housing accommodation. The construction period under this Agreement expired on 30 June 1956.

While the 1945 Housing Agreement provided for advances, repayable over fifty-three years with interest at the long-term bond rate, to be made to the States to assist them in carrying out rental housing projects, the rate of interest actually charged remained at 3 per cent for the whole of the period of the Agreement.

This Agreement provided for the dwellings to be let at an economic rental but provided for the granting of rebates to tenants who did not have the capacity to pay the economic rentals.

Subject to a State observing the terms of the Agreement, there was provision for the Australian Government to contribute three-fifths of any loss incurred in a financial year by the State in connection with the administration of its housing projects.

Initially, dwellings were sold to tenants only upon payment by the State to the Australian Government of the full purchase price of the dwelling payable by the purchaser. However, the 1945 Agreement was amended in 1955 to permit sales on terms specifically laid down and, subsequently, in 1961 was further amended to permit each of the States to determine its own terms and conditions of sale.

Over the eleven years of the 1945 Agreement from 1945–46 to 1955–56, advances totalling $481 million were made to the States.

1956–1966 *Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements*

Under the Housing Agreements that operated for fifteen years to 30 June 1971, the level of Commonwealth advances made to the States each financial year for housing was nominated by them individually from within their allocations of the total works and housing borrowing program approved by the Australian Loan Council for that year. Over $1,509 million was advanced to the States in the fifteen years.

Advances made to each State under the 1956–1966 Housing Agreement were repayable over a period of fifty-three years.

The rates of interest provided by the Agreement were as follows: in 1956–57 and 1957–58 the rate was ¾ per cent below the long-term bond rate when the long-term bond rate did not exceed 4½ per cent and 1 per cent below when it did exceed 4½ per cent; from 1958–59 to 1960–61 the rate was as agreed between the Australian Government and the States but was not to exceed the long-term bond rate less ¾ of 1 per cent per annum. From 1961–62 on the rate of interest payable on advances was in all cases to be 1 per cent less than the long-term bond rate.

The 1956–1966 Agreement placed more emphasis on the construction of dwellings for private ownership, by providing that not less than 30 per cent of the funds advanced to each State were to be advanced through Home Builders' Accounts to building societies and other approved institutions for lending to private home builders and purchasers. The balance of the advances was to be used by the States for the erection of dwellings for either rental or sale.

Under the Agreement the States were required, as necessary, to set aside in a financial year an amount not exceeding 5 per cent of the amount of the loan funds allocated to its State housing authority, for the erection of dwellings for letting to serving members of the Defence Forces. The Australian Government was obliged to make supplementary advances to the States to match any amount so set aside and when the total funds thus available were not sufficient to finance the number of dwellings sought by the Australian Government for servicemen additional advances were made to the States to meet the shortfall.

The 1956–1966 Housing Agreement expired on 30 June 1971 and was not renewed.

Subsequent housing arrangements are dealt with in Chapter IV.

Exmouth Township

The Australian Government agreed to contribute, by way of grants and loans, towards the cost of development by the Government of Western Australia of a township at Exmouth to serve an integrated United States/Australian community associated with the United States Naval Communication Station 'Harold E. Holt' at North West Cape.

Payments ceased in 1972–73 and no further payments are expected. Annual figures totalling $4,182,000 including $340,140 by way of loans, appear in Appendix VI.

Roads

Commonwealth Aid Roads Arrangements

Payments have been made to the States for expenditure on roads since 1923–24. Details of payments between 1923–24 and 1968–69 are given below. Payments under current legislation are dealt with in Chapter IV.

The *Main Roads Development Act* 1923 provided for payment to the States of a single lump sum of $1 million, subject to a $1 for $1 contribution by the States themselves. The basis of distribution of the total sum amongst the States, although not explicitly stated as such, was 5 per cent to Tasmania and the remainder divided on the basis of the 'two-fifths area, three-fifths population' formula which subsequently applied until 1959–60. Subsequent amendments to the Act increased the sum payable, first by $1 million in 1924 and then by a further $1.5 million in 1925.

Under the *Federal Aid Roads Act* 1926 annual allocations of $4 million were provided and were distributed amongst the States on the explicitly stated formula of 5 per cent to Tasmania and the remainder divided on the basis of two-fifths area, three-fifths population. Among other changes, the Act reduced the matching contribution required of the States to $1.50 for each $2 provided by the Australian Government.

The *Federal Aid Roads Act* 1931 amended the Act of 1926 by repealing the requirement for matching State contributions. Also, instead of the previous provision of a fixed annual amount, the allocations for roads were explicitly associated with the yield from petrol tax, being determined on the basis of 2.083 cents (2½d.) and 1.25 cents (1½d.) per gallon of petrol cleared for Customs duty and Excise duty purposes, respectively.

The *Federal Aid Roads and Works Act* 1937, while maintaining the previous rates of allocations to the States for road works, allocated the equivalent of an additional 0.416 cents (½d.) per gallon of petrol subject to either Customs or Excise duty to be used by the States either on road works or on other works connected with transport. Of this additional allocation, the States could be required to use up to one-twelfth on roads adjoining or approaching Australian Government properties.

The *Commonwealth Aid Roads and Works Act* 1947 provided for allocations of 2.5 cents (3d.) and 1.666 cents (2d.) per gallon of petrol subject to Customs duty and Excise duty, respectively. Of the proceeds of these allocations, the States could spend up to one-sixth on other works connected with transport. In addition, the Act provided a sum of $2 million per annum to be spent on rural roads. By subsequent amendments to the Act in 1948 and 1949, this sum was raised to $4 million and then to $6 million. An amount of $1 million per annum was also provided for expenditure on strategic roads and roads of access to Australian Government properties. A further $200,000 per annum was provided for the promotion of road safety measures.

The amounts per gallon of dutiable petrol allocated for roads were increased under the *Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1950 to 5 cents (6d.) and 2.91 cents (3½d.) respectively. The amount of $1.2 million for expenditure on strategic roads and road safety, which had previously been provided separately, was now provided from the amounts allocated on the basis of petrol clearances. In addition, the former lump sum provision for expenditure by the States on rural roads was replaced by a new provision requiring at least 35 per cent of the total amount allocated to be spent on such roads.

In the *Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1954 the amounts allocated for roads in respect of petrol subject to duty, whether Customs or Excise, were raised to the uniform rate of 5.83 cents (7d.) per gallon. They were subsequently increased to 6.666 cents (8d.) per gallon in March 1956. The minimum proportion to be spent on rural roads was increased from 35 per cent to 40 per cent, and the total amount which could be spent on other works connected with transport by road or water was reduced to a flat sum of $2 million per annum. From the total allocation, $1.8 million per annum was reserved to the Australian Government. This was raised to $1.9 million in 1955.

In association with the imposition of a tax of 10 cents (1s.) per gallon on automotive diesel fuel consumed in road-using vehicles, special assistance for roads of $6 million in each of the years 1957–58 and 1958–59 was provided. $100,000 was retained for Commonwealth road purposes and the balance of this special assistance was distributed between the States on an arbitrary basis.

Following a special conference on roads in February 1959, proposals for a new scheme of aid for roads were placed before State Premiers in March of that year. These proposals were later enacted in the *Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1959, which operated for five years commencing 1 July 1959. Under that Act payments totalling $500 million were made to the States for roads, or almost $200 million more than was provided during the five years of the previous legislation. This amount comprised basic grants totalling $440 million and additional grants totalling $60 million which were made available to the States, subject to certain annual limits, on the basis of $1 for each $1 allocated by the State Governments from their own resources for expenditure on roads over and above the amounts allocated by them for roads expenditure in 1958–59.

In the 1959 Act three important changes were made in the bases of road grants to the States. Road grants to the States were no longer determined on the basis of petrol clearances; a change in the distribution of the grants between the States was effected by the inclusion of motor vehicle registrations in the distribution formula as a third and equal factor with area and population; and the condition of $1 for $1 matching expenditure by the States was introduced for that part of the financial assistance described as the additional grant.

The 1959 Act expired on 30 June 1964, and was replaced by the *Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1964 which operated for the five year period 1964–65 to 1968–69 inclusive. Under this Act, the main features of which were agreed at a special Premiers' Conference held in March 1964, payments totalling $750 million were made to the States for roads. This amount was made up of a basic grant of $660 million and an additional grant of $90 million. As in the 1959 Act, the additional grants were payable on the basis of $1 for every $1 spent on roads by the State Governments from their own resources over and above certain base amounts. These base amounts were the sums required to be allocated by the States for roads expenditure in order to qualify for their additional grants in 1963-64, the last year of operation of the 1959 Act. The distribution of the grants among the States was on the same basis as under the 1959 Act outlined above.

Several provisions contained in both the 1954 and the 1959 Aid Roads Acts were repeated in the 1964 legislation. These included the requirement that not less than 40 per cent of the funds made available in each year be spent on roads in rural areas, other than highways, main roads and trunk roads. The States were also permitted to spend between them up to $2 million each year out of the road grants on works, other than the construction of roads, connected with transport by road or water. The 1964 Act extended the provision in the 1959 legislation permitting the States to make payments for, or in connection with, research relating to the construction, maintenance or repair of roads so as to include research relating to the planning and design of roads.

The 1964 Act expired on 30 June 1969 and was replaced by the *Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1969 which operated for the five year period 1969–70 to 1973–74, inclusive. The main arrangements to apply under the Act were announced at a special Premiers' Conference held in March 1969. In considering the new arrangements the Australian Government was guided by the information and advice furnished by the Commonwealth Bureau of Roads which was set up, following the 1964 review of the roads arrangements, to undertake a thorough survey and appraisal of the existing roads system and of foreseeable roads requirements. The Australian Government accepted the Bureau's assessment that, provided funds were applied economically, expenditure at a rate considerably higher than at present could be undertaken during the five years under consideration. On this basis grants totalling $1,252.05 million were paid to the States over the five-year period 1969–70 to 1973–74. This represented an increase of about 67 per cent on the amount provided in the preceding five years.

It had been the aim of these arrangements to bring the distribution of Australian Government financial assistance for roads among the States more closely into accord with relative needs for roads expenditure, but the Australian Government also recognised the problems that could be created for the smaller States by too rapid a change from the distribution formula that had applied over the previous five years. The total grant of $1,252.05 million was therefore divided into two parts; a principal grant and supplementary grants. The principal grant totalling $1,200 million was distributed between the six States by giving equal weight to the distribution under the *Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1964 and the distribution indicated by the Bureau of Roads' analysis of the relative needs for roads expenditure. In addition, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania received supplementary grants totalling $52.05 million which were phased out during the five year period. The supplementary grants ensured that the total of each State's grant increased by at least 50 per cent compared with the amounts received under the 1964 legislation.

A feature of the arrangements was to direct assistance more specifically to the development of particular classes of road. The 1969 Act provided for specific allocations of the principal grant for urban arterial and sub-arterial roads, rural arterial roads, rural roads other than arterial roads, and for planning and research. The amount allocated for planning and research was 1.5 per cent of the total principal grant, while the amount allocated for rural roads other than arterial roads was determined by increasing by 5 per cent each year the amount each State was required, under the 1964 Act, to spend on minor rural roads from its 1968–69 grant. Each State's share of the remainder of the principal grant was allocated between rural arterial, and urban arterial and sub-arterial roads, in the same proportions as indicated by the Bureau of Roads' assessment of each State's road needs in these two categories. Provision was made in the legislation for limited transfers of grants from one class of road to another but it was the Australian Government's intention that requests from States for such transfers be approved only in exceptional circumstances. The provision in the 1964 Act permitting expenditure of roads grants up to a total of $2 million on works other than road works was not continued in the 1969 Act.

Table 121 following this Appendix shows annual payments to the States for roads from 1923–24. Prior to 1959–60 payments did not coincide exactly with allocations and figures of these are given in Table 122.

Beef Cattle Roads

The Australian Government, in past years, made available specific grants and loans for the construction and improvement of certain roads used for the transport of beef cattle. The construction of these roads is aimed particularly at increasing the turn-off of beef cattle for export.

(*a*) *Quee nsland*

The *Queensland Grant (Beef Cattle Roads) Act* 1961 provided for financial assistance to Queensland of $10 million during the five-year period from July 1961 for the construction of beef cattle roads. Under the *Queensland Beef Cattle Roads Agreement Act* 1962, which superseded the 1961 legislation, the amount of assistance was increased by $6.6 million to an amount not exceeding $16.6 million in order to include the cost of bitumen sealing the roads. For amounts of assistance in excess of $3.4 million, half was paid by way of grant and half by way of interest-bearing loans each repayable over 15 years. The last payment to Queensland under this Agreement was made in 1966–67.

The *Queensland Beef Cattle Roads Agreement Act* 1966 provided further financial assistance during 1966–67 of $3.9 million, one half by way of grant and the other half by way of interest-bearing loans each repayable over 15 years.

(*b*) *Western Australia*

Under the Western Australia Grant (Beef Cattle Roads) Acts 1961 and 1962, grants were made to Western Australia of $1 million in 1961–62, $1.4 million in 1962–63 and $1.5 million in each of the three succeeding years for certain beef cattle road works in the northern part of the State. The State was required to spend at least an equivalent amount in the aggregate from its own resources on roads generally in the north.

Under an amendment to this legislation, a further grant of $1.5 million was made in 1966–67 on the same terms as applied in previous years.

Payments under these Acts to Queensland and Western Australia for beef roads from 1961–62 until 1966–67 are shown in Table 123 in Part II of the Appendix. Details of payments made since 1966–67 are also shown in that Table and an outline of the recent legislation is given in Chapter IV.

Maintenance of Eyre and Barkly Highways

Since 1947–48 financial assistance has been provided towards the cost of maintaining the Eyre Highway in South Australia and Western Australia and the Barkly Highway in Queensland. These payments were made from the Commonwealth Aid Roads Trust Account prior to 1959–60 and by way of annual appropriations from 1960–61 to 1973–74. Provision in 1974–75 and subsequent years has been incorporated in the *National Roads Bill* 1974 which is to be considered by the Senate in the Budget sitting (*see* Chapter IV).

Sealing of Eyre Highway

In 1972 it was agreed that up to $2.5 million would be provided as assistance to South Australia towards the cost of completing the sealing of the Eyre Highway. Two payments of $625,000 were made in 1972–73 and 1973–74. Subsequent payments have been taken into account in determining South Australia's allocation of funds under the *National Roads Bill* 1974 which is to be considered by the Senate in the Budget sitting.

Gordon River Road

Under the *Tasmania Grant (Gordon River Road) Act* 1964–1967 a non-repayable grant of $5 million was made to Tasmania to assist in financing the construction of a road, approximately fifty miles in length, into the Gordon River region of south-west Tasmania. The primary purpose of the road was to enable detailed investigation and development of a further stage of the Tasmanian hydro-electric system. The final payment of $200,000 to Tasmania was made in 1967–68. Annual figures of payments prior to 1967–68 are given in Table 154 in Appendix VI.

Roads—Safety Improvements

An amount of $3 million was provided to the States in 1973–74 for a program of traffic management and other low cost improvements at locations with poor accident records. The amounts paid to each State are shown in Table 87, in Appendix I. Provision in 1974–75 and subsequent years has been incorporated in the *Roads Grants Bill* 1974 which is to be considered by the Senate in the Budget sitting.

Railways

Assistance has been provided to the States for a number of railway projects that have now been completed. Details of this assistance are outlined below and Table 124 which follows this Appendix gives annual figures of payments to the States for the years 1951–52 to 1974–75 (estimate). Details of payments made by the States for interest and repayment of loans (except debt charges in respect of loans for the Grafton-South Brisbane railway) are given in Table 125.

(*a*) *Grafton-South Brisbane Railway*

In 1924, an agreement was entered into with New South Wales and Queensland for the construction of a standard gauge railway between Grafton and South Brisbane. The railway was built at a cost of $9 million and was opened for traffic in 1930. The project was regarded for financing purposes as part of a wider standardisation scheme, initiated in 1920 but later abandoned, under which 20 per cent of the cost was to have been met by the Australian Government and 80 per cent by the five mainland States in proportion to their populations. In this instance, the Australian Government agreed to meet the shares of the three non-participating States as well as its own. The approximate allocation of cost on this basis was—Australian Government 56 per cent; New South Wales 32 per cent; and Queensland 12 per cent. All of the funds were provided initially by the Australian Government but each party became responsible for meeting the debt charges on its agreed share of the cost.

(*b*) *Albury-Melbourne Railway*

Under the *Railway Standardization (New South Wales and Victoria) Agreement Act* 1958, $31.9 million was provided for the construction of the standard gauge rail link between Albury and Melbourne. Each of the two States is repaying 15 per cent of the cost of construction by instalments over a period of fifty years, plus interest on outstanding balances.

(*c*) *Railway Equipment (South Australia)*

Under the *Railway Equipment Agreement (South Australia) Act* 1961, $2.6 million was provided to the State for the purchase of twelve diesel-electric locomotives and 100 wagons of 3 ft 6 in guage for ore traffic on the Broken Hill–Port Pirie line. The Equipment Agreement required that the locomotives and wagons be readily convertible to standard gauge when the gauge of the railway is widened, and that the cost of conversion be met entirely by the State. The State is repaying 30 per cent of the cost of the equipment by instalments, with interest, over a period of fifty years.

(*d*) *Queensland*

Advances totalling $35.1 million were made to Queensland under the Railway Agreement (Queensland) Acts 1961 and 1968 for the reconstruction of the Mount Isa–Townsville–Collinsville railway. The State is repaying these advances with interest over twenty years.

(e) Parkes–Broken Hill Railway

Under the *Railway Agreement (New South Wales) Act* 1968 a grant of $10 million was made to New South Wales towards the cost of upgrading the railway line between Parkes and Broken Hill.

(f) Tasmania

Under the *Railway Agreement (Tasmania) Act* 1971, $4,250,000 was provided to Tasmania, of which $2,975,000 was for the construction of a new rail link between the existing rail system and Bell Bay and $1,275,000 was for the upgrading of about eight miles of the existing line from Launceston and for associated works. The financial assistance comprised $2.5 million in the form of loans repayable over thirty years and $1,750,000 by way of grants.

Shipping and Harbours

Loading Facilities for Export of Coal

(a) New South Wales

Under the *Coal Loading Works Agreement (New South Wales) Act* 1961 assistance of $5.3 million was made available to the State, on a $1 for $1 basis, towards the cost of improvements in coal loading works at the ports of Newcastle, Port Kembla and Balmain being undertaken by the State Government. The assistance was designed to expedite completion of the coal loading works and to facilitate expansion of coal exports through these ports. The State, for its part, undertook to carry out the coal loading works and related harbour improvements.

Of the assistance provided, $2 million was made available by way of grant from the Coal Industry Fund of the Joint Coal Board. The remaining amount of $3.3 million was provided in the form of interest-bearing loans each repayable over ten years.

Annual figures of payments to New South Wales for coal loading facilities, and of debt charges paid by the State, are given in table 126.

(b) Queensland

The *Coal Loading Works Agreement (Queensland) Act* 1962 provided $400,000 of the total estimated cost of $810,000 for improvements to coal loading facilities at Gladstone. Coal from the Moura coalfields in central Queensland is shipped from this port for export to Japan.

Of the total assistance of $400,000 half was by way of grant and half by way of interest-bearing loans each repayable over fifteen years.

Annual figures of payments to Queensland for coal loading facilities are given in Table 126.

Weipa Harbour Works

The *Weipa Development Agreement Act* 1965 provided $3.3 million to Queensland during 1965–66 and 1966–67 to enable the State to finance the construction of harbour works at Weipa in north Queensland where large bauxite deposits are being exploited. The assistance was made available in the form of an interest-bearing loan repayable over thirty years commencing July 1967.

Annual figures of payments to the State and of debt charges paid by the State are shown in Table 141.

Western Australia Northern Harbours

Under the *Western Australia Grant (Northern Development) Act* 1958–1959, grants totalling $10 million were made for development of the northern part of the State. While the bulk of this assistance ($8.1 million) was spent on the Ord River diversion dam and main irrigation channel (Stage 1)—*see* below—the remaining $1.9 million was spent on harbour works, mainly the Wyndham Jetty. Annual figures of grants paid under this Act from 1962–63 for harbour works are shown under the heading 'Northern Harbours' in Table 153 in Appendix VI. Figures for previous years are given in earlier editions of this document.

Under the *Western Australia (Northern Development) Agreement Act* 1963 payments of $7 million were made to Western Australia primarily for the construction of a deep-water jetty at Broome and the construction of further irrigation works within the first stage of the Ord irrigation project.

In the case of the Broome jetty a total of $2.95 million was provided, 50 per cent by way of grant and 50 per cent by way of interest-bearing loans each repayable over fifteen years. The final payment of

$1.15 million was made in 1965–66. (Details of assistance for the Ord project are given below.) Annual figures of payments and debt charges from 1962–63 for the Broome Jetty are shown under the heading 'Northern Harbours' in Table 143. Figures for previous years are given in earlier editions of this document.

Replacement of Derby Jetty

Under the *Derby Jetty Agreement Act* 1962 financial assistance of $1.6 million was made available to Western Australia towards the cost of constructing a new jetty with improved facilities at Derby. Half of the assistance was provided by way of grant, the other half by way of interest-bearing loans each repayable over fifteen years. Annual figures of payments and debt charges from 1962–63 are given in Table 143. Figures for previous years are given in earlier editions of this document.

Western Australia–Darwin Shipping Service

The Australian Government agreed in March 1972 to provide a grant of $2.5 million to Western Australia for the purchase of a ship to maintain the State shipping service to Darwin. Payment of the full amount of this grant was made in 1972–73. The grant was extended by $1 million and payment of this further amount was made in 1973–74.

South Australian Natural Gas Pipeline

The *Natural Gas Pipeline (South Australia) Agreement Act* 1967 authorised the provision to South Australia of bridging financial assistance, up to a maximum of $15 million to help finance the construction of a natural gas pipeline from Gidgealpa-Moomba to Adelaide. The total financial assistance paid of $15 million was by way of interest-bearing loans each repayable over a period of eight years commencing 15 December 1972. Annual figures of payments and debt charges are shown in Table 142.

WATER SUPPLY AND ELECTRICITY

Blowering Reservoir

The *Blowering Water Storage Works Agreement Act* 1963 gave effect to an arrangement with New South Wales for the construction of the Blowering Reservoir on the Tumut River for the control and conservation of water released into that river as a result of the operation of the Snowy Mountains scheme. The reservoir commenced storing water in May 1968. The bulk of the work involved was undertaken by the Snowy Mountains Hydro-electric Authority at the expense of New South Wales. Under the Agreement, however, the Australian Government financed half of the total expenditure incurred by the State, by means of interest-bearing loans. Repayment of each loan will commence ten years from the date on which it was made and will be spread over a further period of ten years.

Payments amounted to $20.5 million. Annual figures of payments and debt charges from 1963–64 are shown in Table 139.

Tasmanian Power Development

The *Tasmania Agreement (Hydro-Electric Power Development) Act* 1968 authorised the provision to Tasmania of bridging financial assistance, subject to an overall limit of $47 million for the financing of a five-year program of accelerated electric power development based on the commencement of development of the Gordon River area in the south-west of the State. The financial assistance, which amounted to a total of $23.9 million, was by way of interest-bearing loans each repayable over a period of eight years commencing not later than 15 December 1975. Annual figures of payments and debt charges are shown in Table 144.

Ross River Dam

In 1972–73 a grant of $1.5 million was made to Queensland towards the cost of constructing the Ross River Dam Stage I to augment the urban water supply at Townsville.

INDUSTRY ASSISTANCE

Alternative Fisheries Development

In 1973–74 the Australian Government provided assistance to certain States whose fishermen had been affected by the Victorian ban on the taking of school shark for a program of exploratory fishing designed to develop alternative fisheries. This assistance, in the form of once-only grants, was made available on a $1 for $1 basis up to a total $168,000. The payments to the States in 1973–74 are shown in Table 87 in Appendix I.

Cattle Tick Control and Research

Since the 1920s the Australian Government has been contributing towards the cost of cattle tick control and research in New South Wales. From 1 July 1951 to 30 June 1972 an amount of $12 million has been made available for this purpose. Annual payments since 1962–63 are shown in Table 148 in Appendix VI.

Canned Fruits Industry Assistance

In 1970 and 1971 loans totalling $4.2 million were made to Victoria for on-lending to the Shepparton Preserving Co. Ltd to enable payment to be made to growers for fruit deliveries to the cannery.

During 1971, for the purpose of reducing the indebtedness of the co-operative canneries concerned, the Australian Government provided assistance of $0.9 million to New South Wales for the Leeton Co-operative Cannery and $1.3 million to South Australia for the Jon Preserving Co-operative and the Riverland Fruit Products Co-operative. (These funds were matched by the States from their own resources.)

In December 1972, the following loans, totalling $1.9 million, were made to the States for on-lending to enable canneries to accelerate payments to growers in respect of fruit of the 1972 season: $0.7 million to New South Wales for the Leeton Cannery; $0.4 million to South Australia for Jon and Riverland; and $0.8 million to Victoria for SPC Limited.

Annual figures of debt charges are shown in Appendix VI.

Sugar Industry Assistance

In 1967–68, $23.3 million was paid by way of loan to Queensland to enable the State to provide loans to the sugar industry to supplement returns from the 1966 and 1967 sugar crops. Repayments with interest are due each year 1971 to 1980. Amounts of interest and repayments paid so far and the amounts to be paid in 1974–75 are shown in Table 151.

Encouragement of Meat Production

For the purpose of stimulating pastoral development in accordance with Australia's commitments under the Fifteen Year Meat Agreement with the United Kingdom, the Australian Government agreed in 1949 to provide financial assistance for new and improved facilities for the movement of cattle in the channel country of Queensland and in the area serving the meatworks at Wyndham, Western Australia.

The Governments of Queensland and Western Australia were responsible for construction work within their respective States, and the Australian Government undertook to provide them with grants amounting to $4.3 million. This undertaking was written into the *States Grants (Encouragement of Meat Production) Act* 1949–1954.

Annual figures of debt charges are shown in Appendix VI.

Recharging of Cattle Dips

Special payments of $96,000 to New South Wales and $10,000 to Queensland were made in 1962–63 towards the costs of changing the chemicals in cattle dips.

Tobacco Industry Extension Services

In each of the years 1962–63 and 1963–64 a grant of $48,000 was made to the tobacco-growing States for additional extension services for tobacco growers. The distribution of this amount in each year was $6,000 to New South Wales, $16,000 to Victoria and $26,000 to Queensland.

Ord River Irrigation Project

Under the *Western Australia Grant (Northern Development) Act* 1958–1959, grants totalling $10 million were made available for development of the northern part of the State. The bulk of this assistance ($8.1 million) was spent on the Ord River diversion dam and main irrigation channel (Stage 1). The remainder was spent on harbour works (*see* above). Annual figures of grants paid under this Act from 1962–63 for the Ord project are shown in Table 153 in Appendix VI. Figures for previous years are given in earlier editions of this document.

Under the *Western Australia (Northern Development) Agreement Act* 1963 an amount of $7 million was made available to Western Australia primarily for the construction of a new deep-water jetty at

Broome and for the construction of further irrigation works within the first stage of the Ord irrigation project. Grants of $4 million were provided for the Ord project, the final payment of $1.1 million being made in 1965–66. (*See* above for details of assistance for the Broome Jetty.) Annual figures of grants paid under this Act for the Ord project from 1962–63 are shown in Appendix VI. Figures for previous years are given in earlier editions of this document.

For details of assistance under current legislation *see* Chapter IV.

Chowilla Reservoir

In 1963 the River Murray Waters Agreement between the Australian Government, New South Wales, Victoria and South Australia was amended to provide for the construction of the Chowilla Reservoir on the River Murray in South Australia and its joint financing by the four Governments concerned.

Under the *Chowilla Reservoir Agreement Act* 1963 the Australian Government agreed to provide assistance in the form of interest-bearing loans to New South Wales to finance that State's share of the capital cost of the Chowilla Reservoir. Repayment of each loan will commence ten years from the date on which it was made and will spread over a further period of ten years.

Payments to 30 June 1969 amounted to $1.5 million. No payments have been made since that date.

Because of significant increases in the estimated cost of the project since it was originally estimated in 1962, it was decided in August 1967 to suspend further work on the project. Following a reassessment by the River Murray Commission of the relationship between costs and benefits of the scheme, the Dartmouth project on the Mitta Mitta River in Victoria was selected as the next major project for development on the River Murray system and assistance is being provided for that project (*see* Chapter IV). Annual figures of payments and debt charges are shown in Appendix V.

Western Australia Water Supply

Under the *Western Australia Grant (Water Supply) Act* 1948–1957 non-repayable grants totalling $10 million were made to Western Australia to finance the cost of construction of a comprehensive water supply scheme. The assistance partly financed the reticulation of water to townships and homesteads in a wheat belt area of about 4 million acres inland from Perth, and to towns along the Great Southern Railway from Beverley to Katanning. It also helped to finance an increased supply of water to the Eastern Goldfields area of the State. The final payment of $122,000 was made in 1961–62. Figures for previous years are given in earlier editions of this document.

Under the *Western Australia (South-West Region Water Supplies) Agreement Act* 1965–1971, financial assistance of $12 million was provided on a $1 for $1 basis by way of interest-bearing loans to Western Australia to accelerate works undertaken by the State to extend the comprehensive water supply scheme in the South-west portion of the State. The final payment of $158,000 was made in 1972–73. The new areas served total approximately 4 million acres. This assistance extended over the eight-year period ended 30 June 1973 and repayments will be spread over fifteen years, commencing ten years after the date each advance was made. Annual payments to Western Australia and debt charges are shown in Table 143.

Flood Mitigation

The *New South Wales Grant (Flood Mitigation) Act* 1964–1968 authorised the provision of grants of up to $8 million to New South Wales, over the six-year period to 30 June 1969, to match the State's assistance to local government authorities for approved flood mitigation works on the Macleay, Clarence, Richmond, Tweed, Shoalhaven and Hunter Rivers. Payments amounted to $8 million. Annual payments are given in Appendix VI.

For details of assistance under current legislation *see* Chapter IV.

Cressy-Longford Irrigation Works

Under the *Tasmania Grant (Cressy-Longford Irrigation Works) Act* 1969 grants of $750,000 were provided to Tasmania for the construction of a channel system and associated works to carry water from the tailrace of the Poatina Power Station to supply rural holdings. Annual figures of payments to the State are shown in Table 154 in Appendix VI.

Tailem Bend to Keith Pipeline

The *South Australia Grant (Tailem Bend to Keith Pipeline) Act* 1969 provided for grants of up to $6 million to South Australia for the construction of a pipeline and certain associated works, to carry water from Tailem Bend to Keith. Total payments amounted to $5.3 million, including a final payment of $14,000 in 1973–74. Annual figures of payments to the States are shown in Table 152 in Appendix VI.

Research Grants

When the Report of the Committee on the Future of Tertiary Education in Australia was presented to Parliament in March 1965, it was announced that the Australian Government would make available $2 million in the remainder of the 1964–66 triennium in support of research projects, selected on the basis of relative merit, to be carried out in any academic field by individuals or research teams. Where a research project was to be carried out in a State university the provision of Australian Government assistance was conditional on an equal matching grant to the university by the State Government concerned.

The Australian Research Grants Committee was established to evaluate research projects and to make recommendations to the Government concerning the amount and disposition of grants in this field.

1967–69 *Triennium*

In September 1966 the Australian Government agreed to support a research program, the allocation of which was to be recommended by the Australian Research Grants Committee, to cost $11 million in the 1967–69 triennium provided the States continued to meet 50 per cent of the cost of projects within that program undertaken in State universities. As some States were no longer prepared to support the Australian Research Grants Committee program after 31 December 1966 and as there was uncertainty concerning the position of other States, the Australian Government further indicated that, to the extent that any State did not provide its share of costs in relation to this program, the Australian Government would reduce, to that extent, its support for the special research program at universities for the 1967–69 triennium as envisaged in the *Universities (Financial Assistance) Act* 1966.

The *States Grants (Research) Act* 1966 made the necessary legislative changes to the 1965 Act to enable this procedure to be followed. Two States agreed to meet half the costs of both research programs but the other States declined to contribute to the Australian Research Grants Committee program. In the light of this the Australian Government decided to meet the full cost of the Australian Research Grants Committee program, on which a ceiling of $9 million had been set for the triennium, and to leave to the States the responsibility for financing the general university research program. Four States financed in full the general university research program and the remaining States met at least half the cost of that program.

1970–72 *Triennium*

In August 1969 the Australian Government announced that it would meet the full cost of a $12.5 million program for the 1970–72 triennium for the Australian Research Grants Committee. The cost of this program subsequently increased to $13.5 million. A further $4 million was made available for a special program of research and research training in State universities.

An outline of arrangements for the 1973–75 triennium is given in Chapter IV.

TABLE No.	SUBJECT
107	Interest and Sinking Fund Payments under the Financial Agreement, 1927–28 to 1974–75.
108	Housing for Servicemen, Advances for, 1956–57 to 1974–75
109	Universities, Grants for, 1951–52 to 1974–75
110	Colleges of Advanced Education and Teachers Colleges, Grants for, 1965–66 to 1974–75
111	Technical Education, Grants for, 1964–65 to 1974–75
112	Schools, Grants for, 1964–65 to 1972–73.
113	Schools, Grants for, 1973–74 and 1974–75 (Estimated), by Program.
114	Tuberculosis Hospitals, Grants for, 1949–50 to 1974–75.
115	Mental Health Institutions, Grants for Capital Expenditures on, 1955–56 to 1973–74.
116	Blood Transfusion Services, Grants for, 1953–54 to 1974–75.
117	Migrant Centres, Grants for Capital Expenditures on, 1947–48 to 1974–75.
118	Aboriginal Advancement, Payments for, by Function, 1968–69 to 1974–75.
119	Housing, Advances for, 1945–46 to 1974–75.
120	Commonwealth—State Housing Agreement 1945—Contributions Towards Rental Losses, 1949–50 to 1974–75.
121	Roads, Payments to States for under Aid Roads Acts and Comparable Legislation, 1923–24 to 1974–75.
122	Roads, Allocations for, under Aid Roads Acts and Comparable Legislation, 1923–24 to 1958–59.
123	Beef Cattle Roads, Grants for, 1961–62 to 1974–75.
124	Railway Projects, Payments for, 1951–52 to 1974–75.
125	Railway Projects, Debt Charges on Loans for, 1952–53 to 1974–75.
126	Coal Loading Facilities, Advances for and Debt Charges thereon, 1961–62 to 1974–75.
127	Minor Agricultural Research, Grants for, 1963–64 to 1974–75.
128	Brigalow Lands Development Scheme, Advances for and Debt Charges thereon, 1962–63 to 1974–74.
129	Encouragement of Meat Production, Grants for Capital Expenditures Related to, 1950–51 to 1966–67.
130	Agricultural Extension Services, Grants for, 1948–49 to 1974–75.
131	Investigation of Water Resources, Grants for, 1964–65 to 1974–75.
132	Promotion of Road Safety Practices, Grants for, 1947–48 to 1974–75.

133 War Service Land Settlement, Advances for and Debt Charges thereon, 1955–56 to 1974–75.

134 Coal Mining Industry—Long Service Leave, Grants for, 1949–50 to 1974–75.

135 Research Projects, Grants for, 1965–66 to 1974–75.

136 Natural Disasters, Payments for, 1949–50 to 1974–75.

137 Natural Disasters, Payments for by type of Disaster, 1962–63 to 1974–75.

TABLE 107.—INTEREST AND SINKING FUND PAYMENTS UNDER THE FINANCIAL AGREEMENT, 1927–28 TO 1974–75(*a*)

$'000

	Sinking Fund Contributions							Interest Payments (*b*)	Total
	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total		
1927–28	592	358	264	216	158	58	1,645	15,170	16,816
1928–29	682	408	288	244	182	60	1,864	15,170	17,034
1929–30	750	428	304	254	196	56	1,988	15,170	17,158
1930–31	806	456	306	278	212	58	2,116	15,170	17,286
1931–32	896	504	310	294	238	66	2,308	15,170	17,478
1932–33	974	468	312	306	254	64	2,378	15,170	17,548
1933–34	1,036	560	324	320	274	66	2,580	15,170	17,750
1934–35	1,086	548	350	322	288	68	2,662	15,170	17,832
1935–36	1,126	542	352	330	302	68	2,720	15,170	17,890
1936–37	1,178	562	372	334	314	72	2,832	15,170	18,002
1937–38	1,206	574	386	342	324	76	2,908	15,170	18,078
1938–39	1,226	580	390	346	334	80	2,956	15,170	18,126
1939–40	1,270	600	408	360	350	84	3,072	15,170	18,242
1940–41	1,284	606	416	362	356	90	3,114	15,170	18,284
1941–42	1,304	612	422	366	364	92	3,160	15,170	18,330
1942–43	1,312	602	432	368	366	96	3,176	15,170	18,346
1943–44	1,294	602	424	370	368	98	3,156	15,170	18,326
1944–45	1,342	634	464	442	384	100	3,366	15,170	18,536
1945–46	1,288	634	444	390	372	104	3,232	15,170	18,402
1946–47	1,296	642	448	398	378	110	3,272	15,170	18,442
1947–48	1,386	672	470	424	394	118	3,464	15,170	18,634
1948–49	1,492	724	494	454	410	130	3,704	15,170	18,874
1949–50	1,606	796	530	488	438	150	4,008	15,170	19,178
1950–51	1,752	904	590	552	490	194	4,482	15,170	19,652
1951–52	1,960	1,057	668	631	545	253	5,115	15,170	20,285
1952–53	2,253	1,302	773	752	621	321	6,022	15,170	21,192
1953–54	2,547	1,519	876	875	712	397	6,925	15,170	22,095
1954–55	2,859	1,760	994	1,007	794	479	7,894	15,170	23,064
1955–56	3,091	1,944	1,067	1,121	856	540	8,620	15,170	23,790
1956–57	3,302	2,109	1,152	1,215	909	594	9,280	15,170	24,450
1957–58	3,573	2,310	1,262	1,336	995	654	10,129	15,170	25,300
1958–59	3,789	2,461	1,341	1,429	1,053	700	10,773	15,170	25,943
1959–60	4,148	2,733	1,488	1,583	1,157	776	11,884	15,170	27,054
1960–61	4,363	2,893	1,571	1,674	1,218	829	12,548	15,170	27,718
1961–62	4,659	3,132	1,688	1,798	1,306	896	13,478	15,170	28,648
1962–63	4,983	3,389	1,826	1,925	1,403	972	14,497	15,170	29,667
1963–64	5,366	3,700	1,968	2,077	1,519	1,062	15,691	15,170	30,861
1964–65	5,662	3,937	2,109	2,193	1,616	1,129	16,646	15,170	31,816
1965–66	5,991	4,225	2,272	2,335	1,726	1,212	17,761	15,170	32,931
1966–67	6,368	4,524	2,439	2,482	1,844	1,293	18,951	15,170	34,121
1967–68	6,826	4,885	2,619	2,673	1,986	1,398	20,387	15,170	35,557
1968–69	7,214	5,189	2,790	2,835	2,105	1,485	21,619	15,170	36,789
1969–70	7,723	5,600	3,039	3,053	2,258	1,598	23,271	15,170	38,441
1970–71	8,124	5,926	3,195	3,226	2,384	1,694	24,550	15,170	39,720
1971–72	8,673	6,378	3,431	3,458	2,557	1,825	26,323	15,170	41,493
1972–73	9,197	6,809	3,636	3,689	2,715	1,934	27,979	15,170	43,149
1973–74	9,675	7,195	3,844	3,896	2,855	2,044	29,509	(c) 15,053	44,562
1974–75 (estimate)	10,168	7,605	4,043	4,111	3,005	2,161	31,093	(c) 15,287	46,380

(*a*) For description of these payments, *see* Chapter IV.
(*b*) For distribution of the interest payments as between States, *see* table 12 in Chapter IV.
(c) A short payment was made to South Australia in 1973–74 which is being adjusted for in 1974–75.

TABLE 108—ADVANCES FOR HOUSING FOR SERVICEMEN

$'000

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1956–57	864	800	220	223	221	51	2,379
1957–58	880	800	253	319	29	69	2,350
1958–59	840	720	232	350	207	39	2,388
1959–60	864	720	244	184	97	14	2,123
1960–61	910	720	1,057	58	111	4	2,860
1961–62	1,260	947	394	54	31	..	2,686
1962–63	1,201	899	702	30	70	..	2,902
1963–64	1,163	1,128	1,421	..	252	..	3,964
1964–65	3,132	7,360	1,631	..	292	..	12,415
1965–66	4,104	2,441	453	..	245	..	7,242
1966–67	1,825	940	4,680	..	308	..	7,753
1967–68	1,530	766	3,567	..	1,241	..	7,103
1968–69	1,558	1,538	2,896	..	894	11	6,899
1969–70	3,211	1,233	4,109	..	873	35	9,461
1970–71	2,848	3,548	1,298	..	1,533	..	9,227
1971–72	5,545	1,165	..	..	324	..	7,034
1972–73	3,539	2,019	400	43	161	..	6,163
1973–74	4,539	2,691	200	..	191	145	7,766
1974–75 (estimate)	9,086	3,139	2,969	40	682	193	16,105

TABLE 109.—GRANTS FOR UNIVERSITIES, 1951–52 TO 1974–75

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
RECURRENT							
1951–52	1,046	812	375	335	263	116	(a) 2,947
1952–53	1,058	675	256	267	173	92	2,521
1953–54	1,072	667	361	335	229	115	2,779
1954–55	1,259	735	359	368	244	124	3,089
1955–56	1,288	829	393	394	268	129	3,301
1956–57	1,744	1,044	620	542	388	186	4,524
1957–58	2,391	1,329	738	777	506	246	5,987
1958–59	3,316	1,750	1,067	1,017	694	334	8,178
1959–60	3,871	2,044	1,280	1,287	829	417	9,728
1960–61	5,620	2,907	1,678	1,617	1,034	498	13,354
1961–62	7,216	3,308	2,019	1,955	1,194	544	16,236
1962–63	7,990	4,104	2,359	2,133	1,377	583	18,546
1963–64	8,941	4,916	2,621	2,367	1,595	641	21,081
1964–65	11,663	7,098	3,512	3,266	2,060	930	28,529
1965–66	13,075	8,071	3,863	3,420	2,152	970	31,551
1966–67	13,773	9,211	4,276	3,668	2,306	1,028	34,262
1967–68	15,816	10,991	5,146	4,107	2,652	1,200	39,912
1968–69	17,378	12,108	5,549	4,351	2,833	1,315	43,534
1969–70	20,218	13,960	6,508	4,964	3,281	1,504	50,435
1970–71	23,594	16,238	7,517	5,811	3,900	1,818	58,878
1971–72	27,223	18,586	8,412	6,676	4,594	2,105	67,596
1972–73	32,155	21,896	10,664	7,898	5,683	2,530	80,826
1973–74	79,572	53,468	26,169	19,808	14,610	6,415	200,042
1974–75 (estimate)	126,238	84,181	41,786	31,781	24,176	10,393	318,555
CAPITAL(b)							
1957–58	..	..	112	50	..	..	162
1958–59	2,539	875	543	310	531	861	5,659
1959–60	2,595	800	452	500	433	747	5,527
1960–61	2,661	3,138	1,396	564	772	569	9,100
1961–62	5,068	4,101	599	837	794	687	12,086
1962–63	4,341	5,207	960	1,006	923	435	12,872
1963–64	3,759	5,009	1,151	1,284	1,161	415	12,779
1964–65	4,507	3,288	1,784	1,814	940	412	12,745
1965–66	5,267	4,425	1,836	2,597	901	201	15,227
1966–67	6,502	5,250	1,641	1,407	1,160	394	16,354
1967–68	5,472	6,173	1,826	1,664	567	627	16,329
1968–69	7,569	7,072	1,744	1,076	734	902	19,097
1969–70	6,512	4,495	1,916	1,506	2,048	757	17,234
1970–71	4,050	5,990	3,124	2,369	384	429	16,346
1971–72	9,682	6,669	2,597	1,818	1,571	665	23,002
1972–73	10,522	7,327	2,545	2,697	2,531	842	26,464
1973–74	16,889	14,128	5,624	7,050	4,581	694	48,966
1974–75 (estimate)	22,669	15,232	11,530	6,404	9,795	2,445	68,075
TOTAL							
1951–52	1,046	812	375	335	263	116	(a) 2,947
1952–53	1,058	675	256	267	173	92	2,521
1953–54	1,072	667	361	335	229	115	2,779
1954–55	1,259	735	359	368	244	124	3,089
1955–56	1,288	829	393	394	268	129	3,301
1956–57	1,744	1,044	620	542	388	186	4,524
1957–58	2,391	1,329	850	827	506	246	6,149
1958–59	5,855	2,625	1,610	1,327	1,225	1,195	13,837
1959–60	6,466	2,844	1,732	1,787	1,262	1,164	15,255
1960–61	8,281	6,045	3,074	2,181	1,806	1,067	22,454
1961–62	12,284	7,409	2,618	2,792	1,988	1,231	28,322
1962–63	12,331	9,311	3,319	3,139	2,300	1,018	31,418
1963–64	12,700	9,925	3,772	3,651	2,756	1,056	33,860
1964–65	16,170	10,386	5,296	5,080	3,000	1,342	41,274
1965–66	18,342	12,496	5,699	6,017	3,053	1,171	46,778
1966–67	20,275	14,461	5,917	5,075	3,466	1,422	50,616
1967–68	21,288	17,164	6,972	5,771	3,219	1,827	56,241
1968–69	24,947	19,180	7,293	5,427	3,567	2,217	62,631
1969–70	26,730	18,455	8,424	6,470	5,329	2,261	67,669
1970–71	27,644	22,228	10,641	8,180	4,284	2,247	75,224
1971–72	36,905	25,255	11,009	8,494	6,165	2,770	90,598
1972–73	42,677	29,223	13,209	10,595	8,214	3,372	107,290
1973–74	96,461	67,596	31,793	26,858	19,191	7,109	249,008
1974–75 (estimate)	148,907	99,413	53,316	38,185	33,971	12,838	386,630

(a) Includes a grant for part of the year 1950–51.
(b) Grants for capital expenditure purposes commenced in 1957–58.

TABLE 110—GRANTS FOR COLLEGES OF ADVANCED EDUCATION AND TEACHERS COLLEGES
$'000

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
RECURRENT							
1965–66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1966–67	276	1,302	197	275	363	59	2,472
1967–68	608	2,788	409	554	776	138	5,273
1968–69	697	3,195	633	623	912	222	6,282
1969–70	834	4,837	1,300	1,361	1,929	397	10,658
1970–71	3,478	6,191	1,567	1,420	2,333	754	15,743
1971–72	3,713	7,341	1,860	1,651	2,920	887	18,372
1972–73	5,525	10,443	2,906	2,638	4,015	1,128	26,655
1973–74	28,935	46,711	14,438	13,518	17,247	3,959	124,808
1974–75 (estimate)	53,504	76,929	24,546	20,803	27,842	5,706	209,330
CAPITAL							
1965–66	750	..	..	..	232	..	982
1966–67	560	911	1,137	616	457	..	3,681
1967–68	1,588	3,177	1,652	1,215	3,121	412	11,165
1968–69	2,927	3,971	3,080	1,995	1,470	1,129	14,572
1969–70	9,000	6,143	2,291	3,062	1,412	1,047	22,955
1970–71	4,639	6,153	1,878	2,973	1,906	614	18,163
1971–72	7,381	8,330	3,776	2,872	3,031	2,035	27,425
1972–73	9,691	9,275	3,806	3,639	3,554	1,425	31,390
1973–74	7,644	13,680	5,078	6,196	7,222	292	40,112
1974–75 (estimate)	29,700	17,079	10,019	6,900	7,800	3,977	75,475
TOTALS							
1965–66	750	..	..	..	232	..	982
1966–67	836	2,213	1,334	891	820	59	6,153
1967–68	2,196	5,965	2,061	1,769	3,897	550	16,438
1968–69	3,624	7,166	3,713	2,618	2,382	1,351	20,854
1969–70	9,834	10,980	3,591	4,423	3,341	1,444	33,613
1970–71	8,117	12,344	3,445	4,393	4,239	1,368	33,906
1971–72	11,094	15,671	5,636	4,523	5,951	2,922	45,797
1972–73	15,216	19,718	6,712	6,277	7,569	2,553	58,045
1973–74	36,579	60,391	19,516	19,714	24,469	4,251	164,920
1974–75 (estimate)	83,204	94,008	34,565	27,703	35,642	9,683	284,805

TABLE 111—GRANTS FOR TECHNICAL EDUCATION
$'000

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
RECURRENT							
1973–74	5,801	1,772	715	889	974	117	10,268
1974–75 (estimate)	8,311	5,861	2,299	2,007	1,681	559	20,717
CAPITAL							
1964–65	3,744	2,826	1,449	933	714	334	10,000
1965–66	3,492	336	1,449	350	269	334	6,230
1966–67	3,760	3,050	1,448	750	551	334	9,893
1967–68	3,980	5,091	1,448	1,700	1,323	335	13,877
1968–69	2,999	1,550	1,456	870	437	275	7,587
1969–70	3,282	3,000	1,456	807	957	376	9,878
1970–71	4,846	3,912	1,457	1,191	804	325	12,535
1971–72	2,416	1,500	1,238	1,130	747	380	7,411
1972–73	5,040	3,350	1,910	1,130	1,166	380	12,976
1973–74	6,873	5,500	1,945	2,063	1 311	689	18,381
1974–75 (estimate)	9,968	8,160	4,516	2,199	2,497	1,018	28,358
TOTAL							
1964–65	3,744	2,826	1,449	933	714	334	10,000
1965–66	3,492	336	1,449	350	269	334	6,230
1966–67	3,760	3,050	1,448	750	551	334	9,893
1967–68	3,980	5,091	1,448	1,700	1,323	335	13,877
1968–69	2,999	1,550	1,456	870	437	275	7,587
1969–70	3,282	3,000	1,456	807	957	376	9,878
1970–71	4,846	3,912	1,457	1,191	804	325	12,535
1971–72	2,416	1,500	1,238	1,130	747	380	7,411
1972–73	5,040	3,350	1,910	1,130	1,166	380	12,976
1973–74	12,674	7,272	2,660	2,952	2,285	806	28,649
1974–75 (estimate)	18,279	14,021	6,815	4,206	4,178	1,577	49,075

TABLE 112—GRANTS FOR SCHOOLS—1964–65 TO 1972–73(*a*)

$'000

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
CAPITAL GRANTS FOR SCIENCE LABORATORIES							
Government Schools							
1964–65	2,710	2,045	1,049	675	517	242	7,238
1965–66	2,710	2,045	1,049	610	312	242	6,968
1966–67	2,710	2,045	1,049	741	709	242	7,496
1967–68	2,710	2,045	1,048	675	530	242	7,250
1968–69	2,684	1,550	734	692	530	235	6,425
1969–70	2,684	2,532	1,041	692	530	82	7,561
1970–71	2,684	2,041	1,389	692	530	389	7,725
1971–72	2,368	2,009	768	662	468	248	6,523
1972–73	2,368	1,500	425	662	468	248	5,671
Non-Government Schools							
1964–65	999	754	386	249	190	89	2,667
1965–66	999	754	386	249	190	89	2,667
1966–67	999	754	386	249	190	89	2,667
1967–68	1,998	1,508	773	498	382	178	5,337
1968–69	1,979	1,505	778	510	391	174	5,337
1969–70	1,979	1,505	777	511	391	174	5,337
1970–71	1,979	1,505	778	510	391	174	5,337
1971–72	1,335	1,359	831	166	443	167	4,301
1972–73	1,335	1,359	831	166	443	167	4,301
Total							
1964–65	3,709	2,799	1,435	924	707	331	9,905
1965–66	3,709	2,799	1,435	859	502	331	9,635
1966–67	3,709	2,799	1,435	990	899	331	10,163
1967–68	4,708	3,553	1,821	1,173	912	420	12,587
1968–69	4,663	3,055	1,512	1,202	921	409	11,762
1969–70	4,663	4,037	1,818	1,203	921	256	12,898
1970–71	4,663	3,546	2,167	1,202	921	563	13,062
1971–72	3,703	3,368	1,599	828	911	415	10,824
1972–73	3,703	2,859	1,256	828	911	415	9,972
CAPITAL GRANTS FOR SECONDARY SCHOOLS LIBRARIES							
Government Schools							
1968–69	450	500	300	213	168	72	1,703
1969–70	1,281	1,250	1,310	296	335	65	4,537
1970–71	4,850	2,450	1,022	1,086	576	355	10,339
1971–72	3,150	1,941	743	695	611	299	7,439
1972–73	1,792	2,441	974	1,020	720	285	7,232
Non-Government Schools							
1968–69	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1969–70	855	975	506	331	261	75	3,003
1970–71	1,140	749	444	257	203	125	2,918
1971–72	1,045	578	301	196	154	67	2,341
1972–73	896	781	453	134	144	67	2,475
Total							
1968–69	450	500	300	213	168	72	1,703
1969–70	2,136	2,225	1,816	627	596	140	7,540
1970–71	5,990	3,199	1,466	1,343	779	480	13,257
1971–72	4,195	2,519	1,044	891	765	366	9,780
1972–73	2,688	3,222	1,427	1,154	864	352	9,707

TABLE 112—GRANTS FOR SCHOOLS—1964–65 TO 1972–73(*a*)—*continued*

$'000

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
GENERAL CAPITAL GRANTS FOR GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS							
1971–72	2,120	1,700	840	910	620	470	6,660
1972–73	4,246	3,405	1,683	1,823	1,242	941	13,340
TOTAL CAPITAL GRANTS *All Schools*							
1964–65	3,709	2,799	1,435	924	707	331	9,905
1965–66	3,709	2,799	1,435	859	502	331	9,635
1966–67	3,709	2,799	1,435	990	899	331	10,163
1967–68	4,708	3,553	1,821	1,173	912	420	12,587
1968–69	5,113	3,555	1,812	1,415	1,089	481	13,465
1969–70	6,799	6,262	3,634	1,830	1,517	396	20,438
1970–71	10,653	6,745	3,633	2,545	1,700	1,043	26,319
1971–72	10,018	7,587	3,483	2,629	2,296	1,251	27,264
1972–73	10,637	9,486	4,366	3,805	3,017	1,708	33,019
RECURRENT GRANTS FOR NON-GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS							
1969–70	4,488	3,952	1,830	759	862	286	12,177
1970–71	9,017	7,832	3,640	1,526	1,682	556	24,253
1971–72	10,854	9,655	4,472	1,889	2,064	660	29,594
1972–73	15,046	13,337	6,250	2,529	2,903	914	40,979

(*a*) For the grants paid in 1973–74 and estimated grants payable in 1974–75 *see* following table.

TABLE 113.—GRANTS TO EACH STATE FOR SCHOOLS 1973–74 AND 1974–75 (ESTIMATED) BY PROGRAM

$'000

	1973–74 (Actual)			1974–75 (Estimated)		
	Government	Non-Government	Total	Government	Non-Government	Total
NEW SOUTH WALES						
General Recurrent Grants	5,401	19,799	25,200	40,343	31,820	72,163
General Building Grants (Capital)	16,641	2,489	19,130	30,593	5,796	36,389
Science Laboratories (Capital)	2,368	935	3,303	2,368	1,836	4,204
Libraries (Capital)	4,159	996	5,155	6,943	2,327	9,270
Disadvantaged Schools—						
Recurrent	1,250	53	1,303	4,092	662	4,754
Capital	1,520	..	1,520	4,165	544	4,709
Total	2,770	53	2,823	8,257	1,206	9,463
Schools for the Handicapped—						
Recurrent	789	292	1,081	2,255	1,041	3,296
Capital	1,100	..	1,100	3,523	..	3,523
Total	1,889	292	2,181	5,778	1,041	6,819
Other Programs—						
Recurrent	(a)	(a)	563	(a)	(a)	6,474
Capital	..	..	..	(a)	(a)	543
Total	(a)	(a)	563	(a)	(a)	7,017
All Programs—						
Recurrent	(b)7,440	(b)20,144	28,147	(b)46,690	(b)33,523	86,687
Capital	25,788	4,420	30,208	(b)47,592	(b)10,503	58,638
Total	(b)33,228	(b)24,564	58,355	(b)94,282	(b)44,026	145,325
VICTORIA						
General Recurrent Grants	7,920	17,726	25,646	30,039	28,033	58,072
General Building Grants (Capital)	6,502	2,906	9,408	23,863	5,687	29,550
Science Laboratories (Capital)	1,400	1,359	2,759	3,127	1,479	4,606
Libraries (Capital)	3,715	1,029	4,744	5,817	1,738	7,555
Disadvantaged Schools—						
Recurrent	990	52	1,042	4,137	794	4,931
Capital	400	70	470	4,212	714	4,926
Total	1,390	122	1,512	8,349	1,508	9,857
Schools for the Handicapped—						
Recurrent	1,262	305	1,567	1,679	721	2,400
Capital	630	..	630	2,686	..	2,686
Total	1,892	305	2,197	4,365	721	5,086
Other Programs—						
Recurrent	(a)	(a)	870	(a)	(a)	5,314
Capital	..	..	..	(a)	(a)	408
Total	(a)	(a)	870	(a)	(a)	5,722
All Programs—						
Recurrent	(b)10,172	(b)18,083	29,125	(b)35,855	(b)29,548	70,717
Capital	12,647	5,364	18,011	(b)39,705	(b)9,618	49,731
Total	(b)22,819	(b)23,447	47,136	(b)75,560	(b)39,166	120,448
QUEENSLAND						
General Recurrent Grants	4,230	8,255	12,485	14,977	13,752	28,729
General Building Grants (Capital)	4,005	1,350	5,355	11,702	2,713	14,415
Science Laboratories (Capital)	782	831	1,613	1,097	871	1,968
Libraries (Capital)	1,228	463	1,691	2,361	1,063	3,424
Disadvantaged Schools—						
Recurrent	276	..	276	1,280	119	1,399
Capital	193	..	193	1,000	92	1,092
Total	469	..	469	2,280	211	2,491
Schools for the Handicapped—						
Recurrent	514	62	576	933	497	1,430
Capital	138	..	138	1,511	..	1,511
Total	652	62	714	2,444	497	2,941
Other Programs—						
Recurrent	(a)	(a)	241	(a)	(a)	2,599
Capital	..	..	..	(a)	(a)	271
Total	(a)	(a)	241	(a)	(a)	2,870
All Programs—						
Recurrent	(b)5,020	(b)8,317	13,578	(b)17,190	(b)14,368	34,157
Capital	6,346	2,644	8,990	(b)17,671	(b)4,739	22,681
Total	(b)11,366	(b)10,961	22,568	(b)34,861	(b)19,107	56,838

TABLE 113—GRANTS TO EACH STATE FOR SCHOOLS 1973–74 AND 1974–75 (ESTIMATED), BY PROGRAM—*continued*

$'000

	1973–74 (Actual)			1974–75 (Estimated)		
	Government	Non-Government	Total	Government	Non-Government	Total
SOUTH AUSTRALIA						
General Recurrent Grants	2,302	3,460	5,762	10,210	5,082	15,292
General Building Grants (Capital)	5,472	563	6,035	9,103	694	9,797
Science Laboratories (Capital)	662	166	828	662	186	848
Libraries (Capital)	1,167	145	1,312	1,772	369	2,141
Disadvantaged Schools—						
Recurrent	200	..	200	1,165	368	1,533
Capital	955	..	955	1,058	132	1,190
Total	1,155	..	1,155	2,223	500	2,723
Schools for the Handicapped—						
Recurrent	341	20	361	611	66	677
Capital	300	..	300	972	..	972
Total	641	20	661	1,583	66	1,649
Other Programs—						
Recurrent	(*a*)	(*a*)	141	(*a*)	(*a*)	1,918
Capital	..	..	..	(*a*)	(*a*)	271
Total	(*a*)	(*a*)	141	(*a*)	(*a*)	2,189
All Programs—						
Recurrent	(*b*)2,843	(*b*)3,480	6,464	(*b*)11,986	(*b*)5,516	19,420
Capital	8,556	874	9,430	(*b*)13,567	(*b*)1,381	15,219
Total	(*b*)11,399	(*b*)4,354	15,894	(*b*)25,553	(*b*)6,897	34,639
WESTERN AUSTRALIA						
General Recurrent Grants	1,782	3,809	5,591	8,017	6,062	14,079
General Building Grants (Capital)	3,950	657	4,607	6,943	1,820	8,763
Science Laboratories (Capital)	454	443	897	481	443	924
Libraries (Capital)	710	144	854	1,310	472	1,782
Disadvantaged Schools—						
Recurrent	177	..	177	657	78	735
Capital	130	..	130	529	63	592
Total	307	..	307	1,186	141	1,327
Schools for the Handicapped						
Recurrent	408	23	431	507	75	582
Capital	322	..	322	846	..	846
Total	730	23	753	1,353	75	1,428
Other Programs—						
Recurrent	(*a*)	(*a*)	190	(*a*)	(*a*)	1,547
Capital	..	..	..	(*a*)	(*a*)	271
Total	(*a*)	(*a*)	190	(*a*)	(*a*)	1,818
All Programs—						
Recurrent	(*b*)2,367	(*b*)3,832	6,389	(*b*)9,181	(*b*)6,215	16,943
Capital	5,566	1,244	6,810	(*b*)10,109	(*b*)2,798	13,178
Total	(*b*)7,933	(*b*)5,076	13,199	(*b*)19,290	(*b*)9,013	30,121
TASMANIA						
General Recurrent Grants	460	1,312	1,772	3,044	1,961	5,005
General Building Grants (Capital)	1,382	206	1,588	3,086	300	3,386
Science Laboratories (Capital)	248	167	415	248	187	435
Libraries (Capital)	380	67	447	658	179	837
Disadvantaged Schools—						
Recurrent	30	9	39	259	29	288
Capital	20	..	20	106	15	121
Total	50	9	59	365	44	409
Schools for the Handicapped						
Recurrent	87	..	87	195	..	195
Capital	57	..	57	312	..	312
Total	144	..	144	507	..	507
Other Programs—						
Recurrent	(*a*)	(*a*)	60	(*a*)	(*a*)	768
Capital	..	..	..	(*a*)	(*a*)	136
Total	(*a*)	(*a*)	60	(*a*)	(*a*)	904
All Programs—						
Recurrent	(*b*)577	(*b*)1,321	1,958	(*b*)3,498	(*b*)1,990	6,256
Capital	2,087	440	2,527	(*b*)4,410	(*b*)681	5,227
Total	(*b*)2,664	(*b*)1,761	4,485	(*b*)7,908	(*b*)2,671	11,483

(*a*) Joint programs for the benefit of both government and non-government schools. No meaningful dissection between sectors can be provided at the State level.
(*b*) Excludes amounts referred to in (*a*)

TABLE 114.—GRANTS FOR TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITALS 1949–50 TO 1973–74

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
GRANTS FOR MAINTENANCE							
1949–50	144	626	22	34	148	76	1,050
1950–51	..	1,216	122	134	258	120	1,850
1951–52	1,446	1,542	364	264	384	172	4,172
1952–53	1,474	2,006	642	416	968	400	5,906
1953–54	2,404	2,288	800	516	988	384	7,380
1954–55	2,600	2,174	964	648	756	336	7,478
1955–56	2,970	2,216	1,150	566	794	290	7,986
1956–57	3,214	2,183	2,160	638	940	342	9,478
1957–58	3,430	2,055	1,540	714	889	364	8,991
1958–59	3,531	2,091	1,597	857	1,116	340	9,533
1959–60	2,750	2,193	1,091	1,247	1,023	294	8,598
1960–61	2,556	2,148	1,484	804	997	324	8,314
1961–62	2,990	2,221	1,565	691	793	368	8,628
1962–63	3,492	2,542	1,789	752	800	363	9,738
1963–64	3,750	2,772	2,118	710	751	363	10,463
1964–65	3,650	2,700	2,036	638	742	361	10,129
1965–66	6,585	3,019	2,068	662	697	338	13,370
1966–67	3,956	3,293	2,189	652	547	337	10,974
1967–68	3,813	3,306	2,416	620	807	304	11,266
1968–69	4,304	3,288	2,344	571	602	351	11,460
1969–70	3,952	3,176	1,754	551	789	333	10,555
1970–71	4,166	3,039	1,730	545	770	347	10,597
1971–72	2,971	3,170	1,528	715	875	337	9,595
1972–73	3,498	3,197	1,896	760	778	289	10,419
1973–74	3,223	3,486	2,205	939	764	201	10,818
1974–75 (estimate)	3,848	3,290	2,280	950	865	391	11,624
GRANTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURE							
1949–50	..	362	70	..	6	34	472
1950–51	160	556	44	..	42	12	814
1951–52	282	796	178	96	94	22	1,468
1952–53	862	370	862	48	248	194	2,584
1953–54	836	274	1,204	78	224	142	2,758
1954–55	1,634	92	1,152	108	396	36	3,418
1955–56	1,736	150	934	244	432	20	3,516
1956–57	1,980	240	1,344	179	1,008	13	4,762
1957–58	1,186	152	1,356	216	1,366	9	4,284
1958–59	744	90	1,328	140	514	9	2,824
1959–60	432	52	744	214	78	43	1,562
1960–61	252	96	351	61	43	18	821
1961–62	95	116	401	92	24	46	773
1962–63	140	110	630	27	67	10	984
1963–64	153	50	283	30	44	39	598
1964–65	135	308	223	13	11	6	696
1965–66	390	169	110	14	2	12	696
1966–67	356	110	28	5	..	..	499
1967–68	591	10	135	31	10	3	780
1968–69	571	175	39	60	..	2	847
1969–70	191	327	6	69	..	..	593
1970–71	143	151	55	108	12	..	469
1971–72	70	119	6	155	88	..	438
1972–73	50	16	27	243	20	32	388
1973–74	22	..	22	395	..	2	441
1974–75 (estimate)	18	11	23	9	..	..	61
TOTAL GRANTS							
1949–50	144	988	92	34	154	110	1,522
1950–51	160	1,772	166	134	300	132	2,664
1951–52	1,728	2,338	543	360	478	194	5,640
1952–53	2,336	2,376	1,504	464	1,216	594	8,490
1953–54	3,240	2,562	2,004	594	1,212	526	10,138
1954–55	4,234	2,266	2,116	756	1,152	372	10,896
1955–56	4,706	2,366	2,084	810	1,226	310	11,502
1956–57	5,194	2,423	3,504	817	1,948	355	14,240
1957–58	4,616	2,207	2,896	930	2,255	373	13,275
1958–59	4,275	2,181	2,925	997	1,631	349	12,357
1959–60	3,182	2,245	1,835	1,461	1,101	337	10,160
1960–61	2,808	2,244	1,835	865	1,040	342	9,135
1961–62	3,085	2,337	1,966	783	817	414	9,401
1962–63	3,632	2,652	2,419	779	867	373	10,722
1963–64	3,903	2,822	2,401	740	795	402	11,061
1964–65	3,785	3,008	2,259	651	753	367	10,825
1965–66	6,975	3,188	2,178	676	699	350	14,066
1966–67	4,312	3,400	2,217	657	547	337	11,473
1967–68	4,404	3,316	2,551	651	817	307	12,046
1968–69	4,875	3,463	2,383	631	602	353	12,307
1969–70	4,143	3,503	1,760	620	789	333	11,148
1970–71	4,309	3,190	1,785	653	782	347	11,066
1971–72	3,041	3,289	1,534	870	963	337	10,033
1972–73	3,548	3,213	1,923	1,004	799	320	10,807
1973–74	3,245	3,486	2,227	1,334	764	203	11,259
1974–75 (estimate)	3,866	3,301	2,303	959	865	391	11,685

TABLE 115—GRANTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES ON MENTAL HEALTH INSTITUTIONS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1955–56	418	891	133	24	20	60	1,546
1956–57	767	1,054	176	257	104	138	2,496
1957–58	648	1,091	228	304	58	183	2,513
1958–59	394	1,239	237	245	34	92	2,241
1959–60	718	1,036	149	184	74	134	2,295
1960–61	866	168	195	91	31	104	1,454
1961–62	1,297	(a)..	141	56	154	(a)..	1,648
1962–63	1,295	(a)..	75	104	116	(a)..	1,590
1963–64	982	(a)..	108	173	332	(a)..	1,595
1964–65	659	711	225	265	447	197	2,504
1965–66	1,717	1,567	146	242	338	529	4,539
1966–67	2,217	1,192	288	193	260	823	4,973
1967–68	2,095	1,382	196	64	148	358	4,243
1968–69	1,925	1,200	323	433	375	399	4,655
1969–70	2,305	947	602	1,299	241	108	5,501
1970–71	1,409	798	464	909	395	224	4,199
1971–72	1,325	828	1,169	246	454	185	4,207
1972–73	873	831	967	453	219	87	3,430
1973–74	1,203	237	247	344	187	31	2,249

(a) Assistance available under the *States Grants (Mental Institutions) Act* 1955 exhausted.

TABLE 116—GRANTS FOR BLOOD TRANSFUSION SERVICES

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1953–54	39	27	14	..	7	..	88
1954–55	51	35	33	..	19	..	138
1955–56	53	44	34	18	23	..	172
1956–57	62	63	39	21	22	8	214
1957–58	69	75	44	26	26	10	251
1958–59	71	82	50	27	24	10	263
1959–60	73	87	49	32	30	10	282
1960–61	84	100	56	35	29	11	315
1961–62	95	105	67	38	32	12	349
1962–63	96	112	74	42	35	11	369
1963–64	101	121	82	44	37	11	396
1964–65	110	129	90	47	42	11	428
1965–66	117	144	103	61	44	13	482
1966–67	231	276	215	123	92	24	961
1967–68	168	176	119	76	80	13	632
1968–69	196	193	139	115	75	25	743
1969–70	166	225	154	83	76	21	725
1970–71	197	251	170	124	79	24	845
1971–72	254	269	192	139	106	30	990
1972–73	267	367	212	160	134	30	1,170
1973–74	588	506	304	252	183	37	1,870
1974–75 (estimate)	480	560	345	247	230	58	1,920

TABLE 117—GRANTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES ON MIGRANT CENTRES
$'000

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1947–48	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	26
1948–49	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	61
1949–50	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	18
1950–51	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	50
1951–52	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	35
1952–53	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	24
1953–54	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	92
1954–55	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2
1955–56	..	..	..	4	..	..	4
1956–57	..	..	..	..	22	..	22
1957–58	..	1	..	5	..	..	6
1958–59	..	..	3	1	..	..	4
1959–60	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1960–61	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1961–62	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1962–63	..	66	..	..	..	..	66
1963–64	..	14	..	..	34	..	48
1964–65	..	2	..	..	..	..	2
1965–66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1966–67	..	..	..	2	..	..	2
1967–68	67	..	..	2	357	..	426
1968–69	35	..	..	..	411	..	446
1969–70	5	..	..	..	60	..	65
1970–71	2	..	..	75	65	..	142
1971–72	214	..	123	12	23	..	372
1972–73	10	..	14	..	..	..	24
1973–74	2	4	18	..	..	..	24
1974–75 (estimate)	..	..	163	17	..	..	180

n.a. = not available.

TABLE 118.—PAYMENTS FOR ABORIGINAL ADVANCEMENT, BY FUNCTION

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
EDUCATION							
Recurrent Payments							
1968–69	119	22	..	10	..	..	151
1969–70	149	65	41	17	10	7	289
1970–71	135	65	13	28	26	7	274
1971–72	184	83	..	49	26	5	347
1972–73	229	167	293	279	193	6	1,167
1973–74	482	275	193	489	732	4	2,174
1974–75 (estimate)	550	300	648	772	1,270	3	3,543
Capital Payments							
1968–69	46	18	325	64	203	..	656
1969–70	5	6	369	115	160	..	655
1970–71	11	..	327	84	250	..	672
1971–72	20	..	441	116	290	..	867
1972–73	98	60	981	156	425	..	1,720
1973–74	101	..	988	625	505	..	2,218
1974–75 (estimate)	100	50	532	128	270	..	1,080
Total Payments							
1968–69	165	40	325	74	203	..	807
1969–70	154	71	410	132	170	7	944
1970–71	146	65	340	112	276	7	946
1971–72	204	83	441	165	316	5	1,214
1972–73	327	227	1,274	435	618	6	2,887
1973–74	583	275	1,180	1,113	1,237	4	4,392
1974–75 (estimate)	650	350	1,180	900	1,540	3	4,623
HEALTH							
Recurrent Payments							
1968–69	50	..	84	28	..	..	162
1969–70	50	..	101	..	10	..	161
1970–71	12	10	129	33	100	7	291
1971–72	231	6	170	77	93	7	584
1972–73	369	27	465	155	292	7	1,315
1973–74	802	51	754	356	1,330	11	3,304
1974–75 (estimate)	990	95	1,435	663	3,074	11	6,268
Capital Payments							
1968–69	..	10	241	22	75	..	348
1969–70	58	4	288	48	75	1	474
1970–71	89	..	226	33	5	..	353
1971–72	51	4	370	81	167	10	683
1972–73	22	2	764	105	638	..	1,531
1973–74	164	33	1,489	627	2,726	..	5,038
1974–75 (estimate)	100	5	795	519	3,729	..	5,148
Total Payments							
1968–69	50	10	325	50	75	..	510
1969–70	108	4	389	48	85	1	635
1970–71	101	10	355	66	105	7	644
1971–72	282	10	540	158	260	17	1,267
1972–73	391	29	1,229	260	930	7	2,846
1973–74	965	84	2,243	983	4,056	11	8,342
1974–75 (estimate)	1,090	100	2,230	1,182	6,803	11	11,416

TABLE 118.—PAYMENTS FOR ABORIGINAL ADVANCEMENT, BY FUNCTION—*continued*

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
SOCIAL SECURITY AND WELFARE							
Recurrent Payments							
1968–69	5	..	..	1	..	..	6
1969–70	28	4	104	..	10	..	146
1970–71	38	6	74	100	14	5	237
1971–72	253	27	201	144	104	5	734
1972–73	1,331	137	1,511	260	892	36	4,167
1973–74	394	32	28	158	572	9	1,192
1974–75 (estimate)	310	65	2	40	316	9	742
Capital Payments							
1968–69	30	95	..	..	..	..	125
1969–70	25	..	..	115	..	..	140
1970–71	67	..	..	82	205	..	354
1971–72	161	..	7	3	538	..	709
1972–73	77	..	..	9	386	5	477
1973–74	210	..	85	235	1,078	..	1,608
1974–75 (estimate)	..	..	..	140	785	..	925
Total Payments							
1968–69	35	95	..	1	..	..	131
1969–70	53	4	104	115	10	..	286
1970–71	105	6	74	182	219	5	591
1971–72	414	27	208	147	642	5	1,443
1972–73	1,408	137	1,511	269	1,278	41	4,644
1973–74	604	32	113	393	1,650	9	2,800
1974–75 (estimate)	310	65	2	180	1,101	9	1,667
HOUSING							
Capital Payments							
1968–69	525	80	800	225	547	25	2,202
1969–70	864	268	1,152	240	990	31	3,545
1970–71	1,350	286	1,770	300	1,080	35	4,821
1971–72	1,500	280	1,849	330	1,282	35	5,276
1972–73	2,624	357	3,003	690	4,000	60	10,734
1973–74	3,000	557	4,820	2,158	4,000	119	14,654
1974–75 (estimate)	4,500	885	8,481	2,669	4,556	215	21,306
URBAN AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT N.E.C. AND THE ENVIRONMENT							
Capital Payments							
1972–73	..	20	683	86	60	40	889
1973–74	250	..	1,601	51	148	13	2,063
1974–75 (estimate)	50	..	1,659	70	..	..	1,779
ECONOMIC SERVICES—*INDUSTRY ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT*							
Capital Payments							
1969–70	..	..	350	..	..	..	350
TOTAL—ALL FUNCTIONS							
Recurrent Payments							
1968–69	174	22	84	39	..	..	319
1969–70	227	69	246	17	30	7	596
1970–71	185	81	216	161	140	19	800
1971–72	668	116	371	270	223	17	1,665
1972–73	1,929	331	2,269	694	1,377	49	6.649
1973–74	1,678	358	975	1,003	2,636	23	6,673
1974–75 (estimate)	1,850	460	2,085	1,474	4,660	23	10,552
Capital Payments							
1968–69	601	203	1,366	311	825	25	3,331
1969–70	952	278	2,159	518	1,225	32	5,164
1970–71	1,517	286	2,323	499	1,540	35	6,200
1971–72	1,732	284	2,667	530	2,277	45	7,535
1972–73	2,821	439	5,431	1,046	5,509	105	15,351
1973–74	3,725	590	8,982	3,696	8,454	131	25,577
1974–75 (estimate)	4,750	940	11,467	3,526	9,340	215	30,238
Total Payments							
1968–69	775	225	1,450	350	825	25	3,650
1969–70	1,179	347	2,405	535	1,255	39	5,760
1970–71	1,701	367	2,538	660	1,680	54	7,000
1971–72	2,400	400	3,038	800	2,500	62	9,200
1972–73	4,750	770	7,700	1,740	6,886	154	22,000
1973–74	5,402	948	9,957	4,699	11,090	154	32,250
1974–75 (estimate)	6,600	1,400	13,552	5,000	14,000	238	40,790

TABLE 119.—ADVANCES FOR HOUSING(*a*)

$'000

——	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1945–46	5,050	6,200	850	..	920	570	13,590
1946–47	11,060	8,000	1,500	..	1,470	..	22,030
1947–48	10,690	10,000	1,600	..	2,520	1,800	26,610
1948–49	12,590	10,400	1,800	..	3,294	900	28,984
1949–50	13,200	12,600	2,500	..	3,930	2,200	34,430
1950–51	15,780	17,200	5,400	..	4,700	200	(b)43,280
1951–52	17,028	20,122	8,978	..	6,966	(c)	(d)53,094
1952–53	24,200	22,540	7,460	..	5,800	(c)	60,000
1953–54	24,900	24,000	9,000	9,000	7,500	(c)	74,400
1954–55	21,600	18,900	3,600	7,200	7,000	(c)	58,300
1955–56	21,600	(e) 21,600	6,000	7,200	10,000	(c)	66,400
1956–57	21,600	20,000	5,500	7,200	6,000	4,000	64,300
1957–58	22,000	20,000	6,320	8,000	6,000	4,000	66,320
1958–59	24,000	20,600	6,620	10,000	6,000	4,400	71,620
1959–60	24,700	20,600	6,960	10,000	6,000	3,900	72,160
1960–61	26,000	20,600	6,200	11,600	6,000	4,000	74,400
1961–62	34,006	27,054	8,400	18,072	7,412	5,856	100,800
1962–63	32,600	25,700	7,800	18,982	6,940	5,200	97,222
1963–64	33,000	26,500	8,600	19,400	6,800	6,000	100,300
1964–65	35,000	27,000	6,600	20,500	7,200	6,400	102,700
1965–66	40,271	31,126	8,497	21,057	8,601	7,448	117,000
1966–67	41,500	32,020	9,060	20,750	9,170	7,500	120.000
1967–68	43,080	33,000	9,060	21,000	10,000	6,700	122,840
1968–69	43,750	34,500	9,250	19,500	11,500	7,500	126,000
1969–70	46,500	35,500	9,880	21,250	11,500	7,600	132,230
1970–71	48,300	36,500	10,500	25,000	12,500	8,750	141,550
1971–72	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1972–73	3,500	1,500	350	500	400	300	6.550
1973–74	86,000	53,500	17,400	32,750	13,000	16,000	218,650
1974–75	71,400	61,400	20,900	38,400	22,900	20,000	235,000

(a) *See* relevant sections of Chapters III and IV and Part I of this Appendix for explanations of the arrangements under which these advances have been made.
(b) Excludes $6.72 million which was not used for advances to the States for housing until 1951–52
(c) Tasmania withdrew from the Commonwealth and State Housing Agreement in 1950–51 and repaid all principal owing out of loan money allocated by the Loan Council to the State in that year. Tasmania's housing requirements in the period shown were included in the State Government's loan programs. Tasmania was a party to the Commonwealth and State Housing Agreements from 1956–57.
(d) Includes carry-over payment from 1950–51 of $6,720,000.
(e) Includes $4 million in respect of finance for the Olympic Village.

TABLE 120—COMMONWEALTH-STATE HOUSING AGREEMENT 1945—CONTRIBUTIONS TOWARD RENTAL LOSSES

$'000

——	Queensland	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1949–50	..	1	..	1
1950–51	..	..	6	6
1951–52	..	..	..	..
1952–53	..	..	..	..
1953–54	..	..	..	..
1954–55	..	..	..	..
1955–56	..	..	..	..
1956–57	..	..	..	..
1957–58	..	..	..	..
1958–59	..	50	..	50
1959–60	..	..	..	..
1960–61	458	246	..	705
1961–62	130	..	..	130
1962–63	37	..	..	37
1963–64	45	..	..	45
1964–65	130	..	..	130
1965–66	213	..	..	213
1966–67	142	..	..	142
1967–68	44	..	..	44
1968–69	60	..	..	60
1969–70	74	..	..	74
1970–71	131	..	..	131
1971–72	151	..	..	151
1972–73	142	..	..	142
1973–74	123	..	..	123
1974–75 (estimate)	170	..	..	170

TABLE 121.—PAYMENTS TO STATES FOR ROADS UNDER AID ROADS ACTS AND COMPARABLE LEGISLATION, 1923–24 TO 1974–75(*a*)(*b*)

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total	Act
1923–24 ..	40	88	48	20	68	..	264	*Main Roads Development Act* 1923–1925
1924–25 ..	190	154	210	154	306	24	1,038	
1925–26 ..	268	302	302	226	254	86	1,438	
1926–27 ..	358	330	410	310	426	94	1,928	*Federal Aid Roads Act* 1926
1927–28 ..	596	786	686	514	466	148	3,196	
1928–29 ..	1,538	688	754	424	436	246	4,086	
1929–30 ..	1,750	1,018	982	510	1,608	318	6,186	
1930–31 ..	1,156	668	882	408	872	256	4,242	
1931–32 ..	1,444	566	732	474	664	156	4,036	*Federal Aid Roads Act* 1931–1936
1932–33 ..	1,046	682	712	432	728	190	3,790	
1933–34 ..	1,256	878	854	518	874	228	4,608	
1934–35 ..	1,346	818	918	556	938	244	4,820	
1935–36 ..	1,518	990	1,034	626	1,054	274	5,496	
1936–37 ..	1,666	1,086	1,136	688	1,160	302	6,038	
1937–38 ..	2,272	1,418	1,544	898	1,554	404	8,090	*Federal Aid Roads and Works Act* 1937
1938–39 ..	2,410	1,500	1,638	952	1,646	428	8,574	
1939–40 ..	2,524	1,572	1,716	996	1,724	450	8,982	
1940–41 ..	1,986	1,236	1,350	784	1,358	354	7,068	
1941–42 ..	1,244	776	846	496	842	224	4,428	
1942–43 ..	926	576	628	362	640	162	3,294	
1943–44 ..	334	640	700	406	704	184	2,968	
1944–45 ..	1,118	760	830	482	834	218	4,242	
1945–46 ..	1,792	1,116	1,218	708	1,226	320	6,380	
1946–47 ..	2,666	1,660	1,812	1,054	1,822	474	9,488	
1947–48 ..	4,048	2,002	2,210	1,266	2,214	576	12,316	*Commonwealth Aid Roads and Works Act* 1947–1949
1948–49 ..	3,898	2,404	2,652	1,520	2,652	690	13,816	
1949–50 ..	4,992	3,080	3,400	1,948	3,400	884	17,704	
1950–51 ..	7,228	4,462	4,920	2,818	4,920	1,284	25,632	*Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1950
1951–52 ..	8,347	5,150	5,683	3,256	5,683	1,480	29,599	
1952–53 ..	8,415	5,192	5,729	3,282	5,729	1,492	29,839	
1953–54 ..	9,373	5,783	6,381	3,656	6,381	1,662	33,236	
1954–55 ..	12,381	7,905	8,649	5,045	8,779	2,251	45,010	*Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1954–1956 *and Commonwealth Aid Roads (Special Assistance) Act* 1957
1955–56 ..	14,316	9,161	10,019	5,851	10,179	2,606	52,132	
1956–57 ..	16,869	10,795	11,805	6,894	11,994	3,072	61,429	
1957–58(*c*) ..	19,130	12,618	13,268	7,814	13,414	3,492	69,736	
1958–59(*c*) ..	21,355	14,042	14,825	8,724	14,996	3,897	77,839	
1959–60(*d*) ..	24,345	17,319	16,042	9,846	15,927	4,368	87,847	*Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1959
1960–61 ..	25,741	18,367	16,855	10,256	16,181	4,600	92,000	
1961–62 ..	27,622	20,159	18,187	11,505	17,527	5,000	100,000	
1962–63 ..	29,880	21,754	19,591	12,400	18,975	5,400	108,000	
1963–64 ..	32,443	22,824	21,070	13,337	20,526	5,800	116,000	
1964–65 ..	36,345	25,576	23,669	14,903	23,007	6,500	130,000	*Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1964
1965–66 ..	39,191	27,508	25,538	16,024	24,739	7,000	140,000	
1966–67 ..	41,744	29,443	27,415	17,222	26,676	7,500	150,000	
1967–68 ..	44,467	31,286	29,266	18,384	28,597	8,000	160,000	
1968–69	47,319	33,113	31,098	19,433	30,537	8,500	170,000	
1969–70 ..	57,060	38,160	34,740	21,000	32,940	9,100	193,000	*Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1969
1970–71 ..	64,980	43,460	39,560	23,500	36,270	10,230	218,000	
1971–72 ..	74,500	49,820	45,360	25,500	39,250	10,820	245,250	
1972–73 ..	85,590	57,240	52,110	28,000	43,910	12,150	279,000	
1973–74 ..	98,270	65,720	59,830	31,000	48,030	13,950	316,800	
1974–75 ..	109,173	71,848	71,457	31,196	49,261	17,065	350,000	*National Roads Bill* 1974 *Roads Grants Bill* 1974 *Transport (Planning and Research) Act* 1974

(*a*) The amounts paid to the States under Aid Roads and comparable legislation did not coincide with allocations made by the Australian Government under such legislation before 1959–60. Amounts allocated for roads by the Australian Government under Aid Roads and comparable legislation in each year since 1923–24 are shown in the following table.

(*b*) These figures do not include expenditure in the States on strategic roads or roads serving Australian Government properties.

(*c*) The figures for 1957–58 and 1958–59 include the following amounts which each State received from the $6,000,000 special assistance grant for roads allocated in each of those years; New South Wales, $1,600,000; Victoria, $1,400,000; Queensland, $1,000,000; South Australia, $650,000; Western Australia, $950,000; and Tasmania, $300,000.

(*d*) These figures include a special adjusting payment of $508,000 to Western Australia under Section 4 (3) of the 1959 Act and a final adjusting payment of $3,338,000 to complete commitments under the 1954 Act. This latter payment was distributed: New South Wales, $916,000; Victoria, $586,000; Queensland, $642,000; South Australia, $374,000; Western Australia, $652,000; and Tasmania, $168,000.

TABLE 122.—ALLOCATIONS FOR ROADS UNDER AID ROADS ACTS AND COMPARABLE LEGISLATION, 1923–24 TO 1958–59(*a*)

$'000

—	Allocations for States							Strategic Roads and Road Safety (*b*)	Total	Act
	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total			
1923–24	276	180	188	114	192	50	1,000	..	1,000	*Main Roads Development Act* 1923–1925
1924–25	276	180	188	114	192	50	1,000	..	1,000	
1925–26	414	270	282	172	288	74	1,500	..	1,500	
1926–27	1,104	720	752	456	768	200	4,000	..	4,000	*Federal Aid Roads Act* 1926
1927–28	1,104	720	752	456	768	200	4,000	..	4,000	
1928–29	1,104	720	752	456	768	200	4,000	..	4,000	
1929–30	1,104	720	752	456	768	200	4,000	..	4,000	
1930–31	1,104	720	752	456	768	200	4,000	..	4,000	
1931–32	1,000	652	682	412	696	182	3,624	..	3,624	*Federal Aid Roads Act* 1931–1936
1932–33	1,062	692	722	438	738	192	3,844	..	3,844	
1933–34	1,218	794	830	504	848	222	4,416	..	4,416	
1934–35	1,362	888	928	562	946	246	4,932	..	4,932	
1935–36	1,534	1,000	1,044	634	1,068	278	5,558	..	5,558	
1936–37	1,678	1,094	1,142	694	1,168	304	6,080	..	6,080	
1937–38	2,332	1,452	1,584	922	1,594	414	8,298	..	8,298	*Federal Aid Roads and Works Act* 1937
1938–39	2,398	1,494	1,630	948	1,638	426	8,534	..	8,534	
1939–40	2,504	1,560	1,702	988	1,712	446	8,912	..	8,912	
1940–41	1,958	1,220	1,332	774	1,338	348	6,970	..	6,970	
1941–42	1,196	744	814	472	818	212	4,256	..	4,256	
1942–43	900	562	612	356	616	160	3,206	..	3,206	
1943–44	262	660	720	420	724	188	2,974	..	2,974	
1944–45	1,238	770	840	488	846	220	4,402	..	4,402	
1945–46	1,870	1,166	1,272	738	1,278	332	6,656	..	6,656	
1946–47	2,700	1,682	1,836	1,066	1,846	480	9,610	..	9,610	
1947–48	4,034	1,996	2,204	1,262	2,204	574	12,274	1,200	13,474	*Commonwealth Aid Roads and Works Act* 1947–1949
1948–49	4,006	2,472	2,726	1,562	2,726	710	14,202	1,200	15,402	
1949–50	4,944	3,050	3,368	1,928	3,368	876	17,534	1,200	18,734	
1950–51	7,638	4,712	5,200	2,980	5,200	1,356	27,086	1,200	28,286	*Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1950
1951–52	8,260	5,098	5,624	3,222	5,624	1,466	29,294	1,200	30,494	
1952–53	8,520	5,258	5,802	3,324	5,802	1,510	30,216	1,200	31,416	
1953–54	9,282	5,726	6,320	3,620	6,320	1,646	32,914	1,200	34,114	
1954–55	12,820	8,204	8,972	5,240	9,114	2,334	46,684	1,800	48,484	*Commonwealth Aid Roads Act* 1954–1956 *and Commonwealth Aid Roads (Special Assistance) Act* 1957
1955–56	14,564	9,320	10,192	5,952	10,356	2,652	53,036	1,900	54,936	
1956–57	17,174	10,990	12,018	7,018	12,210	3,126	62,536	1,900	64,436	
1957–58(*c*)	18,990	12,528	13,170	7,758	13,316	3,466	69,228	2,000	71,228	
1958–59(*c*)	19,860	13,086	13,780	8,114	13,934	3,624	72,398	2,000	74,398	

(*a*) Since 1958–59 the amounts allocated for roads under Aid Roads legislation have coincided with payments under such legislation. The actual payments made to the States under Aid Roads legislation in each year since 1923–24 are shown in the previous table.

(*b*) From 1947–48 to 1958–59 specific provision for tnese purposes was made in the various Commonwealth Aid Roads Acts; in other years any Commonwealth expenditures have been met from annual appropriations. Portions of the amounts shown in this column were used to finance grants for promotion of road safety practices and for maintenance of the Eyre and Barkly Highways.

(*c*) The figures for 1957–58 and 1958–59 include the $6,000,000 special assistance grant for roads allocated in each of those years. This grant was arbitrarily distributed: New South Wales, $1,600,000; Victoria, $1,400,000; Queensland, $1,000,000; South Australia, $650,000; Western Australia, $950,000; Tasmania, $300,000; and Commonwealth purposes, $100,000.

TABLE 123.—PAYMENTS FOR BEEF CATTLE ROADS

$'000

—	Queensland			South Australia	Western Australia	Total
	Grants	Loans	Total Payments	Grants	Grants	
1961–62	1,300	..	1,300	..	1,000	2,300
1962–63	2,000	..	2,000	..	1,400	3,400
1963–64	2,097	1,998	4,095	..	1,500	5,595
1964–65	2,300	2 300	4,600	..	1,500	6,100
1965–66	2,000	2,000	4,000	..	1,500	5,500
1966–67	2,252	2,252	4,505	..	1,500	6,005
1967–68	4,000	..	4,000	..	1,400	5,400
1968–69	4,550	..	4,550	..	1,451	6,001
1969–70	5,100	.	5,100	.	1,168	6,268
1970–71	7,685	..	7,685	300	1,000	8,985
1971–72	8,200	..	8,200	350	1,600	10,150
1972–73	5,500	..	5,500	350	1 900	7,750
1973–74	4,187	..	4,187	..	981	5,168
1974–75 (estimate)	279	..	279	..	..	279

TABLE 124.—PAYMENTS FOR RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS, 1951–52 TO 1974–75

$'000

	New South Wales			Victoria			Queensland			South Australia			Western Australia			Tasmania			Total		
	Grants	Loans	Total Payments	Grants	Loans	Total Payments	Grants	Loans (a)	Total Payments(a)	Grants (b)	Loans (b)	Total Payments	Grants	Loans	Total Payments	Grants	Loans	Total Payments	Grants	Loans	Total Payments
1951–52	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,504	644	2,148	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,504	644	2,148
1952–53	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,393	595	1,988	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,393	595	1,988
1953–54	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,041	442	1,483	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,041	442	1,483
1954–55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	850	358	1,208	..	..	..	..	..	..	850	358	1,208
1955–56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	571	237	808	..	..	..	..	..	..	571	237	808
1956–57	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	566	234	800	..	..	..	..	..	..	566	234	800
1957–58	..	..	..	658	282	940	..	..	..	846	354	1,200	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,504	636	2,140
1958–59	..	..	..	(c)2,306	976	3,282	..	..	..	345	138	483	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,651	1,114	3,765
1959–60	..	..	..	5,141	2,203	7,344	..	..	..	79	23	102	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,220	2,226	7,446
1960–61	..	..	..	6,602	2,830	9,432	..	..	..	8	− 8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,610	2,822	9,432
1961–62	..	..	..	5,600	2,400	8,000	..	7,500	7,500	−18	−18	−36	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,582	9,882	15,464
1962–63	..	242	104	346	1,841	789	2,630	..	11,917	11,917	1,828	772	2,600	1,781	2,544	4,325	..	..	..	5,692	16,126	21,818
1963–64	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12,100	12,100	2,090	885	(d)2,975	3,099	4,427	7,526	..	..	..	5,189	17,412	22,601
1964–65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,016	3,016	3,143	1,333	(e)4,476	4,227	6,038	10,265	..	..	..	7,370	10,387	17,757
1965–66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,515	1,916	6,431	7,340	10,487	17,827	..	..	..	11,855	12,403	24,258
1966–67	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,868	2,061	6,929	7,410	10,586	17,996	..	..	..	12,278	12,647	24,925
1967–68	..	8,250	..	8,250	..	..	..	..	578	578	4,663	1,965	6,628	8,012	11,446	19,458	..	..	..	20,925	13,989	34,914
1968–69	..	1,750	..	1,750	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,243	2,635	8,878	3,443	4,919	8,362	..	..	..	11,436	7,554	18,990
1969–70	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,582	3,630	12,212	3,253	4,647	7,900	..	..	..	11,835	8,277	20,112
1970–71	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,468	580	(f)2,048	2,156	3,080	5,236	..	..	..	3,624	3,660	7,284
1971–72	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	752	272	1,024	819	1,169	1,988	1,274	1,820	3,094	2,845	3,261	6,106
1972–73	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	425	131	556	515	735	1,250	476	680	1,156	1,416	1,546	2,962
1973–74(g)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	259	60	319	209	299	508	..	..	..	468	359	827
1974–75(estimate)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	683	242	925	143	205	348	..	..	..	826	447	1,273

(a) No grants for railways made to Queensland.
(b) Figures for grants are increased and for loans decreased in each year after 1951–52 by the rebates allowable under clause 16 (3.) of the Agreement.
(c) Includes a contribution of $28,000 towards preliminary survey work.
(d) Includes advance of $16,000 repaid in 1964–65.
(e) Expenditure less repayment of advance of $16,000 made in 1963–64.
(f) Expenditure less repayment of $322,500 in 1971–72.
(g) Excludes payments for railway projects to be made under the program of assistance for urban public transport. *See* Chapter IV.

TABLE 125.—DEBT CHARGES PAID BY STATES ON LOANS MADE FOR RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS, 1952–53 TO 1974–75(*a*)

$'000

	New South Wales(*b*)			Victoria			Queensland(*b*)			South Australia			Western Australia			Tasmania			Total		
	Interest	Capital	Total	Interest	Capital	Total	Interest	Capital	Total	Interest	Capital	Total	Interest	Capital	Total	Interest	Capital	Total	Interest	Capital	Total
1952–53	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	11	35	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	11	35
1953–54	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51	22	73	..	..	..	..	..	..	51	22	73
1954–55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	70	30	100	..	..	..	..	..	..	70	30	100
1955–56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	84	36	120	..	..	..	..	..	..	84	36	120
1956–57	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	94	40	134	..	..	..	..	..	..	94	40	134
1957–58	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	104	44	148	..	..	..	..	..	..	104	44	148
1958–59	7	3	10	7	3	10	..	..	..	119	51	170	..	..	..	..	..	..	133	57	190
1959–60	31	13	44	32	12	44	..	..	..	124	53	177	..	..	..	..	..	..	187	78	265
1960–61	86	34	120	86	35	121	..	..	..	123	54	177	..	..	..	..	..	..	295	123	418
1961–62	160	63	223	160	63	223	129	..	129	119	53	172	..	..	..	..	..	..	568	179	747
1962–63	217	87	304	217	87	304	721	..	721	117	53	170	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,272	227	1,499
1963–64	235	96	331	234	96	330	1,341	..	1,341	153	69	222	161	15	176	..	..	..	2,124	276	2,400
1964–65	230	96	326	230	96	326	1,797	506	2,303	191	85	276	391	42	433	..	..	..	2,839	825	3,664
1965–66	225	96	321	225	96	321	1,858	1,009	2,867	257	108	365	727	78	805	..	..	..	3,292	1,387	4,679
1966–67	220	96	316	220	96	316	1,802	1,065	2,867	353	142	495	1,320	141	1,461	..	..	..	3,915	1,540	5,455
1967–68	215	96	311	215	96	311	1,742	1,150	2,892	454	178	632	1,813	204	2,017	..	..	..	4,439	1,724	6,163
1968–69	210	96	306	210	96	306	1,710	1,208	2,918	549	213	762	2,263	273	2,536	..	..	..	4,942	1,886	6,828
1969–70	205	96	301	205	96	301	1,642	1,276	2,918	680	262	942	2,584	1,281	3,865	..	..	..	5,316	3,011	8,327
1970–71	200	96	296	200	96	296	1,571	1,347	2,918	920	333	1,253	2,874	1,360	4,234	..	..	..	5,765	3,232	8,997
1971–72	195	96	291	195	96	291	1,496	1,422	2,918	943	344	1,287	2,971	1,628	4,599	1	..	1	5,801	3,586	9,387
1972–73	191	96	287	191	96	287	1,417	1,501	2,918	941	350	1,291	2,942	1,724	4,666	113	72	185	5,795	3,839	9,634
1973–74	186	96	282	186	96	282	1,333	1,585	2,918	925	352	1,277	2,908	1,818	4,727	144	83	227	5,682	4,030	9,713
1974–75 (estimate)	181	96	277	181	96	277	1,245	1,673	2,918	912	354	1,265	2,904	1,941	4,846	139	83	222	5,562	4,243	9,805

(*a*) For description of repayment provisions for these loans, *see* Chapter IV and Appendix IV.
(*b*) Excludes debt charges for loans made for Grafton-South Brisbane railway.

TABLE 126—ADVANCES FOR COAL LOADING FACILITIES(*a*) AND DEBT CHARGES PAID BY STATES THEREON

$'000

	New South Wales				Queensland				Total			
	Loans	Debt Charges Paid			Loans	Debt Charges Paid			Loans	Debt Charges Paid		
		Interest	Repay-ments	Total		Interest	Repay-ments	Total		Interest	Repay-ments	Total
1961–62	568	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	568	..	..	..
1962–63	996	30	56	87	..	..	..	..	996	30	56	86
1963–64	116	79	156	235	160	..	..	..	276	79	156	235
1964–65	807	77	168	245	240	5	8	13	1,047	82	176	258
1965–66	813	110	249	359	..	9	14	23	813	119	263	382
1966–67	..	139	330	469	..	9	13	22	..	148	343	491
1967–68	..	121	330	451	..	8	13	21	..	129	343	472
1968–69	..	104	330	434	..	7	13	20	..	111	343	454
1969–70	..	86	330	416	..	7	13	20	..	93	343	436
1970–71	..	68	330	398	..	6	13	19	..	74	343	417
1971–72	..	50	330	380	..	5	13	18	..	55	343	399
1972–73	..	33	273	307	..	5	13	18	..	38	287	325
1973–74	..	20	174	194	..	4	13	17	..	24	187	211
1974–75 (estimate)	..	11	162	173	..	3	13	16	..	14	175	189

(*a*) In addition, the following grants were made to New South Wales from the Coal Industry Fund: 1961–62, $344,000; 1962–63, $640,000; 1964–65, $559,000; 1965–66, $493,000.

TABLE 127—GRANTS FOR MINOR AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH(*a*)

$'000

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1963–64	8	14	25	..	..	..	46
1964–65	9	11	12	1	..	..	34
1965–66	9	..	19	..	..	..	28
1966–67	6	..	15	3	..	..	23
1967–68	7	..	23	..	..	..	30
1968–69	14	..	31	11	..	..	57
1969–70	38	13	32	15	..	..	98
1970–71	21	2	30	15	..	..	68
1971–72	19	16	42	11	14	..	102
1972–73	82	19	37	13	..	..	151
1973–74	99	23	12	17	..	..	151
1974–75 (estimate)	75	22	14	17	..	..	128

(*a*) This scheme began in 1960–61. Figures for that year and the two subsequent years are not readily available.

TABLE 128.—ADVANCES FOR BRIGALOW LANDS DEVELOPMENT SCHEME AND DEBT CHARGES THEREON(*a*)

$'000

	Advances			Interest			Repayments of Principal
	Actual	Capitalised Interest(*b*)	Total	Actual Payments	Capitalised Interest(*b*)	Total	
1962–63	1 200	..	1,200	..	..	..	..
1963–64	1,600	41	1,641	..	41	41	..
1964–65	1,400	123	1,523	..	123	123	..
1965–66	1,600	212	1,812	..	212	212	..
1966–67	2,200	309	2,509	..	309	309	..
1967–68	1,800	204	2,004	225	204	429	222
1968–69	1,100	79	1,179	432	79	511	444
1969–70	1,100	153	1,253	410	153	563	444
1970–71	300	103	403	510	103	613	553
1971–72	1,050	34	1,084	601	34	635	661
1972–73	600	98	698	566	98	664	661
1973–74	..	139	139	531	139	670	661
1974–75 (estimate)	4,200	216	4,416	497	216	713	661

(a) To Queensland only.
(b) The *Brigalow Lands Agreement Act* 1962–67, which is the legislative authority for this scheme (*see* Chapter IV), provides for the "capitalizing" of interest—that is, the addition of accruing interest to principal outstanding instead of actual payment of interest to the Australian Government. This capitalized interest effectively represents further loans by the Australian Government and is thus added to advances actually paid for purposes of this and other budget documents.

TABLE 129—GRANTS FOR CAPITAL EXPENDITURES RELATED TO THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF MEAT PRODUCTION

$'000

——	Queensland	Western Australia	Total
1950–51	450	180	630
1951–52	210	200	410
1952–53	596	200	796
1953–54	560	266	826
1954–55	202	320	522
1955–56	226	380	606
1956–57	164	104	268
1957–58	186	10	196
1958–59	32	..	32
1959–60	12	..	12
1960–61	10	4	14
1961–62	4	6	10
1962–63	1	..	1
1963–64	..	..	..
1964–65	..	..	..
1965–66	..	..	..
1966–67	..	8	8

TABLE 130—GRANTS FOR AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICES(*a*)

$'000

——	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1948–49	108	108	20	12	20	14	282
1949–50	40	..	76	30	36	..	182
1950–51	120	94	80	24	34	24	376
1951–52	176	168	150	30	36	8	568
1952–53	190	136	184	66	48	26	650
1953–54	182	228	150	80	30	38	708
1954–55	228	198	216	80	88	36	846
1955–56	290	224	200	92	88	38	932
1956–57	260	242	250	90	106	66	1,014
1957–58	260	258	256	76	84	34	968
1958–59	282	280	238	74	70	50	994
1959–60	274	220	224	102	64	46	930
1960–61	280	264	244	88	80	58	1,014
1961–62	278	250	248	90	88	56	1,010
1962–63	282	250	244	90	94	54	1,014
1963–64	328	298	294	104	104	70	1,198
1964–65	328	310	294	104	102	74	1,212
1965–66	328	298	294	104	104	74	1,202
1966–67	535	508	545	217	213	158	2,176
1967–68	760	667	664	368	294	147	2,900
1968–69	1,019	986	900	391	375	228	3,900
1969–70	1,427	1,027	966	460	493	226	4,599
1970–71	1,188	1,194	1,153	538	598	314	4,985
1971–72	1,475	1,364	1,251	651	589	349	5,679
1972–73	1,680	1,490	1,380	690	680	380	6,300
1973–74	1,797	1,601	1,525	760	771	348	6,802
1974–75 (estimate)	2,102	1,790	1,687	847	856	441	7,723

(*a*) Excludes expenditure incurred directly by the Australian Government on projects common to a number of States.

TABLE 131—GRANTS FOR THE INVESTIGATION OF WATER RESOURCES(*a*)

$'000

——	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1964–65	133	90	256	72	136	..	687
1965–66	188	80	313	53	211	16	861
1966–67	212	77	366	63	235	18	971
1967–68	359	131	414	125	260	20	1,309
1968–69	377	159	467	150	273	74	1,500
1969–70	394	163	522	142	312	68	1,601
1970–71	863	420	516	187	572	64	2,622
1971–72	..	422	544	158	670	71	1,864
1972–73	1,779	453	563	161	710	71	3,736
1973–74	1,182	762	770	371	1,300	71	4,455
1974–75 (estimate)	1,413	850	878	423	1,667	136	5,367

(*a*) Although mainly used for capital works some current expenditure has been financed from these grants. However all grants have, for purposes of this document, been treated as being for capital purposes.

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TABLE 132—GRANTS FOR THE PROMOTION OF ROAD SAFETY PRACTICES
$'000

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1947–48	34	22	22	18	22	10	128
1948–49	26	16	18	14	18	8	100
1949–50	26	16	18	14	18	8	100
1950–51	30	24	22	14	20	10	120
1951–52	30	24	22	14	20	10	120
1952–53	30	24	22	14	20	10	120
1953–54	30	24	22	14	20	10	120
1954–55	30	24	22	14	20	10	120
1955–56	44	36	34	22	30	14	180
1956–57	45	36	33	22	30	14	180
1957–58	45	36	33	23	30	13	180
1958–59	45	36	33	22	30	14	180
1959–60	45	36	33	23	30	13	180
1960–61	35	28	26	17	23	11	140
1961–62	25	20	18	13	16	8	100
1962–63	25	20	19	12	17	7	100
1963–64	25	20	18	13	16	8	100
1964–65	25	20	19	12	17	7	100
1965–66	25	20	18	13	16	8	100
1966–67	29	23	21	15	19	9	116
1967–68	29	23	21	15	19	9	116
1968–69	29	23	21	15	19	9	116
1969–70	29	23	21	15	19	9	116
1970–71	37	30	28	19	25	11	150
1971–72	37	30	28	19	25	11	150
1972–73	37	30	28	19	25	11	150
1973–74	37	30	28	19	25	11	150
1974–75 (estimate)	37	30	28	19	25	11	150

TABLE 133—ADVANCES FOR WAR SERVICE LAND SETTLEMENT AND DEBT CHARGES PAID THEREON(*a*)
$'000

	New South Wales				Victoria				Total			
	Loans	Debt Charges Paid			Loans	Debt Charges Paid			Loans	Debt Charges Paid		
		Interest	Repay-ments	Total		Interest	Repay-ments	Total		Interest	Repay-ments	Total
1955–56	3,140	18	..	18	3,220	29	..	29	6,360	47	..	47
1956–57	3,222	145	20	164	3,170	167	20	187	6,392	312	40	352
1957–58	3,421	261	40	301	4,008	282	40	322	7,428	542	81	623
1958–59	277	365	63	428	2,000	423	67	490	2,277	789	130	918
1959–60	3,482	395	67	462	2,000	529	82	611	5,482	924	149	1,073
1960–61	..	501	91	592	..	532	97	629	..	1,033	189	1,221
1961–62	..	497	95	592	..	528	101	629	..	1,026	196	1,221
1962–63	..	494	98	592	..	525	105	629	..	1,018	203	1,221
1963–64	..	490	102	592	..	521	109	629	..	1,011	211	1,221
1964–65	..	486	106	592	..	517	113	629	..	1,003	218	1,221
1965–66	..	482	110	592	..	512	117	629	..	995	227	1,221
1966–67	..	478	114	592	..	508	121	629	..	986	235	1,221
1967–68	..	474	118	592	..	503	126	629	..	977	244	1,221
1968–69	..	469	122	592	..	499	131	629	..	968	253	1,221
1969–70	..	465	127	592	..	494	135	629	..	959	263	1,221
1970–71	..	460	132	592	..	489	141	629	..	949	272	1,221
1971–72	..	455	137	592	..	483	146	629	..	939	283	1,221
1972–73	..	450	142	592	..	478	151	629	..	928	293	1,221
1973–74	..	445	147	592	..	472	157	629	..	917	304	1,221
1974–75 (estimate)	..	439	153	592	..	467	162	629	..	906	315	1,221

(*a*) See relevant section of Chapter IV.

TABLE 134.—GRANTS FOR COAL MINING INDUSTRY—LONG SERVICE LEAVE

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1950–51	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	110
1951–52	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	187
1952–53	1,047	5	200	..	95	17	1,363
1953–54	1,219	5	238	..	81	26	1,570
1954–55	842	2	156	..	57	3	1,060
1955–56	517	..	81	..	16	7	622
1956–57	579	..	102	..	30	7	720
1957–58	399	6	106	..	58	7	577
1958–59	543	2	98	..	58	8	709
1959–60	750	3	115	..	157	18	1,043
1960–61	621	..	151	..	120	26	918
1961–62	883	1	325	..	41	41	1,291
1962–63	685	..	194	..	61	14	954
1963–64	669	..	173	..	55	13	910
1964–65	731	1	205	..	64	20	1,021
1965–66	658	2	184	..	43	6	893
1966–67	723	1	157	..	37	2	920
1967–68	600	..	278	..	33	7	918
1968–69	626	..	192	..	68	6	892
1969–70	738	..	164	..	79	4	985
1970–71	828	..	136	..	93	6	1,063
1971–72	948	..	185	..	103	5	1,241
1972–73	1,604	..	316	..	90	2	2,012
1973–74	1,782	..	410	..	139	16	2,347
1974–75 (estimate)	2,374	..	620	..	140	18	3,152

TABLE 135.—GRANTS FOR RESEARCH PROJECTS

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1965–66	500	331	105	223	142	77	1,378
1966–67	656	607	205	352	155	63	2,038
1967–68	1,044	770	365	560	257	158	3,154
1968–69	899	675	373	462	276	194	2,879
1969–70	1,161	864	365	551	323	182	3,446
1970–71	1,565	954	395	759	296	202	4,170
1971–72	1,638	1,177	511	577	307	131	4,341
1972–73	2,112	1,620	641	851	370	172	5,767
1973–74	2,092	1,540	700	955	410	204	5,901
1974–75 (estimate)(a)	2,642	1,990	840	1,138	489	236	7,335

(a) The State distribution is notional only; it assumes that the proportional distribution will be the same as the average for the years 1973 and 1974.

TABLE 136.—PAYMENTS FOR NATURAL DISASTERS 1949–50 TO 1974–75(*a*)

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
PAYMENTS OF A RECURRENT NATURE							
1949–50	200	..	2	..	..	..	202
1950–51	170	30	1	5	20	..	226
1951–52	67	20	..	..	..	..	87
1952–53	116	34	..	..	..	..	150
1953–54	200	4	..	..	..	..	204
1954–55	786	..	4	..	..	..	789
1955–56	104	12	13	100	..	..	229
1956–57	30	80	..	100	..	..	210
1957–58	40	..	16	..	..	..	56
1958–59	..	..	2	..	..	..	2
1959–60	..	1	44	70	..	..	115
1960–61	..	..	..	..	65	..	65
1961–62	100	100	..	..	67	..	267
1962–63	130	..	..	..	..	..	130
1963–64	120	..	..	..	..	..	120
1964–65	60	20	..	20	..	..	100
1965–66	5,532	40	4,174	..	..	..	9,746
1966–67	(*b*)7,600	..	3,197	..	..	1,350	12,147
1967–68	4,398	5,291	2,483	725	..	200	13,097
1968–69	(*c*)3,411	6,000	1,210	1,026	50	..	11,697
1969–70	21	277	8,940	(*d*)−56	42	(*e*)−140	9,084
1970–71	980	43	8,921	..	..	..	9,944
1971–72	..	..	1,188	..	..	(*g*)−45	1,143
1972–73	..	40	(*h*)−35	..	..	..	5
1973–74	300	22	(*f*)3,990	..	..	..	4,312
1974–75 (estimate)	300	208	50	..	..	..	558
PAYMENTS OF A CAPITAL NATURE—GRANTS							
1949–50	..	..	21	..	..	..	21
1950–51	403	..	2	..	..	..	405
1951–52	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
1952–53	..	..	3	..	..	..	3
1953–54	10	..	..	..	..	..	10
1954–55	408	..	9	..	..	..	416
1955–56	560	..	1	..	..	..	561
1956–57	..	500	1	723	..	..	1,224
1957–58	..	420	..	701	..	..	1,121
1958–59	5	76	160	266	..	..	508
1959–60	..	..	212	..	..	..	212
1960–61	..	..	129	..	..	451	580
1961–62	..	..	44	..	320	10	375
1962–63	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1963–64	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964–65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965–66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1966–67	..	..	556	..	..	650	1,206
1967–68	..	..	555	..	..	3,850	4,405
1968–69	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1969–70	..	..	..	..	130	(*e*)−100	30
1970–71	3,658	..	694	..	31	(*f*)240	4,623
1971–72	..	..	5,330	..	..	(*g*)100	5,430
1972–73	..	..	..	..	..	(*i*)−3	−3
1973–74	..	..	(*j*)20,213	..	..	(*k*)−3	20,210
1974–75 (estimate)	9,406	5,200	24,250	500	..	..	39,356
PAYMENTS OF A CAPITAL NATURE—LOANS							
1949–50	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1950–51	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1951–52	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1952–53	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1953–54	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1954–55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1955–56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1956–57	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1957–58	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1958–59	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1959–60	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1960–61	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1961–62	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1962–63	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1963–64	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964–65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965–66	8,668	..	3,326	..	..	..	11,994
1966–67	5,460	..	1,760	..	..	500	7,720
1967–68	3,300	2,709	568	275	..	3,600	10,452
1968–69	5,160	3,000	805	274	..	1,195	10,434
1969–70	..	93	4,953	..	..	(*e*)−187	4,859
1970–71	562	..	4,750	..	..	(*f*)−456	4,856
1971–72	..	..	371	..	..	(*g*)−32	339
1972–73	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1973–74	..	..	3,656	..	..	..	3,656
1974–75 (estimate)	2,350	600	1,800	..	..	..	4,750

TABLE 136.—PAYMENTS FOR NATURAL DISASTERS 1949–50 TO 1974–75(*a*)—*continued*

$'000

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
			TOTAL PAYMENTS				
1949–50	200	..	23	..	..	..	223
1950–51	573	30	3	5	20	..	631
1951–52	67	20	1	..	..	..	88
1952–53	116	34	3	..	..	..	153
1953–54	210	4	..	..	..	..	215
1954–55	1,193	..	12	..	..	..	1,206
1955–56	664	12	14	100	..	..	790
1956–57	30	580	1	823	..	..	1,434
1957–58	40	420	16	701	..	..	1,177
1958–59	5	76	162	266	..	..	509
1959–60	..	1	256	70	..	..	327
1960–61	..	..	129	..	65	451	645
1961–62	100	100	44	..	387	10	641
1962–63	130	..	..	..	..	..	130
1963–64	120	..	..	..	..	..	120
1964–65	60	20	..	20	..	..	100
1965–66	14,200	40	7,500	..	..	..	21,740
1966–67	(*b*)13,060	..	5,513	..	..	2,500	21,073
1967–68	7,698	8,000	3,606	1,000	..	7,650	27,954
1968–69	(*c*)8,571	9,000	2,015	1,300	50	1,195	22,131
1969–70	21	370	13,893	(*d*)−56	171	(*e*)−427	13,972
1970–71	5,200	43	14,365	..	31	(*f*)−216	19,423
1971–72	..	..	6,889	..	..	(*g*)23	6,912
1972–73	..	40	(*h*)−35	..	..	(*i*)−3	2
1973–74	300	22	(*j*)27,859	..	..	(*k*)−3	28,178
1974–75 (estimate)	12,056	6,008	26,100	500	..	..	44,664

(*a*) Excludes the cost of emergency services provided by the Defence Services.

Certain refunds of overpayments to the States for natural disaster relief and restoration measures have been received in financial years subsequent to the disasters to which they relate. These refunds have been taken into account in the financial years received from the States, as indicated below:

Year Refund Received	From State	Disaster to which Refunds are Related and Original Purpose	Amount of Refund Received
			$
(*b*) 1966–67	New South Wales	Flood relief in 1964–65—Recurrent grants	21,000
(*c*) 1968–69	New South Wales	Flood relief in 1966–67 and 1967–68—Recurrent grants	58,000
(*d*) 1969–70	South Australia	Drought relief in 1968–69—Recurrent grants	56,000
(*e*) 1969–70	Tasmania	Bushfire relief in 1967–68—	
		Recurrent grants	140,000
		Capital grants	100,000
		Loans	260,000
(*f*) 1970–71	Tasmania	Bushfire relief in 1967–68—	
		Capital grants	28,000
		Loans	472,000
(*g*) 1971–72	Tasmania	Bushfire relief in 1967–68—	
		Recurrent grants	45,000
		Capital grants	43,000
		Loans	32,000
(*h*) 1972–73	Queensland	Flood and Cyclone Relief in 1971–72—Recurrent grant	35,000
(*i*) 1972–73	Tasmania	Bushfire relief in 1967–68—Capital grants	3,000
(*j*) 1973–74	Queensland	Drought, flood and Cyclone Relief in 1971–72—	
		Recurrent grants (net reimbursement)	−1,000
		Capital grants	25,000
(*k*) 1973–74	Tasmania	Bushfire relief in 1967–68—Capital grants	3,000

TABLE 137.—PAYMENTS FOR NATURAL DISASTERS, BY TYPE OF DISASTER, 1962–63 TO 1974–75(*a*)(*b*)

$'000

—	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
DROUGHT							
1962–63	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1963–64	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964–65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965–66	14,200	..	7,500	..	..	..	21,700
1966–67	13,023	..	4,888	..	..	..	17,911
1967–68	7,598	8,000	2,957	1,000	..	..	19,555
1968–69	8,529	9,000	2,015	1,300	..	125	20,969
1969–70	21	170	13,893	−56	..	73	14,101
1970–71	..	..	13,632	..	..	16	13,648
1971–72	..	..	1,502	..	..	..	1,502
1972–73	..	..	−5	..	..	..	−5
1973–74	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1974–75 (estimate)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
FLOOD AND STORM							
1962–63	130	..	..	..	..	..	130
1963–64	120	..	..	..	..	..	120
1964–65	60	..	..	..	..	..	60
1965–66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1966–67	37	..	625	..	..	..	662
1967–68	100	..	649	..	..	..	749
1968–69	−58	..	..	..	..	..	−58
1969–70	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1970–71	5,200	..	..	..	..	268	5,468
1971–72	..	..	2,754	..	..	143	2,897
1972–73	..	40	−30	..	..	..	10
1973–74	300	22	27,859	..	..	..	28,181
1974–75 (estimate)	12,056	6,008	26,100	500	..	..	44,664
BUSHFIRE							
1962–63	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1963–64	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964–65	..	20	..	20	..	..	40
1965–66	..	40	..	..	..	..	40
1966–67	..	..	..	..	..	2,500	2,500
1967–68	..	..	..	..	..	7,650	7,650
1968–69	100	..	..	..	..	1,070	1,170
1969–70	..	200	..	..	..	−500	−300
1970–71	..	43	..	..	..	−500	−457
1971–72	..	..	..	..	..	−120	−120
1972–73	..	..	..	..	..	−3	−3
1973–74	..	..	..	..	..	−3	−3
1974–75 (estimate)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
CYCLONE AND EARTHQUAKE(*c*)							
1962–63	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1963–64	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1964–65	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1965–66	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1966–67	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1967–68	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1968–69	..	..	..	..	50	..	50
1969–70	..	..	..	..	171	..	171
1970–71	..	..	733	..	31	..	764
1971–72	..	..	2,633	..	..	..	2,633
1972–73	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1973–74	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1974–75 (estimate)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
ALL NATURAL DISASTERS							
1962–63	130	..	..	..	..	..	130
1963–64	120	..	..	..	..	..	120
1964–65	60	20	..	20	..	..	100
1965–66	14,200	40	7,500	..	..	..	21,740
1966–67	13,060	..	5,513	..	..	2,500	21,073
1967–68	7,698	8,000	3,606	1,000	..	7,650	27,954
1968–69	8,571	9,000	2,015	1,300	50	1,195	22,131
1969–70	21	370	13,893	−56	171	−427	13,972
1970–71	5,200	43	14,365	..	31	−216	19,423
1971–72	..	..	6,889	..	..	23	6,912
1972–73	..	40	−35	..	..	−3	2
1973–74	300	22	27,859	..	..	−3	28,178
1974–75 (estimate)	12,056	6,008	26,100	500	..	..	44,664

(a) Excludes the cost of emergency assistance provided by the Defence Services.
(*b*) Amounts shown are payments made in each financial year less refunds made within the same financial year; refunds made in subsequent years are deducted in the year in which they were received (also *see* footnotes to Table 136).
(*c*) Amounts paid to Queensland were for cyclone relief assistance and those to Western Australia for earthquake relief assistance.

APPENDIX V—TABLES OF ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES NET ADVANCES AND NET PAYMENTS

TABLE NO.	SUBJECT
138	Six States Combined—Advances, Debt Charges on Advances and Net Advances, 1962–63 to 1974–75.
139	New South Wales—Advances, Debt Charges on Advances and Net Advances, 1962–63 to 1974–75.
140	Victoria—Advances, Debt Charges on Advances and Net Advances, 1962–63 to 1974–75.
141	Queensland—Advances, Debt Charges on Advances and Net Advances, 1962–63 to 1974–75.
142.	South Australia—Advances, Debt Charges on Advances and Net Advances, 1962–63 to 1974–75.
143	Western Australia—Advances, Debt Charges on Advances and Net Advances, 1962–63 to 1974–75.
144	Tasmania—Advances, Debt Charges on Advances and Net Advances, 1962–63 to 1974–75.
145	Total Australian Government Loans to States and State Government Loan Council Borrowings—Net Basis, By States, 1956–57 to 1973–74.
146	Payments to the States and Loan Council Borrowings, Net Basis, 1956–57 to 1974–75.
147	State Governments, Debt Outstanding, 1956 to 1974.

TABLE 138.—SIX STATES COMBINED— ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES

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——	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
						ADVANCES(*a*)							
oan Council Borrowings ..	412,778	443,700	477,300	488,000	525,000	554,160	584,000	625,770	481,450	672,900	733,461	588,693	700,801
ustralian Government Loans—													
Special Budgetary Assistance ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,000	..	17,500	15,000	..	..
Housing for Servicemen ..	2,902	3,964	12,415	7,242	7,753	7,103	6,899	9,461	9,227	7,034	6,163	7,766	16,109
Aboriginal Advancement								350					
Housing(*b*)	97,222	100,300	102,700	117,000	120,000	122,840	126,000	132,230	141,550	..	6,550	218,650	235,000
Growth Centres ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,213	(*g*)n.a.
Land Acquisition ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,531	(*g*)n.a.
Community Facilities— Townsville	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60	301	67
Exmouth Township ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	59	269	12	..	..	..
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27,905	(*g*)n.a.
Beef Cattle Roads ..	..	1,998	2,300	2,000	2,252	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Railway Projects ..	16,126	17,412	10,387	12,403	12,647	13,989	7,554	8,277	3,660	3,261	1,546	359	447
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,690	1,696	613	–142	784	905	800
King Island Harbour Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	557	..	10
King Island Shipping Service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,415
Coal Loading Facilities ..	996	196	927	813	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Northern Harbours ..	..	350	550	577	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Derby Jetty	300	350	150	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Weipa Development ..	..	..	..	2,717	553	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Natural Gas	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,000	..	2,250	1,750	..	..	..
Julius Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,000
Gladstone Power Station .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14,000	26,607	32,000
Hydro-electricity ..	..	..	..	..	..	5,300	3,200	9,700	3,211	2,500	..	..	..
Blowering Reservoir ..	..	840	3,492	5,581	6,233	3,800	600	..	..	..	..	..	–198
Softwood Forestry ..	..	..	..	..	291	3,456	3,872	4,814	4,784	389	9,459	4,875	7,376
Marginal Dairy Farms ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,543	3,797	1,499	538	8,500
Canned Fruit Industry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,364	..	1,902	..	..
Sugar Industry	..	..	..	..	..	23,328	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rural Reconstruction ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,000	30,000	38,100	26,825	22,500
Ord River Project ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	140	167	409	1,405	1,030
Dartmouth Dam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,025	2,850	6,000
Chowilla Reservoir ..	..	100	156	472	528	221	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
W.A. Water Supply ..	..	..	..	1,250	1,250	1,500	2,050	2,000	1,792	2,000	158	..	..
Brigalow Lands Development Scheme ..	1,200	1,641	1,523	1,812	2,509	2,004	1,179	1,253	403	1,084	698	139	4,416
Natural Disasters ..	..	..	..	11,994	7,720	10,452	10,434	4,859	4,856	339	..	3,656	4,750
Total Australian Government Loans	118,746	127,151	134,600	163,861	161,736	193,993	175,478	184,699	183,662	69,691	98,910	339,525	n.a.
TOTAL ADVANCES	531,524	570,851	611,900	651,861	686,736	748,153	759,478	810,469	665,112	742,591	832,371	928,218	n.a.

TABLE 138.—SIX STATES COMBINED— ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES—*continued*

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate
REPAYMENTS OF ADVANCES													
Sinking Fund Payments on Loan Council Borrowings(c)	66,935	72,486	76,958	82,503	88,105	94,157	100,469	107,895	115,067	123,280	132,195	140,783	148,594
Repayments of Australian Government Loans—													
Special Budgetary Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16,500
Housing for Servicemen	92	112	143	218	265	316	367	416	466	512	555	592	631
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	19	19	19
Housing	7,374	8,187	9,111	10,019	10,975	11,981	13,046	14,151	15,182	16,131	16,721	17,367	18,500
Exmouth Township	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	14	14	14
Beef Cattle Roads	..	..	..	..	..	570	570	570	570	570	570	570	570
Railway Projects	227	276	825	1,387	1,540	1,724	1,886	3,011	3,232	3,586	3,839	4,030	4,243
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	136	141	146	154	185
King Island Harbour Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	37	37
Coal Loading Facilities	56	156	176	263	343	343	343	343	343	343	287	187	175
Northern Harbours	..	..	..	..	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98
Derby Jetty	..	..	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
Weipa Development	..	..	..	..	..	49	51	54	56	59	63	66	69
Natural Gas	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,875	1,875	1,875
Julius Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34
Hydro-electricity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,989	2,989
Blowering Reservoir	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42	259
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	72	62
Canned Fruit Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,801	889
Sugar Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,855	1,947	2,045	2,147	2,254
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	183
Chowilla Reservoir	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	18
War Service Land Settlement	203	211	218	227	235	244	253	263	272	283	293	304	315
Brigalow Lands Development Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	222	444	444	553	661	661	661	661
Natural Disasters	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,402	3,196	4,425	4,760	5,317	6,274	6,004
Total Repayments of Australian Government Loans	7,952	8,942	10,526	12,167	13,509	15,600	19,513	22,601	27,241	29,196	32,563	39,357	56,637
TOTAL SINKING FUND PAYMENTS AND REPAYMENTS OF LOANS	74,887	81,428	87,484	94,670	101,614	109,757	119,982	130,496	142,308	152,476	164,758	180,140	205,231
NET ADVANCES(d) (Advances *less* Repayments)													
Loan Council Borrowings	345,843	371,214	400,342	405,497	436,895	460,003	483,531	517,875	366 383	549,620	601,266	447,910	552,207
Australian Government Loans	110,794	118,209	124,074	151,694	148,227	178,393	155,965	162,098	156,421	40,495	66,347	300,168	n.a.
TOTAL NET ADVANCES	456,637	489,423	524,416	557,191	585,122	638,396	639,496	679,973	522,804	590,115	667,613	748,078	n.a.

TABLE 138.—SIX STATES COMBINED— ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES—*continued*

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
INTEREST ON ADVANCES													
Interest on Loan Council Borrowings(e)(f)	266,087	282,001	304,273	329,953	351,549	379,854	406,482	446,849	479,277	537,265	567,067	603,771	660,000
Interest on Australian Government Loans—													
Special Budgetary Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	650	650	1,578	2,463
Housing for Servicemen	597	719	934	1,390	1,656	1,977	2,266	2,573	3,126	3,572	4,007	4,501	5,096
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	16	16	16
Housing	31,333	34,808	38,514	42,016	46,513	51,490	56,657	61,852	67,672	73,974	73,343	77,282	86,400
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2,757
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31	2,400
Exmouth Township	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	29	23	22	21
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,928
Beef Cattle Roads	..	32	133	258	348	422	394	365	337	308	279	251	222
Railway Projects	1,274	2,124	2,839	3,292	3,915	4,439	4,942	5,316	5,765	5,801	5,795	5,682	5,562
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	75	249	247	256	324
King Island Harbour Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34	33
Coal Loading Facilities	30	79	82	119	148	129	111	93	74	55	38	24	14
Northern Harbours	..	5	30	60	72	67	62	57	52	47	43	38	33
Derby Jetty	2	25	36	35	32	30	27	24	22	19	17	14	12
Weipa Development	..	..	..	..	..	176	175	172	169	166	163	160	156
Natural Gas	..	..	..	..	..	..	298	612	648	806	858	747	636
Julius Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	87
Hydro-electricity	..	..	..	..	..	..	286	519	1,103	1,338	1,492	1,452	1,264
Blowering Reservoir	..	..	39	220	513	840	1,040	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,069
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	141	450	531
Canned Fruit Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	578	392	291
Sugar Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,166	1,074	976	874	767
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	148	1,958	4,196	6,740
Ord River Project	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	17	29	110	200
Dartmouth Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	74	265
Chowilla Reservoir	..	..	5	13	38	65	77	77	77	77	77	77	77
W.A. Water Supply	..	..	..	21	101	172	262	374	500	618	705	707	707
War Service Land Settlement	1,018	1,011	1,003	995	986	977	968	959	949	939	928	917	906
Brigalow Lands Development Scheme	..	41	123	212	309	429	511	563	613	635	664	670	713
Total Interest on Australian Government Loans	342,254	38,844	43,738	48,631	54,631	61,213	68,076	74,632	83,426	91,621	94,099	101,628	121,690
TOTAL INTEREST ON LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS AND AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS(f)	300,341	320,085	348,011	378,584	406,180	441 067	474,558	521,481	562,703	628,887	661,156	705,399	781,690

(a) For purposes of these tables advances comprise the States' Loan Council borrowing programs and Australian Government loans to the States. *See* Chapter I of this document and footnote (*d*) below.

(b) Comprising advances made under Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements in force to 1970–71, special housing advances totalling $6,550,000 made in 1972–73 and advances from 1973–74 under the Housing Agreement 1973. Does not include advances for housing for servicemen.

(c) Includes sinking fund contributions on State debt made by the Australian Government, which are included in this document as payments for the States. Amounts shown equal total receipts of the Sinking Funds on the States' Debts controlled by the National Debt Commission. For details of these receipts, *see* Table No. 6 in the Annual Reports of the Commission.

(d) Figures derived from those shown above by subtracting sinking fund payments from Loan Council borrowings and repayments of Australian Government loans from the amounts of those loans each year. As explained in the Introduction to this document, national accounting estimates of Australian Government outlays published by the Treasury and by the Australian Bureau of Statistics show advances (including the States' Loan Council borrowing programs) on a net basis. The figures shown here coincide with those shown in the national accounting estimates. The figures shown in other sections of this document are all on a gross basis—that is, *before* deducting re-payments.

(e) Includes interest on the States' domestic raisings.

(f) For technical reasons, associated mainly with the rates at which payments in overseas currencies are converted into Australian currency, the amounts shown in this document differ slightly from the corresponding amounts shown in the statements attached to the Budget Speech.

(g) Dissection of payments between grants and loans not available. *See* the relevant sections of Chapter IV.

TABLE 139.—NEW SOUTH WALES—
ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES
$'000

——	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	197 (Esti
ADVANCES(*a*)													
Loan Council Borrowings ..	130,808	140,020	149,470	152,150	163,640	172,240	182,070	194,590	148,900	214,020	233,285	183,078	21
Australian Government Loans—													
Special Budgetary Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17,500	15,000	..	
Housing for Servicemen ..	1,201	1,163	3,132	4,104	1,825	1,530	1,558	3,211	2,848	5,545	3,539	4,539	
Housing(*b*)	32,600	33,000	35,000	40,271	41,500	43,080	43,750	46,500	48,300	..	3,500	86,000	
Growth Centres ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	133	
Land Acquisition ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,200	
Railway Projects ..	104	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	736	303	232	..	190	
Coal Loading Facilities ..	996	116	807	813	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Blowering Reservoir ..	..	840	3,492	5,581	6,233	3,800	600	..	..	..	..	..	
Softwood Forestry ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,500	1,200	1,800	1,401	..	3,237	2,000	
Marginal Dairy Farms ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	500	250	125	
Canned Fruit Industry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	874	..	670	..	
Rural Reconstruction ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,000	8,250	10,125	7,875	
Dartmouth Dam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	675	950	
Chowilla Reservoir ..	..	100	156	472	528	221	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Natural Disasters ..	..	..	..	8,668	5,460	3,300	5,160	..	562	..	..	..	
Total Australian Covernment Loans	34,901	35,219	42,587	59,909	55,546	53,431	52,268	52,247	57,288	32,027	36,996	113,012	n.
TOTAL ADVANCES	165,709	175,239	192,057	212,059	219,186	225,671	234,338	246,837	206,188	246,047	270,281	296,090	n.
REPAYMENTS OF ADVANCES													
Sinking Fund Payments on Loan Council Borrowings(*c*)	22,374	24,655	25,505	27,295	29,125	31,142	33,154	35,667	38,246	40,961	44,100	46,903	4
Repayments of Australian Government Loans—													
Special Budgetary Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Housing for Servicemen ..	35	43	53	73	97	111	123	136	155	169	192	209	
Housing	2,633	2,902	3,219	3,526	3,856	4,204	4,576	4,960	5,322	5,647	5,854	6,092	
Railway Projects ..	87	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	37	37	37	
Coal Loading Facilities ..	56	156	168	249	330	330	330	330	330	330	273	174	
Blowering Reservoir ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42	
Canned Fruit Industry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	536	
Rural Reconstruction ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Chowilla Reservoir ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	
War Service Land Settlement	98	102	106	110	114	118	122	127	132	137	142	147	
Natural Disasters ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,766	1,766	2,824	2,824	2,179	3,092	
Total Repayments of Australian Government Loans	2,909	3,299	3,642	4,054	4,493	4,859	7,013	7,415	8,881	9,240	8,773	10,430	1
TOTAL SINKING FUND PAYMENTS AND REPAYMENTS OF LOANS ..	25,283	27,954	29,147	31,349	33,618	36,001	40,167	43,082	47,127	50,201	52,873	57,333	6
NET ADVANCES(*d*) (Advances *less* Repayments)													
Loan Council Borrowings	108,434	115,365	123,965	124,855	134,515	141,098	148,916	158,923	110,654	173,059	189,185	136,175	16
Australian Government Loans	31,992	31,920	38,945	55,855	51,053	48,572	45,255	44,832	48,407	22,787	28,223	102,582	n.
TOTAL NET ADVANCES ..	140,426	147,285	162,910	180,710	185,568	189,670	194,171	203,755	159,061	195,846	217,408	238,757	n.

TABLE 139.—NEW SOUTH WALES—
ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES—*continued*

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
INTEREST ON ADVANCES													
Interest on Loan Council Borrowings	92,521	97,451	104,756	112,615	119,490	127,463	135,695	147,705	158,541	177,636	186,481	198,106	215,906
Interest on Australian Government Loans—													
Special Budgetary Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	928	1,813
Housing for Servicemen	226	275	332	439	605	679	740	827	960	1,122	1,448	1,673	2,055
Housing	10,860	11,967	13,250	14,491	15,948	17,673	19,455	21,350	23,174	25,510	25,292	27,095	30,302
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	822
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	807
Railway Projects	217	235	230	225	220	215	210	205	200	195	191	186	181
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	42	68	65	63	70
Coal Loading Facilities	30	79	77	110	139	121	104	86	68	50	33	20	11
Blowering Reservoir	..	..	39	220	513	840	1,040	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,072	1,069
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	44	65
Canned Fruit Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	16
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	730	1,274	2,027
Dartmouth Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	88
Chowilla Reservoir	..	..	5	13	38	65	77	77	77	77	77	77	77
War Service Land Settlement	494	490	486	482	478	474	469	465	460	455	450	445	439
Total Interest on Australian Government Loans	11,827	13,046	14,419	15,980	17,941	20,067	22,095	24,082	26,053	28,549	29,358	32,932	n.a.
TOTAL INTEREST ON LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS AND AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS	104,348	110,497	119,175	128,595	137,431	147,530	157,790	171,787	184,594	206,185	215,839	231,038	n.a.

(*a*) For purposes of these tables advances comprise the State's Loan Council borrowing programs and Australian Government loans to the State. *See* Chapter I of this document and footnote (*d*) below.

(*b*) Comprising advances made under Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements in force to 1970–71, the State's share of special housing advances totalling $6,550,000 made in 1972–73 and advances from 1973–74 under the Housing Agreement 1973. Does not include advances for housing for servicemen.

(*c*) Includes sinking fund contributions on State debt made by the Australian Government, which are included in this document as payments for States. Amounts shown equal total receipts of the Sinking Funds on the State's Debts controlled by the National Debt Commission. For details of these receipts, *see* Table No. 6 in the Annual Reports of the Commission.

(*d*) Figures derived from those shown above by subtracting sinking fund payments from Loan Council borrowings and repayments of Australian Government loans from the amounts of those loans each year. As explained in the Introduction to this document, national accounting estimates of Australian Government outlays published by the Treasury and by the Australian Bureau of Statistics show advances (including the States' Loan Council borrowing programs) on a net basis. The figures shown here coincide with those shown in the national accounting estimates. The figures shown in other sections of this document are all on a gross basis—that is, *before* deducting re-payments.

(*e*) Dissection of payments between grants and loans not available. *See* the relevant sections of Chapter IV.

TABLE 140.—VICTORIA—
ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES
$'000

——	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate
ADVANCES(a)													
Loan Council Borrowings ..	105,360	112,270	120,954	123,206	132,520	139,700	146,620	157,870	121,670	171,670	187,115	149,738	174,51
Australian Government Loans—													
Special Budgetary Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,000	..	..	..	..	..
Housing for Servicemen ..	899	1,128	7,360	2,441	940	766	1,538	1,233	3,548	1,165	2,019	2,691	3,13
Housing(b)	25,700	26,500	27,000	31,126	32,020	33,000	34,500	35,500	36,500	..	1,500	53,500	61,40
Growth Centres ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,021	(f)n.a.
Land Acquisition ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,531	(f)n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,300	(f)n.a.
Railway Projects ..	789	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Softwood Forestry ..	..	..	..	..	..	300	500	480	815	..	1,542	..	1,65
Marginal Dairy Farms ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	143	45	73	2,11
Canned Fruit Industry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,200	..	849	..	..
Rural Reconstruction ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,375	10,178	5,700	3,94
Dartmouth Dam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	675	950	2,00
Natural Disasters ..	..	..	..	..	..	2,709	3,000	93	..	..	..	..	60
Total Australian Government Loans	27,388	27,628	34,360	33,567	32,960	36,775	39,538	47,306	45,063	7,683	16,808	76,766	n.a.
TOTAL ADVANCES	132,748	139,898	155,314	156,773	165,480	176,475	186,158	205,176	166,733	179,353	203,923	226,504	n.a.
REPAYMENTS OF ADVANCES													
Sinking Fund Payments on Loan Council Borrowings(c)	16,857	18,101	19,361	20,769	22,138	23,528	25,167	26,793	28,270	30,293	32,416	34,688	36,34
Repayments of Australian Government Loans—													
Special Budgetary Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,00
Housing for Servicemen ..	30	36	45	88	105	114	122	135	146	162	172	184	19
Housing	2,513	2,743	3,011	3,267	3,541	3,830	4,135	4,455	4,755	5,027	5,204	5,389	5,66
Railway Projects ..	87	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	96	9
Canned Fruit Industry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	916	72
War Service Land Settlement	105	109	113	117	121	126	131	135	141	146	151	157	16
Natural Disasters ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	725	725	725	725	725	72
Total Repayments of Australian Government Loans	2,735	2,984	3,265	3,568	3,863	4,166	4,484	5,546	5,863	6,156	6,348	7,467	17,56
TOTAL SINKING FUND PAYMENTS AND REPAYMENTS OF LOANS	19,592	21,085	22,626	24,337	26,001	27,694	29,651	32,339	34,133	36,449	38,764	42,155	53,90
NET ADVANCES(d) (Advances *less* Repayments)													
Loan Council Borrowings	88,503	94,169	101,593	102,437	110,382	116,172	121,453	131,077	93,400	141,377	154,699	115,050	138,17
Australian Government Loans ..	24,653	24,644	31,095	29,999	29,097	32,609	35,054	41,760	39,200	1,527	10,460	69,299	n.a.
TOTAL NET ADVANCES ..	113,156	118,813	132,688	132,436	139,479	148,781	156,507	172,837	132,600	142,904	165,159	184,349	n.a.

TABLE 140.—VICTORIA—
ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES—*continued*
$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
INTEREST ON ADVANCES													
Interest on Loan Council Borrowings(e)	63,857	68,135	73,259	78,995	84,935	92,613	99,277	109,293	117,267	131,720	139,711	149,034	162,701
Interest on Australian Government Loans—													
Special Budgetary Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	650	650	650	650
Housing for Servicemen	191	233	329	601	667	695	729	790	885	1,043	1,140	1,378	1,551
Housing	9,951	10,863	11,815	12,594	13,819	15,246	16,637	17,929	19,371	21,114	20,920	21,735	24,140
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,469
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31	n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	554
Railway Projects	217	234	230	225	220	215	210	205	200	195	191	186	181
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	16
Canned Fruit Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	578	340	274
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	358	975	1,556
Dartmouth Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	88
War Service Land Settlement	525	521	517	512	508	503	499	494	489	483	478	472	467
Total Interest on Australian Government Loans	10,884	11,851	12,891	13,932	15,214	16,659	18,075	19,418	20,945	23,485	24,315	25,804	n.a.
TOTAL INTEREST ON LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS AND AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS	74,741	79,986	86,150	92,927	100,149	109,272	117,352	128,711	138,212	155,205	164,026	174,838	n.a.

(*a*) For purposes of these tables advances comprise the State's Loan Council borrowing programs and Australian Government loans to the State. *See* Chapter I of this document and footnote (*d*) below.
(*b*) Comprising advances made under Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements in force to 1970–71, the State's share of special housing advances totalling $6,550,000 made in 1972–73 and advances from 1973–74 under the Housing Agreement 1973. Does not include advances for housing for servicemen.
(*c*) Includes sinking fund contributions on State debt made by the Australian Government, which are included in this document as payments for the States. Amounts shown equal total receipts of the Sinking Funds on the State's Debts controlled by the National Debt Commission. For details of these receipts, *see* Table No. 6 in the Annual Reports of the Commission.
(*d*) Figures derived from those shown above by subtracting sinking fund payments from Loan Council borrowings and repayments of Australian Government loans from the amounts of those loans each year. As explained in the Introduction to this document, national accounting estimates of Australian Government outlays published by the Treasury and by the Australian Bureau of Statistics show advances (including the State's Loan Council borrowing programs) on a net basis. The figures shown here coincide with those shown in the national accounting estimates. The figures shown in other sections of this document are all on a gross basis—that is, *before* deducting re-payments.
(*e*) Includes interest on the State's domestic raisings.
(*f*) Dissection of payments between grants and loans not available. *See* the relevant sections of Chapter IV.

TABLE 141.—QUEENSLAND—
ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES

$'000

——	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
ADVANCES(*a*)													
Loan Council Borrowings	53,400	60,200	66,752	68,016	72,510	76,560	80,540	85,980	67,910	85,090	92,752	78,236	102,024
Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen	702	1,421	1,631	453	4,680	3,567	2,896	4,109	1,298	..	400	200	2,969
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	350	..	..	..	..	..
Housing(*b*)	7,800	8,600	6,600	8,497	9,060	9,060	9,250	9,880	10,500	..	350	17,400	20,900
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(*f*)n.a.
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(*f*)n.a.
Community Facilities—													
Townsville	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60	301	67
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,007	(*f*)n.a.
Beef Cattle Roads	..	1,998	2,300	2,000	2,252	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Railway Projects	11,917	12,100	3,016	..	..	578	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coal Loading Facilities	..	80	120	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Weipa Development	..	..	..	2,717	553	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Julius Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,000
Gladstone Power Station	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14,000	26,607	32,000
Softwood Forestry	..	..	..	..	201	481	954	925	1,144	196	2,160	1,535	1,750
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,385	2,750	1,000	328	3,545
Sugar Industry	..	..	..	..	..	23,328	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7,950	5,475	5,525	2,787
Brigalow Lands Development Scheme	1,200	1,641	1,523	1,812	2,509	2,004	1,179	1,253	403	1,084	698	139	4,416
Natural Disasters	..	..	..	3,326	1,760	568	805	4,953	4,750	371	..	3,656	1,800
Total Australian Government Loans	21,619	25,840	15,190	18,805	21,015	39,586	15,084	21,470	19,480	12,351	24,143	57,698	n.a.
TOTAL ADVANCES	75,019	86,040	81,942	86,821	93,525	116,146	95,624	107,450	87,390	97,441	116,895	135,934	n.a.
REPAYMENTS OF ADVANCES													
Sinking Fund Payments on Loan Council Borrowings(*c*)	8,409	8,984	9,643	10,334	11,089	11,907	12,694	13,686	14,611	15,701	16,815	17,907	19,027
Repayments of Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen	14	19	29	38	42	69	90	108	125	134	141	147	154
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	19	19	19
Housing	734	813	876	952	1,029	1,112	1,198	1,286	1,365	1,441	1,491	1,545	1,634
Beef Cattle Roads	..	..	..	..	..	570	570	570	570	570	570	570	570
Railway Projects	..	..	506	1,009	1,065	1,150	1,208	1,276	1,347	1,422	1,501	1,585	1,673
Coal Loading Facilities	..	..	8	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Weipa Development	..	..	..	..	..	49	51	54	56	59	63	66	69
Julius Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	38
Sugar Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,855	1,947	2,045	2,147	2,254
Brigalow Lands Development Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	222	444	444	553	661	661	661	661
Natural Disasters	..	..	..	..	..	..	636	636	807	807	2,020	2,067	2,067
Total Repayments of Australian Government Loans	748	832	1,419	2,013	2,149	3,185	4,210	4,387	6,691	7,093	8,524	8,825	9,186
TOTAL SINKING FUND PAYMENTS AND REPAYMENTS OF LOANS	9,157	9,816	11,062	12,347	13,238	15,092	16,904	18,073	21,302	22,794	25,339	26,732	28,213
NET ADVANCES(*d*) (Advances *less* Repayments)													
Loan Council Borrowings	44,991	51,216	57,109	57,682	61,421	64,653	67,846	72,294	53,299	69,389	75,937	60,329	82,997
Australian Government Loans	20,871	25,008	13,771	16,792	18,866	36,401	10,874	17,083	12,789	5,258	15,619	48,873	n.a.
TOTAL NET ADVANCES	65,862	76,224	70,880	74,474	80,287	101,054	78,720	89,377	66,088	74,647	91,556	109,202	n.a.

TABLE 141.—QUEENSLAND—
ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES—*continued*

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
INTEREST ON ADVANCES													
Interest on Loan Council Borrowings(e)	32,403	34,254	37,459	41,350	44,411	48,907	52,394	58,586	62,346	69,376	72,930	77,206	85,668
Interest on Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen	99	126	179	245	265	461	610	735	975	1,047	1,041	1,061	1,074
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	16	16	16
Housing	2,984	3,277	3,538	3,735	4,076	4,405	4,788	5,154	5,632	6,160	6,102	6,337	7,122
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	204
Beef Cattle Roads	..	32	133	258	348	422	394	365	337	308	279	251	222
Railway Projects	721	1,341	1,797	1,858	1,802	1,742	1,710	1,642	1,571	1,496	1,417	1,333	1,245
Coal Loading Facilities	..	..	5	9	9	8	7	7	6	5	5	4	3
Weipa Development	..	..	..	..	..	176	175	172	169	166	163	160	156
Julius Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	87
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	117	348	400
Sugar Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,166	1,074	976	874	767
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	396	775	1,321
Brigalow Lands Development Scheme	..	41	123	212	309	429	511	563	613	635	664	670	713
Total Interest on Australian Government Loans	3,804	4,817	5,775	6,317	6,809	7,643	8,195	8,638	10,469	10,913	11,176	11,829	n.a.
TOTAL INTEREST ON LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS AND AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS	36,207	39,071	43,234	47,667	51,220	56,550	60,589	67,224	72,815	80,289	84,106	89,035	n.a.

(*a*) For purposes of these tables advances comprise the State's Loan Council borrowing programs and Australian Government loans to the State. *See* Chapter I of this document and footnote (*d*) below.

(*b*) Comprising advances made under Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements in force to 1970–71, the State's share of special housing advances totalling $6,550,000 made in 1972–73 and advances from 1973–74 under the Housing Agreement 1973. Does not include advances for housing for servicemen.

(*c*) Includes sinking fund contributions on State debt made by the Australian Government, which are included in this document as payments for the States. Amounts shown equal total receipts of the Sinking Funds on the State's Debts controlled by the National Debt Commission. For details of these receipts, *see* Table No. 6 in the Annual Reports of the Commission.

(*d*) Figures derived from those shown above by subtracting sinking fund payments from Loan Council borrowings and repayments of Australian Government loans from the amounts of those loans each year. As explained in the Introduction to this document, national accounting estimates of Australian Government outlays published by the Treasury and by the Australian Bureau of Statistics show advances (including the States' Loan Council borrowing programs) on a net basis. The figures shown here coincide with those shown in the national accounting estimates. The figures shown in other sections of this document are all on a gross basis—that is, *before* deducting re-payments.

(*e*) Includes interest on the State's domestic raisings.

(*f*) Dissection of payments between grants and loans not available. *See* the relevant sections of Chapter IV.

TABLE 142.—SOUTH AUSTRALIA—
ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
ADVANCES(a)													
Loan Council Borrowings ..	51,458	55,184	59,020	61,892	67,680	71,820	77,840	82,670	60,000	92,260	100,554	79,587	93,734
Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen ..	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43	..	40
Housing(b)	18,982	19,400	20,500	21,057	20,750	21,000	19,500	21,250	25,000	..	500	32,750	38,400
Growth Centres ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,059	(e)n.a.
Land Acquisition ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,000	(e)n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,598	(e)n.a.
Railway Projects ..	772	885	1,333	1,916	2,061	1,965	2,635	3,630	580	272	131	60	242
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	260	107	82	..	65	..
Natural Gas	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,000	..	2,250	1,750	..	..	..
Softwood Forestry ..	..	..	..	..	90	205	230	350	300	93	400	252	250
Marginal Dairy Farms ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	105	50	..	45
Canned Fruit Industry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,290	..	383	..	..
Rural Reconstruction ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,250	4,575	3,225	2,049
Dartmouth Dam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	675	950	2,000
Natural Disasters ..	..	..	..	..	..	275	274	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total Australian Government Loans	19,784	20,285	21,833	22,973	22,901	23,445	33,639	25,490	29,527	4,552	6,757	50,959	n.a.
TOTAL ADVANCES	71,242	75,469	80,853	84,865	90,581	95,265	111,479	108,160	89,527	96,812	107,311	130,546	n.a.
REPAYMENTS OF ADVANCES													
Sinking Fund Payments on Loan Council Borrowings(c)	8,584	9,167	9,862	10,597	11,335	12,156	12,974	13,974	14,927	16,018	17,158	18,311	19,377
Repayments of Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen ..	8	8	8	9	9	10	10	10	11	11	12	12	13
Housing	614	745	903	1,054	1,204	1,359	1,522	1,680	1,831	1,975	2,054	2,139	2,313
Railway Projects ..	53	69	85	108	142	178	213	262	333	344	350	352	354
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	13	13	13	15
Natural Gas	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,875	1,875	1,875
Marginal Dairy Farms ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50	..
Canned Fruit Industry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	349	34
Natural Disasters ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	69	69	69	69	69	69
Total Repayments of Australian Government Loans ..	675	822	996	1,171	1,355	1,547	1,745	2,021	2,252	2,412	4,373	4,859	4,673
TOTAL SINKING FUND PAYMENTS AND REPAYMENTS OF LOANS	9,259	9,989	10,858	11,768	12,690	13,703	14,719	15,995	17,179	18,430	21,531	23,170	24,050
NET ADVANCES(d) (Advances *less* Repayments)													
Loan Council Borrowings ..	42,874	46,017	49,158	51,295	56,345	59,664	64,866	68,696	45,073	76,242	83,396	61,276	74,357
Australian Government Loans	19,109	19,463	20,837	21,802	21,546	21,898	31,894	23,469	27,275	2,140	2,384	46,100	n.a.
TOTAL NET ADVANCES ..	61,983	65,480	69,995	73,097	77,891	81,562	96,760	92,165	72,348	78,382	85,780	107,376	n.a.

TABLE 142.—SOUTH AUSTRALIA—
ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES—*continued*

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
INTEREST ON ADVANCES													
Interest on Loan Council Borrowings	35,073	36,897	39,635	42,580	45,132	48,645	52,410	57,850	62,285	69,825	74,163	79,372	86,667
Interest on Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen	46	47	47	47	46	46	46	45	45	44	44	46	46
Housing	3,628	4,306	5,026	5,830	6,710	7,552	8,367	9,260	10,466	11,160	11,081	11,751	13,128
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	444
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	91
Railway Projects	117	153	191	257	353	454	549	680	920	943	941	925	912
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	24	23	22	26
Coal Loading Facilities	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	648	806	858	747	636
Natural Gas	..	..	..	..	..	..	298	612	..	..	..	10	9
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	1
Canned Fruit Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	421	682
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	157	25	88
Dartmouth Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total Interest on Australian Government Loans	3,791	4,506	5,264	6,134	7,109	8,052	9,260	10,597	12,094	12,978	13,104	13,970	n.a.
TOTAL INTEREST ON LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS AND AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS	38,864	41,403	44,899	48,714	52,241	56,697	61,670	68,447	74,379	82,803	87,267	93,342	n.a.

(*a*) For purposes of these tables advances comprise the State's Loan Council borrowing programs and Australian Government loans to the State. *See* Chapter I of this document and footnote (*d*) below.

(*b*) Comprising advances made under Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements in force to 1970–71, the State's share of special housing advances totalling $6,550,000 made in 1972–73 and advances from 1973–74 under the Housing Agreement 1973. Does not include advances for housing for servicemen.

(*c*) Includes sinking fund contributions on State debt made by the Australian Government, which are included in this document as payments for the States. Amounts shown equal total receipts of the Sinking Funds on the State's Debts controlled by the National Debt Commission. For details of these receipts, *see* Table No. 6 in the Annual Reports of the Commission.

(*d*) Figures derived from those shown above by subtracting sinking fund payments from Loan Council borrowings and repayments of Australian Government loans from the amounts of those loans each year. As explained in the Introduction to this document, national accounting estimates of Australian Government outlays published by the Treasury and by the Australian Bureau of Statistics show advances (including the States' Loan Council borrowing programs) on a net basis. The figures shown here coincide with those shown in the national accounting estimates. The figures shown in other sections of this document are all on a gross basis—that is, *before* deducting re-payments.

(*e*) Dissection of payments between grants and loans not available. *See* the relevant sections of Chapter IV.

TABLE 143.—WESTERN AUSTRALIA— ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
ADVANCES(a)													
Loan Council Borrowings ..	41,044	44,006	46,968	47,902	51,070	53,230	54,810	59,290	48,400	62,840	68,503	54,587	64.278
Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen ..	70	252	292	245	308	1,241	894	873	1,533	324	161	191	682
Housing(b)	6,940	6,800	7,200	8,601	9,170	10,000	11,500	11,500	12,500	..	400	13,000	22,900
Growth Centres ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.(f)
Land Acquisition ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.(f)
Exmouth Township ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	59	269	12	..	..	..
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,800	n.a.(f)
Railway Projects ..	2,544	4,427	6,038	10,487	10,586	11,446	4,919	4,647	3,080	1,169	735	299	205
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,690	700	203	−456	784	650	800
Northern Harbours ..	..	350	550	577	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Derby Jetty	300	350	150	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Softwood Forestry ..	..	..	..	..	..	450	500	859	424	56	1,020	416	587
Marginal Dairy Farms ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	158	239	139	..	400
Rural Reconstruction ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,875	6,097	3,975	3,472
Ord River Project ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	140	167	409	1,405	1,030
W.A. Water Supply ..	..	..	..	1,250	1,250	1,500	2,050	2,000	1,792	2,000	158	..	..
Total Australian Government Loans	9,854	12,179	14,230	21,160	21,314	24,637	22,553	20,638	20,099	8,386	9,903	23,736	n.a.
TOTAL ADVANCES	50,898	56,185	61,198	69,062	72,384	77,867	77,363	79,928	68,499	71,226	78,406	78,323	n.a.
REPAYMENTS OF ADVANCES													
Sinking Fund Payments on Loan Council Borrowings(c)	6,832	7,386	8,067	8,649	9,230	9,851	10,483	11,249	12,041	12,890	13,754	14,565	15,301
Repayments of Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen ..	4	5	7	9	10	12	19	25	28	34	36	38	40
Housing	718	786	857	926	1,001	1,079	1,167	1,265	1,355	1,439	1,491	1,546	1,611
Exmouth Township ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	14	14	14
Railway Projects ..	..	15	42	78	141	204	273	1,281	1,360	1,628	1,724	1,818	1,941
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	106	91	96	104	130
Northern Harbours ..	..	..	..	..	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98
Derby Jetty	..	..	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
Marginal Dairy Farms ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	17	23
Total Repayments of Australian Government Loans ..	722	806	959	1,066	1,303	1,446	1,610	2,724	3,000	3,356	3,519	3,688	3,910
TOTAL SINKING FUND PAYMENTS AND REPAYMENTS OF LOANS	7,554	8,192	9,026	9,715	10,533	11,297	12,093	13,973	15,041	16,246	17,273	18,253	19,209
NET ADVANCES(d) (Advances *Less* Repayments)													
Loan Council Borrowings ..	34,212	36,620	38,901	39,253	41,840	43,379	44,327	48,041	36,359	49,950	54,749	40,022	48,977
Australian Government Loans	9,132	11,373	13,271	20,094	20,011	23,191	20,943	17,914	17,099	5,030	6,384	20,048	n.a.
TOTAL NET ADVANCES ..	43,344	47,993	52,172	59,347	61,851	66,570	65,270	65,955	53,458	54,980	61,133	60,070	n.a.

TABLE 143.—WESTERN AUSTRALIA—
ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES—*continued*

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
						INTEREST ON ADVANCES							
Interest on Loan Council Borrowings(e) ..	25,089	26,356	28,872	31,966	33,517	35,991	38,592	42,490	45,430	51,172	53,979	57,531	62,622
Interest on Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen ..	28	31	39	51	66	89	134	169	253	307	325	334	349
Housing	2,823	3,093	3,346	3,583	3 928	4,268	4,726	5,177	5,709	6,271	6,215	6,449	7,056
Land Acquisition ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Exmouth Township ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	29	23	22	21
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	254
Railway Projects ..	..	161	391	727	1,320	1,813	2,263	2,584	2,874	2,971	2,942	2,908	2,904
Railways—Intersystem Passenger Vehicles ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	18	157	159	171	228
Northern Harbours ..	..	5	30	60	72	67	62	57	52	47	43	38	33
Derby Jetty	2	25	36	35	32	30	27	24	22	19	17	14	12
Marginal Dairy Farms ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	24	31	36
Rural Reconstruction ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	302	652	997
Ord River Project ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	17	29	110	200
W.A. Water Supply ..	..	..	..	21	101	172	262	374	500	618	705	707	707
Total Interest on Australian Government Loans ..	2,853	3,315	3,842	4,477	5,519	6,439	7,474	8,389	9,434	10,460	10,784	11,436	n.a.
TOTAL INTEREST ON LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS AND AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS ..	27,942	29,671	32,714	36,443	39,036	42,430	46,066	50,879	54,864	61,632	64,763	68,967	n.a.

(*a*) For purposes of these tables advances comprise the State's Loan Council borrowing programs and Australian Government loans to the State. *See* Chapter I of this document and footnote (*d*) below.

(*b*) Comprising advances made under Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements in force to 1970–71, the State's share of special housing advances totalling $6,550,000 made in 1972–73 and advances from 1973–74 under the Housing Agreement 1973. Does not include advances for housing for servicemen.

(*c*) Includes sinking fund contributions on State debt made by the Australian Government, which are included in this document as payments for the States. Amounts shown equal total receipts of the Sinking Funds on the State's Debts controlled by the National Debt Commission. For details of these receipts, *see* Table No. 6 in the Annual Reports of the Commission.

(*d*) Figures derived from those shown above by subtracting sinking fund payments from Loan Council borrowings and repayments of Australian Government loans from the amounts of those loans each year. As explained in the Introduction to this document, national accounting estimates of Australian Government outlays published by the Treasury and by the Australian Bureau of Statistics show advances (including the States' Loan Council borrowing programs) on a net basis. The figures shown here coincide with those shown in the national accounting estimates. The figures shown in other sections of this document are all on a gross basis—that is, *before* deducting re-payments.

(*e*) Includes interest on the State's domestic raisings.

(*f*) Dissection of payments between grants and loans not available. *See* the relevant sections of Chapter IV.

TABLE 144.—TASMANIA—
ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
ADVANCES (*a*)													
Loan Council Borrowings	30,708	32,020	34,136	34,834	37,580	40,610	42,120	45,370	34,570	47,020	51,252	43,467	51,891
Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	35	..	..	..	145	193
Housing(*b*)	5,200	6,000	6,400	7,448	7,500	6,700	7,500	7,600	8,750	..	300	16,000	20,000
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.(*e*)
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.(*e*)
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.(*e*)
Railway Projects	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,820	680	..	..
King Island Harbour Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	557	..	10
King Island Shipping	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,415
Hydro-electricity	..	..	..	..	..	5,300	3,200	9,700	3,211	2,500	..	..	..
Softwood Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	520	488	400	700	45	1,101	672	639
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60	15	12	1,060
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	300	1,650	525	1,006
Natural Disasters	..	..	..	..	500	3,600	1,195	−187	−456	−32	..	..	..
Total Australian Government Loans	5,200	6,000	6,400	7,448	8,000	16,120	12,394	17,548	12,205	4,693	4,303	17,354	n.a.
TOTAL ADVANCES	35,908	38,020	40,536	42,282	45,580	56,730	54,514	62,918	46,775	51,713	55,555	60,821	n.a.
REPAYMENTS OF ADVANCES													
Sinking Fund Payments on Loan Council Borrowings(*c*)	3,878	4,193	4,520	4,859	5,188	5,573	5,997	6,526	6,973	7,417	7,952	8,409	8,903
Repayments of Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Housing	162	198	246	293	344	397	448	504	554	602	627	655	742
Railway Projects	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	72	83	83
King Island Harbour Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	37	37
Hydro-electricity	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,989	2,989
Natural Disasters	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	335	323	320	320
Total Repayments of Australian Government Loans	163	199	247	294	345	398	449	506	556	939	1,024	4,086	4,173
TOTAL SINKING FUND PAYMENTS AND REPAYMENTS OF LOANS	4,041	4,392	4,767	5,153	5,533	5,971	6,446	7,032	7,529	8,356	8,976	12,495	13,076
NET ADVANCES (*d*) (Advances *less* Repayments)													
Loan Council Borrowings	26,830	27,827	29,616	29,975	32,392	35,037	36,123	38,844	27,597	39,603	43,300	35,058	42,988
Australian Government Loans	5,037	5,801	6,153	7,154	7,655	15,722	11,945	17,042	11,649	3,754	3,279	13,268	n.a.
TOTAL NET ADVANCES	31,867	33,628	35,769	37,129	40,047	50,759	48,068	55,886	39,246	43,357	46,579	48,326	n.a.

TABLE 144.—TASMANIA—
ADVANCES, DEBT CHARGES ON ADVANCES AND NET ADVANCES—*continued*

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate)
INTEREST ON ADVANCES													
Interest on Loan Council Borrowings ..	17,144	18,908	20,292	22,447	24,064	26,235	28,114	30,925	33,408	37,537	39,793	42,522	46,436
Interest on Australian Government Loans—													
Housing for Servicemen ..	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	9	9	9	9	21
Housing	1,087	1,302	1,539	1,783	2,032	2,346	2,685	2,981	3,321	3,759	3,734	3,915	4,352
Growth Centres ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6
Land Acquisition ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18
Railway Projects ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	113	144	139
King Island Harbour Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34	33
Hydro-electricity ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	286	519	1,103	1,338	1,492	1,451	1,264
Marginal Dairy Farms ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	5
Rural Reconstruction ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	99	157
Total Interest on Australian Government Loans ..	1,094	1,309	1,546	1,790	2,039	2,353	2,978	3,507	4,433	5,107	5,363	5,657	n.a.
TOTAL INTEREST ON LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS AND AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS ..	18,238	20,217	21,838	24,237	26,103	28,588	31,092	34,432	37,841	42,644	45,156	48,179	n.a.

(*a*) For purposes of these tables advances comprise the State's Loan Council borrowing programs and Australian Government loans to the States. *See* Chapter I of this document and footnote (*d*) below.

(*b*) Comprising advances made under Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements in force to 1970–71, the State's share of special housing advances totalling $6,550,000 made in 1972–73 and advances from 1973–74 under the Housing Agreement 1973. Does not include advances for housing for servicemen.

(*c*) Includes sinking fund contributions on State debt made by the Australian Government, which are included in this document as payments for the States. Amounts shown equal total receipts of the Sinking Funds on the State's Debts controlled by the National Debt Commission. For details of these receipts, *see* Table No. 6 in the Annual Reports of the Commission.

(*d*) Figures derived from those shown above by subtracting sinking fund payments from Loan Council borrowings and repayments of Australian Government loans from the amounts of those loans each year. As explained in the Introduction to this document, national accounting estimates of Australian Government outlays published by the Treasury and by the Australian Bureau of Statistics show advances (including the States' Loan Council borrowing programs) on a net basis. The figures shown here coincide with those shown in the national accounting estimates. The figures shown in other sections of this document are all on a gross basis—that is, *before* deducting re-payments.

(*e*) Dissection of payments between grants and loans not available. *See* the relevant sections of Chapter IV.

TABLE 145—TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS TO THE STATES AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS—NET BASIS(*a*)

$'000

——	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1956–57	108,595	91,683	38,515	46,202	35,587	24,647	345,229
1957–58	114,352	97,161	40,361	48,495	32,790	25,779	358,938
1958–59	116,378	98,470	42,665	51,380	34,368	26,894	370,155
1959–60	124,773	102,466	45,338	52,446	35,561	27,834	388,417
1960–61	126,223	104,531	48,407	54,479	37,016	29,040	399,697
1961–62	137,065	112,155	58,785	58,601	39,637	31,187	437,429
1962–63	140,426	113,156	65,862	61,983	43,344	31,867	456,637
1963–64	147,285	118,813	76,224	65,480	47,993	33,628	489,423
1964–65	162,910	132,688	70,880	69,995	52,172	35,769	524,416
1965–66	180,710	132,436	74,474	73,097	59,347	37,129	557,191
1966–67	185,568	139,479	80,287	77,891	61,851	40,047	585,122
1967–68	189,670	148,781	101,054	81,562	66,570	50,759	638,396
1968–69	194,171	156,507	78,720	96,760	65,270	48,068	639,496
1969–70	203,755	172,837	89,377	92,165	65,955	55,886	679,973
1970–71	159,061	132,600	66,088	72,348	53,458	39,246	522,804
1971–72	195,846	142,904	74,647	78,382	54,980	43,357	590,115
1972–73	217,408	165,159	91,556	85,780	61,133	46,579	667,613
1973–74	238,757	184,349	109,202	107,376	60,070	48,326	748,078

(*a*) These figures correspond with those shown in the statements attached to the Budget Speech and certain other documents as 'net advances to the States'. *See* Chapter I.

TABLE 146—TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS TO THE STATES AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS—NET BASIS(*a*)

$'000

——	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
1956–57	275,202	206,420	113,077	101,930	98,927	48,671	844,228
1957–58	297,891	225,362	123,338	109,889	103,391	52,346	912,218
1958–59	312,178	237,225	130,499	114,714	110,426	57,084	962,126
1959–60	338,476	259,641	142,217	127,250	116,431	63,860	1,047,874
1960–61	360,209	280,247	155,108	132,583	126,882	69,650	1,124,681
1961–62	396,878	305,159	181,894	145,482	141,308	77,191	1,247,911
1962–63	416,426	316,550	197,486	157,293	152,160	79,989	1,319,901
1963–64	439,229	332,591	210,210	167,395	163,411	84,053	1,396,885
1964–65	472,478	358,526	214,065	177,931	179,643	91,606	1,494,255
1965–66	530,970	381,654	236,176	192,469	206,229	100,488	1,647,984
1966–67	570,644	415,108	260,923	207,573	215,311	112,019	1,781,576
1967–68	610,817	466,434	301,808	226,242	231,378	126,951	1,963,628
1968–69	647,909	497,823	301,675	256,884	245,593	123,311	2,073,199
1969–70	721,018	556,631	351,650	273,504	269,023	143,313	2,315,135
1970–71	879,952	668,351	417,745	316,593	309,722	154,956	2,747,321
1971–72	953,091	710,484	477,778	343,025	333,533	166,413	2,984,322
1972–73	1,093,109	825,975	551,773	406,660	384,490	187,236	3,449,244
1973–74	1,309,211	1,008,045	690,752	503,685	454,002	212,772	4,178,465
1974–75 (estimated)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	5,828,109

(*a*) Comprises amounts of net Australian Government loans to the States, Loan Council borrowings and grants to the States, both for current and capital purposes. These figures correspond with the totals of grants and net advances to the States shown in the statements attached to the Budget Speech.

TABLE 147—STATE GOVERNMENTS—DEBT OUTSTANDING(*a*)

$'000

As at 30 June	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Total
SECURITIES ON ISSUE ON BEHALF OF STATES(*b*)							
1956	1,482,568	921,826	537,358	532,242	397,990	248,678	4,120,662
1957	1,566,816	991,234	570,338	570,938	427,776	269,226	4,396,328
1958	1,657,128	1,066,350	604,596	611,576	455,200	290,888	4,685,738
1959	1,751,540	1,143,718	641,428	653,228	484,038	313,580	4,987,532
1960	1,849,414	1,224,006	680,236	695,828	514,094	337,624	5,301,202
1961	1,952,568	1,307,512	722,308	739,498	545,756	362,838	5,630,480
1962	2,056,616	1,392,540	765,770	780,646	578,760	388,278	5,962,610
1963	2,167,010	1,482,260	811,274	824,186	613,396	415,468	6,313,596
1964	2,283,382	1,577,722	862,774	870,504	652,796	443,384	6,690,562
1965	2,407,364	1,679,338	919,706	919,448	691,660	473,020	7,090,534
1966	2,531,929	1,781,543	977,045	970,473	730,700	502,933	7,494,623
1967	2,666,905	1,893,069	1,038,902	1,027,080	772,511	535,606	7,934,074
1968	2,772,815	1,998,611	1,094,919	1,077,035	804,865	568,295	8,316,540
1969	2,931,318	2,130,294	1,164,870	1,145,810	851,541	606,671	8,830,505
1970	3,078,698	2,254,361	1,235,964	1,211,267	895,961	643,811	9,320,061
1971	3,192,879	2,347,842	1,289,507	1,256,885	932,640	671,324	9,691,077
1972	3,359,428	2,488,348	1,355,720	1,332.003	981,377	709,921	10,226,797
1973	3,528,573	2,632,910	1,427,778	1,409,675	1,029,879	751,990	10,780,804
1974	3,654,352	2,746,611	1,485,983	1,473,280	1,070,881	787,618	11,218,725
AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS OUTSTANDING(*c*)							
1956	168,980	168,562	45,997	25,165	47,760	..	456,463
1957	190,262	189,130	51,272	32,017	53,009	4,050	519,739
1958	213,267	211,835	57,343	40,163	58,423	8,096	589,126
1959	235,482	233,586	63,617	50,219	63,972	12,488	659,364
1960	261,537	256,520	70,195	59,971	69,405	16,327	733,956
1961	285,345	277,806	76,793	71,114	74,796	20,231	806,086
1962	318,206	305,386	92,393	88,631	81,503	25,961	912,081
1963	349,790	329,986	113,245	107,713	90,579	30,998	1,022,313
1964	381,378	354,497	138,221	127,164	101,867	36,799	1,139,928
1965	419,982	385,485	151,981	147,995	115,062	42,952	1,263,461
1966	475,646	415,345	168,734	169,797	135,094	50,106	1,414,724
1967	526,304	444,385	187,558	191,337	154,823	57,761	1,562,169
1968	574,624	476,856	223,931	213,235	177,849	73,483	1,739,980
1969	619,751	511,820	234,749	245,129	198,679	85,428	1,895,558
1970	664,239	553,422	251,779	268,598	216,482	102,470	2,056,990
1971	712,310	592,475	264,455	295,861	233,517	114,119	2,212,740
1972	734,713	593,711	269,516	298,001	238,472	117,873	2,252,286
1973	762,852	603,647	284,989	300,385	244,786	121,152	2,317,809
1974	865,227	671,856	333,520	346,485	264,723	134,420	2,616,227
TOTAL OF ABOVE							
1956	1,651,548	1,090,388	583,355	557,407	445,750	248,678	4,577,125
1957	1,757,078	1,180,364	621,610	602,955	480,785	273,276	4,916,067
1958	1,870,395	1,278,185	661,939	651,739	513,623	298,984	5,274,864
1959	1,987,022	1,377,304	705,045	703,447	548,010	326,068	5,646,896
1960	2,110,951	1,480,526	750,431	755,799	583,499	353,951	6,035,158
1961	2,237,913	1,585,318	799,101	810,612	620,552	383,069	6,436,566
1962	2,374,822	1,697,926	858,163	869.277	660,263	414,239	6,874,691
1961	2,516,800	1,812,246	924,519	931,899	703,975	446,466	7,335,909
1964	2,664,760	1,932,219	1,000,995	997,668	754,663	480,183	7,830,490
1965	2,827,346	2,064,823	1,071,687	1,067,443	806,722	515,972	8,353,995
1966	3,007,575	2,196,888	1,145,779	1,140,270	865,794	553,039	8,909,347
1967	3,193,209	2,337,454	1,226,460	1,218,417	927,334	593,367	9.496,243
1968	3,347,439	2,475,467	1,318,850	1,290,270	982,714	641,778	10,056,520
1969	3,551,069	2,642,114	1,399.619	1,390,939	1,050.220	692,099	10,726,063
1970	3,742,937	2,807,783	1,487,743	1,479,865	1,112,443	746,281	11,377,051
1971	3,905,189	2,940,317	1,553,962	1,552,746	1,166,157	785,443	11,903,817
1972	4,094,141	3,082,059	1,625,236	1,630,004	1,219,849	827,794	12,479,083
1973	4,291,425	3,236,557	1,712,767	1,710,060	1,274,665	873,142	13,098,613
1974	4,519,579	3,418,467	1,819,503	1,819,765	1,335,604	922,038	13,834,952

(*a*) The figures shown in this table need to be interpreted carefully. Three points particularly need to be borne in mind. First, that considerable portions of the amounts of debt shown would, as a result of State Government loans to semi-government or local authorities or to private businesses, voluntary bodies or individuals, in turn be owed by such bodies or individuals to the States. Secondly, the amounts of debt outstanding would, to some extent, be " offset " by State Government holdings of securities and other financial assets. Thirdly, the amounts shown do not include the debt of State semi-government or local authorities, or State Government debt taking forms other than securities or issue or loans outstanding to the Australian Government.

(*b*) Figures taken directly from the budget document " Securities on Issue 30 June 1974 ". The difference between the value of securities on issue at the end of one year and the value at the end of the previous year is approximately equal to net Loan Council borrowings in that year as shown in Table 138 (that is, borrowings less sinking fund payments) but is not exactly equal to that magnitude for two reasons. First, redemption and repurchase of securities outstanding on behalf of the States from the States' sinking funds in any year do not coincide presicely with the total amounts of sinking fund contributions in that year—that is, the balances of the sinking funds may increase or fall in the year. Secondly, the value of securities on issue overseas is affected by currency re-valuations (*See* " Securities on Issue 30 June 1974, page 6).

(*c*) The difference between loans outstanding at the end of one year and those outstanding at the end of the previous year is equal to net Australian Government loans to the States, as shown in Table 138, with one qualification—namely that movements in loans outstanding under Commonwealth-State Housing Agreements are also affected by sales of houses by the States to the Director of War Services Homes (*see*, for example, the Auditor-General's Report for 1970–71, page 43).

APPENDIX VI—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS

TABLE NO.	SUBJECT
148	Six States—Australian Government Payments and Loan Council Borrowings, 1962–63 to 1974–75
149	New South Wales—Australian Government Payments and Loan Council Borrowings, 1962–63 to 1974–75
150	Victoria—Australian Government Payments and Loan Council Borrowings, 1962–63 to 1974–75
151	Queensland—Australian Government Payments and Loan Council Borrowings, 1962–63 to 1974–75
152	South Australia—Australian Government Payments and Loan Council Borrowings, 1962–63 to 1974–75
153	Western Australia—Australian Government Payments and Loan Council Borrowings, 1962–63 to 1974–75
154	Tasmania—Australian Government Payments and Loan Council Borrowings, 1962–63 to 1974–75

TABLE 148.—SIX STATES—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962–63 TO 1974–75

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75(a) (Estimate)
GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE													
Financial Assistance Grants	608,640	635,967	681,349	757,351	826,613	907,539	1,018,193	1,141,319	1,418,518	1,440,878	1,647,293	1,859,905	2,327,600
Special Grants	22,502	22,900	31,720	41,770	40,072	35,407	17,392	21,900	18,680	23,800	38,600	38,550	48,250
Special Revenue Assistance(b)	..	..	..	..	10,750	14,000	14,000	26,000	43,000	72,500	15,000	25,000	..
Total	631,142	658,867	713,069	799,121	877,435	956,946	1,049,585	1,189,219	1,480,198	1,537,178	1,700,893	1,923,455	2,375,850
ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS(c)													
Total	35,000	40,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS(d)													
State Government Loan Council Borrowing Programs	412,778	443,700	477,300	488,000	525,000	554,160	584,000	625,770	481,450	672,900	733,461	588,693	700,801
Capital Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	200,000	219,100	248,539	278,307	326,618
Total	412,778	443,700	477,300	488,000	525,000	554,160	584,000	625,770	681,450	892,000	982,000	867,000	1,027,419
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—RECURRENT PURPOSES													
Payments Under Financial Agreement—													
Interest on State Debt	15,170	15,170	15,170	15,170	15,170	15,170	15,170	15,170	15,170	15,170	15,170	15,053	15,287
Sinking Fund on State Debt	14,497	15,691	16,646	17,761	18,951	20,387	21,619	23,271	24,550	26,323	27,979	29,509	31,093
Debt Charges Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,504	23,008	34,512	46,016	57,520
State Emergency Services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	300
Universities	18,546	21,081	28,529	31,551	34,262	39,912	43,534	50,435	58,878	67,596	80,826	200,042	318,555
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	..	2,472	5,273	6,282	10,658	15,743	18,372	26,655	124,808	209,330
Technical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,268	20,717
Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12,177	24,253	29,594	40,979	85,661	234,180
Pre-school and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,096	20,500
Child Migrant Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	109	1,672	2,778	3,956	6,014	9,076
Educational Research	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	96	236	275	406	799
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,270	22,011
Tuberculosis Hospitals	9,738	10,463	10,129	13,370	10,974	11,266	11,460	10,555	10,597	9,595	10,419	10,818	11,624
School Dental Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,761	6,786
Health Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	279	385	469	742	856
Blood Transfusion Services	369	396	428	482	961	632	743	725	845	990	1,170	1,870	1,920
Health Planning Agencies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	376	500
Housekeeper Services	23	23	22	22	23	23	23	..	..	..	..	..	..
Home Care Services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31	318	491	916	1,218	1,500
Senior Citizens Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	12	34	74	150
Paramedical Services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	77	164	304
Assistance for Deserted Wives	..	..	..	..	..	201	1,149	1,882	3,691	5,876	9,748	7,654	6,200
Unemployment Relief	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26,999	103,821	12,000	..
Social Planning Units	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	120	120
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	319	596	802	1,665	6,649	6,673	10,552
Housing Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,000	6,750	6,750	6,750
Housing—Rental Losses	37	45	130	213	142	44	60	74	131	151	142	123	170
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,000
Area Improvement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	439	3,120
Pilbara Feasibility Study	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	125	25
Local Government (Grants Commission)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	56,345
Regional Organisations Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	314
Community Recreation Investigations	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	205	..
Perth Underground Railway Study	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	188	45
Fisheries Development	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	168	..
Cattle Tick Control	536	518	414	348	252	288	310	382	388	450	484	..	..
Bovine Brucellosis and T.B. Eradication	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	203	1,421	2,404	4,000	5,134	6,900
Agricultural Extension Services	1,014	1,198	1,212	1,202	2,176	2,900	3,900	4,599	4,985	5,679	6,300	6,802	7,723
Minor Agricultural Research	n.a.	46	34	28	23	30	57	98	68	102	151	151	128
Apples Export Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,642
Plague Locust Control	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60
Trawl and Danish Seine Fishery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35
Apple, Pear and Canning Fruit Industries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	327	..
Adjustment Assistance to Canneries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,500	..
Tobacco Extension Services	48	48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coal Mining Industry—Long Service Leave	954	910	1,021	893	920	918	892	985	1,063	1,241	2,012	2,347	3,152
Apprenticeship Training	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	129	351	808
Burdekin River Regional Study	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	153	..
Legal Aid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,000	..
Road Safety Practices	100	100	100	100	116	116	116	116	150	150	150	150	150
Research Grants	..	..	..	1,378	2,038	3,154	2,879	3,446	4,170	4,341	5,767	5,901	7,335
Natural Disaster Relief	130	120	100	9,746	12,147	13,097	11,697	9,084	9,944	1,143	5	4,312	558
Total Specific Purpose Recurrent Payments	61,162	65,809	73,935	92,264	100,627	113,411	120,210	144,596	190,721	248,758	389,545	609,739	1,078,140

TABLE 148.—SIX STATES—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962–63 TO 1974–75—*continued*

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75(*a*) (Estimate)
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—CAPITAL PURPOSES													
Housing for Servicemen	2,902	3,964	12,415	7,242	7,753	7,103	6,899	9,461	9,227	7,034	6,163	7,766	16,109
Universities	12,872	12,779	12,745	15,227	16,354	16,329	19,097	17,234	16,346	23,002	26,464	48,966	68,075
College of Advanced Education	..	..	..	982	3,681	11,165	14,572	22,955	18,163	27,425	31,390	40,112	75,475
Technical Education	..	..	10,000	6,230	9,893	13,877	7,587	9,878	12,535	7,411	12,976	18,381	28,358
Schools	..	..	9,905	9,635	10,163	12,587	13,465	20,438	26,319	27,264	33,019	75,976	164,674
Pre-schools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,416	17,000
Child Migrant Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	995	1,546
Mental Health Institutions	1,590	1,595	2,504	4,539	4,973	4,243	4,655	5,501	4,199	4,207	3,430	2,249	..
Hospitals	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,365	28,000
Nursing Homes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	337	460	1,019	658	865
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,541	16,814
Tuberculosis Hospitals	984	598	696	696	499	780	847	593	469	438	388	441	61
School Dental Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,776	14,310
Disposal of Ships Garbage	..	..	..	..	29	39	11	485	46	288	782	31	48
Senior Citizens Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	84	269	736	651	1,500
Dwellings for Aged Pensioners	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	925	4,981	7,622	6,470	5,002	10,000
Migrant Centres	66	48	2	..	2	426	446	65	142	372	24	24	180
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,331	5,164	6,200	7,535	15,351	25,577	30,238
Housing Advances	97,222	100,300	102,700	117,000	120,000	122,840	126,000	132,230	141,550	..	6,550	218,650	235,000
National Estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	288	7,686
Nature Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,000
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,579	74,136
Area Improvement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,961	10,980
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,531	56,850
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27,905	102,745
Community Facilities Townsville	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60	301	67
Exmouth Township	..	..	380	750	1,952	417	..	59	584	12	28	..	..
Roads	108,000	116,000	130,000	140,000	150,000	160,000	170,000	193,000	218,000	245,250	279,000	316,800	350,000
Roads-Safety Improvements	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,000	..
Beef Cattle Roads	3,400	5,595	6,100	5,500	6,005	5,400	6,001	6,268	8,985	10,150	7,750	5,168	279
Eyre and Barkley Highway Maintenance	84	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	64	..
Eyre Highway—Sealing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	625	625	..
Gordon River Road	..	270	1,094	1,840	1,596	200	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Railway Projects	21,818	22,601	17,757	24,258	24,925	34,914	18,990	20,112	7,284	6,106	2,962	827	1,273
Urban Public Transport	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	67,489
Railways-Intersystem Advances	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,690	1,696	613	−142	784	905	800
King Island Harbour Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,113	..	20
W.A. Darwin Shipping Service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,500	1,000	..
King Island Shipping Service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,415
Coal Loading Facilities(*e*)	996	276	1,047	813	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Northern Harbours	..	700	1,100	1,154	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Derby Jetty	600	700	300	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Weipa Development	..	..	..	2,717	553	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Natural Gas	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,000	..	2,250	1,750	..	..	..
Julius Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,000
Ross River Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,500	..	600
Urban Water Supply	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,400
Gladstone Power	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14,000	26,607	32,000
Hydro-electricity	..	..	..	..	..	5,300	3,200	9,700	3,211	2,500	..	..	..
Blowering Reservoir	..	840	3,492	5,581	6,233	3,800	600	..	..	..	..	..	−198

TABLE 148.—SIX STATES—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962–63 TO 1974–75—*continued*

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75(*a*) (Estimate)
Softwood Forestry	..	..	..	..	291	3,456	3,872	4,814	4,784	389	9,459	4,875	7,376
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,122	7,593	2,947	1,145	11,500
Fruitgrowing Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	375	1,655	1,500
Canned Fruit Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,364	..	1,902	..	..
Sugar Industry	..	..	..	..	..	23,328	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,000	40,000	50,800	35,767	30,000
Meat Industry	1	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Recharging Cattle Dips	106	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Copeton Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,618	5,750	4,500	4,000	2,000	132
Cressy-Longford Irrigation Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	200	449	101	..	..
King River Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	1,385	2,000	212	36	15	29
Bundaberg Irrigation Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,900	3,250	4,425	3,114	2,000
Fairbairn Dam	..	..	..	..	..	700	2,500	3,122	4,785	5,530	1,988	622	315
Ord River Project	2,865	1,466	1,468	1,112	..	100	5,100	5,850	5,847	4,760	748	1,443	1,065
Lower Dawson River Weirs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	95	455
Glenlyon Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	880
Soil Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	500
Dartmouth Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,025	2,850	6,000
Chowilla Reservoir	..	100	156	472	528	221	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Eton (Mackay) Irrigation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	387	2,500
Clare Weir	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	300
W.A. Water Supply	..	..	..	1,250	1,250	1,500	2,050	2,000	1,792	2,000	158	..	..
Water Resources Investigation	..	..	687	861	971	1,309	1,500	1,601	2,622	1,864	3,736	4,455	5,367
Salinity Reduction	..	..	..	..	..	600	800	170	25	22	33	7	8
Lock-Kimba Pipeline	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	420	540	470
Tailem Bend Pipeline	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,500	1,500	1,500	756	14	−3
Millewa Pipeline	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	600	800	600
Flood Mitigation	..	400	1,300	1,540	970	1,309	2,481	..	1,098	923	1,212	1,484	2,620
Brigalow Lands Development Scheme	1,200	1,641	1,523	1,812	2,509	2,004	1,179	1,253	403	1,084	698	139	4,416
Natural Disasters Relief	..	..	..	11,994	8,926	14,857	10,434	4,889	9,479	5,769	−3	23,866	44,106
Total Specific Purpose—Capital Payments	254,706	269,937	317,435	363,269	380,128	448,868	439,386	486,046	537,260	458,862	541,564	958,411	1,551,931

TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS(*f*)

982,010	1034613	1104439	1254654	1358190	1519225	1609181	1,819,861	2,408,179	2,463,898	2,880,541	3,769,912	5,332,539

TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS

General Purpose(*g*)	1078920	1142567	1190369	1287121	1402435	1511106	1633585	1,814,989	2,161,648	2,429,178	2,682,893	2,790,455	3,403,269
Specific Purpose	315,868	335,746	391,370	455,533	480,755	562,279	559,596	630,642	727,981	707,620	931,109	1,568,150	2,630,071
Total	1394788	1478313	1581739	1742654	1883190	2073385	2193181	2,445,631	2,889,629	3,136,798	3,614,002	4,358,605	6,033,340

(*a*) Important qualifications attach to the 1974–75 estimates in some cases; *see* the relevant section of the text.
(*b*) Includes special advances of $10 million to Victoria in 1969–70 and special advances to New South Wales of $17.5 million in 1971–72 and $15.0 million in 1972–73. *See* Chapter II.
(*c*) Part of these grants was used for recurrent purposes and part for capital purposes. *See* "Commonwealth Payments to or for the States 1967–68," Chapter IV.
(*d*) *See* Chapter III, under the heading 'Treatment of Loan Council Programs in this and other Budget Documents'.
(*e*) In addition the following grants were made from the Coal Industry Fund 1962–63, $604,000; 1964–65, $559,000; 1965–66, $493,000.
(*f*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, specific purpose payments, and the capital grants—that is, all amounts shown above with the exception of the Loan Council borrowing programs. *See* footnote (*d*).
(*g*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, Loan Council borrowings and capital grants. *See* footnote (*d*).

TABLE 149.—NEW SOUTH WALES—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Est.)(a)
GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE													
Financial Assistance Grants	206,642	215,712	230,537	255,001	276,794	302,827	333,393	373,908	470,835	462,204	521,963	585,507	723,400
Special Revenue Assistance ..	..	..	..	..	8,000	5,090	3,990	4,775	14,140	b 35,813	c 15,000	7,926	..
Total	206,642	215,712	230,537	255,001	284,794	307,917	337,383	378,683	484,975	498,017	536,963	593,433	723,400
ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS(d)													
Total	9,292	12,816	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS(e)													
State Government Loan Council	130,808	140,020	149,470	152,150	163,640	172,240	182,070	194,590	148,900	214,020	233,285	183,078	214,356
Borrowing Programs ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	63,610	69,690	79,051	86,551	101,337
Capital Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	130,808	140,020	149,470	152,150	163,640	172,240	182,070	194,590	212,510	283,710	312,336	269,629	315,693
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—RECURRENT PURPOSES													
Payments Under Financial Agreements—													
Interest on State Debt ..	5,835	5,835	5,835	5,835	5,835	5,835	5,835	5,835	5,835	5,835	5,835	5,835	5,835
Sinking Fund on State Debt	4,983	5,366	5,662	5,991	6,368	6,826	7,214	7,723	8,124	8,673	9,197	9,675	10,168
State Emergency Services ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	196
Debt Charges Assistance ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,800	7,600	11,399	15,199	18,999
Universities	7,990	8,941	11,663	13,075	13,773	15,816	17,378	20,218	23,594	27,223	32,155	79,572	126,238
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	..	276	608	697	834	3,478	3,713	5,525	28,935	53,504
Technical Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,801	8,311
Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,488	9,017	10,854	15,046	28,147	86,687
Pre-schools and Child Care ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,281	n.a.
Child Migrant Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	780	1,191	1,521	2,238	3,305
Educational Research ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	28	81	91	97	186
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,808	9,755
Tuberculosis Hospitals ..	3,492	3,750	3,650	6,585	3,956	3,813	4,304	3,952	4,166	2,971	3,498	3,223	3,848
School Dental Scheme ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	658	1,384
Health Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	86	128	163	227	285
Blood Transfusion Services ..	96	101	110	117	231	168	196	166	197	254	267	588	480
Health Planning Agencies ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	180	175
Housekeeper Services ..	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	..	234	161	212	296	370
Home Care Services ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	4	7
Senior Citizens Centres ..	..	..	..	..	..	140	570	726	909	1,258	2,290	1,769	1,400
Assistance for Deserted Wives	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,395	37,220	4,530	..
Unemployment Relief ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	20
Social Planning Units ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	174	227	185	668	1,929	1,678	1,850
Aboriginal Advancement ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,368	2,292	2,292	2,292
Housing Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	347	1,240
Area Improvement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21,359
Local Government (Grants Commission)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	92
Regional Organisation Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Community Recreation Investigations	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	..
Cattle Tick Control	536	518	414	348	252	288	310	382	388	450	484	..	..
Bovine Brucellosis and T.B. Eradication	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32	450	786	1,250	1,952	1,909
Agricultural Extension Services	282	328	328	328	535	760	1,019	1,427	1,188	1,475	1,680	1,797	2,102
Minor Agricultural Research ..	n.a.	8	9	9	6	7	14	38	21	19	82	99	75
Trawl and Danish Seine Fishery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35
Apple, Pear and Canning Fruit Industries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	..
Adjustment Assistance to Canneries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	136	..
Tobacco Extension Services ..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coal Mining Industry—Long Service Leave	685	669	731	658	723	600	626	738	828	948	1,604	1,782	2,374
Apprenticeship Training ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	108	242
Legal Aid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	732	..
Road Safety Practices ..	25	25	25	25	29	29	29	29	37	37	37	37	37
Research Grants	..	..	..	500	656	1,044	899	1,161	1,565	1,638	2,112	2,092	2,642
Natural Disaster Relief ..	130	120	60	5,532	7,600	4,398	3,411	21	980	..	..	300	300
Total Specific Purpose Recurrent Payments ..	24,072	25,679	28,499	39,015	40,252	40,344	42,688	47,997	65,890	87,728	135,890	203,460	n.a.

TABLE 149—NEW SOUTH WALES—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS—*continued*

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Est.) (*a*)
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—CAPITAL PURPOSES													
Housing for Servicemen	1,201	1,163	3,132	4,104	1,825	1,530	1,558	3,211	2,848	5,545	3,539	4,539	9,086
Universities	4,341	3,759	4,507	5,267	6,502	5,472	7,569	6,512	4,050	9,682	10,522	16,889	22,669
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	750	560	1,588	2,927	9,000	4,639	7,381	9,691	7,644	29,700
Technical Education	..	..	3,744	3,492	3,760	3,980	2,999	3,282	4,846	2,416	5,040	6,873	9,968
Schools	..	..	3,709	3,709	3,709	4,708	5,113	6,799	10,653	10,018	10,637	30,208	58,638
Pre-Schools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	160	n.a.
Child Migrant Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90	520
Mental Health Institutions	1,295	982	659	1,717	2,217	2,095	1,925	2,305	1,409	1,325	873	1,203	..
Hospitals	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	689	9,000
Nursing Homes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,616	4,172
Tuberculosis Hospitals	140	153	135	390	356	591	571	191	143	70	50	22	18
School Dental Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	685	3,394
Senior Citizens Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34	39	102	242	570
Dwellings for Aged Pensioners	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	465	1,774	3,260	2,705	2,546	4,070
Migrant Centres	..	..	..	..	..	67	35	5	2	214	10	2	..
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	601	952	1,519	1,732	2,821	3,725	4,750
Housing	32,600	33,000	35,000	40,271	41,500	43,080	43,750	46,500	48,300	..	3,500	86,000	71,400
National Estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Nature Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	630	25,822
Area Improvement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,653	4,360
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,200	34,100
Roads—Safety Improvements	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,080	..
Roads	29,880	32,443	36,345	39,191	41,744	44,467	47,319	57,060	64,980	74,500	85,590	98,270	109,173
Railway Projects	346	..	..	..	..	8,250	1,750	..	..	..	..	..	..
Urban Public Transport	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20,643
Railways—Intersystem Advances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	736	303	232	..	190	..
Coal Loading Facilities (*f*)	996	116	807	813	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Blowering Reservoir	..	840	3,492	5,581	6,233	3,800	600	..	..	..	..	..	−198
Softwood Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	1,500	1,200	1,800	1,401	..	3,237	2,000	2,500
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,000	500	250	1,680
Fruit Growing Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	140	500	100
Canned Fruit Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	874	..	670	..	..
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,000	11,000	13,500	10,500	12,317
Recharging Cattle Dips	96	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Copeton Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,618	5,750	4,500	4,000	2,000	132
Glenlyon Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	440
Soil Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	110
Dartmouth Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chowilla Reservoir	..	100	156	472	528	221	..	..	..	..	675	950	2,000
Water Resources Investigations	..	..	133	188	212	359	377	394	863	..	1,779	1,182	1,413
Flood Mitigation	..	400	1,300	1,540	970	1,309	2,481	..	1,098	923	1,212	1,484	2,500
Natural Disaster Relief	..	..	..	8,668	5,460	3,300	5,160	..	4,220	..	..	..	11,756
Total Specific Purpose Capital Payments	70,895	72,956	93,119	116,153	115,576	126,317	125,935	142,830	163,704	133,837	160,793	300,022	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS(*g*)	310,901	327,163	352,155	410,169	440,622	474,578	506,006	569,510	778,179	789,272	912,697	1,183,466	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS]													
General Purpose(*h*)	346,742	368,548	380,007	407,151	448,434	480,157	519,453	573,273	697,485	781,727	849,299	863,062	1,039,093
Specific Purpose	94,967	98,635	121,618	155,168	155,828	166,661	168,623	190,827	229,594	221,565	296,683	503,482	n.a.
Total	441,709	467,183	501,625	562,319	604,262	646,818	688,076	764,100	927,079	1,003,292	1,145,982	1,366,544	n.a.

(*a*) Important qualifications attach to the 1974–75 estimates in some cases; *see* the relevant section of the text.
(*b*) Includes special advance of $17.5 million. *See* Chapter II.
(*c*) Special advance. *See* Chapter II.
(*d*) Part of these grants was used for recurrent purposes and part for capital purposes. *See* 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States 1967–68', Chapter IV.
(*e*) *See* Chapter III, under the heading 'Treatment of Loan Council Programs in this and other Budget Documents'.
(*f*) In addition the following grants were made from the Coal Industry Fund; 1962–63, $604,000; 1964–65, $559,000; 1965–66, $493,000.
(*g*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, specific purpose payments and the capital grants—that is, all amounts shown above with the exception of the Loan Council borrowing programs. *See* footnote (*e*).
(*h*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, Loan Council borrowings and capital grants. *See* footnote (*e*).

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TABLE 150.—VICTORIA—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962–63 TO 1974–75

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate) (a)
GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE													
Financial Assistance Grants	152,267	159,482	171,750	191,922	208,790	228,254	250,563	280,008	351,024	348,464	396,087	437,604	535,100
Special Revenue Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	4,837	2,999	(b)13,635	10,560	13,621	..	6,020	..
Total	152,267	159,482	171,750	191,922	208,790	233,091	253,562	293,643	361,584	362,085	396,087	443,624	535,100
ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS(c)													
Total	7,454	10,280	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS(d)													
State Government Loan Council Borrowing Programs	105,360	112,270	120,954	123,206	132,520	139,700	146,620	157,870	121,670	171,670	187,115	149,738	174,518
Capital Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	51,020	55,890	63,405	70,789	82,505
Total	105,360	112,270	120,954	123,206	132,520	139,700	146,620	157,870	172,690	227,560	250,520	220,527	257,023
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—RECURRENT PURPOSES													
Payments Under Financial Agreement—													
Interest on State Debt ..	4,254	4,254	4,254	4,254	4,254	4,254	4,254	4,254	4,254	4,254	4,254	4,254	4,254
Sinking Fund on State Debt	3,389	3,700	3,937	4,225	4,524	4,885	5,189	5,600	5,926	6,378	6,809	7,195	7,605
Debt Charges Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,783	5,566	8,348	11,131	13,914
Universities	4,104	4,916	7,098	8,071	9,211	10,991	12,108	13,960	16,238	18,586	21,896	53,468	84,181
Colleges of Advanced Education ..	..	..	..	..	1,302	2,788	3,195	4,837	6,191	7,341	10,443	46,711	76,929
Technical Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,772	5,861
Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,952	7,832	9,655	13,337	29,125	70,717
Pre-schools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,226	n.a.
Child Migrant Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	86	667	1,158	1,819	2,732	4,307
Educational Research ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32	81	87	142	310
Community Health ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,462	5,643
Tuberculosis Hospitals ..	2,542	2,772	2,700	3,019	3,293	3,306	3,288	3,176	3,039	3,170	3,197	3,486	3,290
School Dental Scheme ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	550	944
Health Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	68	113	100	125	148
Blood Transfusion Services	112	121	129	144	276	176	193	225	251	269	367	506	560
Health Planning Agencies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65
Housekeeper Services ..	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	..	..	..	..	..	..
Home Care Services ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	137	390	370	450
Senior Citizens Centres ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	36	70
Paramedical Services ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	61	131	235
Assistance for Deserted Wives ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	101	1,112	1,970	2,861	1,574	1,300
Unemployment Relief ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,075	25,670	2,647	..
Social Planning Units ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	20
Aboriginal Advancement ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	69	81	116	331	358	460
Housing Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,005	1,679	1,679	1,679
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Area Improvement Program	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	92	1,050
Local Government (Grants Commission)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14,630
Regional Organisation Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	77
Community Recreation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	..
Investigations	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	88	..
Fisheries Development ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bovine Brucellosis and T.B. eradication	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	37	577	700	1,150	1,681	2,150
Agricultural Extension Services	250	298	310	298	508	667	986	1,027	1,194	1,364	1,490	1,601	1,790
Minor Agricultural Research	n.a.	14	11	..	..	..	..	13	2	16	19	23	22
Plague Locust Control ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	46
Apple, Pear and Canning Fruit Industries ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50	..
Ajustment Assistance to Canneries ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,117	..
Tobacco Extension Services	16	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coal Mining Industry Long Service Leave ..	..	..	1	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	72	92	197
Apprenticeship Training ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	557	..
Legal Aid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	30	30	30
Road Safety Practices ..	20	20	20	20	23	23	23	23	30	30	30	30	30
Research Grants	..	..	..	331	607	770	675	864	954	1,177	1,620	1,540	1,990
Natural Disaster Relief ..	..	..	20	40	..	5,291	6,000	277	43	..	40	22	208
Total Specific Purpose Recurrent Payments	14,695	16,119	18,488	20,412	24,007	33,159	35,941	38,501	51,274	69,161	106,086	177,613	n.a.

TABLE 150.—VICTORIA—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962–63 TO 1974–75—(*continued*)

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—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate) (*a*)
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—CAPITAL PURPOSES													
Housing for Servicemen	899	1,128	7,360	2,441	940	766	1,538	1,233	3,548	1,165	2,019	2,691	3,139
Universities	5,207	5,009	3,288	4,425	5,250	6,173	7,072	4,495	5,990	6,669	7,327	14,128	15,232
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	..	911	3,177	3,971	6,143	6,153	8,330	9,275	13,680	17,079
Technical Education	..	..	2,826	336	3,050	5,091	1,550	3,000	3,912	1,500	3,350	5,500	8,160
Schools	..	..	2,799	2,799	2,799	3,553	3,555	6,262	6,745	7,587	9,486	18,011	49,731
Pre-schools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	288	n.a.
Child Migrant Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	550	671
Mental Health Institutions	..	..	711	1,567	1,192	1,382	1,200	947	798	828	831	237	..
Hospitals	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	150	7,000
Nursing Homes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	149	512	475
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,924	5,115
Tuberculosis Hospitals	110	50	308	169	110	10	175	327	151	119	16	..	11
School Dental Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	794	3,505
Disposal of Ships Garbage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	120	4	130	765	6	..
Senior Citizens Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	223	163	380
Dwellings Aged Pensioners	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	200	1,929	2,243	1,478	650	2,530
Migrant Centres	66	14	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	203	278	286	284	439	590	940
Housing	25,700	26,500	27,000	31,126	32,020	33,000	34,500	35,500	36,500	..	1,500	53,500	61,400
National Estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	150	n.a.
Nature Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,500	41,469
Area Improvement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,308	3,700
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,531	n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,300	34,000
Roads	21,754	22,824	25,576	27,508	29,443	31,286	33,113	38,160	43,460	49,820	57,240	65,720	71,848
Roads Safety Improvements	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	840	..
Railway Projects	2,630	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Urban Public Transport	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20,596
Softwood Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	300	500	480	815	..	1,542	..	1,650
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	285	90	145	2,220
Fruitgrowing Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	100	430	250
Canned Fruit Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,200	..	849	..	..
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,500	13,570	7,600	5,264
King River Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	1,385	2,000	212	36	15	29
Soil Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	155
Dartmouth Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	675	950	2,000
Water Resources Investigations	..	..	90	80	77	131	159	163	420	422	453	762	850
Salinity Reduction	..	..	..	..	..	600	800	170	25	22	33	7	8
Millewa Pipeline	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	600	800	600
Natural Disaster Relief	..	..	..	..	..	2,709	3,000	93	..	..	..	..	5,800
Total Specific Purpose—Capital Payments	56,366	55,525	69,960	70,451	75,792	88,178	91,351	98,956	116,936	88,127	112,046	208,436	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS(*e*)	230,782	241,406	260,198	282,785	308,589	354,428	380,854	431,100	580,814	575,263	677,624	900,462	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS PROGRAMS													
General Purpose(f)	265,081	282,032	292,704	315,128	341,310	372,791	400,182	451,513	534,274	589,645	664,607	664,151	792,123
Specific Purpose	71,061	71,644	88,448	90,863	99,799	121,337	127,292	137,457	168,210	157,288	218,132	386,049	n.a.
Total	336,142	353,676	381,152	405,991	441,109	494,128	527,474	588,970	702,484	746,933	864,739	1,050,200	n.a.

(*a*) Important qualifications attach to the 1974–75 estimates in some cases; *see* the relevant section of the text.
(*b*) Includes special advance of $10 million.
(*c*) Part of these grants was used for recurrent purposes and part for capital purposes. *See* 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States 1967–68, Chapter IV.
(*d*) *See* Chapter III, under the heading 'Treatment of Loan Council Programs in this and other Budget Documents'.
(*e*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, specific purpose payments and the capital grants—that is, all amounts shown above with the exception of the Loan Council borrowing programs. *See* footnote (*d*).
(*f*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, Loan Council borrowings and capital grants. *See* footnote (*d*).

TABLE 151.—QUEENSLAND—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS

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—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75(a) (Estimate)
GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE													
Financial Assistance Grants	91,083	94,821	101,111	113,356	125,514	139.601	155,963	176,522	216,672	231,603	271,946	318,245	409,700
Special Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,000	10,000	10,000	24,750
Special Revenue Assistance	..	..	..	..	2,750	2,347	1,867	2,182	6,603	8,606	..	4,228	..
Total	91,083	94,821	101,111	113,356	128,264	141,948	157,830	178,704	223,275	249,209	281,946	332,472	434,450
ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS(b)													
Total	8,480	4,800	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS(c)													
State Government Loan Council Borrowing Programs	53,400	60,200	66,752	68,016	72,510	76,560	80,540	85,980	67,910	85,090	92,752	78,236	102,024
Capital Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25,290	27,710	31,429	36,987	43,544
Total	53,400	60,200	66,752	68,016	72,510	76,560	80,540	85,980	93,200	112,800	124,181	115,223	145,568
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—RECURRENT PURPOSES													
Payments Under Financial Agreement—													
Interest on State Debt ..	2,192	2,192	2,192	2,192	2,192	2,192	2,192	2,192	2,192	2,192	2,192	2,192	2,192
Sinking Fund on State Debt	1,826	1,968	2,109	2,272	2,439	2,619	2,790	3,039	3,195	3,431	3,636	3,844	4,043
Debt Charges Assistance ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,525	3,051	4,576	6,102	7,627
State Emergency Services ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60
Universities	2,359	2,621	3,512	3,863	4,276	5,146	5,549	6,508	7,517	8,412	10,664	26,169	41,786
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	..	197	409	633	1,300	1,567	1,860	2,906	14,438	24,546
Technical Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	715	2,299
Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,830	3,640	4,472	6,250	13,578	34,157
Pre-schools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	436	n.a.
Child Migrant Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	57	81	98	165	344
Educational Research ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	59	60	109	172
Community Health ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	734	2,943
Tuberculosis Hospitals ..	1,789	2,118	2,036	2,068	2,189	2,416	2,344	1,754	1,730	1,528	1,896	2,205	2,280
School Dental Scheme ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	278	875
Health Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	47	75	155	160
Blood Transfusion Services	74	82	90	103	215	119	139	154	170	192	212	304	345
Health Planning Agencies ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65	75
Home Care Services ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	31	80	158	248	312	380
Senior Citizens Centres ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	18	40
Assistance for Deserted Wives	..	..	..	..	..	..	158	426	645	1,002	1,736	1,346	1,100
Unemployment Relief ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,400	16,400	2,353	..
Social Planning Units ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	20
Aboriginal Advancement ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	84	246	216	371	2,269	975	2,085
Housing Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	315	527	527	527
Housing Rental Losses ..	37	45	130	213	142	44	60	74	131	151	142	123	170
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Area Improvement ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	550
Local Government (Grants Commission)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,954
Regional Organisation Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	44
Community Recreation Investigations	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	..
Bovine Brucellosis and T.B. Eradication	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	80	458	885	470	1,897
Agricultural Extension Services	244	294	294	294	545	664	900	966	1,153	1,251	1,380	1,525	1,687
Minor Agricultural Research	n.a.	25	12	19	15	23	31	32	30	42	37	12	14
Apples Export Assistance ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35
Plague Locust Control ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12
Tobacco Extension Services	26	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coal Mining Industry Long Service Leave	194	173	205	184	157	278	192	164	136	185	316	410	620
Apprenticeship Training ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	52	126
Burdekin River Regional Study	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	153	..
Legal Aid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	296	..
Road Safety Practices ..	19	18	19	18	21	21	21	21	28	28	28	28	28
Research Grants	..	..	..	105	205	365	373	365	395	511	641	701	840
Natural Disaster Relief ..	..	..	..	4,174	3,197	2,483	1,210	8,940	8,921	1,188	—35	3,990	50
Total Specific Purpose Recurrent Payments	8,760	9,562	10,599	15,505	15,790	16,779	16,676	28,049	33,465	36,386	57,167	84,820	n.a.

TABLE 151.—QUEENSLAND—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962–63 TO 1974–75—*continued*

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—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75(a) (Estimate)
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—CAPITAL PURPOSES													
Housing for Servicemen	702	1,421	1,631	453	4,680	3,567	2,896	4,109	1,298	..	400	200	2,969
Universities	960	1,151	1,784	1,836	1,641	1,826	1,744	1,916	3,124	2,597	2,545	5,624	11,530
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	..	1,137	1,652	3,080	2,291	1,878	3,776	3,806	5,078	10,019
Technical Education	..	..	1,449	1,449	1,448	1,448	1,456	1,456	1,457	1,238	1,910	1,945	4,516
Schools	..	..	1,435	1,435	1,435	1,821	1,812	3,634	3,633	3,483	4,366	8,990	22,681
Pre-schools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,003	n.a.
Child Migrant Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50	68
Mental Health Institutions	75	108	225	146	288	196	323	602	464	1,169	967	247	..
Hospitals	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	250	4,000
Nursing Homes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	332	240	145	300
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,468	2,186
Tuberculosis Hospitals	630	283	223	110	28	135	39	6	55	6	27	22	23
School Dental Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	192	2,977
Disposal of Ships Garbage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	308	28	55	..	..	..
Senior Citizens Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	91	184	55	120
Dwellings for Aged Pensioners	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	109	661	1,250	1,331	1,490
Migrant Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	123	14	18	163
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,366	2,159	2,322	2,667	5,431	8,982	11,467
Housing	7,800	8,600	6,600	8,497	9,060	9,060	9,250	9,880	10,500	..	350	17,400	20,900
National Estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	33	n.a.
Nature Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	516
Area Improvement Program	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,950
Land Acquisitions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,007	13,543
Community Facilities—Townsville	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60	301	67
Roads	19,591	21,070	23,669	25,538	27,415	29,266	31,098	34,740	39,560	45,360	52,110	59,830	71,457
Roads—Safety Improvements	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	435	..
Beef Cattle Roads	2,000	4,095	4,600	4,000	4,505	4,000	4,550	5,100	7,685	8,200	5,500	4,187	279
Barkly Highway Maintenance	34	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	..
Railway Projects	11,917	12,100	3,016	..	..	578	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Urban Public Transport	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7,757
Coal Loading Facilities	..	160	240	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Weipa Development	..	..	..	2,717	553	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Julius Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,000
Ross River Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,500	..	600
Gladstone Power Station	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14,000	26,607	32,000
Softwood Forestry	..	..	..	..	201	481	954	925	1,144	196	2,160	1,535	1,750
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,770	5,500	2,000	656	5,790
Fruit Growing Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	150
Sugar Industry	..	..	..	..	..	23,328	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10,600	7,300	7,367	3,716
Meat Industry	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Recharging Cattle Dips	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bundaberg Irrigation Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,900	3,250	4,425	3,114	2,000
Fairbairn Dam	..	..	..	..	..	700	2,500	3,122	4,785	5,530	1,988	622	315
Lower Dawson River Weirs	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	95	455
Glenlyon Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	440
Soil Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	160
Eton (Mackay) Irrigation System	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	387	2,500
Clare Weir	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	300
Water Resources Investigations	..	..	256	313	366	414	467	522	516	544	563	770	878
Brigalow Lands Development	1,200	1,641	1,523	1,812	2,509	2,004	1,179	1,253	403	1,084	698	139	4,416
Flood Mitigation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	120
Natural Disaster Relief	..	..	..	3,326	2,316	1,123	805	4,953	5,444	5,701	..	23,869	26,050
Total Specific Purpose—Capital Payments	44,920	50,643	46,665	51,646	57,596	81,613	63,533	76,990	89,107	102,177	113,818	184,969	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS(d)	153,243	159,826	158,375	180,507	201,650	240,340	238,039	283,743	371,137	415,482	484,360	639,248	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS													
General Purpose	152,963	159,821	167,863	181,372	200,774	218,508	238,370	264,684	316,475	362,009	406,127	447,695	580,018
Specific Purpose	53,680	60,205	57,264	67,151	73,386	98,392	80,209	105,039	122,572	138,563	170,985	269,789	n.a.
Total	206,643	220,026	225,127	248,523	274,160	316,900	318,579	369,723	439,047	500,572	577,112	717,484	n.a.

(*a*) Important qualifications attach to the 1974–75 estimates in some cases; *See* the relevant section of the text.
(*b*) Part of these grants was used for recurrent purposes and part for capital purposes. *See* 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States 1967–68', Chapter IV.
(*c*) *See* Chapter III, under the heading 'Treatment of Loan Council Programs in this and other Budget Documents'.
(*d*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, specific purpose payments, and the capital grants—that is, all amounts shown above with the exception of the Loan Council borrowing programs. *See* footnote (*c*).
(*e*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, Loan Council borrowings and capital grants. *See* footnote (*c*).

TABLE 152.—SOUTH AUSTRALIA—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962–63 TO 1974–75

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—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75(*a*) (Estimate)
GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE													
Financial Assistance Grants	69,552	72,729	78,155	86,467	94,346	102,738	112,768	125,706	151,602	158,491	181,430	204,918	255,800
Special Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,000	7,000	21,000	19,900	23,500
Special Revenue Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	1,727	3,350	1,690	4,650	5,929	..	2,764	..
Total	69,552	72,729	78,155	86,467	94,346	104,465	116,117	127,396	161,252	171,420	202,430	227,582	279,300
ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS(*b*)													
Total	4,006	5,524	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS(*c*)													
Borrowing Programs	51,458	55,184	59,020	61,892	67,680	71,820	77,840	82,670	60,000	92,260	100,554	79,587	93,734
Capital Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	27,420	30,030	34,074	37,625	44,314
Total	51,458	55,184	59,020	61,892	67,680	71,820	77,840	82,670	87,420	122,290	134,628	117,212	138,048
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—RECURRENT PURPOSES													
Payments Under Financial Agreement—													
Interest on State Debt	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	1,408	(*d*)1,290	(*d*)1,525
Sinking Fund on State Debt	1,925	2,077	2,193	2,335	2,482	2,673	2,835	3,053	3,226	3,458	3,689	3,896	4,111
Debt Charges Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,496	2,991	4,487	5,982	7,478
Universities	2,133	2,367	3,266	3,420	3,668	4,107	4,351	4,964	5,811	6,676	7,898	19,808	31,781
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	..	275	554	623	1,361	1,420	1,651	2,638	13,518	20,803
Technical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	889	2,007
Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	759	1,526	1,889	2,529	6,464	19,420
Preschools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	690	n.a.
Child Migrant Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	87	169	326	587	706
Educational Research	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	8	13	18	43
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	597	2,336
Tuberculosis Hospitals	752	710	638	662	652	620	571	551	545	715	760	939	950
School Dental Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,066	1,230
Health Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	34	52	76	89
Blood Transfusion Services	42	44	47	61	123	76	115	83	124	139	160	252	247
Health Planning Agencies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	50	50
Home Care Services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	41	169	200
Senior Citizens Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	9	9	2	3
Paramedical Services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	14	30	65
Assistance for Deserted Wives	..	..	..	..	..	25	139	210	294	464	776	1,534	1,000
Unemployment Relief	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,620	9,660	941	..
Social Planning Units	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	20
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	17	161	270	694	1,003	1,474
Housing Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	623	1,093	1,093	1,093
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Area Improvement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	110
Local Government (Grants Commission)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,774
Regional Organisation Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38
Community Recreation Investigations	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	105	..
Fisheries Development	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	40	..
Bovine Brucellosis and T.B. Eradication	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	36	113	177	235	551	334
Agricultural Extension Services	90	104	104	104	217	368	391	460	538	651	690	760	847
Minor Agricultural Research	n.a.	..	1	..	3	..	11	15	15	11	13	17	17
Plague Locust Control	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Apple, Pear and Canning Fruit Industries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	..
Adjustment Assistance to Canneries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	247	..
Apprenticeship Training	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	44	110
Legal Aid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	187	..
Road Safety Practices	12	13	12	13	15	15	15	15	19	19	19	19	19
Research Grants	..	..	..	223	352	560	462	551	759	577	851	955	1,138
Natural Disaster Relief	..	..	20	..	..	725	1,026	−56	..	..	..	..	..
Total Specific Purpose Recurrent Payments	6,362	6,723	7,689	8,226	9,195	11,131	11,986	13,427	17,581	23,572	38,074	63,854	n.a.

TABLE 152.—SOUTH AUSTRALIA—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962-63 TO 1974-75—*continued*

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—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75(*a*) (Estimate)
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—CAPITAL PURPOSES													
Housing for Servicemen	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43	..	40
Universities	1,006	1,284	1,814	2,597	1,407	1,664	1,076	1,506	2,369	1,818	2,697	7,050	6,404
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	..	616	1,215	1,995	3,062	2,973	2,872	3,639	6,196	6,900
Technical Education	..	..	933	350	750	1,700	870	807	1,191	1,130	1,130	2,063	2,199
Schools	..	..	924	859	990	1,173	1,415	1,830	2,545	2,629	3,805	9,430	15,219
Pre-schools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	514	n.a.
Child Migrant Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	165	79
Mental Health Institutions	104	173	265	242	193	64	433	1,299	909	246	453	344	..
Hospitals	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	441	3,500
Nursing Homes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	465	..	..
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,195	2,554
Tuberculosis Hospitals	27	30	13	14	5	31	60	69	108	155	243	395	9
School Dental Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	895	2,023
Disposal of Ships Garbage	..	..	..	..	..	38	10	..	..	..	..	..	..
Senior Citizens Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	32	87	132	55	120
Dwellings Aged Pensioners	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	160	311	1,002	380	146	930
Migrant Centres	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	75	12	..	..	17
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	311	518	499	530	1,046	3,696	3,526
Housing	18,982	19,400	20,500	21,057	20,750	21,000	19,500	21,250	25,000	..	500	32,750	38,400
National Estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	45	n.a.
Nature Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,414	5,323
Area Improvement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	390
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8,000	n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,598	3,002
Roads	12,400	13,337	14,903	16,024	17,222	18,384	19,433	21,000	23,500	25,500	28,000	31,000	31,196
Road Safety Improvements	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	300	..
Beef Cattle Roads	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	300	350	350	..	..
Eyre Highway Maintenance	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	..
Eyre Highway Sealing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	625	625	..
Railway Projects	2,600	2,975	4,476	6,431	6,929	6,628	8,878	12,212	2,048	1,024	556	319	925
Urban Public Transport	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,990
Railways—Intersystem Advances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	260	107	82	..	65	..
Natural Gas	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,000	..	2,250	1,750	..	..	..
Urban Water Supply	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,400
Softwood Forestry	..	..	..	..	90	205	230	350	300	93	400	252	250
Marginal Dairy Frams	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	210	50	..	90
Fruitgrowing Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	57	150
Canned Fruit Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,290	..	383	..	..
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,000	6,100	4,300	2,732
Soil Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25
Dartmouth Dam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	675	950	2,000
Water Resources Investigation	..	..	72	53	63	125	150	142	187	158	161	371	423
Lock-Kimba Pipeline	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	420	540	470
Tailem Bend Pipeline	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,500	1,500	1,500	756	14	−3
Natural Disaster Relief	..	..	..	..	..	275	274	..	..	..	..	..	500
Total Specific Purpose—Capital Payments	35,174	37,224	43,925	47,652	49,042	52,529	65,660	66,006	67,519	44,173	53,059	118,210	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS(*e*)	115,094	122,200	129,769	142,345	152,583	168,125	193,763	206,829	273,772	267,195	327,637	447,271	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS													
General Purpose(*f*)	125,016	133,437	137,175	148,359	162,026	176,285	193,957	210,066	248,672	293,710	377,058	344,794	417,348
Specific Purpose	41,536	43,947	51,614	55,878	58,237	63,660	77,646	79,433	85,100	67,745	91,133	182,064	n.a.
Total	166,552	177,384	188,789	204,237	220,263	239,945	271,603	289,499	333,772	361,455	428,191	526,858	n.a.

(*a*) Important qualifications attach to the 1974–75 estimates in some cases; *See* the relevant section of the text.
(*b*) Part of these grants was used for recurrent purposes and part for capital purposes. *See* 'Commonwealth Payments to or for the States 1967–68 , Chapter IV.
(*c*) *See* Chapter III, under the heading 'Treatment of Loan Council Programs in this and other Budget Documents'.
(*d*) *See* footnote (*c*) to Table 107.
(*e*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, specific purpose payments, and the capital grants—that is, all amounts shown above with the exception of the Loan Council borrowing programs. *See* footnote (*c*).
(*f*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, Loan Council borrowings and capital grants, *See* footnote (*c*).

TABLE 153.—WESTERN AUSTRALIA—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962-63 TO 1974-75

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	(a)1974-75 (Estimate)
GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE													
Financial Assistance Grants	62,480	65,597	70,498	78,474	86,396	96,152	123,796	138,835	163,313	170,960	196,369	222,388	273,900
Special Grants	12,420	12,144	17,120	24,038	19,406	15,518	582	..	..	..	..	..	..
Special Revenue Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,296	1,545	5,030	6,014	..	2,855	..
Total	74,900	77,741	87,618	102,512	105,802	111,670	125,674	140,380	168,343	176,974	196,369	225,243	273,900
ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS(b)													
Total	2,728	3,764	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS(c)													
Borrowing Programs	41,044	44,006	46,968	47,902	51,070	53,230	54,810	59,290	48,400	62,840	68,503	54,587	64,278
Capital Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18,680	20,470	23,213	25,806	30,387
Total	41,044	44,006	46,968	47,902	51,070	53,230	54,810	59,290	67,080	83,310	91,716	80,393	94,665
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—RECURRENT PURPOSES													
Payments Under Financial Agreement—													
Interest on State Debt	947	947	947	947	947	947	947	947	947	947	947	947	947
Sinking Fund on State Debt	1,403	1,519	1,616	1,726	1,844	1,986	2,105	2,258	2,384	2,557	2,715	2,855	3,005
Debt Charges Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,106	2,211	3,317	4,422	5,528
Universities	1,377	1,595	2,060	2,152	2,306	2,652	2,833	3,281	3,900	4,594	5,683	14,610	24,176
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	..	363	776	912	1,929	2,333	2,920	4,015	17,247	27,842
Technical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	974	1,681
Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	862	1,682	2,064	2,903	6,389	16,943
Pre-schools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	385	n.a.
Child Migrant Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	62	150	138	157	224
Educational Research	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	7	17	26	55
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	548	433
Tuberculosis Hospitals	800	751	742	697	547	807	602	789	770	875	778	764	865
School Dental Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	391	1,084
Health Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	38	43	49	99	107
Blood Transfusion Services	35	37	42	44	92	80	75	76	79	106	134	183	230
Health Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	81	110
Housekeeper Services	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Home Care Services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	10	13	23	30
Senior Citizens Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	15	30
Assistance for Deserted Wives	..	..	..	..	..	36	215	342	544	981	1,746	1,171	1,100
Unemployment Relief	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,024	8,901	882	..
Social Planning Units	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	20
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	140	223	1,377	2,636	4,660
Housing Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	457	771	771	771
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Area Improvement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	170
Local Government (Grants Commission)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,959
Regional Organisation Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	46
Pilbara Feasibility Study	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	125	25
Community Recreation Investigations	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	..
Perth Underground Railway Study	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	188	45
Bovine Brucellosis and T.B. Eradication	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	64	119	192	380	343	510
Agricultural Extension Services	94	104	102	104	213	294	375	493	598	589	680	771	856
Minor Agricultural Research	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	..
Apple Export Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	607
Apple, Pear and Canning Fruit Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..
Coal Mining Industry Long Service Leave	61	55	64	43	37	33	68	79	93	103	90	139	140
Apprenticeship Training	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	44	99
Legal Aid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	166	..
Road Safety Practices	17	16	17	16	19	19	19	19	25	25	25	25	25
Research Grants	..	..	..	142	155	257	276	323	296	307	370	410	489
Natural Disaster Relief	..	..	..	..	..	..	50	42	..	..	..	..	..
Total Specific Purpose Recurrent Payments	4,736	5,026	5,591	5,872	6,525	7,889	8,479	11,550	15,128	21,399	35,065	57,834	n.a.

TABLE 153.—WESTERN AUSTRALIA—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962–63 TO 1974–75—*continued*

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—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75 (Estimate) (a)
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—CAPITAL PURPOSES													
Housing for Servicemen	70	252	292	245	308	1,241	894	873	1,533	324	161	191	682
Universities	923	1,161	940	901	1,160	567	734	2,048	384	1,571	2,531	4,581	9,795
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	232	457	3,121	1,470	1,412	1,906	3,031	3,554	7,222	7,800
Technical Education	..	..	714	269	551	1,323	437	957	804	747	1,166	1,311	2,497
Schools	..	..	707	502	899	912	1,089	1,517	1,700	2,296	3,017	6,810	13,178
Pre-schools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	166	n.a.
Child Migrant Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	100	98
Mental Health Institutions	116	332	447	338	260	148	375	241	395	454	219	187	..
Hospitals	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	695	3,000
Nursing Homes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	337	44	..	..	..
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,096	2,027
Tuberculosis Hospitals	67	44	11	2	..	10	..	..	12	88	20	..	..
School Dental Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	661	2,022
Disposal of Ships Garbage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	104	10	25	48
Senior Citizens Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	30	67	123	280
Dwellings Aged Pensioners	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	700	224	519	307	700
Migrant Centres	..	34	..	..	..	357	411	60	65	23	..	..	..
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	825	1,225	1,540	2,277	5,509	8,454	9,340
Housing	6,940	6,800	7,200	8,601	9,170	10,000	11,500	11,500	12,500	..	400	13,000	22,900
National Estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	60	n.a.
Nature Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	500
Area Improvement Program	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	580
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Exmouth Township	..	..	380	750	1,952	417	..	59	584	12	28	..	..
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,800	15,400
Roads	18,975	20,526	23,007	24,739	26,676	28,597	30,537	32,940	36,270	39,250	43,910	48,030	49,261
Roads—Safety Improvements	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	255	..
Beef Cattle Roads	1,400	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,400	1,451	1,168	1,000	1,600	1,900	981	..
Eyre Highway Maintenance	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	..
Railway Projects	4,325	7,526	10,265	17,827	17,996	19,458	8,362	7,900	5,236	1,988	1,250	508	348
Perth Underground Railway Study	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Urban Public Transport	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,776
Railways Intersystem Advances	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,690	700	203	−456	784	650	800
W.A.–Darwin Shipping	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,500	1,000	..
Northern Harbours	..	700	1,100	1,154	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Derby Jetty	600	700	300	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Softwood Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	450	500	859	424	56	1,020	416	587
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	352	478	277	70	600
Fruit Growing Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	50
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,500	8,130	5,300	4,630
Meat Industry	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ord River Project	2,865	1,466	1,468	1,112	..	100	5,100	5,850	5,847	4,760	748	1,443	1,065
Soil Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	40
W.A. Water Supply	..	..	..	1,250	1,250	1,500	2,050	2,000	1,792	2,000	158	..	..
Water Resources Investigation	..	..	136	211	235	260	273	312	572	670	710	1,300	1,667
Natural Disaster Relief	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	130	31	..	..	..	..
Total Specific Purpose—Capital Payments	36,306	41,066	48,492	59,658	62,447	69,886	68,723	71,776	74,212	68,096	78,613	108,785	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS(d)													
	118,670	127,597	141,701	168,042	174,774	189,445	202,876	223,706	276,363	286,939	333,260	417,668	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWING PROGRAMS													
General Purpose(e)	118,672	125,511	134,586	150,414	156,872	164,900	180,484	199,670	235,423	260,284	288,085	305,636	368,565
Specific Purpose	41,042	46,092	54,083	65,530	68,972	77,775	77,202	83,326	89,340	89,495	113,678	166,619	n.a.
Total	159,714	171,603	188,669	215,944	225,844	242,675	257,686	282,996	324,763	349,779	401,763	472,255	n.a.

(*a*) Important qualifications attach to the 1974–75 estimates in some cases. *See* the relevant section of the text.
(*b*) Part of these grants was used for recurrent purposes and part for capital purposes. *See* "Commonwealth Payments to or for the States 1967–68", Chapter IV.
(*c*) *See* Chapter III, under the heading 'Treatment of Loan Council Programs in this and other Budget Documents'.
(*d*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, specific purpose payments, and the capital grants—that is, all amounts shown above with the exception of the Loan Council borrowing programs. *See* footnote (*c*).
(*e*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, Loan Council borrowings and capital grants. *See* footnote (*c*).

TABLE 154.—TASMANIA—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962-63 TO 1974-75

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——	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	(a)1974-75 (Estimate)
GENERAL REVENUE ASSISTANCE													
Financial Assistance Grants	26,616	27,626	29,297	32,131	34,773	37,968	41,710	46,340	65,071	69,156	79,498	91,243	129,700
Special Grants	10,082	10,756	14,600	17,732	20,666	19,889	16,810	21,900	13,680	7,800	7,600	8,650	..
Special Revenue Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	499	2,174	2,017	2,517	..	1,207	..
Total	36,698	38,382	43,897	49,863	55,439	57,857	59,019	70,414	80,768	79,473	87,098	101,101	129,700
ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS(b)													
Total	3,040	2,816	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
GENERAL PURPOSE CAPITAL FUNDS(c)													
Borrowing Programs	30,708	32,020	34,136	34,834	37,580	40,610	42,120	45,370	34,570	47,020	51,252	43,467	51,891
Capital Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13,980	15,310	17,367	20,549	24,531
Total	30,708	32,020	34,136	34,834	37,580	40,610	42,120	45,370	48,550	62,330	68,619	64,016	76,422
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—RECURRENT PURPOSES													
Payments under Financial Agreement													
Interest on State Debt	534	534	534	534	534	534	534	534	534	534	534	534	534
Sinking Fund on State Debt	972	1,062	1,129	1,212	1,293	1,398	1,485	1,598	1,694	1,825	1,934	2,044	2,161
Debt Charges Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	795	1,590	2,385	3,180	3,975
State Emergency Services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	44
Universities	583	641	930	970	1,028	1,200	1,315	1,504	1,818	2,105	2,530	6,415	10,393
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	..	59	138	222	397	754	887	1,128	3,959	5,706
Technical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	117	559
Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	286	556	660	914	1,958	6,256
Pre-schools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	78	n.a.
Child Migrant Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	28	53	135	190
Educational Research	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	14	33
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	121	901
Tuberculosis Hospitals	363	363	361	338	337	304	351	333	347	337	289	201	391
School Dental Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	818	1,269
Health Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	20	30	60	67
Blood Transfusion Services	11	11	11	13	24	13	25	21	24	30	30	37	58
Health Planning Agencies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25
Housekeeper Services	1	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Home Care Services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	12	49	70
Paramedical Services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	3	4
Assistance for Deserted Wives	..	..	..	..	..	..	67	77	188	201	338	260	300
Unemployment Relief	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,485	5,970	647	..
Social Planning Units	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	20
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	19	17	49	23	23
Housing Grants	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	232	388	388	388
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Local Government (Grants Commission)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,669
Regional Organisation Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16
Community Recreation Investigations	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	..
Fisheries Development	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	40	..
Bovine Brucellosis and T.B. Eradication	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	34	82	91	100	137	100
Agricultural Extension Services	54	70	74	74	158	147	228	226	314	349	380	348	441
Apple Export Assistance	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,000
Apple, Pear and Canning Fruit Industries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	250	..
Coal Mining Industry Long Service Leave	14	13	20	6	2	7	6	4	6	5	2	16	18
Apprenticeship Training	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	34
Legal Aid	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	62	..
Road Safety Practices	7	8	7	8	9	9	9	9	11	11	11	11	11
Research Grants	..	..	..	77	63	158	194	182	202	131	172	204	236
Natural Disaster Relief	..	..	..	..	1,350	200	..	—140	..	—45	..	..	..
Total Specific Purpose Recurrent Payments	2,539	2,703	3,066	3,233	4,858	4,109	4,436	5,072	7,386	10,511	17,258	22,160	n.a.

TABLE 154.—TASMANIA—AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS, 1962–63 TO 1974–75—*continued*

$'000

—	1962–63	1963–64	1964–65	1965–66	1966–67	1967–68	1968–69	1969–70	1970–71	1971–72	1972–73	1973–74	1974–75(*a*) (Estimate)
SPECIFIC PURPOSE PAYMENTS—CAPITAL PURPOSES													
Housing for Servicemen	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	35	..	..	..	145	193
Universities	435	415	412	201	394	627	902	757	429	665	842	694	2,445
Colleges of Advanced Education	..	..	..	..	..	412	1,129	1,047	614	2,035	1,425	292	3,977
Technical Education	..	..	334	334	334	335	275	376	325	380	380	689	1,018
Schools	..	..	331	331	331	420	481	396	1,043	1,251	1,708	2,527	5,227
Pre-schools and Child Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	285	n.a.
Child Migrant Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	40	110
Mental Health Institutions	..	..	197	529	823	358	399	108	224	185	87	31	..
Hospitals	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	140	1,500
Nursing Homes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	84	166	..	..
Community Health	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	242	760
Tuberculosis Hospitals	10	39	6	12	..	3	2	..	..	..	32	2	..
School Dental Scheme	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	549	389
Disposal of Ships Garbage	..	..	..	..	29	1	1	57	14	..	7	..	..
Senior Citizens Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	28	13	30
Dwellings for Aged Pensioners	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	100	158	232	138	22	280
Aboriginal Advancement	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	32	35	45	105	131	215
Housing	5,200	6,000	6,400	7,448	7,500	6,700	7,500	7,600	8,750	..	300	16,000	20,000
National Estate	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Nature Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Growth Centres	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	35	506
Land Acquisition	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Sewerage	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,700
Roads	5,400	5,800	6,500	7,000	7,500	8,000	8,500	9,100	10,230	10,820	12,150	13,950	17,065
Road Safety Improvements	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	90	..
Gordon River Road	..	270	1,094	1,840	1,596	200	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bell Bay Railway	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,094	1,156	..	..
Urban Public Transport	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,727
King Island Harbour Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20
King Island Shipping Service	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,415
Hydroelectricity	..	..	..	..	..	5,300	3,200	9,700	3,211	2,500	1,113	..	..
Softwood Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	520	488	400	700	45	1,101	672	639
Marginal Dairy Farms	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	120	30	24	1,120
Fruitgrowing Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	100	650	800
Rural Reconstruction	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	400	2,200	700	1,341
Soil Conservation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10
Cressy–Longford Irrigation Works	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	200	449	101	..	..
Water Resources Investigations	..	..	..	16	18	20	74	68	64	71	71	71	136
Natural Disasters Relief	..	..	..	..	1,150	7,450	1,195	−287	−216	68	−3	−3	..
Total Specific Purpose Capital Payments	11,045	12,524	15,274	17,711	19,675	30,346	24,182	29,489	25,781	22,455	23,237	37,990	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS(*d*)													
	53,322	56,425	62,237	70,807	79,972	92,312	87,637	104,975	127,915	127,749	144,960	181,800	n.a.
TOTAL AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS AND LOAN COUNCIL BORROWINGS PROGRAMS													
General Purpose(*e*)	70,446	73,218	78,033	84,697	93,019	98,467	101,139	115,784	129,318	141,803	155,717	165,117	206,122
Specific Purpose	13,584	15,227	18,340	20,944	24,533	34,455	28,618	34,561	33,167	32,966	40,495	60,150	n.a.
Total	84,030	88,445	96,373	105,641	117,552	132,922	129,757	150,345	162,485	174,769	196,212	225,267	n.a.

(*a*) Important qualifications attach to the 1974–75 estimates in some cases; *See* the relevant section of the text.
(*b*) Part of these grants was used for recurrent purposes and part for capital purposes. *See* "Commonwealth Payments to or for the States 1967–68," Chapter IV.
(*c*) *See* Chapter III, under the heading 'Treatment of Loan Council Programs in this and other Budget Documents'.
(*d*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, specific purpose payments, and the capital grants—that is, all amounts shown above with the exception of the Loan Council borrowing programs. *See* footnote (*c*).
(*e*) Comprising general revenue assistance, additional assistance grants, Loan Council borrowings and capital grants. *See* footnote (*c*).

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