

Part II: Government Finance Statistics Statements

The financial tables presented in this Part are prepared in accordance with the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) accrual Government Finance Statistics (GFS) framework.

The statistical tables that are presented below include an operating statement, balance sheet and cash flow statement for the Commonwealth general government, public non-financial corporations (PNFC), total non-financial public, and public financial corporations (PFC) sectors. The 2001-02 Final Budget Outcome also includes a statement of other economic flows for the Commonwealth general government sector. This primarily outlines how 'other economic flows' (that is, those flows not accounted for in the GFS operating statement) impact on the net worth of the Commonwealth general government sector.

The Commonwealth, States and Territories have an agreed framework – the *Accrual Uniform Presentation Framework* (UPF) – for the presentation of government financial information on a basis consistent with the ABS Government Finance Statistics (GFS) publication. This Part presents Commonwealth data on an ABS GFS basis, as required by the UPF. An exception to this is the treatment of provisions for bad and doubtful debts. The draft ABS GFS publication (*Australian System of Government Finance Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods* Cat. No. 5514.0) requires that provisions for bad and doubtful debts be excluded from the balance sheet. This treatment has not been adopted because excluding such provisions would overstate the value of Commonwealth assets and net worth in the balance sheet (and would therefore be inconsistent with the market valuation principle).

The clear policy intent of the *Intergovernmental Agreement on Commonwealth-State Financial Arrangements* is that GST is collected by the Commonwealth, as an agent for the States and Territories, and appropriated to the States. As such, it is not shown as Commonwealth revenue in Parts I and III and Appendices B and C. However, the tables in this Part are presented on an accrual UPF reporting basis, and show GST as taxation revenue in and payments to the States as grant expenses out.

Consistent with ABS practice, transactions between the Commonwealth general government and PNFC sectors are included in the tables produced for these sectors, but are removed from the total non-financial public sector tables as they are transactions internal to that sector.

Transactions between the Commonwealth PFC sector and the general government and PNFC sectors are included in the relevant tables. These transactions include income transfers such as dividends paid to general government, net advances paid by general government to PFCs and taxes paid by PFCs.

Appendix A provides reconciliations between key GFS aggregates and their Australian Accounting Standard No. 31 (AAS31) counterparts.

Table 7: General government sector operating statement

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
GFS revenue		
Taxation revenue	178,386	177,237
Current grants and subsidies	0	0
Sales of goods and services	3,908	3,802
Interest income	1,223	1,188
Dividend income	4,760	4,766
Other	2,515	2,785
Total GFS revenue	190,791	189,777
GFS expenses		
Gross operating expenses		
Depreciation	1,759	1,667
Superannuation	1,789	1,497
Salaries and wages	10,262	10,275
Payment for supply of goods and services	34,986	34,154
Other operating expenses	1,498	1,911
<i>Total gross operating expenses</i>	<i>50,294</i>	<i>49,504</i>
Nominal superannuation interest expense	5,239	4,987
Other interest expenses	5,266	5,511
Other property expenses	0	0
Current transfers		
Grant expenses	61,884	61,443
Subsidy expenses	4,524	4,634
Personal benefit payments in cash	63,359	63,035
Other current transfers	0	0
<i>Total current transfers</i>	<i>129,767</i>	<i>129,113</i>
Capital transfers	3,640	4,291
Total GFS expenses	194,206	193,406
Net operating balance	-3,415	-3,629
Net acquisition of non-financial assets		
Gross fixed capital formation	1,532	1,172
<i>less</i> Depreciation	1,759	1,667
<i>plus</i> Change in inventories	-140	185
<i>plus</i> Other movements in non-financial assets	-182	-59
Total net acquisition of non-financial assets	-550	-369
Net lending/fiscal balance(a)(b)	-2,865	-3,260

(a) The fiscal balance and net operating balance outcomes in this table are \$466 million greater than the fiscal balance and net operating balance outcomes elsewhere in the Final Budget Outcome. Appendix A provides an explanation.

(b) The term 'fiscal balance' is not used by the ABS.

Table 8: General government sector balance sheet

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
GFS assets		
Financial assets		
Cash and deposits	1,780	2,231
Advances paid	19,945	19,044
Investments, loans and placements	17,075	19,649
Other non-equity assets	15,741	13,881
Equity	51,427	44,870
<i>Total financial assets</i>	<i>105,967</i>	<i>99,674</i>
Non-financial assets		
Land	3,568	4,625
Buildings	12,852	12,392
Plant, equipment and infrastructure	10,955	11,765
Inventories	3,350	3,856
Other non-financial assets	2,868	3,002
<i>Total non-financial assets</i>	<i>33,593</i>	<i>35,640</i>
Total GFS assets	139,561	135,314
GFS liabilities		
Deposits held	293	300
Advances received	0	0
Government securities	64,045	63,821
Loans	13,037	12,089
Other borrowing	268	281
Superannuation liability	81,967	81,596
Other employee entitlements and provisions	6,542	6,819
Other non-equity liabilities	15,695	16,888
Total GFS liabilities	181,848	181,794
Net worth(a)(b)	-42,288	-46,480
Net financial worth(c)	-75,881	-82,121
Net debt(d)	38,845	35,568

(a) The net worth outcome in this table is \$505 million greater than the net worth outcomes elsewhere in the Final Budget Outcome. Appendix A provides an explanation.

(b) Net worth is calculated as total assets minus total liabilities.

(c) Net financial worth equals total financial assets minus total liabilities.

(d) Net debt equals the sum of deposits held, advances received, government securities, loans and other borrowings, minus the sum of cash and deposits, advances paid, and investments, loans and placements.

Table 9: General government sector cash flow statement^(a)

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
Cash receipts from operating activities		
Taxes received(b)	176,269	174,308
Receipts from sales of goods and services	3,785	3,727
Grants/subsidies received	0	0
Interest receipts	992	918
Dividends	4,760	4,770
GST input credits received by general government(c)	0	0
Other receipts	2,335	2,519
Total receipts	188,141	186,241
Cash payments for operating activities		
Payments for goods and services	-35,260	-34,258
Grants and subsidies paid	-68,579	-68,123
Interest paid	-5,204	-5,273
Personal benefit payments	-63,086	-62,873
Salaries, wages and other entitlements	-14,670	-14,169
GST payments by general government to taxation authority(c)	0	0
Other payments for operating activities	-1,187	-1,689
Total payments	-187,985	-186,385
Net cash flows from operating activities	156	-144
Cash flows from investments in non-financial assets		
Sales of non-financial assets	853	914
less Purchases of new and secondhand non-financial assets	-2,284	-2,107
Net cash flows from investments in non-financial assets	-1,431	-1,193
Net cash flows from investments in financial assets		
for policy purposes(d)	-626	3,422
Cash flows from investments in financial assets		
for liquidity purposes		
Increase in investments	6,311	3,097
Net cash flows from investments in financial assets		
for liquidity purposes	6,311	3,097
Cash flows from financing activities		
Advances received (net)	0	0
Borrowing (net)	-3,440	-3,903
Deposits received (net)	0	7
Other financing (net)	-303	-234
Net cash flows from financing activities	-3,743	-4,130
Net increase/decrease in cash held	666	1,052
Net cash from operating activities and investments		
in non-financial assets	-1,276	-1,337
plus Finance leases and similar arrangements(e)	83	78
Equals surplus(+)/deficit(-)	-1,193	-1,259

(a) A positive number denotes a cash inflow, a negative sign denotes a cash outflow.

(b) Includes GST cash receipts on a Commonwealth tax basis, which is \$133 million less than GST cash receipts measured on a State tax basis (as shown in Part III, Note 15).

(c) Where GST is accounted for as a Commonwealth revenue, GST flows between general government entities and the taxation authority are treated as transfers within the general government sector. Therefore, the general government as a whole does not receive any GST input credit receipts or make any GST payments to taxation authorities.

(d) Includes net cash flows from loans, advances and HECS of \$1.1 billion, as shown in Table 6.

(e) The acquisition of assets under finance leases reduces the surplus/deficit. The disposal of assets previously held under finance leases improves the surplus/deficit.

**Table 10: General government sector statement of other economic flows
(reconciliation of net worth)**

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
Opening net worth	-41,147	-41,147
Change in net worth from operating transactions	-3,415	-3,628
Change in net worth from other economic flows		
Net profit on sale of assets	2,416	3,521
Cost of asset sales included in net profit on sale of assets(a)	29	48
Revaluations of investments in commercial entities	2,584	-4,304
<i>Total revaluation and profit on asset sales(b)</i>	<i>5,029</i>	<i>-735</i>
Net foreign exchange gains	646	1,139
Net writedowns of assets (including bad and doubtful debts)	-4,115	-6,398
Revaluation of superannuation liability	-652	-611
Net swap interest received	673	678
Reversal of previous year's grant recognition(c)	334	392
Revaluation of defence weapon platforms including writedowns(d)	425	1,104
Asset revaluations taken to reserves	203	1,622
Assets recognised for the first time	8	1,204
Other economic revaluations(e)	-276	-98
Total other economic flows	2,275	-1,705
Closing net worth	-42,288	-46,480

- (a) This component of profit on the sale of assets impacts on net worth as an operating transaction (rather than an other economic flow) and is therefore added back to the net profit on sales of assets.
- (b) Revaluations and profit on sale of assets are derived from Australian Accounting Standards data. Revaluations reflect the difference between the GFS valuation of commercial entities at market value and the AAS valuation at historic cost.
- (c) Total grants to be paid over a multi-year health programme were previously recognised as an expense and liability in the year that the programme began. This treatment has been reversed and the grants will now be recognised as expenses in the year they are paid, leading to the removal of the previous liability, consistent with external reporting standards.
- (d) Defence weapons are treated as expenses rather than assets under the GFS framework, hence, changes in value do not contribute to net worth and are not included in other economic flows. This component represents the removal of defence weapons included in net writedowns, assets recognised for the first time and asset revaluations taken to reserves and other movements.
- (e) Includes net repurchase premia and other revaluations not recorded elsewhere.

Table 11: Supplementary table — Commonwealth general government revenue (accrual basis)

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
Taxation revenue		
Income tax		
Individuals and other withholding(a)		
Gross income tax withholding(b)	80,940	79,822
Gross other individuals	16,725	17,237
less Refunds	10,350	10,637
Total Individuals and other withholding	87,315	86,422
Companies	27,480	27,133
Superannuation funds		
Contributions and earnings	3,460	3,341
Surcharge	820	830
Total Superannuation funds	4,280	4,171
Petroleum resource rent tax	1,360	1,306
Total income tax	120,435	119,032
Indirect tax		
Excise duty		
Petroleum products and crude oil	12,690	12,793
Other excise	6,810	6,837
Total excise duty	19,500	19,630
Customs duty	5,004	5,214
Other indirect taxes(c)	760	791
Total indirect tax	25,264	25,634
GST	27,630	27,389
Fringe benefits tax(d)	3,630	3,675
Agricultural levies and other taxes	1,426	1,506
Total tax revenue	178,386	177,237
Non-tax revenue	12,406	12,540
Total revenue	190,791	189,777

(a) Includes Medicare levy revenue of \$4,970 million.

(b) Previously reported as Pay As You Go (Withholding) and other withholding. Other withholding was previously reported under company and other income tax, and includes amounts withheld for failure to quote a Tax File Number or an Australia Business Number, interest, dividends and royalty payments to non-residents, and payments to aboriginal groups for the use of land for mineral exploration and mining.

(c) Includes the wine equalisation tax, luxury car tax and the final wholesale sales tax liability.

(d) Consistent with GFS reporting standards, excludes fringe benefits tax collected from Commonwealth government agencies (\$360 million in 2001-02).

Table 12: Supplementary table — Commonwealth general government indirect tax (accrual basis)

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
Excise duty		
Petroleum products		
Petrol(a)	7,016	7,053
Diesel	5,175	5,231
Other(b)	119	116
Total petroleum products	12,310	12,400
Crude oil	380	393
Other excise		
Beer	1,650	1,651
Potable spirits	330	339
Tobacco products	4,830	4,847
Total other excise	6,810	6,837
Total excise duty revenue	19,500	19,630
Customs duty revenue(c)	5,004	5,214
Other indirect tax revenue		
Wine equalisation tax(d)	630	648
Luxury car tax	200	220
Wholesale sales tax(e)	-70	-77
Total other indirect taxes	760	791
Total	25,264	25,634

(a) Includes unleaded petrol and lead replacement petrol.

(b) Includes aviation gasoline, aviation turbine fuel, fuel oil, heating oil and kerosene.

(c) Customs duty includes duties imposed on imported petroleum products, tobacco, beer and spirits, which are analogous to excise duty on these items.

(d) Includes the offsetting revenue effects of the WET rebate for cellar door and other sales.

(e) WST was abolished on 1 July 2000; however, final liabilities, net of refunds, were recognised in 2001-02.

Table 13: Public non-financial corporations sector operating statement

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
GFS revenue		
Current grants and subsidies	201	342
Sales of goods and services	26,601	25,935
Interest income	184	166
Other	6	18
Total GFS revenue	26,991	26,461
GFS expenses		
Gross operating expenses		
Depreciation	3,626	3,505
Other operating expenses	14,220	15,357
<i>Total gross operating expenses</i>	<i>17,847</i>	<i>18,862</i>
Interest expenses	1,194	1,033
Other property expenses	1,889	3,292
Current transfers		
Tax expenses	1,964	1,978
Other current transfers	0	0
<i>Total current transfers</i>	<i>1,964</i>	<i>1,978</i>
Capital transfers	0	0
Total GFS expenses	22,893	25,164
Net operating balance	4,098	1,297
Net acquisition of non-financial assets		
Gross fixed capital formation	4,048	3,633
<i>less</i> Depreciation	3,626	3,505
<i>plus</i> Change in inventories	-6	300
<i>plus</i> Other movements in non-financial assets	61	76
Total net acquisition of non-financial assets	477	504
Net lending/fiscal balance(a)	3,621	793

(a) The term 'fiscal balance' is not used by the ABS.

Table 14: Public non-financial corporations sector balance sheet

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
GFS assets		
Financial assets		
Cash and deposits	2,076	1,195
Advances paid	0	231
Investments, loans and placements	3,187	1,488
Other non-equity assets	3,594	4,457
Equity	0	1,319
<i>Total financial assets</i>	<i>8,858</i>	<i>8,689</i>
Non-financial assets		
Land and fixed assets	30,652	31,646
Other non-financial assets	2,761	1,466
<i>Total non-financial assets</i>	<i>33,412</i>	<i>33,112</i>
Total GFS assets	42,270	41,800
GFS liabilities		
Deposits held	0	0
Advances received	55	0
Borrowing	13,587	14,595
Provisions (other than depreciation and bad debts)	6,555	10,046
Other non-equity liabilities	5,308	1,648
Total GFS liabilities	25,505	26,289
Shares and contributed capital	75,774	62,521
Net worth(a)	-59,009	-47,010
Net financial worth(b)	-92,421	-80,122
Net debt(c)	8,378	11,682

- (a) Net worth is calculated as total assets minus total liabilities minus shares and other contributed capital. The negative net worth recorded for the PNFC sector is caused by the different methodologies used to value these components. Assets and liabilities are valued according to entities' accounting policies and may not reflect the market valuation. In contrast, in the case of listed companies the value of shares and other contributed capital reflects the total market capitalisation, which generally exceeds the entities' book values.
- (b) Net financial worth equals total financial assets minus total liabilities minus shares and other contributed capital.
- (c) Net debt equals the sum of deposits held, advances received, government securities, loans and other borrowings, minus the sum of cash and deposits, advances paid, and investments, loans and placements.

Table 15: Public non-financial corporations sector cash flow statement^(a)

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
Cash receipts from operating activities		
Receipts from sales of goods and services	28,495	27,288
Grants and subsidies received	201	342
Other receipts	192	145
Total receipts	28,888	27,775
Cash payments for operating activities		
Payment for goods and services	-16,723	-15,613
Interest paid	-1,194	-1,019
GST payments to taxation authority	-1,154	-1,259
Other payments for operating activities	-3,209	-1,749
Total payments	-22,279	-19,640
Net cash flows from operating activities	6,609	8,135
Cash flows from investments in non-financial assets		
Sales of non-financial assets	226	314
less Purchases of new and secondhand non-financial assets	-4,274	-3,947
Net cash flows from investments in non-financial assets	-4,047	-3,633
Cash flows from investments in financial assets for policy purposes		
Net advances paid	0	45
Net equity acquisitions, disposals and privatisations	0	0
Net cash flows from investments in financial assets for policy purposes	0	45
Cash flows from investments in financial assets for liquidity purposes		
Increase in investments	-18	-180
Net cash flows from investments in financial assets for liquidity purposes	-18	-180
Cash flows from financing activities		
Advances received (net)	-70	0
Borrowing (net)	-487	-481
Deposits received (net)	0	0
Distributions paid (net)	-1,413	-3,292
Other financing (net)	-441	-99
Net cash flows from financing activities	-2,411	-3,872
Net increase/decrease in cash held	133	495
Net cash from operations and investments in non-financial assets	2,562	4,502
plus Finance leases and similar arrangements(b)	0	0
plus Distributions paid	-1,413	-3,292
Equals surplus(+)/deficit(-)	1,148	1,210

(a) A positive sign denotes a cash inflow, a negative sign denotes a cash outflow.

(b) The acquisition of assets under finance leases reduces the surplus/deficit. The disposal of assets previously held under finance leases improves the surplus/deficit.

Table 16: Total non-financial public sector operating statement

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
GFS revenue		
Taxation revenue	176,422	175,259
Current grants and subsidies	0	0
Sales of goods and services	30,509	29,737
Interest income	1,357	1,299
Dividend income	2,917	2,886
Other	2,521	2,803
Total GFS revenue	213,726	211,984
GFS expenses		
Gross operating expenses		
Depreciation	5,386	5,172
Superannuation	1,791	1,497
Salaries and wages	10,262	10,275
Payment for supply of goods and services	34,986	34,154
Other operating expenses	14,298	17,268
<i>Total gross operating expenses</i>	<i>66,723</i>	<i>68,366</i>
Nominal superannuation interest expense	5,239	4,987
Other interest expenses	6,410	6,489
Other property expenses	1,464	1,412
Current transfers		
Grant expenses	61,884	61,443
Subsidy expenses	4,323	4,293
Personal benefit payments in cash	63,359	63,035
Other current transfers	0	0
<i>Total current transfers</i>	<i>129,567</i>	<i>128,772</i>
Capital transfers	3,640	4,291
Total GFS expenses	213,043	214,316
Net operating balance	683	-2,332
Net acquisition of non-financial assets		
Gross fixed capital formation	5,579	4,805
<i>less</i> Depreciation	5,386	5,172
<i>plus</i> Change in inventories	-146	485
<i>plus</i> Other movements in non-financial assets	-120	17
Total increase in net non-financial assets	-73	135
Net lending/fiscal balance(a)(b)	756	-2,467

(a) The fiscal balance and net operating balance outcomes for the total non-financial public sector in this table are \$466 million greater than the fiscal balance and net operating balance outcomes for this sector in Appendix C. Appendix A provides an explanation.

(b) The term 'fiscal balance' is not used by the ABS.

Table 17: Total non-financial public sector balance sheet

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
GFS assets		
Financial assets		
Cash and deposits	3,856	3,426
Advances paid	20,015	19,274
Investments, loans and placements	20,262	21,136
Other non-equity assets	19,335	18,338
Equity	12,571	14,164
<i>Total financial assets</i>	<i>76,039</i>	<i>76,338</i>
Non-financial assets		
Land and fixed assets	61,377	64,284
Other non-financial assets	5,629	4,468
<i>Total non-financial assets</i>	<i>67,006</i>	<i>68,752</i>
Total GFS assets	143,044	145,090
GFS liabilities		
Deposits held	293	300
Advances received	125	0
Government securities	64,045	63,821
Loans	13,037	12,089
Other borrowing	13,855	14,876
Superannuation liability	81,967	81,596
Other employee entitlements and provisions	13,097	16,865
Other non-equity liabilities	21,003	18,536
Total GFS liabilities	207,423	208,084
Shares and other contributed capital	36,918	30,497
Net worth(a)(b)	-101,297	-93,490
Net financial worth(c)	-168,302	-162,242
Net debt(d)	47,223	47,250

(a) Net worth is calculated as total assets minus total liabilities minus shares and other contributed capital.

(b) The net worth outcome for the total non-financial public sector in this table is \$505 million greater than the net worth outcomes in Appendix C. Appendix A provides an explanation.

(c) Net financial worth equals total financial assets minus total liabilities minus shares and other contributed capital.

(d) Net debt equals the sum of deposits held, advances received, government securities, loans and other borrowings, minus the sum of cash and deposits, advances paid, and investments, loans and placements.

Table 18: Total non-financial public sector cash flow statement^(a)

	2001-02 Estimate at 2002-03 Budget \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
Cash receipts from operating activities		
Taxes received	174,306	171,171
Receipts from sales of goods and services(b)	30,082	31,015
Grants and subsidies received	0	0
Interest receipts	992	863
Dividends	2,917	2,891
GST input credit receipts(b)	0	0
Other receipts	2,477	2,664
Total receipts	210,774	208,603
Cash payments for operating activities		
Payments for goods and services(b)	-50,938	-49,674
Grants and subsidies paid	-68,378	-67,781
Interest paid	-6,348	-6,237
Personal benefit payments	-63,086	-62,873
Salaries, wages and other entitlements	-14,670	-14,169
GST payments to taxation authority(b)	0	0
Other payments for operating activities	-590	-1,756
Total payments	-204,009	-202,491
Net cash flows from operating activities	6,764	6,112
Cash flows from investments in non-financial assets		
Sales of non-financial assets	1,079	1,228
less Purchases of new and secondhand non-financial assets	-6,558	-6,054
Net cash flows from investments in non-financial assets	-5,479	-4,826
Net cash flows from investments in financial assets		
for policy purposes	-696	3,467
Cash flows from investments in financial assets		
for liquidity purposes		
Increase in investments	6,293	2,917
Net cash flows from investments in financial assets		
for liquidity purposes	6,293	2,917
Cash flows from financing activities		
Advances received (net)	0	0
Borrowing (net)	-3,928	-4,384
Deposits received (net)	0	7
Distributions paid (net)(c)	-1,413	-1,412
Other financing (net)	-743	-332
Net cash flows from financing activities	-6,084	-6,122
Net increase/decrease in cash held	799	1,547
Net cash from operating activities and investments		
in non-financial assets	1,286	1,286
plus Finance leases and similar arrangements(d)	83	78
plus Distributions paid(c)	-1,413	-1,412
Equals surplus(+)/deficit(-)	-45	-49

(a) A positive sign denotes a cash inflow, a negative sign denotes a cash outflow.

(b) GST flows are excluded from these categories as they are intra-sector transactions.

(c) 'Distributions paid' comprise Non-Financial Public Sector (NFPS) dividends to external shareholders.

(d) The acquisition of assets under finance leases reduces the surplus/deficit. The disposal of assets previously held under finance leases improves the surplus/deficit.

Table 19: Public financial corporations sector operating statement

	2001-02 Outcome \$m
GFS revenue	
Current grants and subsidies	115
Sales of goods and services	2,117
Interest income	2,571
Other	15
Total GFS revenue	4,817
GFS expenses	
Gross operating expenses	
Depreciation	22
Other operating expenses	2,430
<i>Total gross operating expenses</i>	<i>2,452</i>
Interest expenses	963
Other property expenses	2,838
Current transfers	
Tax expenses	0
Other current transfers	0
<i>Total current transfers</i>	<i>0</i>
Capital transfers	0
Total GFS expenses	6,254
Net operating balance	-1,437
Net acquisition of non-financial assets	
Gross fixed capital formation	14
<i>less</i> Depreciation	<i>22</i>
<i>plus</i> Change in inventories	<i>1</i>
<i>plus</i> Other movements in non-financial assets	<i>5</i>
Total net acquisition of non-financial assets	-2
Net lending/fiscal balance(a)	-1,435

(a) The term 'fiscal balance' is not used by the ABS.

Table 20: Public financial corporations sector balance sheet

	2001-02 Outcome \$m
GFS assets	
Financial assets	
Cash and deposits	1,423
Advances paid	3,013
Investments, loans and placements	61,060
Other non-equity assets	144
Equity	316
<i>Total financial assets</i>	<i>65,955</i>
Non-financial assets	
Land and fixed assets	340
Other non-financial assets	594
<i>Total non-financial assets</i>	<i>935</i>
Total GFS assets	66,890
GFS liabilities	
Deposits held	45,923
Advances received	0
Borrowing	7,842
Provisions (other than depreciation and bad debts)	2,987
Other non-equity liabilities	54
Total GFS liabilities	56,806
Shares and contributed capital	10,084
Net worth(a)	0
Net financial worth(b)	-935
Net debt(c)	-11,730

- (a) Net worth is calculated as total assets minus total liabilities minus shares and other contributed capital.
- (b) Net financial worth equals total financial assets minus total liabilities minus shares and other contributed capital.
- (c) Net debt equals the sum of deposits held, advances received and borrowing, minus the sum of cash and deposits, advances paid, and investments, loans and placements.

Table 21: Public financial corporations sector cash flow statement^(a)

	2001-02 Outcome \$m
Cash receipts from operating activities	
Receipts from sales of goods and services	2,143
Grants and subsidies received	114
GST input credit receipts	0
Other receipts	2,411
Total receipts	4,667
Cash payments for operating activities	
Payment for goods and services	-476
Interest paid	-883
GST payments to taxation authority	-1
Other payments for operating activities	-1,938
Total payments	-3,297
Net cash flows from operating activities	1,371
Cash flows from investments in non-financial assets	
Sales of non-financial assets	23
less Purchases of new and secondhand non-financial assets	-39
Net cash flows from investments in non-financial assets	-15
Cash flows from investments in financial assets for policy purposes	
Net advances paid	265
Net equity acquisitions, disposals and privatisations	0
Net cash flows from investments in financial assets for policy purposes	265
Cash flows from investments in financial assets for liquidity purposes	
Increase in investments	180
Net cash flows from investments in financial assets for liquidity purposes	180
Cash flows from financing activities	
Advances received (net)	0
Borrowing (net)	-268
Deposits received (net)	1,890
Distributions paid (net)(b)	-2,838
Other financing (net)	27
Net cash flows from financing activities	-1,189
Net increase/decrease in cash held	610
Net cash from operations and investments in non-financial assets	1,355
plus Finance leases and similar arrangements(c)	0
plus Distributions paid	-2,838
Equals surplus(+)/deficit(-)	-1,483

(a) A positive sign denotes a cash inflow, a negative sign denotes a cash outflow.

(b) 'Distributions paid' comprise PFC dividends to external shareholders.

(c) The acquisition of assets under finance leases reduces the surplus/deficit. The disposal of assets previously held under finance leases improves the surplus/deficit.

LOAN COUNCIL ALLOCATION

Under Loan Council arrangements, every year the Commonwealth and each State and Territory nominate a Loan Council Allocation (LCA). A jurisdiction's LCA incorporates:

- the estimated non-financial public sector cash deficit (made up from the general government and public non-financial corporations sector deficits);
- net cash flows from investments in financial assets for policy purposes; and
- memorandum items. These transactions, though not formally borrowings, have many of the characteristics of borrowing.

LCA nominations are considered by the Loan Council, having regard to each jurisdiction's fiscal position and reasonable infrastructure requirements, as well as the macroeconomic implications of the aggregate figure.

As set out in Table 22, the Commonwealth's 2001-02 LCA outcome is a \$2.4 billion surplus, compared with the last published estimate in the 2001-02 Mid-Year Economic and Fiscal Outlook of \$3.8 billion and the 2001-02 Budget estimate of \$7.8 billion. The LCA outcome exceeds the lower bound of the LCA Budget estimate by more than the 2 per cent tolerance limit. A tolerance limit of 2 per cent of non-financial public sector revenue applies between the LCA Budget update and the outcome. Tolerance limits recognise that LCAs are nominated at an early stage of the budget process and may change as a result of policy and parameter changes.

Table 22: Commonwealth Loan Council Allocation for 2001-02

	2001-02 Budget Estimate \$m	2001-02 MYEFO Estimate \$m	2001-02 Outcome \$m
General government sector cash deficit(+)/surplus(-)	-1,520	-502	1,259
PNFC sector cash deficit(+)/surplus(-)	-3,710	-99	-1,210
Non-financial public sector cash deficit(+)/surplus(-)	-5,231	-602	49
<i>minus</i> Net cash flows from investments			
in financial assets for policy purposes(a)	3,124	2,985	3,467
<i>plus</i> Memorandum items(b)	586	-190	1,044
Loan Council Allocation	-7,768	-3,777	-2,374

(a) Such transactions involve the transfer or exchange of a financial asset and are not included within the cash deficit. However, the cash flow from investments in financial assets for policy purposes has implications for a government's call on financial markets.

(b) For the Commonwealth, memorandum items comprise the change in net present value (NPV) of operating leases (with NPV greater than \$5 million), university borrowings, overfunding of superannuation and an adjustment to exclude the net financing requirements of statutory marketing authorities and Telstra from the LCA.