

AUSTRALIAN TAXATION OFFICE

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AUSTRALIAN TAXATION OFFICE

Section 1: Overview

The role of the Australian Taxation Office (Tax Office) is to manage and shape taxation, excise and superannuation systems that fund services for Australians, giving effect to social and economic policy. Through these systems the Tax Office is the Australian Government's principal revenue management agency. In 2007-08, the Tax Office will collect 90.3 per cent of the Australian Government's revenue on behalf of the Australian community.

The main role of the Tax Office is to administer legislation for taxes, superannuation and excise (but not customs duty). In doing this, the Tax Office addresses broad issues affecting Australia's revenue system, such as aggressive tax planning, persistent tax debtors, globalisation and the cash economy.

The Tax Office also supports the delivery of community benefits, having roles in other services, including:

- Private health insurance;
- Family assistance;
- Fuel grants and benefit schemes;
- Valuation Services; and
- Cross agency support, such as working with Centrelink to reduce benefit fraud, with the Child Support Agency to ensure income transfer for the care of children, and with the Australian Bureau of Statistics to reduce the cost to the community of collecting statistical data.

1.1 SUMMARY OF AGENCY CONTRIBUTIONS TO OUTCOMES

The products and services delivered by the agency (outputs and administered policies, products and services) which contribute to the achievement of outcomes for the Tax Office are summarised in Table 1.1 on the following page and Figure 2 on page 208.

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Table 1.1: Contribution to outcomes

Outcome	Description	Output group
Outcome 1		
Effectively managed and shaped systems that support and fund services for Australians and give effect to social and economic policy through the tax, superannuation, excise and other related systems	The provision of an integrated platform for a viable and sustainable revenue administration.	Output Group 1.1 Australian Taxation Office

Section 2: Resources for 2007-08

2.1 APPROPRIATIONS AND OTHER RESOURCES

The total appropriation (including capital appropriation) and other resources for the Australian Taxation Office (Tax Office) in the 2007-08 Budget is \$12,280.3 million.

Table 2.1 shows the total resources from all origins for 2007-08, including appropriations. The table summarises how resources will be applied by outcome, administered and departmental classification.

Table 2.1: Appropriations and other resources 2007-08

Australian Taxation Office	Departmental			Administered					Total
	Appropriation Bill No. 1 \$'000	Appropriation Bill No. 2 \$'000	Special Appropriation \$'000	Other resources \$'000	Appropriation Bill No. 1 \$'000	SPP \$'000	Other \$'000	Special Appropriation resources \$'000	
Effectively managed and shaped systems that support and fund services for Australians and give effect to social and economic policy through the tax, superannuation, excise and other related systems	2,782,828	-	-	66,794	-	-	-	9,384,100	12,233,722
Equity injections	-	46,580	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,580
TOTAL	2,782,828	46,580	-	66,794	-	-	-	9,384,100	12,280,302

Note: Estimated expenses from individual special appropriations are shown in Table 2.5. The amount showing for appropriations represents appropriations to deliver Tax Office programmes. Amounts disclosed under special appropriations do not include expenditure to pay refunds under the tax system.

2.2 2007-08 BUDGET MEASURES

The following table summarises Budget measures relating to the Tax Office as explained in Budget Paper No. 2, *Budget Measures 2007-08*.

Table 2.2: Australian Taxation Office measures

Measure	Output groups affected	Budget Estimate 2007-08 \$'000			Forward Estimate 2008-09 \$'000			Forward Estimate 2009-10 \$'000			Forward Estimate 2010-11 \$'000		
		Admin items	Dept outputs	Total	Admin items	Dept outputs	Total	Admin items	Dept outputs	Total	Admin items	Dept outputs	Total
Expense measures													
Debt collection enhancement - reducing taxation debt and outstanding superannuation guarantee charge payments ¹													
	1.1	15,000	29,488	44,488	15,000	31,433	46,433	15,000	31,089	46,089	15,000	27,799	42,799
	457 visas - ongoing management of caseload ²	1.1	-	853	853	-	926	926	-	831	831	-	731
Global Integration - Australian Business Number and business names registration system ³	1.1	-	4,002	4,002	-	7,229	7,229	-	6,728	6,728	-	6,482	6,482
Fraud and compliance - consistent assessment of Family Tax Benefit ⁴	1.1	(2,000)	-	(2,000)	(2,000)	-	(2,000)	(2,000)	-	(2,000)	-	-	-
Pre-filing of tax returns for individuals with simple affairs	1.1	-	20,000	20,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Business Intensive Assistance Programme	1.1	-	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	10,000
Child Care Tax Rebate - conversion to a direct payment ⁴	1.1	-	640	640	-	(1,131)	(1,131)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Simplified Superannuation - additional funding for implementation	1.1	-	40,500	40,500	-	38,000	38,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Increasing the GST registration turnover threshold	1.1	(900)	-	(900)	(900)	-	(900)	(900)	-	(900)	(1,000)	-	(1,000)
Screen media support package ⁵	1.1	65,000	-	65,000	75,000	-	75,000	90,000	-	90,000	90,000	-	90,000

Table 2.2: Australian Taxation Office measures (continued)

Measure	Output groups affected	Budget Estimate 2007-08 \$'000			Forward Estimate 2008-09 \$'000			Forward Estimate 2009-10 \$'000			Forward Estimate 2010-11 \$'000		
		Admin items	Dept outputs	Total	Admin items	Dept outputs	Total	Admin items	Dept outputs	Total	Admin items	Dept outputs	Total
Energy Grants (Cleaner Fuels) Scheme ⁶	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Superannuation - additional Government co-contribution	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Superannuation - taxation of lump sum superannuation death benefit payments to non-dependents of defence personnel and police	1.1	800	-	800	300	-	300	-	-	-	-	-	-
Standard Business Reporting ⁷	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expense measures		77,900	105,483	183,383	87,400	86,457	173,857	102,100	48,648	150,748	104,000	45,012	149,012
Related capital													
Debt collection enhancement - reducing taxation debt and outstanding superannuation guarantee charge payments ¹	1.1	-	3,300	3,300	-	1,300	1,300	-	1,300	1,300	-	-	-
Global Integration - Australian Business Number and business names registration system ³	1.1	-	8,364	8,364	-	12,435	12,435	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total related capital		-	11,664	11,664	-	13,735	13,735	-	1,300	1,300	-	-	-

Table 2.2: Australian Taxation Office measures (continued)

Measure	Output groups affected	Budget Estimate 2007-08 \$'000			Forward Estimate 2008-09 \$'000			Forward Estimate 2009-10 \$'000			Forward Estimate 2010-11 \$'000		
		Admin items	Dept outputs	Total	Admin items	Dept outputs	Total	Admin items	Dept outputs	Total	Admin items	Dept outputs	Total
Related revenue													
Debt collection enhancement - reducing taxation debt and outstanding superannuation guarantee charge payments ¹	1.1	5,000	-	5,000	45,000	-	45,000	45,000	-	45,000	45,000	-	45,000
Screen media support package ⁵	1.1	-	-	-	11,000	-	11,000	22,000	-	22,000	22,000	-	22,000
Total related revenue		5,000	-	5,000	56,000	-	56,000	67,000	-	67,000	67,000	-	67,000

1 This is a cross agency measure with the Department of the Treasury.

2 This is a cross portfolio measure with the Immigration and Citizenship portfolio.

3 This is a cross portfolio measure with the Industry, Tourism and Resources portfolio.

4 This is a cross portfolio measures with the Family, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs portfolio.

5 This is a cross portfolio measure with the Communications, Information Technology and the Arts portfolio.

6 This is a cross portfolio measure with the Attorney-General's portfolio.

7 This is a cross portfolio measure with the Attorney-General's and Finance and Administration portfolios.

2.3 OTHER RESOURCES AVAILABLE TO BE USED

Table 2.3 provides details of resources obtained by the Tax Office for the provision of goods or services as well as resources received free of charge. These resources are approved for use by the Tax Office and are also included in Table 2.1.

Table 2.3: Other resources available to be used

	Estimated actual 2006-07 \$'000	Budget estimate 2007-08 \$'000
Departmental other resources		
Child Support Agency	12,797	15,391
Department of Families, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs	9,015	9,015
Sub-lease revenue	6,881	4,632
Other - resources received free of charge	2,600	2,900
Other	3,782	2,661
Australian Federal Police	1,302	2,517
Legal recovery from taxpayers	1,244	1,150
National tax equivalent regime	1,120	1,120
AusAID	1,378	1,000
Department of Health and Ageing	609	609
Total departmental other resources available to be used	40,728	40,995

Note: This table represents resources available for spending on departmental purposes. It does not include departmental special accounts and therefore does not match Table 2.1 or Table 3.1. These resources are collected under section 31 of the *Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997* and cover a range of services provided by the Tax Office.

2.4 MOVEMENT OF ADMINISTERED FUNDS

Table 2.4: Movement of administered funds between years

The Tax Office does not have any movement of administered funds.

2.5 SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS

Table 2.5: Estimates of expenses from special appropriations

	Estimated expenses 2006-07 \$'000	Budget estimate 2007-08 \$'000
Estimated special appropriation expenses		
Refunds - section 16 <i>Tax Administration Act 1953</i> ¹	67,785,000	72,744,100
Family Tax Benefit ²	2,207,000	2,138,000
Measure for a Better Environment - Cleaner Fuels	116,000	226,000
Product Stewardship Waste Oil	30,000	30,000
Large Scale Film Production	50,000	120,000
R&D refundable tax offset for small companies	290,000	320,000
Superannuation Co-contribution	1,957,000	1,266,000
<i>Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992</i> - Distribution of charges	130,000	205,000
Total estimated special appropriation expenses³	72,565,000	77,049,100

1 Refunds under section 16 of the *Tax Administration Act 1953* are primarily taxation refunds from revenue but may include amounts for the First Child tax offset, the Private Health Insurance Benefit, Fuel Tax Credits and interest on overpayments. Refunds also include amounts previously reported under the Energy Grants (Credits) Scheme and Fuel Sales Grants Scheme.

2 This represents the portion of the Family Tax Benefit administered by the Tax Office only.

3 The total amount showing for special appropriations differs to the amount shown in Figure 2 as it includes appropriations for taxation refunds from revenue. In Figure 2, taxation refunds are netted off against taxation revenue.

2.6 MOVEMENTS IN SPECIAL ACCOUNTS

Special accounts provide a means to set aside and record amounts used for specified purposes. The following table shows the expected additions (credits) and reductions (debits) for each account used by the Tax Office.

Table 2.6: Estimates of special account cash flows and balances

	Opening Balance	Credits	Debits	Adjustments	Closing Balance
	2007-08	2007-08	2007-08	2007-08	2007-08
	<i>2006-07</i>	<i>2006-07</i>	<i>2006-07</i>	<i>2006-07</i>	<i>2006-07</i>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Australian Valuation Office ¹	3,485	25,499	25,354	-	3,630
	3,296	26,794	26,605	-	3,485
Excise Security Deposits ²	45	-	-	-	45
	52	-	7	-	45
Other Trust Moneys Account ²	19,344	30,000	-	-	49,344
	19,844	9,500	10,000	-	19,344
Superannuation Holding Accounts	50,169	210,000	32,500	-	227,669
Reserve Trust Accounts ³	57,769	400	8,000	-	50,169
Total special accounts					
2007-08 Budget estimate	73,043	265,499	57,854	-	280,688
<i>Total special accounts</i>					
<i>2006-07 estimated actual</i>	<i>80,961</i>	<i>36,694</i>	<i>44,612</i>	-	<i>73,043</i>

1 This special account is departmental in nature and is governed by the *Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997*.

2 These special accounts are administered in nature and are governed by the *Financial Management and Accountability Act 1997*.

3 This special account is administered in nature and is governed by the *Superannuation Supervision Act 1995*.

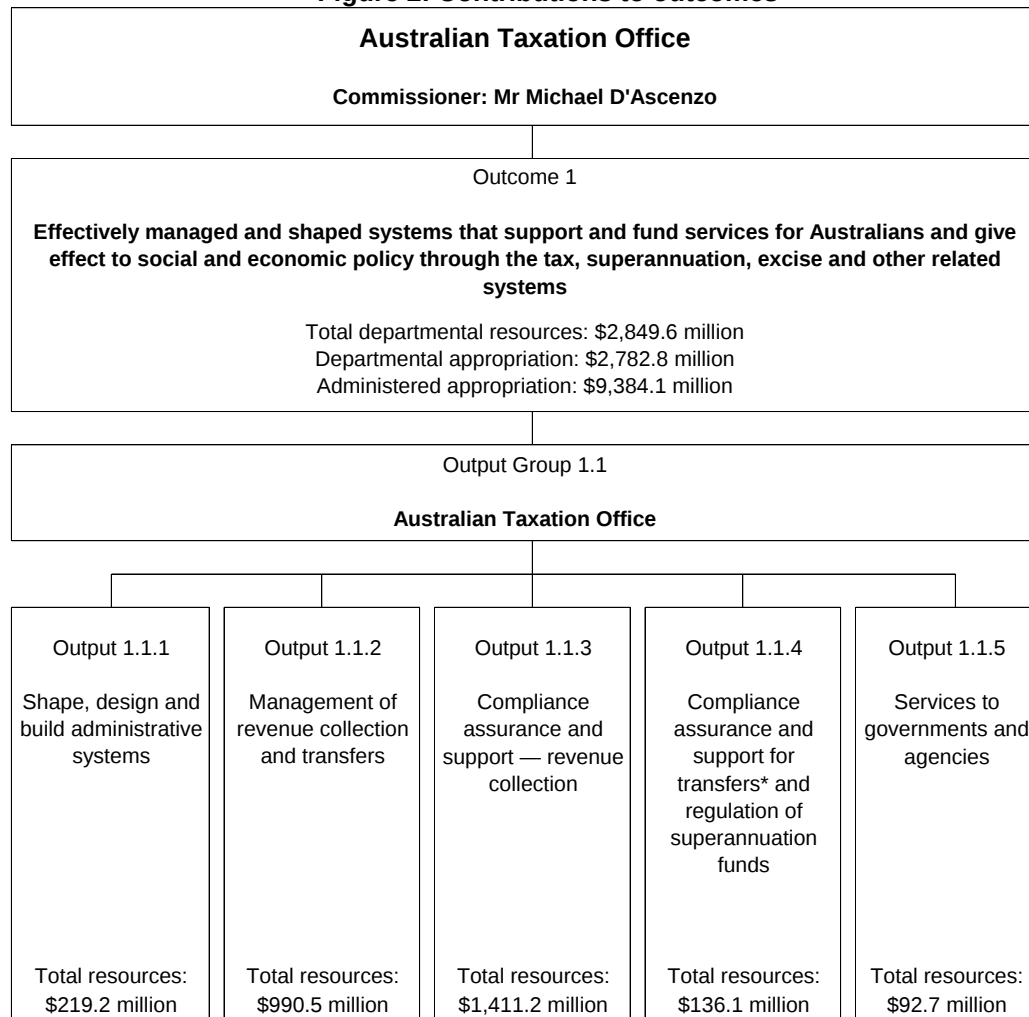
Section 3: Outcomes

This section summarises how the resources identified in Section 2 will be used to contribute to the outcome of the Australian Taxation Office (Tax office). Key performance measures and performance evaluation activities are specified for each outcome.

3.1 SUMMARY OF OUTCOMES AND CONTRIBUTION TO OUTCOMES

The relationship between activities of the Tax Office and its outcome is summarised in Figure 2. The Tax Office has made a change to Output 1.1.4 since the *Portfolio Additional Estimates Statements 2006-07*. Previously the output read 'Compliance assurance and support for transfers and regulation of superannuation funds compliance with retirement income standards'. The output now reads 'Compliance assurance and support for transfers and regulation of superannuation funds'.

Figure 2: Contributions to outcomes



* Transfers — movement of money that is not revenue eg tax offsets, grants, super guarantee vouchers, and benefits distribution.

3.2 OUTCOME RESOURCES AND PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

3.2.1 Outcome 1 resourcing

Table 3.1 shows how the 2007-08 Budget appropriations translate to total resourcing for Outcome 1, including administered expenses, departmental appropriations, and revenue from other sources.

Table 3.1: Total resources for Outcome 1

	Estimated actual 2006-07 \$'000	Budget estimate 2007-08 \$'000
Administered appropriations		
Special appropriations	9,681,000	9,384,100
Total administered appropriations	9,681,000	9,384,100
Departmental appropriations		
Output Group 1.1 - Australian Taxation Office		
Output 1.1.1 - Shape, design and build administrative systems	196,642	219,182
Output 1.1.2 - Management of revenue collection and transfers	948,012	990,464
Output 1.1.3 - Compliance assurance and support - revenue collection	1,307,574	1,411,176
Output 1.1.4 - Compliance assurance and support for transfers and regulation of superannuation funds	124,867	136,127
Output 1.1.5 - Services to government and agencies	16,040	25,879
Total departmental appropriations	2,593,135	2,782,828
Departmental revenue from other sources		
Goods and services	61,551	63,894
Other	2,600	2,900
Total departmental revenue from other sources	64,151	66,794
Total departmental resources	2,657,286	2,849,622
Total resources	12,338,286	12,233,722
	2006-07	2007-08
Average staffing level (number)	20,908	20,792

3.2.2 Measures affecting Outcome 1

The Budget measures for the Tax Office appear in Table 2.2. Details of these measures are included in Budget Paper No. 2, *Budget Measures 2007-08*.

3.2.3 Contributions to achievement of Outcome 1

Administered activities

The Tax Office is the Australian Government's principal revenue collection agency and is part of the Treasury portfolio. The Tax Office's role is to manage and shape tax, excise and superannuation systems that fund services for Australians. The Tax Office plays an important role in building a better Australia by giving effect to social and economic policy, in 2007-08 the Tax Office intends to deliver approximately \$9 billion in subsidies and benefits schemes.

The Tax Office manages revenue through a range of collection systems, including income tax, GST (collected by the Australian Government on behalf of state and territory governments), superannuation and excise (but not customs duty). It also

Tax Office Budget Statement: Outcomes

administers a range of benefits and refunds, including income tax and GST refunds, excise grants, family tax benefits, superannuation guarantees and fuel tax credits.

The Tax Office also addresses broader issues affecting Australia's revenue systems, such as aggressive tax planning, persistent tax debtors, globalisation and the cash economy.

The main areas of the tax system administered by the Tax Office are:

- income tax (including pay as you go (PAYG) withholding and instalments, capital gains tax and fringe benefits tax);
- wine equalisation tax;
- luxury car tax;
- goods and services tax (GST);
- higher education funding (on a joint basis);
- excise duty;
- fuel grants and benefit schemes;
- superannuation (including the superannuation guarantee, small superannuation accounts, 'lost' members, superannuation co-contribution and self managed superannuation funds); and
- the Australian business number and Australian business register.

The Tax Office also supports the delivery of community benefits, with roles in other areas such as private health insurance, family assistance and cross-agency support.

Departmental outputs

There are five distinct outputs that contribute to Outcome 1:

- Output 1.1.1: reflects the Tax Office's role in effectively shaping the systems to give effect to the legislation administered by the organisation;
- Output 1.1.2: represents the operational aspects of managing the taxation, superannuation and excise systems;
- Output 1.1.3: represents the processes required to assure and support compliance with tax obligations, providing the community with information and assistance;

- Output 1.1.4: represents the processes required to assure and support compliance with transfers and superannuation obligations administered by the Tax Office, providing the community with information and assistance; and
- Output 1.1.5: reflects the range of services the Tax Office provides the Treasurer and the Minister for Revenue and Assistant Treasurer, to the Parliament and to other Australian Public Service agencies.

3.2.4 Performance information for Outcome 1

The following table summarises the performance information for administered items, individual outputs and output groups relating to the Tax Office.

Table 3.2: Performance information for Outcome 1

Overall achievement of the Outcome	Effectiveness Indicators
Deliver to Government	Revenue collections as a percent of budgeted revenue Actual transfers as a percent of budgeted transfers Overall levels of compliance improved Implementing new policy measures, and specifically funded activities, efficiently and effectively
Maintain community confidence	Corporate survey results Corporate service standards Technical Quality Assurance
Improve ease of compliance	Take up rate of new improved products, services and channels Corporate survey results
Efficient, ethical and adaptive organisation	Manage the Tax Office within budget Sound governance system Capable and engaged workforce
Performance indicators for administered items including third party outputs	
The management of administered items is integrated into outputs 1.1.2 and 1.1.4 to enable cost effective delivery of both revenue and transfers	
Performance indicators for individual outputs	
Output group 1.1 Australian Taxation Office	
Output 1.1.1 - Shape, design and build administrative systems	Quality: - Treasury is satisfied with the timeliness and quality of the Tax Office's input to the development of taxation policy and laws in relation to costings, modelling and forecasting work - The programme delivering easier, cheaper and more personalised service is implemented in accordance with the agreed intent and outcomes enabling delivery of promised improved user experience - Administrative systems are in place and support products are provided for taxpayers and their advisers on time and on budget for implementation of new tax laws - The Tax Office evaluates the alignment of the change programme to progress or support strategic business outcomes Quantity: - A number of administrative advice and costings are provided and managed to help shape the Government's programme - The programme delivering easier, cheaper and more personalised service is implemented in accordance with schedule and costs Price \$219.2 million

Table 3.2: Performance information for Outcome 1 (continued)

Output 1.1.2 - Management of revenue collection and transfers	Quality: - Performance to service standards - Client perceptions of professionalism in related areas against benchmark - Collectable debt compared with total collections Quantity: - Dollar value of revenue collected - Dollar value of revenue transferred - Number of registrations processed and records maintained - Number of accounts managed, refunds issued and payments processed - Number of debt cases finalised - Number of products processed Price \$990.5 million
Output 1.1.3 - Compliance assurance and support - revenue collections	Quality: - Evaluation of selected Tax Office information products from a client perspective, both pre and post implementation delivery - Percentage of technical advice passing quality assurance trend over time - Performance to service standards - Client perceptions of professionalism in related areas against benchmark - Evaluation of Tax Office risk management and strategic intelligence Quantity: - Number of information, interpretation and active compliance products delivered, liabilities raised/collected and numbers of risk reviews conducted Price \$1,411.2 million
Output 1.1.4 - Compliance assurance and support for transfers and regulation of superannuation funds	Quality: - Evaluation of selected Tax Office information products, from a client perspective, both pre and post implementation delivery - Percentage of technical advice passing quality assurance trend over time - Performance to service standards - Client perceptions of professionalism in related areas against benchmark - Evaluation of Tax Office risk management and strategic intelligence Quantity: - Dollar value of required transfers effected - Numbers of information, interpretation and active compliance products delivered, liabilities raised/collected and numbers of risk reviews conducted Price \$136.1 million

Table 3.2: Performance information for Outcome 1 (continued)

Output 1.1.5 - Services to governments and agencies	Quality: - Client satisfaction - number and percentage of work completed for Centrelink within agreed timeframes fourteen days - Cross agency support delivered to agreed standard and timeliness - Ministerial and Parliamentary services delivered to agreed standard and timeliness Quantity: - Number of Centrelink valuations completed - AVO level of net operating profit - on-going performance against budget - Required volume of services delivered for cross agency support and Ministerial and Parliamentary services Price \$92.7 million
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3.2.5 Evaluations for Outcome 1

The Australian National Audit Office and Tax Office Internal Audit have a rolling programme of issues that are audited during the financial year. Other issues are evaluated within the Tax Office during the financial year as required. Results of evaluations will be shown in the Tax Office Annual Report.

Section 4: Other reporting requirements

4.1 PURCHASER-PROVIDER ARRANGEMENTS

4.1.1 Cross agency overview

The Australian Taxation Office (Tax Office) maintains purchaser-provider arrangements with the Department of Families, Community Services and Indigenous Affairs (FaCSIA), Department of Education, Science and Training (DEST), Department of Human Services and the Department of Health and Ageing. These allow the Tax Office to provide services to each of these departments to enable them to achieve their stated outcomes in 2007-08.

The Tax Office will be providing services to:

- FaCSIA for the Family Assistance Office and administration of the Tax Office component of the family tax benefit;
- DEST for the administration of the Higher Education Loan Programme;
- Department of Human Services for the Child Support Agency; and
- Department of Health and Ageing for the implementation of the private health insurance rebate.

The Tax Office has negotiated a number of memorandums of understanding (MOUs) for the purchaser-provider arrangements outlined above. These MOUs include various levels and types of reporting responsibilities and control arrangements for the Tax Office and relevant agencies. Refer to Table 3.2 for performance information relating to cross agency support provided by the Tax Office.

4.2 COST RECOVERY ARRANGEMENTS

The Tax Office does not presently have any significant cost recovery arrangements. The majority of receipts from independent sources are excluded for the purposes of the *Australian Government's Cost Recovery Guidelines for Regulatory Agencies* as they relate to intergovernmental charging, taxation and/or comply with competitive neutrality principles.

Tax Office Budget Statement: Other reporting requirements]

4.3 AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT INDIGENOUS EXPENDITURE

For information on the Tax Office's Australian Government indigenous expenditure refer to the portfolio summary table on page 7.

Section 5: Budgeted financial statements

5.1 ANALYSIS OF BUDGETED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Budgeted departmental income statement

The Australian Taxation Office (Tax Office) is budgeting for a balanced budget in 2007-08 after income tax equivalents payable by the Australian Valuation Office.

Operating revenues

Total agency revenue is estimated to be \$2,849.6 million and consists of \$2,782.8 million appropriation and revenue from other sources of \$66.8 million. This is an increase of \$192.3 million from the 2006-07 estimated actual.

This rise in revenue is primarily a result of increases in appropriation flowing from budget measures.

Operating expenses

Total expenses are estimated to be \$2,849.6 million. This is an increase of \$192.9 million from the 2006-07 estimated actual.

Operating expenses consist of \$1,683.9 million in employees, \$1,044.2 million in suppliers and \$121.3 million in depreciation and amortisation.

Budgeted departmental balance sheet

In 2007-08 the Tax Office's equity position will be \$19.8 million. This is a significant improvement over the estimated actual position for 2006-07 of negative \$26.5 million due largely to equity injections of \$46.6 million.

Assets

The Tax Office's assets are predominantly non-financial assets. In 2007-08 the Tax Office will continue to maintain its commitment to long term improvement, investing \$191.9 million in capital expenditure.

A significant proportion of the Tax Office's capital investment is directed toward the development or improvement of internally developed systems and software in support of the Tax Office's intention of making people's experience with the revenue systems easier, cheaper and more personalised, and improving the integrity and flexibility of the superannuation business systems.

Tax Office Budget Statement: Budgeted financial statements

Liabilities

The Tax Office's liabilities are predominantly employee entitlements and are estimated to be \$782.4 million. Total liabilities have increased \$17.1 million from 2006-07. This has been driven primarily by an increase in employee entitlements.

5.2 BUDGETED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLES

**Table 5.1: Budgeted departmental income statement
(for the period ended 30 June)**

	Estimated actual 2006-07 \$'000	Budget estimate 2007-08 \$'000	Forward estimate 2008-09 \$'000	Forward estimate 2009-10 \$'000	Forward estimate 2010-11 \$'000
INCOME					
Revenue					
Revenues from Government	2,593,135	2,782,828	2,760,460	2,728,068	2,711,383
Goods and services	61,551	63,894	52,456	52,696	52,891
Other	2,600	2,900	3,200	3,500	3,800
Total revenue	2,657,286	2,849,622	2,816,116	2,784,264	2,768,074
Total income	2,657,286	2,849,622	2,816,116	2,784,264	2,768,074
EXPENSE					
Employees	1,632,689	1,683,867	1,697,235	1,720,983	1,722,834
Suppliers	904,793	1,044,170	976,392	907,219	890,554
Depreciation and amortisation	118,936	121,318	142,222	155,795	154,419
Total expenses	2,656,418	2,849,355	2,815,849	2,783,997	2,767,807
Surplus (deficit) before income tax	868	267	267	267	267
Income tax expense	267	267	267	267	267
Surplus (deficit) attributable to the Australian Government	601	0	0	0	0

Tax Office Budget Statement: Budgeted financial statements

Table 5.2: Budgeted departmental balance sheet (as at 30 June)

	Estimated actual 2006-07 \$'000	Budget estimate 2007-08 \$'000	Forward estimate 2008-09 \$'000	Forward estimate 2009-10 \$'000	Forward estimate 2010-11 \$'000
ASSETS					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	32,723	28,109	31,121	41,684	41,082
Receivables	192,833	190,032	189,960	216,299	234,277
Total financial assets	225,556	218,141	221,081	257,983	275,359
Non-financial assets					
Land and buildings	105,122	104,595	104,068	103,541	103,014
Infrastructure, plant and equipment	53,146	48,988	44,830	40,672	36,514
Intangibles	341,304	416,561	443,432	430,932	418,508
Deferred tax asset	629	629	629	629	629
Other	13,044	13,253	13,253	13,253	13,253
Total non-financial assets	513,245	584,026	606,212	589,027	571,918
Total assets	738,801	802,167	827,293	847,010	847,277
LIABILITIES					
Payables					
Suppliers	140,684	140,336	132,635	126,058	126,058
Tax liabilities	-	-	-	267	534
Other payables	3,299	3,299	3,299	3,299	3,299
Total payables	143,983	143,635	135,934	129,624	129,891
Interest bearing liabilities					
Leases	31,490	29,500	27,589	25,678	25,678
Total interest bearing liabilities	31,490	29,500	27,589	25,678	25,678
Provisions					
Employees	543,207	562,909	570,860	597,498	597,498
Other provisions	46,613	46,346	46,346	46,346	46,346
Total provisions	589,820	609,255	617,206	643,844	643,844
Total liabilities	765,293	782,390	780,729	799,146	799,413
Net assets	(26,492)	19,777	46,564	47,864	47,864
EQUITY					
Contributed equity	199,353	245,933	273,031	274,331	274,331
Reserves	37,767	37,767	37,767	37,767	37,767
Accumulated deficits	(263,612)	(263,923)	(264,234)	(264,234)	(264,234)
Total equity	(26,492)	19,777	46,564	47,864	47,864
Current assets	242,327	263,111	271,352	277,819	277,907
Non-current assets	496,474	539,056	555,941	569,191	569,370
Current liabilities	583,919	596,964	595,696	609,748	609,952
Non-current liabilities	181,374	185,426	185,033	189,398	189,461

**Table 5.3: Budgeted departmental statement of cash flows
(for the period ended 30 June)**

	Estimated actual 2006-07 \$'000	Budget estimate 2007-08 \$'000	Forward estimate 2008-09 \$'000	Forward estimate 2009-10 \$'000	Forward estimate 2010-11 \$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Goods and services	61,551	63,894	54,364	54,606	52,891
Appropriations	2,606,635	2,789,495	2,753,238	2,699,746	2,693,405
Net GST received	89,366	90,547	98,380	89,819	84,790
Total cash received	2,757,552	2,943,936	2,905,982	2,844,171	2,831,086
Cash used					
Employees	1,608,019	1,664,166	1,689,284	1,694,344	1,722,834
Suppliers	904,788	1,042,175	982,798	912,207	886,754
Taxes Paid	267	267	267	-	-
Net GST paid	90,553	96,321	93,000	89,747	84,790
Total cash used	2,603,627	2,802,929	2,765,349	2,696,298	2,694,378
Net cash from or (used by) operating activities	153,925	141,007	140,633	147,873	136,708
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Cash used					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	171,767	191,890	164,408	138,610	137,310
Total cash used	171,767	191,890	164,408	138,610	137,310
Net cash from or (used by) investing activities	(171,767)	(191,890)	(164,408)	(138,610)	(137,310)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Appropriations - contributed equity	14,457	46,580	27,098	1,300	-
Total cash received	14,457	46,580	27,098	1,300	-
Cash used					
Dividends paid	304	311	311	-	-
Total cash used	304	311	311	-	-
Net cash from or (used by) financing activities	14,153	46,269	26,787	1,300	-
Net increase or (decrease) in cash held	(3,689)	(4,614)	3,012	10,563	(602)
Cash at the beginning of the reporting period	36,412	32,723	28,109	31,121	41,684
Cash at the end of the reporting period	32,723	28,109	31,121	41,684	41,082

Table 5.4: Departmental statement of changes in equity — summary of movement (Budget year 2007-08)

	Retained earnings	Asset revaluation reserve	Other reserves	Contributed equity/capital	Total equity
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Estimated opening balance as at 1 July 2007					
Balance carried forward from previous period	(263,612)	37,767	-	199,353	(26,492)
Estimated opening balance	(263,612)	37,767	-	199,353	(26,492)
Income and expense					
Surplus (deficit) for the period	-	-	-	-	-
Total income and expenses recognised directly in equity	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions with owners					
<i>Distribution to owners</i>					
Returns on capital					
Dividends	(311)	-	-	-	(311)
<i>Contribution by owners</i>					
Appropriation (equity injection)	-	-	-	46,580	46,580
Sub-total transactions with owners	(311)	-	-	46,580	46,269
Estimated closing balance as at 30 June 2008	(263,923)	37,767	-	245,933	19,777

Table 5.5: Departmental capital budget statement

	Estimated actual 2006-07 \$'000	Budget estimate 2007-08 \$'000	Forward estimate 2008-09 \$'000	Forward estimate 2009-10 \$'000	Forward estimate 2010-11 \$'000
CAPITAL APPROPRIATIONS					
Total equity injections	14,457	46,580	27,098	1,300	-
Total loans	-	-	-	-	-
Total capital appropriations	14,457	46,580	27,098	1,300	-
Represented by:					
Purchase of non-financial assets	14,457	46,580	27,098	1,300	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total represented by	14,457	46,580	27,098	1,300	-
PURCHASE OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS					
Funded by capital appropriation	14,457	46,580	27,098	1,300	-
Funded internally by departmental resources	157,310	145,310	137,310	137,310	137,310
Total	171,767	191,890	164,408	138,610	137,310

Table 5.6: Departmental property, plant, equipment and intangibles — summary of movement (Budget year 2007-08)

	Land	Investment property	Buildings	Specialist military equipment	Other infrastructure plant and equipment	Heritage and cultural assets	Computer software	Other intangibles	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 1 July 2007									
Gross book value	-	-	148,845	-	102,234	-	-	627,879	878,958
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(43,723)	-	(49,088)	-	-	(286,575)	(379,386)
Estimated opening net book value	-	-	105,122	-	53,146	-	-	341,304	499,572
Additions:									
by purchase	-	-	25,140	-	12,150	-	-	154,600	191,890
Depreciation/amortisation expense	-	-	(25,667)	-	(16,308)	-	-	(79,343)	(121,318)
As at 30 June 2008									
Gross book value	-	-	173,985	-	114,384	-	-	782,479	1,070,848
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(69,390)	-	(65,396)	-	-	(365,918)	(500,704)
Estimated closing net book value	-	-	104,595	-	48,988	-	-	416,561	570,144

Table 5.7: Schedule of budgeted income and expenses administered on behalf of government (for the period ended 30 June)

	Estimated actual 2006-07 \$'000	Budget estimate 2007-08 \$'000	Forward estimate 2008-09 \$'000	Forward estimate 2009-10 \$'000	Forward estimate 2010-11 \$'000
INCOME ADMINISTERED ON BEHALF OF GOVERNMENT					
Revenue					
Taxation					
Income tax	188,530,000	198,530,000	210,750,000	223,100,000	233,270,000
Indirect tax	64,630,000	67,280,000	70,030,000	72,950,000	76,190,000
Other taxes, fees and fines	18,900	20,200	45,500	53,800	55,800
Total taxation	253,178,900	265,830,200	280,825,500	296,103,800	309,515,800
Non-taxation					
Other sources of non-taxation revenues	370,000	336,000	376,000	416,000	456,000
Total non-taxation	370,000	336,000	376,000	416,000	456,000
Total revenues administered on behalf of Government	253,548,900	266,166,200	281,201,500	296,519,800	309,971,800
Total income administered on behalf of Government	253,548,900	266,166,200	281,201,500	296,519,800	309,971,800
EXPENSES ADMINISTERED ON BEHALF OF GOVERNMENT					
Subsidies	4,722,000	5,202,100	5,466,100	5,674,100	6,011,000
Personal benefits	4,549,000	3,697,000	3,704,000	3,759,000	3,851,000
Write down and impairment of assets	3,490,000	3,893,000	3,948,000	4,108,000	4,248,000
Finance costs	280,000	280,000	330,000	330,000	330,000
Other	130,000	205,000	230,000	250,000	280,000
Total expenses administered on behalf of Government	13,171,000	13,277,100	13,678,100	14,121,100	14,720,000

Table 5.8: Schedule of budgeted assets and liabilities administered on behalf of government (as at 30 June)

	Estimated actual 2006-07 \$'000	Budget estimate 2007-08 \$'000	Forward estimate 2008-09 \$'000	Forward estimate 2009-10 \$'000	Forward estimate 2010-11 \$'000
ASSETS ADMINISTERED ON BEHALF OF GOVERNMENT					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	223,976	223,976	223,976	223,976	223,976
Receivables	13,902,700	14,370,900	15,119,400	15,961,200	16,965,000
Accrued revenues	8,160,593	8,625,593	9,130,593	9,610,593	9,860,593
Total financial assets	22,287,269	23,220,469	24,473,969	25,795,769	27,049,569
Non-financial assets					
Other	22	22	22	22	22
Total non-financial assets	22	22	22	22	22
Total assets administered on behalf of Government	22,287,291	23,220,491	24,473,991	25,795,791	27,049,591
LIABILITIES ADMINISTERED ON BEHALF OF GOVERNMENT					
Provisions					
Taxation refunds provided	1,806,789	1,806,789	1,806,789	1,806,789	1,806,789
Other provisions	542,277	567,277	597,277	627,277	657,277
Total provisions	2,349,066	2,374,066	2,404,066	2,434,066	2,464,066
Payables					
Grants and subsidies	1,080,560	1,013,360	936,360	858,360	887,360
Personal benefits payable	3,918,770	3,896,770	3,871,770	3,888,770	3,949,770
Other payables	20,596	20,596	20,596	20,596	20,596
Total payables	5,019,926	4,930,726	4,828,726	4,767,726	4,857,726
Total liabilities administered on behalf of Government	7,368,992	7,304,792	7,232,792	7,201,792	7,321,792

**Table 5.9: Schedule of budgeted administered cash flows
(for the period ended 30 June)**

	Estimated actual 2006-07 \$'000	Budget estimate 2007-08 \$'000	Forward estimate 2008-09 \$'000	Forward estimate 2009-10 \$'000	Forward estimate 2010-11 \$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Income tax	184,906,491	195,133,800	207,078,500	219,310,200	229,668,200
Indirect tax	63,350,000	65,880,000	68,560,000	71,410,000	74,560,000
Other taxes, fees and fines	18,900	20,200	45,500	53,800	55,800
Other	194,000	306,000	316,000	316,000	186,000
Total cash received	248,469,391	261,340,000	276,000,000	291,090,000	304,470,000
Cash used					
Interest paid	280,000	280,000	330,000	330,000	330,000
Subsidies paid	4,914,000	5,269,300	5,543,100	5,752,100	5,982,000
Personal benefits	4,383,000	3,719,000	3,729,000	3,742,000	3,790,000
Other	167,000	180,000	200,000	220,000	250,000
Total cash used	9,744,000	9,448,300	9,802,100	10,044,100	10,352,000
Net cash from / (used by) operating activities	238,725,391	251,891,700	266,197,900	281,045,900	294,118,000
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Cash from Official Public Account	9,744,000	9,448,300	9,802,100	10,044,100	10,352,000
Total cash received	9,744,000	9,448,300	9,802,100	10,044,100	10,352,000
Cash used					
Cash to Official Public Account	248,469,391	261,340,000	276,000,000	291,090,000	304,470,000
Total cash used	248,469,391	261,340,000	276,000,000	291,090,000	304,470,000
Net cash from / (used by) financing activities	(238,725,391)	(251,891,700)	(266,197,900)	(281,045,900)	(294,118,000)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash held	-	-	-	-	-
Cash at beginning of reporting period	223,976	223,976	223,976	223,976	223,976
Cash at end of reporting period	223,976	223,976	223,976	223,976	223,976

Table 5.10: Schedule of administered capital budget

The Tax Office does not have any administered capital.

**Table 5.11: Schedule of administered property, plant, equipment and intangibles
— summary of movement (Budget Year 2007-08)**

The Tax Office does not have any administered property, plant, equipment or intangibles.

5.3 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Basis of Accounting

The budgeted financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis.

Notes to the departmental statements

Details of agency items in the financial statements included in Tables 5.1 to 5.6 have been prepared on the basis of Australian Accounting Standards and Department of Finance and Administration guidance for the preparation of financial statements.

The budget statements and estimated forward years have been prepared to reflect the following matters.

Australian Valuation Office

The Tax Office's agency budget statements are consolidated to include the financial operations of the Australian Valuation Office.

Cost of administering goods and services tax

Departmental statements include the estimated costs of administering the goods and services tax pursuant to the 'intergovernmental agreement on the reform of Commonwealth State Financial Relations'. The GST revenue is collected on behalf of the States and Territories which agree to compensate the Australian Government for the agreed GST administration costs.

The recovery of GST administration costs are reported by the Department of the Treasury.

Notes to the administered statements

The administered financial statements included in Tables 5.7 to 5.9 have been prepared on the basis of Australian Accounting Standards.

The standards require that taxation revenues are recognised on an accrual basis when the following conditions apply:

- the taxpayer or the taxpayer group can be identified in a reliable manner;
- the amount of tax or other statutory charge is payable by the taxpayer or taxpayer group under legislative provisions; and
- the amount of the tax or statutory charge payable by the taxpayer or taxpayer group can be reliably measured, and it is probable that the amount will be collected.

The amount of taxation revenue recognised takes account of legislative steps, discretion to be exercised and any refunds and/or credit amendments to which the taxpayers may become entitled.

Recognition of taxation revenue

Taxation revenue is recognised when the Government, through the application of legislation by the Tax Office and other relevant activities, gains control over the future economic benefits that flow from taxes and other statutory charges – the Economic Transaction Method (ETM). This methodology relies on the estimation of the probable flows of taxes from transactions which have occurred in the economy, but not yet reported, and are likely to be reported, to the Tax Office through an assessment or disclosure.

However in circumstances when there is an ‘inability to reliably measure tax revenues when the underlying transactions or events occur’, the standards permit an alternative approach – the Taxation Liability Method (TLM). Under this basis, taxation revenue is recognised at the earlier of when an assessment of a tax liability is made or payment is received by the Tax Office. This recognition policy means that taxation revenue is generally measured at a later time than would be the case if it were measured under the ETM method.

In accordance with the above revenue recognition approach, the Tax Office uses ETM as the basis for revenue recognition, except for income tax for individuals, companies and superannuation funds and superannuation surcharge which are recognised on a TLM basis.

Items recognised as reductions to taxation revenue

The following items are recognised as reductions (increases) to taxation revenue and not as an expense:

- refunds of revenue; and
- increase (decrease) in movement of provision for credit amendments.